

CALENDAR 1982-83

University of King's College FOUNDED A.D. 1789

> HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA 194th SESSION

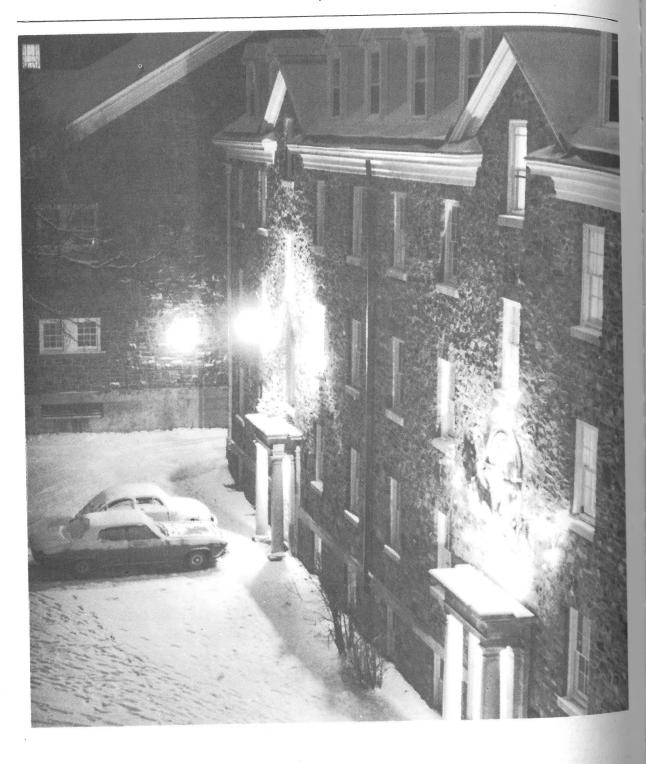


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JULY 1982

Thursday, 1
Dominion Day

Monday, 5
Summer School (2nd session) registration and classes begin

Monday, 12
Halifax Natal Day—No classes—date to be confirmed

AUGUST 1982

Wednesday, 4
Dartmouth Natal Day—half holiday—date to be confirmed

Wednesday, 11
Supplemental examinations begin in Arts and Science

Tuesday, 17
Final day of classes, Summer School

Monday, 30 .
Registration and payment of fees, Bachelor of Journalism

Tuesday, 31
Classes begin in Bachelor of Journalism (B.J.) Programme

SEPTEMBER 1982

Monday, 6 Labour Day

Wednesday, 8 - Saturday noon, 11

Last regular days for class approval, registration, and payment of fees for students in Arts and Science and Bachelor of Journalism (Honours) Programme

Thursday, 9Classes begin in the Foundation Year Programme

Sunday, 12 University Church Service - Chapel 4:30 p.m.

Monday, 13
Classes begin in Arts and Science and Bachelor of Journalism (Honours) Programme

Friday, 24
Last day for adding classes (except "B" classes) Arts and Science and Journalism

OCTOBER 1982

Monday, 11 Thanksgiving Day

NOVEMBER 1982

Thursday, 11 Remembrance Day

Friday, 12
Last day for withdrawing from "A" classes without academic penalty, Arts and Science and Journalism

DECEMBER 1982

Thursday, 9
Last day of classes in Arts and Science, Foundation Year
Programme and Journalism

Friday, 10

Examinations begin in Arts and Science and Journalism

Monday, 20 No classes, student holidays begin

Saturday, 25 Christmas Day

Sunday, 26 Boxing Day

JANUARY 1983

Saturday, 1 New Year's Day

Monday, 3

Registration of new students
Classes resume, all faculties

Friday, 14
Last day for adding "B" (or second term) classes, Arts and Science and Journalism

Wednesday, 26
Last day for withdrawing from full-year classes, without academic penalty, Arts and Science and Journalism

FEBRUARY 1983

Friday, 4 George III Day. No classes

saturday, 5 Winter Carnival. No classes

Monday, 21 - Saturday, 26 Study break

Monday, 28 Classes resume

MARCH 1983

Friday, 4
Last day for withdrawing from "B" classes without academic penalty, Arts and Science and Journalism

Friday, 25 Awards Banquet

APRIL 1983

Friday, 1 Good Friday

Thursday, 7 Last day of classes, Foundation Year Programme

Saturday, 9
Last day of classes in Arts and Science and Journalism

Examinations begin in Arts and Science and Journalism

Last day for submitting work in the Foundation Year Programme

MAY 1983

Registration and beginning of the class, Chemistry 240: (1st session of Summer School)

Summer School registration and classes begin (1st

Vednesday, 11
Encaenia Day - 11 a.m. Baccalaureate Service.
King's Convocation - 2:30 p.m.

Thursday, 12
Dalhousie University Convocation.

Friday, 13

Dalhousie University Convocation.

Monday, 23 Victoria Day.

Friday, 27Dalhousie University Convocation

JUNE 1983

Monday, 20
Registration and beginning of the class, Chemistry 110: (2nd session of Summer School).

Tuesday, 21
Summer School ends (1st session).

OFFICE HOURS
Week days (Monday - Friday) 9:00 a.m. - 5:00 p.m.
June, July, August (Monday - Friday) 9:00 a.m. - 4:30 p.m.

OFFICERS OF THE UNIVERSITY:

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The Most Reverend the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury and Primate of All England

Visitor

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The Rev. Prof. Robert D. Crouse, B.A., S.T.B., M.Th., Ph.D.

Dr. Colin J. Starnes, B.A., S.T.B., M.A., Ph.D.

Dr. K.E. von Maltzahn, M.S., Ph.D.

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Mr. R.M. Gorman

Mr. Cecil R. Thompson

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The Bishop of Fredericton

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The Vice-President The Treasurer

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Dr. Colin J. Starnes

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Vice-President

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Director, School of Journalism

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Director, Foundation Year Programme

D.A. Fry Bursar

H. Roper, B.A., M.A., Ph.D.

Registrar

W.J. Hankey, B.A., M.A., D.Phil.

Acting Librarian

The Rev. R. Bridge, B.A., M.A., M.Div., A.M., Ph.D.

University Chaplain

The Rev. F.G. Krieger, B.A., B.S.T.

Divinity Secretary

Mrs. Iris Newman

Executive Secretary, Alumni Association

Gregory Mullaly, B.A., M.Phil., L.L.B.

Dean of Residence Ms. Elizabeth Hanton, B.A., B.J.

Dean of Women B.A. Greenlaw, B.A.

pirector of Athletics

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p.C.L., LL.D.

J.F. Godfrey, B.A., M.Phil., D.Phil.

Vice-Chancellor

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Clerk of Convocation

LP. Atherton, M.A., Ph.D. Public Orator

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Edward Jarvis Hodgson, D.C.L., 1897-1911

Sir Charles J. Townshend, D.C.L., 1912-1922

The Most Rev. John HacKenley, D.D., 1937-1943 Hon, Ray Lawson, O.B.E., LL.D., D.Cn.L., D.C.L.,

Lionel Avard Forsyth, Q.C., D.C.L., 1956-1958

H. Ray Milner, Q.C., D.Cn.L., D.C.L., LL.D., 1958-1963

Robert H. Morris, M.C., B.A., M.D., F.A.C.S., 1964-1969

Norman H. Gosse, M.D., C.M., D.Sc., D.C.L., LL.D., F.A.C.S., F.R.C.S.(C), 1971-1972 The Honourable Mr. Justice R.A. Ritchie, Q.C., B.A.,

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The Rev. Thomas Cox, 1804-1805

The Rev. Dr. Charles Porter, 1805-1836

The Rev. Dr. George McCawley, 1836-1875

The Rev. Dr. John Dart, 1875-1885

The Rev. Dr. Isaac Brock, 1885-1889 The Rev. Dr. Charles Willets, 1889-1904

D.C.L., LL.D., 1974-

Dr. Ian Hannah, 1905-The Rev. Dr. C.J. Boulden, 1905-1909

The Rev. Dr. T.M. Powell, 1909-1914

The Rev. Dr. T.S. Boyle, 1916-1924

The Rev. Dr. A.H. Moore, 1924-1937

The Rev. Dr. A. Stanley Walker, 1937-1953 The Rev. Dr. H.L. Puxley, 1954-1963

Dr. H.D. Smith, 1963-1969 Dr. F. Hilton Page, (Acting), 1969-1970

Dr. J. Graham Morgan, 1970-1977

Dr. J.F. Godfrey, 1977-

ACADEMIC STAFF

King's Faculty (1981-82)

A.J. Andrew, B.A., M.A.(Dal.), D.C.L.(Vind.)

Siting Professor of Journalism

J.P. Atherton, M.A.(Oxon.), Ph.D.(Liverpool) Vice President of the University, Professor of Classics George C.S. Bain

Professor of Journalism and Director of the School of

R.D. Crouse, B.A. (Vind.), S.T.B. (Harv.), M.Th. (Trinity),

Ph.D. (Harv.) Professor of Classics

T. H. Curran, B. A. (Trinity), M.A. (Dal.), M.T.S. (A.S.T.) on leave

R. MacGregor Dawson, B.A. (Trinity), M.A. (Tor.), B. Litt.

Associate Professor of English

John F. Godfrey, B.A. (Trinity), M.Phil, D.Phil. (Oxon.)

President of the University, Associate Professor of

H.S. Granter, B.A. (Dal.), A.M. (Harv.)

Professor of History

W.J. Hankey, B.A. (Vind.), M.A. (Tor.), D.Phil (Oxon)

Assistant Professor of Humanities and Social Sciences,

Special Lecturer in Classics

A.M. Johnston, B.A. (Mt.A.), M.A. (Dal.) Assistant Director, Foundation Year Programme

H. Eugene Meese, B.A. (Ohio State), Dip. Journ. (U.W.O) Assistant Professor of Journalism

Gregory Mullaly, B.A. (Dal.), M.Phil (Oxon), L.L.B. (Dal.) Dean of Residence

F. Hilton Page, M.A. (Tor.), D.D. (Pine Hill) Professor of Philosophy

H. Roper, B.A. (Dal.), M.A., Ph.D. (Cantab.) Associate Professor of Humanities and Social Sciences,

C. J. Starnes, B.A. (Bishops), S.T.B. (Harv.), M.A. (McG.),

Ph.D. (Dal.) Associate Professor of Humanities and Social Sciences,

Assistant Professor of Classics, Director of the Foundation Year Programme

D.H. Steffen, Ph.D. (Gott.)

Associate Professor of German K.E. von Maltzahn, M.S., Ph.D. (Yale)

Professor of Biology Ian R. Wiseman, B.A., (M.U.N.)

Assistant Professor of Journalism

Associate Fellows

A.H. Armstrong, M.A. (Cantab.), F.B.A. Professor of Classics and Philosophy, Dalhousie Univer-

Y. Glazov, Ph.D. (Oriental Institute, Moscow)

Professor of Russian and Chairman of the Department, Dalhousie University J.F. Graham, B.A. (U.B.C.), A.M., Ph.D. (Col.), F.R.S.C.

Fred C. Manning Professor of Economics, Dalhousie University G.P. Grant, B.A. (Queen's), D.Phil. (Oxon), LL.D. (Trent),

D.Lit. (Mount A.), LL.D. (Dal.), LL.D. (Queen's), LL.D. (Tor.), LL.D. (Acadia), F.R.S.C.

Professor of Humanities, Dalhousie University Mr. Justice Robert J. McCleave, Q.C., B.A., LL.B. (Dal.)

Justice of the Provincial Court of Nova Scotia I.D. McNiven, B.A., M.A., Ph.D. (Mich.)

Deputy Minister, Department of Development, Province of Nova Scotia R. Puccetti, B.A. (III.), M.A. (Tor.), Ph.D. (Paris)

Professor of Philosophy, Dalhousie University

HISTORICAL SKETCH

The history of higher education in Canada began in 1789 with the founding at Windsor, Nova Scotia, of the University of King's College. At the time of its establishment it was, with the exception of the fifteenth-century King's Colleges in Cambridge and in Aberdeen, the only foundation of that name in existence. Although there had been a King's College, New York, chartered by George II in 1754, it did not survive the end of the colonial period in America and its reorganization in 1784 under the name of Columbia College was undertaken on an entirely different plan. The Loyalist political and religious principles upon which the New York seminary had been founded migrated, along with the Loyalists themselves, to Eastern Canada, and in 1802 a Royal Charter was granted by George III proclaiming King's College, Windsor, "The Mother of an University for the education and instruction of Youth and Students in Arts and faculties, to continue forever and to be called King's College."

From the beginning, size was never a determining factor since nothing prevented the Loyalists from sending their children to the larger established American Universities. But they would not do this just because they were not convinced of the wisdom of too quickly severing ties with the Old World. Located in Windsor, Nova Scotia, the College served the colonists and their descendants for 131 years. It produced a long list of distinguished graduates nurtured on the classical traditions of Western European civilization until, in the disastrous fire of 1920, the main building was burnt to the ground.

Although in spite of this calamity the University was determined to maintain its old purpose and vision, it now recognized that if it was to do so in the 20th Century, it could no longer simply draw on the strength of the old European culture but had also to become fully involved in the vigorous and developing civilization of North America. As a result the University accepted the terms of a munificent grant from the Carnegie Foundation, and moved to Halifax and into its association with Dalhousie University which, with a Royal Charter dating from 1820, is the third of Canada's senior universities. By an agreement reached in 1923, the two universities on the same campus have maintained joint faculties of Arts and Science, so that undergraduates of King's read for the B.A. and B.Sc. of Dalhousie, King's having left her own degree-granting powers in abeyance in these faculties. King's students registered in Arts and Science attend classes with Dalhousie students; the students of both institutions follow the same curriculum, take the same examinations, and must attain the same academic standard.

In May, 1941, the King's College buildings were taken over by the Royal Canadian Navy as an Officer's Training Establishment, and during the next four years, until May, 1945, nearly 3100 officers were trained for sea duty with the R.C.N. The students and academic staff of King's carried on during this period through the kindness of Dalhousie University and Pine Hill Divinity Hall.

In July 1971, King's College entered into a partnership agreement with Pine Hill Divinity Hall (for the United Church of Canada) and the Corporation of the Roman Catholic Archdiocese of Halifax to found the Atlantic School of Theology. This unique institution provides ecumenical as well as denominational theological education for candidates for the ministry and for laymen. During 1974 the School received incorporation as a degree granting institution of higher education; thus the work previously done by the Faculty of Divinity of King's College is now conducted by that School. King's holds in abeyance its powers to grant degrees in Divinity in

course. King's grants the honorary degree of D.D. and also that of Doctor of Civil Law (D.C.L.), and Doctor of Canon Law (D.Cn.L.).

A significant development in King's history began in the 1972/73 academic year with the introduction of the Foundation Year Programme for first year undergraduates. By taking advantage of its independence from the dominant concerns of a large modern North American University, and yet drawing strength from its very close association with Dalhousie King's established this Programme, which is unique in Canada and aims to provide the solid foundation of a modern humanistic education through a comprehensive view of Western Civilization from its beginnings in the Ancient World up to the present day. This course is available only to students registered at King's though in all other respects their education is conducted within the joint faculty of Arts and Science. In 1977 the University took another step forward by establishing the only degree-granting School of Journalism in the Atlantic Provinces. This School now offers two degree programmes (B.J. Honours and B.J.).

King's College is residential, on the Oxford and Cambridge pattern, and, in addition to the day students who live out, 115 men and 110 women can be accommodated in residence. The inestimable benefits of life in a small residential college are, in England at least, an accepted part of the "Oxbridge" tradition, but this is certainly not so in North America, where universities have in general followed either the German policy of having no residential facilities at all, or the English provincial plan of housing a proportion of the student body in "halls of residence" entirely separated from the university itself. The corporate life in King's thus emerges as something rare on the North American continent, since it is designed to educate "the whole man" and not simply to train him for specific examinations.

In addition to its athletic activities, the College runs a Debating Society, known as the "Quintilian", and a Dramatic Society. Daily services are held in the Chapel for those who wish to participate. Although the College is an Anglican foundation, there is no denominational bar aimed at the exclusion of non-Anglicans from membership of the College, either as lecturers or students. Members of Faculty may themselves be resident and function in the traditional manner as "dons" for the staircase (i.e. "bays"). The bays are named Chapel Bay, Middle Bay, Radical Bay, North Pole Bay, Cochran Bay (coed), and The Angel's Roost. Alexandra Hall is the residence for women only.

Drawing its strength from both the older tradition of classical European culture and at the same time offering its students all the opportunities and challenges of a large modern North American University through its association with Dalhouse. King's tries to maintain itself in the Canadian context as a miniature of the Christian ideal of the larger community.

Constitution

The Board of Governors is the Supreme Governing Body of the University. It consists of the Bishops of the Diocese of Nova Scotia and Fredericton, the President of the University the Vice-President, the Treasurer, four members elected by the Faculty, together with eight members elected by the

Alumni Association, four members by the Students' Union, six by each of the Synods of Nova Scotia and Fredericton, and not more than eight co-opted members. The Governors have the management of the funds and property of the College, and the power of appointment of the President, professors and officials. The Board appoints an Executive Committee.

Convocation consists of the Chancellor and the Vice-Chancellor, together with all Bachelors of Divinity and Masters and Doctors of the University; Members of the Board of Governors and of the Faculty of Arts and Science who hold the degree of Master or Doctor from any recognized University; Fellows of the University and Bachelors of the University of five years' standing who are recognized by the Clerk of Convocation. All degrees are conferred by Convocation.

The Chapel

An attractive collegiate chapel provides a centre of spiritual life on the campus. All students, regardless of their denominational affiliations, are cordially invited to attend the daily Anglican services conducted in the chapel:

The offices of Mattins and Evensong are said in the chapel Monday through Friday, and the Holy Eucharist is celebrated daily during term. The chaplain is assisted by other campus clergy in the daily celebrations, and there is a wide variety of liturgies and liturgical styles, ranging from traditional to contemporary forms.

Students take a large responsibility for the operation of the chapel, and normally they conduct the daily offices. An active guild of student acolytes assist at the daily Eucharist, and an active sanctuary guild cares for the altar and its appointments. An excellent choir, with an impressive repertoire, sings three services in the chapel each week in addition to various guest appearances during the year. A group of contemporary musicians sing a Folk Mass each month.

The Anglican chaplain is available to all students for pastoral counselling.

King's College Library

King's College Library was founded in 1789. In, 1800, Bishop Inglis sent his son to England with £250 to begin the purchase of books. The library grew steadily during the 19th century and was probably one of the best libraries in English-speaking Canada of the time. There were various benefactors over the Years, chief of whom was Thomas Beamish Akins. From Mr. Akins the library received many items in its rare collection of some 40 incunabula (books printed before 1500, that is, during the first fifty years since the invention of printing with Movable type). This is a remarkable number of these very rare books to be found in a library of this size.

King's Library is very rich in the field of English literature. Much of the credit for the development of this field must go to the late Professor Burns Martin. The Professor Burns Mar-

tin Memorial Fund continues to aid the library's growth in this area

With the help of the William Inglis Morse Endowment for Canadiana, this important area of study is growing steadily as more and more works are being published about our country.

The largest proportion of books, however, is found in the field of theology. This collection is large and comprehensive and is being kept up to date constantly. The John Haskell Laing Memorial Bequest helps with the purchase of books in this field.

Book purchases in the general field are aided by memorial funds to the following persons: the Hon. William Johnston Almon, Frances Hannah Haskell, James Stuart Martell, and Thomas Henry Hunt (Alumni Memorial).

The Library hours are:

Monday to Wednesday	9:00 a.m 5:00 p.m. 6:00 p.m 11:00 p.m.
Thursday	9:00 a.m 5:00 p.m. 7:30 p.m 11:00 p.m.
Friday	9:00 a.m 5:00 p.m.
Saturday	9:00 a.m 12:00 noon 1:00 p.m 5:00 p.m.
Sunday	2:00 p.m 5:00 p.m. 7:00 p.m 11:00 p.m.

The student loan period for all books except those on reserve is one week.

Fines are charged for overdue books at the rate of twenty-five cents a day for seven day books.

Students are given the privilege of borrowing books for the summer

Degrees

The degrees of Doctor of Divinity, Doctor of Canon Law and Doctor of Civil Law, may be conferred *honoris causa* in recognition of eminent literary, scientific, professional or public service.

The dignity and honour of Fellow may be conferred by the vote of Convocation upon any friend of the University for noteworthy services rendered on its behalf.

The honour of Associate Fellow is conferred by the Board of Governors on the Recommendation of Faculty and President.

The University confers the degrees of Bachelor of Journalism (Honours) and Bachelor of Journalism in course.

Convocation confers the Master of Sacred Theology in Pastoral Care on recommendation of the Graduate Studies Committee of the Institute of Pastoral Training. Pre-professional work in Arts and Science by students intending to enter one of the Dalhousie professional schools may be taken as a student of King's College.

The Dalhousie Senate confers the degrees of Bachelor of Arts and Bachelor of Science ordinary and honours, in course, at the King's Encaenia.

ADMISSION REQUIREMENTS

A. Admission to the Dalhousie-King's Faculty of Arts and Science

1. General Statement

For further information on admission to the Faculty of Arts and Science, visit, write or telephone: the Registrar's Office, University of King's College, Halifax, N.S. B3H 2A1 (902-422-1271).

Minimum age

No person under sixteen years of age is admitted except by special permission of the Senate.

Language requirement

Applicants whose native language is not English must give evidence that they are proficient in spoken and written English. This may be done by presenting a certificate of having passed the English Language Test of the University of Michigan, or the Test of English as a Foreign Language (TOEFL), both of which are administered in various centres throughout the world. Information may be obtained by writing to the English Language Institute, Testing and Certification Service, Ann Arbor, Michigan 48104, U.S.A., or TOEFL, Box 899, Princeton, New Jersey, 08540, U.S.A.

Definitions

- (a) Undergraduates are students who are candidates for an undergraduate qualification.
- (b) Full-time students are those registered for more than three full-credit classes.
- (c) Part-time students are students registered for three full-credit classes or less. For purposes of definitions (b) and (c), a full-credit class is equivalent to 6 credit hours.
- (d) No-degree students are students who are not candidates for a degree or diploma but who wish to take one or more university classes which may be allowed for credit. This is not the same as auditing a class. No-degree students must satisfy the normal admission requirements.
- (e) Matriculation standing: Senior matriculation designates the level of studies attained by students who have successfully completed Grade XII in a public high school in Nova Scotia or its equivalent elsewhere.
- (f) Credits: See General Undergraduate Regulations 2.

Students who have attended another recognized university or a junior college may, on presentation of satifactory documentary evidence, be granted credits for appropriate classes, within the limits of the **Regulations** set out below.

Special Cases

See the University regulations in the preliminary pages of this calendar and Section 5 below, Admission of Mature Students and Those Lacking Normal Admissions Requirements.

2. Admission from High Schools in Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island

General

The normal minimum requirement for admission to King's College is completion of at least five appropriate senior level university preparatory subjects in the final year, as outlined below in the section "Preparation for Admission". An average of 60% in Grade XII high school examination, or the equivalent, is required. The University does not apply criteria mechanically. It reserves the right to refuse admission and also has discretionary power to admit students who do not meet the normal requirements, but who appear acceptable on other grounds. Any student who submits the appropriate documents will be considered for admission.

Early Acceptance

Students who have been receiving good marks (a general average of 70% or more) will be considered for admission before the final results of their senior year are known. Such students are encouraged to apply early during their last year at school.

Application Procedure

Applicants must submit a completed application form obtainable from the Admissions Office, pay the required fee, and forward any necessary supporting documents. If final documents, e.g. transcripts, are not available at the time of application, they must be submitted before registration. Those applying to particular programmes MUST do so by the dates specified in the Almanac at the beginning of this Calendar. To complete the application, a candidate must provide:

- (a) evidence of successful completion of Grades XI and XII in the University Preparatory Programme (senior Matriculation standing) from a public high school in Nova Scotia, or the equivalent (see below), as shown in a certified high school record-transcript, Provincial Examination Certificate, or Principal's report;
- (b) recommendations from high school officials.

Decisions on admission will be made known to applicants as soon as possible after their credentials have been received and studied.

Preparation for Admission

Students wishing to study at King's College must choose their high school subjects from a University Preparatory Programme. At least five senior level subjects must be taken in the final year. All students are required to have taken Senior level English (plus Mathematics for admission to any programme in Science, and certain other programmes) and at least two other (one other if Mathematics is a mandatory selection) senior classes chosen from Biology, Chemistry, French, German, History, Latin, Mathematics and Physics. The remaining required classes may be chosen from the above list or selected from senior classes in Economics, Geography, Geology, Law, Modern World Problems, Music, Political Science, Sociology or Spanish. Any special or ex-

perimental classes taken must previously have been deemed acceptable by Dalhousie. For such information and any other advice necessary, students should consult their high school guidance counsellors, the Registrar of Kings, the Dalhousie Admissions Office, or the Dean of Freshmen at Dalhousie.

Students should also read the sections of the Calendar headed **Degree Programmes and Programmes of Study** and refer to the admissions brochure to ensure that their high school programme satisfies entrance requirements to particular programmes at Dalhousie/Kings. Students should note that admission to the University does not guarantee admission to all programmes.

3. Admission from Outside the Maritime Provinces at Senior Matriculation Level

Deadlines for Receipt of Applications

Applications for admission from any part of Canada or the USA must be received by the Registrar's Office by August 1 in order to ensure prompt and efficient handling.

Applications from all other countries should be received by May 1. (Students from Great Britain or the West Indies who write GCE qualifying examinations in June may request an extension of this deadline if they can ensure that their examination results will be available to the Admissions Office by August 21; otherwise the May 1 deadline must apply.)

Application procedure and ways of appraising applications: as for students from the Maritime Provinces.

Equivalences

- The following levels are considered equivalent to Senior Matriculation (Grade XII) in Nova Scotia:
- Other Provinces of Canada
- (a) Newfoundland: first year Memorial University.
- (b) Quebec: Senior High School Leaving Certificate; or Quebec Diploma of Collegial Studies (D.C.S.). Well qualified students may be admitted after one year of CEGEP.
- (c) Ontario: Grade XIII (Secondary School Honour Graduation Diploma), or very high standing in Grade XII.
- d) Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, British Columbia: Grade

Other Countries

- (e) USA: first year at a recognized university or similar institution of higher learning (minimum: 30 semester hours). Students of lesser standing will be considered if they appear exceptionally well qualified, for example on the basis of CEEB scores or advanced placement work.
- (f) Great Britain, West Indies, West Africa: General Certificate of Education with pass standing in at least five subjects, of which at least two must be at Advanced level, and one must be English.
- (g) Hong Kong: GCE as for Great Britain; or University of Hong Kong Matriculation Certificate under same conditions as for GCE.

(h) Bangladesh, India, Pakistan: Bachelor's degree with first or second class standing from a recognized university; or in certain circumstances, first-class standing in the Intermediate examinations in Arts and Science, provided the candidate has passes at the university level in English, Mathematics and a language other than English.

(i) Countries not mentioned above: Write to the Registrar's Office, University of King's College, for further information.

4. Transfer from other Colleges and Universities

Deadlines for Receipt of Applications

Canada and the USA: August 1.

Other Countries: May 1.

Applications received after the above dates will be considered, but prompt processing cannot be assured.

Documents to be Submitted

a) Completed application form (available from Registrar's Office);

- b) Official academic transcripts (or certified copies) from all colleges and universities attended;
- c) Copies of calendars (or similar publications) of all colleges and universities attended;
- d) Certification of proficiency in English if the native language of the applicant is another language;

Certified copies of original documents, or relevant sections of documents (e.g. calendar pages) are acceptable in lieu of originals. Certificates in languages other than English or French must be accompanied by certified translations into English or French.

General Regulations Concerning Transfers (See also General Faculty Regulations).

- Students who have attended another recognized university or a junior college may, on presentation of satisfactory documentary evidence, be granted credits for appropriate classes, within the limits of the **Regulations** set out below.
- a) A student from another college or university who is not eligible for re-admission to that college or university on academic grounds will not be admitted to King's College.
- b) No transfer credit will be granted for any class in which a final mark of less than C (or the equivalent) was obtained, or for any class in which a final mark was granted conditionally.
- c) To obtain a first degree from the Faculty of Arts and Science, Dalhousie-King's University, at least half of the classes, including at least half in the field of concentration, must normally be taken at Dalhousie-King's.
- d) A student in a Dalhousie-King's honours programme must attend Dalhousie-King's as a full-time student in his last two years, unless special permission to the contrary is obtained from the Committee on Studies.

- e) No classes taken at another institution will be counted towards fulfilling the concentration requirement of the Bachelor's degree or the principal subject requirement of an honours programme without specific approval from the departments concerned at Dalhousie.
- f) Transfer credits may be granted only for classes equivalent to classes offered at King's, and only in subjects recognized as having standing in a faculty of Arts and Science.
- g) No credit will be given for any classes taken at another university while a student is inadmissable at Dalhousie-King's.
- h) The section "Duration of University Studies" of the General Faculty Regulations applies to transfer credits.

5. Admission of mature students and those lacking normal admissions requirements

In individual circumstances, the University may admit persons who lack the normal high school preparation including those who have been away from school for a number of years, provided they can show by letter and through interview that they possess qualities such that they may be expected to benefit from university studies.

B. Admission to the School of Journalism, the University of King's College

1. Admission to the four year B.J. (Hons.) programme

For applicants from High School. (See below -2- for application procedure for admission to the one year B.J. degree programme—for applicants who hold a Bachelor's degree.)

General

The normal minimum requirement which applicants must possess to be considered for admission to the B.J. (Hons.) programme, is that for admission to the Dalhousie-King's Arts and Science programme. As the number of places in the programme is limited, it is expected that only a proportion of qualified applicants will be admitted; selection will be made on a competitive basis.

Application Procedure

Candidates for admission to the School of Journalism must apply using the Dalhousie-King's common application form (available from the Registrar's Office, or from most high schools). Completed application forms should be received by the Registrar as soon as possible after January 1, and not later than April 15. Late applicants will be considered only if space is available. Candidates must indicate on their application form that they are applying for admission to the B.J. (Hons.) degree. The following supporting evidence must also be provided by the candidate:

(a) evidence of successful completion of Grades XI and XII in the University Preparatory Programme (Senior Matriculation Standing) from a public high school in Nova Scotia, or the equivalent, as shown in a certified high school record-transcript, Provincial Examination Certificate, or Principal's report:

(b) recommendations from high school officials

When these documents have been received, applicants judged to have obtained the minimum requirements will be so notified by the Registrar, University of King's College.

With this notification, you will receive advice from the School of Journalism about written work which will be needed to complete your application.

These articles, when requested, should be addressed to:

George Bain Director, School of Journalism, University of King's College, Halifax, N.S. B3H 2A1

Your written work is intended to tell us something about you and also to let us see how well you express yourself on paper. They constitute a regular part of the application and influence the decision on admission.

The school follows a policy of considering applications as they come in, and the number of places is kept deliberately small. It is to the advantage of the applicant, therefore, to complete the submissions as early as possible. Applications ordinarily will be complete by April 15. Late applications will be considered only if space remains.

A reasonable ability to type is required. Students should note the policy of the School of Journalism with respect to this matter as stated elsewhere in this calendar under the heading "Typing Requirement."

2. Admission to the one year B.J. programme For applicants who hold a Bachelor's degree.

General

The intention of the B.J. programme is to foster the professional development of students so that they may fill editorial positions in news organizations with not only a high degree of technical competence, but responsibility, dedication and a sense of purpose. It is designed to do two things—to give students a mastery of the techniques of news gathering, writing and presentation, this in a newsroom atmosphere; and to acquaint them with issues so as to provide the sort of background essential to the knowledgeable reporting of increasingly complex affairs.

Although other academic qualifications may be considered, normally only those students may be admitted to this programme who have successfully completed a B.A. or B.Sc. degree at a recognized university with a minimum average of B. Enrolment is limited and students will not ordinarily be admitted unless their record shows a broad acquaintance with the history of the development of western civilization such as that which is provided by the Foundation Year Programme outlined in the University Calendar. Prospective students who have not taken the Foundation Year Programme in the first year of their first degree and who are in course at another institution are advised to consult with the University on the course of studies which will best prepare them to meet this requirement.

Application Procedure

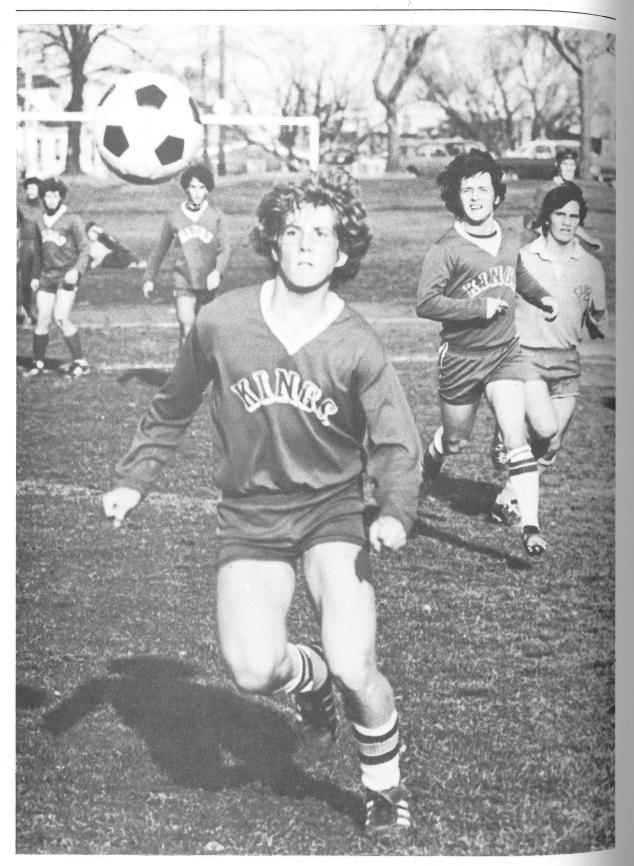
For admission to the one year B.J. programme the student

- 1. Complete the Dalhousie-Kings common application form available from the Registrar. Students must indicate on the application form that they are applying for the B.J. degree. This form must be returned to the Registrar, University of King's College.
- 2. Submit a transcript of credits covering undergraduate and any graduate work.
- 3. Be prepared to demonstrate before graduation a reading knowledge of French. The University administers such a test at the beginning of the Fall Term and at the end of the Spring Ierm and it may be taken more than once without penalty. The student is required to translate—the use of a dictionary is permitted—a designated passage or passages from a current French-language newspaper, such as le Devoir. No french courses will be offered or available to B.J. students during the academic year but informal help, on a no credit, fee supplement basis, will be available in the School of Journalism itself for students who wish it.
- 4 As in the case of admission of the B.J. (Hons.) programme, applicants will be asked to submit written work. More information about these will be mailed to you when the Dalhousie-King's common application form has been received. When completed, your written work should be mailed to George Bain, Director, School of Journalism, University of King's College, Halifax, N.S., B3H 2A1.
- 5. All assignments are typewritten, therefore students must know how to type, not to a stenographic standard, but with reasonable speed and accuracy.
- 6. Prospective students should note that the B.J. programme begins before the regular session of the Faculty of Arts and Science. For the academic year 1981/82 registration is on August 30 and classes begin on August 31.

The School takes into account the student's academic tecords, contributions to school, university, and other publications, extra-curricular activities, and other evidence of a keen interest in journalism. Previous professional experience or writing, though frequently a good test of motivation, is not essential.

The School follows a policy of continuously reviewing applications and admits only a limited number of qualified applicants. Thus it is to the advantage of the applicant to complete the submissions as early as possible. Application forms must ordinarily be received by April 15. Late applications for admission will be considered only if space is available.

Students are admitted for the full-year course which begins August 30. The School has no regular summer session, offers no correspondence courses and accepts no part-time students in the one-year B.J. programme.



KING'S COLLEGE RESIDENCES

Dean

Mr. Gregory Mullaly, B.A., M.Phil., L.L.B.

Dean of Women

Ms Elizabeth Hanton, B.A., B.J.

Dons (1981-82)

Ms Flora Burnett, B.A.

The Rev. Ronald Evans, B.A., M.Div.

Ms Kim Eyland

The Rev. Prof. W.J. Hankey, B.A., M.A., D.Phil.

Mr. Kenneth Kierans, B.A.

Mr. Peter Linder, B.A.

Mr. Gregory Mullaly, B.A., M.Phil., L.L.B.

Ms Judith White

Residence life at the University is encouraged for all students, because the life in a small residential college is one of the great experiences of one's years at university. All students registered at King's College are normally guaranteed residence accommodation, upon completion of an application for residence, and subject to the approval of the Dean of Residence or the Dean of Women.

All rooms are furnished with bed, dresser, desk, and chairs. Students are required to provide their own bedding and towels, and to attend to their own laundry arrangements. Washing and drying equipment is provided in both men's and women's residences.

Single and double rooms are available to both men and women, priority for single rooms being given to students in the upper years.

The Men's Residence is divided into Bays; and in them there are both single and double rooms. A "double" for men is defined as a suite of two rooms shared by two male students.

The Women's Residence was built in 1962 and is modern in every respect. Traditional double and single rooms are available and in addition the residence provides a living room, a laundry room, a recreation room, three lounges with witchenette facilities, a service elevator, and ample storage space.

Both residences are designed so that it is not necessary to go outside for meals and extra-curricular activities.

Cochran Bay, a co-ed Bay with its first floor for male students and its second and third floors for female students, was designed to equalize male-female accommodation and is open to senior students only.

Meals are prepared and served to all resident students in Prince Memorial Hall, erected in 1962.

Applications for accommodation in all residences are actepted on the understanding that the student will remain for the whole academic session. No student may withdraw from residence without permission from the Deans. Students withdrawing from residences are required to give one month's notice in writing to the Deans. Students withdrawing after occupying a room will lose their room deposit. In addition a penalty of \$50.00 will be imposed for failure to give one month's notice.

It should be noted that the University assumes no liability for personal property in the case of theft or damage. No pets of any kind are allowed in residence.

The residence will be open for new and returning students from 2:00 p.m., September 7, 1982 until the morning of the last day of examinations in the Faculty of Arts and Science for the Fall Term. The residence will reopen on January 2, 1983, and remain open until the morning of the last day of examinations in the Faculty of Arts and Science for the academic year.

Students in their graduating year are permitted to remain in residence until the morning after the last day of Encaenia activities. Resident students in faculties whose terms exceed those periods may reside in the College by permission of the Deans on payment of rent. When Prince Hall is open, meals may be purchased.

As the residences will not be open during the Christmas holidays, students are urged to make arrangements for their Christmas vacations as early as possible in the Fall term. Except under unusual circumstances and with the permission of the Deans, no student is permitted to occupy the residences over the Christmas holidays.

Confirmation of accommodation will not be made until the student has been accepted by the University for the coming session and a \$50.00 residence deposit has been received by the Bursar's Office.

Cancellation of an application received by the Registrar or the Deans prior to August 15th will entitle the student to a refund of the \$50.00. Failure to cancel with the Registrar or the Deans before August 15th will result in forfeiture of the \$50.00 deposit.

Day Student Hostels

Limited overnight accommodation is available for King's Day Students in the form of male and female "hostels" on campus, each of which can accommodate four persons at once. Space is available, to a maximum of three nights per week per student on a first-come, first-serve basis for a minimal per diem charge. Lockers are available for the safe storage of personal effects. With this limited overnight accommodation Day Students will be able more comfortably to make use of campus facilities such as the library, attend campus functions such as evening lectures and debates, and in general participate more fully in the total life of the King's community.

(A student enrolled at King's is required to pay the King's Student Union Fee of \$66.50, but not the Dalhousie Student Union Fee, or the Rink and Athletic Field Fee. However, any King's student who wishes to participate in the Dalhousie Student Union activities must pay both of the above Dalhousie Fees. Dalhousie students resident at King's College must pay a Student Union Fee of \$66.50.)

FEES AND CHARGES

Academic and Related Fees

Fees are subject to change. Those payable in 1981-82 are as follows:

Full-Time Students - Academic and Student Fees

Full-time students include those registered for fall and winter terms for more than three full-credit classes and those registered for either term for more than three one-half credit classes. Students may be registered full-time in one term and part-time in another.

Fees are due and payable at registration but if preferred, those registered full-time for fall and winter terms may pay in two installments, the first payable at registration, the second on or before January 24. A carrying charge of \$10.00 is added if fees are not completely paid at registration, and delay in payment will result in suspension from the University.

Foreign Students - Effective September 1979

Students registered in a programme at Dalhousie or King's for the first time who are not Canadian citizens or permanent residents are required to pay an additional fee of \$750.00 if registered on a full-time basis, or if registered part-time, a proportionate fee related to their part-time studies.

N.B. The fee for foreign students has been increased to \$1000.00 for the 1982-83 academic year.

Full-Time Students Faculty	- Academic Fee University Fee	Society Fee	Total	In Full at Registration	OR	Payable in 2 installments (incl. carrying ch At Registration	narge of \$5)
Arts and Science	\$1025.00	\$3.00	\$1028.00	\$1028.00		\$675.00	\$358.00
Journalism	\$1053.00		\$1053.00	\$1053.00		\$700.00	\$358.00

Part-Time Students - Academic and Student Fees

Part-time students are expected to complete the registration process and pay a minimum fee of \$25.00 on or before the regular registration dates. For those registering for classes completed in one term the total of university and incidental fees are payable at the time fixed for registration. Those registered for classes that extend over two terms may elect to pay fees for those classes in two installments. If payment is made by installments, a carrying charge of \$10.00 is added to fees payable in the second installment, and for each class extending over two terms, \$140.00 constitutes the first installment and \$93.50 the second installment.

Undergraduate class fees are as follows:

	University	Student Union
	Fee	Fee
One-third credit class	\$70.00	\$6.25
One-half credit class	\$105.00	\$6.75
One full credit class	\$210.00	\$13.50
Two full credit classes	\$420.00	\$27.00
Three full credit classes	\$650.00	\$66.50
		(full Student
		Union benefits)

Audit Students

Students who wish to audit a class but not for degree credit are required to register and pay fees at registration on the

TOTIOWING DUSTS.	
	University
	Fee
One-third credit class	\$35.00
One-half credit class	\$52.50
One full credit class	\$105.00

A student registered to audit a course who during the session wishes to receive credit for the class must receive approval from the Registrar and pay the difference in class fees plus a transfer fee of \$25.00.

Summer Session Students

Students registered for the first or second summer session pay fees on the same basis as part-time or audit students during the regular academic year.

Regulations for Payment of Fees

Fees must be paid in Canadian funds by cash or negotiable cheque. If payment is made by cheque returned by bank as non-negotiable, the account cannot be considered paid. Interest will be charged if the account is in arrears and \$5.00 will be charged for any cheque returned as non-negotiable by a bank. Late registration penalty must also be paid if applicable.

Application Fee

An application fee of \$15.00 is required with the application form submitted by any student for any programme except those in which the applicant has been previously enrolled. If the fee is paid for in a given session, and the applicant does not attend, whether accepted or not accepted, and an application is made for a subsequent session, the fee is again payable. Application fees are not refundable and are not applied as a credit to class fees.

Application fees are not refundable and are not applied as a credit to class fees.

Admission Deposit

peposits are required in certain programmes. All prepaid deposits are applied to the first installment due for fees. No refunds are made to students who do not register in the programme for which they have been accepted. Where fees in full are payable by a government or other agency, a deposit paid by an individual will be refunded to the student by November 15, unless the account is not paid by that date. In this case, refund will be made as soon as payment is received.

Registration Fees

All students are expected to register on or before the regular registration dates. To complete registration, an accepted apnlicant or returning student is required to complete the registration process, including any necessary class selection or approval, and to pay a minimum fee of \$25.00 unless an admission deposit has been paid. This payment must be made by all students including those on scholarships, fellowships, student loans, or whose fees are to be paid by external agencies.

late Registration

Students are required to register on or before specified dates as indicated in the almanac. Late registration requires the approval of the Dean of the Faculty and/or the Registrar, and payment of a penalty fee of \$5.00 per day, to a maximum of

Fees are due and payable at registration. Full-time students and part-time students with classes extending over fall and winter terms may pay fees in two installments.

Bills for fees will not be issued. The receipt issued at registration will show the balance outstanding.

Students planning to pay the first installment of fees from a Canada Student Loan should apply to their province as early as possible so that funds will be available at registration.

Scholarships or bursaries paid by or through Dalhousie University may be applied to fees. Students must produce at registration adequate documentary evidence of entitlement to the sums claimed under the award. If fees are to be paid by a government or other agency, a signed statement from the agency must be presented at registration. (All such students are required to pay \$25.00 on registration.)

Fees cannot be deducted from salaries paid to students who are employed by Dalhousie University.

Late Payment

Interest at the rate of 2% monthly (24% per annum) will be charged on any balance of fees outstanding after the registration date except where payment of a second installment is permitted. When fees are paid within two weeks of the last date for regular registration, interest charges will be foregone. Students whose accounts are more than 30 days in arrears may be dismissed from the University. If such students are subsequently reinstated, a penalty of \$25.00 will be charged.

Penalty and interest charges will be waived for students paying accounts from provincial loans who pay by October 31 and give evidence of having received the loan from the pro-Vince. Students who produce evidence that their application for a provincial loan has been rejected and pay accounts by October 31 will also have interest charges waived. Proof must be provided to the Awards Officer that an application for a provincial loan was made prior to August 15 and the payment

or notification of rejection of application had not been received by October 31. Interest at 2% per month (24% per annum) will be charged on second instalments outstanding after February 1. The student will not be permitted to register for another session until all accounts are paid in full. Students while accounts are in arrears beyond a reasonable time will be withdrawn from the university.

Fees Deductible For Income Tax

The amount of fees constituting an income tax exemption for the student is calculated by deducting from the total charge (1) the portion of the Student Union Fee for operating expenses of the Union (\$66.50 or \$6.25, as applicable) and (2) the Society Fee. Fees may be claimed as a deduction only by the student. A special certificate for income tax purposes will be issued on request to the Cashier, Dalhousie, in February of each year (for students in Arts and Science) or the Accounts Bursar at King's (for students in Journalism).

Other Charges

Identification Cards

All new, full- and part-time students will be issued an identification card upon registration and payment of proper fees. If these cards are lost, replacement will be made at the I.D. Office, Arts and Administration, Dalhousie, upon payment of a \$5.00 fee.

Laboratory Charge

No laboratory deposit is charged. Students will be charged for careless or wilful damage.

Examinations

An application for a supplemental examination must be accompanied by the proper fee.

Supplemental and Special Examinations \$25.00 Extra fee for each examination written at an outside Fee for re-marking a paper is \$3.00. Application for remarking must be made in writing to the Registrar, Dalhousie, within two months of the date of examination. Fee will be forfeited unless application for refund is made on or before July 31, or in the case of February supplemental examination, January 31.

Degree in Absentia

Any graduating student who is unable to appear at Encaenia is expected to notify the Registrars of Dalhousie and Kings in writing prior to May 4, giving the address to which the diploma is to be mailed. There is a \$20.00 fee payable by students who wish to be graduated in absentia, and this should accompany the notification. In any case where notification is not received by the required date, and a student does not appear at Encaenia, the fee will be \$40.00.

An application for a transcript must be accompanied by the proper fee. First transcript, no charge; additional copies, each original, \$3.00; extra copies, \$.50 each. No transcript will be issued until all charges owing to the University have been paid in full.

Scholarships

Scholarships awarded by King's College will normally be applied to charges at King's. If a student has a larger scholarship than his obligation to King's, the balance may be paid by King's to Dalhousie University towards tuition fees. The student should enquire at the Bursar's Office to ascertain if the Dalhousie Business Office has been informed of the arrangement.

Student Photograph

At time of first registration at King's each student will be asked to supply two pictures.

Parking on the Campus

Each student who has a car on campus may obtain a parking permit from the General Office upon the presentation of insurance and license number for a charge of \$30.00.

Students with motorbicycles may obtain parking permits under the same conditions for a charge of \$30.00, and will be required to park them in a designated area.

Refund of Fees

In any course in which the registration is limited, the first installment of fees is not refundable except on compassionate grounds (e.g. illness). In all other courses refunds may be made under certain conditions set out below. No refunds or rebates of charges for session will be made to students withdrawing after the end of January.

Non-attendance at classes does not constitute withdrawal

A student who registered and wishes to withdraw must complete the necessary formalities through the Registrar's office before he becomes entitled to any refund or exemption from unpaid fees.

A student who has registered and cancels his registration before the first day of classes will be entitled to a full refund of fees, except those paid as an Admission Deposit.

A student withdrawing within two weeks of the date of commencement of classes will be charged a registration fee only of \$25.00.

A student withdrawing after two weeks of the date of commencement of classes will be charged in full for the incidental fees and may receive a refund (or be exempt from unpaid fees as the case may be) of the balance on a proportional basis, calculated in monthly units; a full charge will be made for the month in which the withdrawal is approved, including the month of December.

A student withdrawing in January will be charged the full first installment of fees.

A student changing before February 1 from full-time to parttime status, with the approval of the Registrar, will be eligible for an adjustment in fees for the remainder of the session. For registration by term, or for part-time for term course— For "Fall" term courses—

A student withdrawing in September will be charged a registration fee only of \$25.00.

For withdrawal on any date in the Month of October the charge is one-third of the university fee (plus incidental Fee in full, where applicable).

Full fee is charged if a student withdraws after October 31

For "Winter" term courses -

A student withdrawing up to January 15 will be charged a registration fee only of \$25.00.

From January 15 to February 15 the charge is one-third of the university fee (plus Incidental Fee if applicable). Full fee is charged if a student withdraws after February 15

A student who is dismissed from the University for any reason will not be entitled to a refund of fees.

Application for a refund or adjustment should be made to the Business Office after the approval of the Registrar has been obtained.

Applications for a refund or adjustment should be made to the Business Office after the approval of the proper authority has been obtained. NB—King's students must report AS WELL to the Bursar, King's College.

Fee For Student Organizations

At the request of the King's student body, a fee of \$66.50 is collected on enrolment from each student who takes more than one class. This fee entitles the student to the privileges of the various students' organizations and clubs, a copy of the King's College Record and free prescription drugs.

Residence Fees

All residence rates include three meals per day for the duration of the academic year. There are no meal plans which exempt resident students from some meals. In the case of timetable conflicts, students are permitted to obtain a box lunch or an early supper from the kitchen. Non-residents can pay for individual meals at any time, and they can also obtain a full meal plan by arrangement with the Bursar.

No student will be admitted to the King's College Residence who has not paid his room deposit of \$50.00. This deposit will not be refunded to anyone who accepts a room after August 15, 1981, or who fails to notify the Dean of Residence or the Dean of Women that he does not intend to occupy the room which he has been assigned before this date.

Students are expected to remain in residence for the whole of the academic year, unless other arrangements have been made with one of the Deans. Students are not free to with draw at will, and every student who withdraws from residence after occupying a room will lose his room deposit. In addition, should the student fail to give one of the Deans one month's written notice of his intention to withdraw, he will be fined \$50.00.

A complete session is defined for students registered in the faculty of Arts and Science and the School of Journalism as being from the first day of regular registration to the day of the last regularly scheduled examination in the Faculty of Arts and Science. A graduating resident student may stay in residence without charge after these periods up to and including the last day of Encaenia activities, but will be expected to pay for meals during this time.

In exceptional circumstances a student may seek the permission of the Deans to occupy a room at times other than those specified above. For charges and conditions, students should consult with the Dean of Residence and the Bursar.

Resident students who are not registered at King's College are required to pay the King's College Student Union fee of \$59.00. In return for the payment of this fee, resident students not registered at King's become fully active members of the King's College Student Union.

Failure to Pay Residence Fee

Residence Fees for the Fall term must be paid by September 30 of each year. Residence Fees for the Winter term must be paid by January 30 of each year. Students who have not paid these fees by the deadline indicated will be charged a penalty of \$40.00 in addition to 18% interest on the unpaid fees.

- 1. No student may return to residence in the Winter term until his first term residence (and interest) charges are fully paid; the rooms of these students will be reassigned.
- 2. No student may return to residence after the study break of the Winter term until his second term residence (and interest) charges are fully paid; the rooms of these students will be reassigned.

Expulsion

Each student expelled from residence loses his or her room deposit of \$50.00.

Caution Deposit

On enrolment each resident student is required to make a deposit of \$50.00 as caution money to cover damage done to furniture, etc. This amount, less deductions, will remain a credit on the books until the the student graduates or leaves, when the balance will be returned by cheque usually during June. No refund in whole or in part will be made until that time. All students in residence are held responsible for the care of furnishings within their respective rooms. Losses or damages incurred during the session will be charged to the caution deposit.

Each year a student, on returning, is expected to make up for the previous year's deductions so that his credit may be maintained at \$50.00.

The items above, together with a key deposit of \$5.00 and gown rental of \$20.00 (gowns for non-resident students are optional), are payable at King's Business Office.

The following schedule shows Residence Fees and Meal Charges applicable during the 1981-82 academic year.

RESIDENCE	TOTAL	Residence Fees PREPAID DEPOSIT	MINIMUM PAYABLE AT REGISTRATION	BALANCE JAN. 22 (INCLUDES SERVICE CHARGE
Single Room and Board				
(Bays)	\$2,409.00	\$50.00	\$1,200.00	\$1,209.00
Single Room and Board				
(Alexandra Hall)	\$2,407.00	\$50.00	\$1,200.00	\$1,207.00
Suite Room and Board				
(Alexandra Hall)	\$2,507.00	\$50.00	\$1,200.00	\$1,307.00
Double Room and Board				
(Bays)	\$2,284.00	\$50.00	\$1,200.00	\$1084.00
Double Room and Board				
(Alexandra Hall)	\$2,282.00	\$50.00	\$1,200.00	\$1,082.00

GENERAL UNIVERSITY REGULATIONS

All students are required to report their local address while attending the University to the Office of the Registrar, on registration or as soon as possible thereafter. Subsequent changes must be reported promptly.

Place of Residence of Students

For the purpose of admission to the University the place of residence of a student is the place where he is domiciled. This is normally presumed to be the place (country, province, etc.) where the home of his parents or guardian is located. That place remains unchanged unless he takes steps that satisfy the Registrar that he has established a place of residence elsewhere.

Admission

No person under sixteen years of age is admitted to any class except by special permission of the Senate.

Special Cases: The University will consider for admission students who are lacking the normal high school preparation, provided that the applicant can show (by record, interviews, or possibly by taking additional tests) that his qualifications in other respects are acceptable.

Admission Ad Eundem Statum: Students from other universities desiring to study at King's University may, on producing satisfactory certificates, be admitted with advanced standing and given credit for classes equivalent to those offered by Dalhousie-King's.

Successful candidates for degrees in this University ordinarily are required to complete a substantial portion of their work, including the final year, in the Faculty in question.

Registration

All registered students are required to agree to obey all the regulations of the University already made or to be made, and to pay the required fees and deposits before entering any class or taking any examination.

Under no circumstances may a student register unless all previous accounts, including fees, library fines, and other fines, to the university have been paid.

Late Registration

Late registration in the Faculty of Arts and Science requires the approval of the Registrar.

Withdrawal

See the individual faculty regulations, and the Fee Section.

Tuberculin Test: In the interests of public health in the University students are required to have a tuberculin test. Facilities for testing are arranged by the University Health Services as a regular part of the Registration Process.

Transcript: A student may receive only an unofficial transcript. Official transcripts will be sent at a student's request to other universities, or to business organizations, on payment of the required fee. If a student so requests, a copy of a medical certificate will be enclosed with the transcript.

Academic Discipline

In the case of students reading for the B.A. or B.Sc. degrees, all matters relating to academic affairs and discipline are the responsibility of the Senate of Dalhousie University, subject to the approval of its Board of Governors. Within the general policies approved by Senate, academic requirements are administered by the Faculty concerned.

In the case of students working towards the B.J. (Hons.) or B.J. degrees, all matters relating to academic affairs and discipline are the responsibility of the Faculty of the University of King's College, subject to the approval of its Board of Governors.

When the work of a student becomes unsatisfactory, or a student's attendance is irregular without sufficient reason, the Faculty concerned may require withdrawal from one or more classes, or withdrawal from the Faculty.

If a student is required to withdraw from a Faculty because of failure to maintain adequate academic standing, the right to be considered for admission to another Faculty is unaffected.

In the case of students reading for the B.A. or B.Sc. degrees, the Dalhousie Senate is charged with the authority to deal with cases of alleged academic offences and delegates this authority to the Senate Committee on Discipline.

Academic offences include such acts as the falsification of records or documents in order to gain admission or credit, cheating or assisting others to cheat in examinations or tests and plagiarism. Offences reported to the Secretary of Senate will be dealt with by the Senate Discipline Committee which may impose penalties including the withholding of academic credit or suspension or dismissal of a student from the University.

plagiarism is considered a serious academic offence which could lead to loss of credit and suspension from the University. Plagiarism may be defined as the presentation by an author of the work of another author, in such a way as to give his or her reader reason to think that the other author's work is his or her own. A student who is in any doubt as to what constitutes plagiarism is urged to discuss the matter with the instructor concerned before completing an assignment.

A student who is alleged to have committed an academic offence shall have the opportunity to be heard by the Senate Discipline Committee, or to answer allegations against him in writing before the Committee makes a finding of the facts or reaches a decision.

On report of a serious breach of the law, or a serious academic offence deemed by the President, or in his absence by the Vice-President or the Dean of a Faculty, to affect vital University interests, a student involved may be temporarily suspended and denied admission to classes or to the University by the President, Vice-President or Dean, but any suspension shall be reported to the Senate, together with the reasons for it, without delay.

No refund of fees will be made to any student required to lose credit for any course taken, required to withdraw or who is suspended or dismissed from any class or from any Faculty of the University.

The same rules apply to students working towards the B.J. (Hons.) or B.J. degrees except that, in these cases, the Faculty of King's College stands in the place of the Dalhousie Senate and the Faculty Committee on Discipline stands in the place of the Dalhousie Senate Committee on Discipline and subject to these reserved powers in the Director of the School of Journalism. Moreover, unprofessional conduct such as faking a story, is treated, like plagiarism, as a serious breach of academic discipline which may constitute grounds for instant dismissal. Likewise, on report of a serious breach of law, or a serious academic offence deemed by the President of King's, or in his absence by the Vice-President, to affect vital University interests, a student involved may be temporarily suspended and denied admission to classes or to the University by the President or Vice-President, but any suspension shall be reported to the Faculty of King's, together with the reasons for it, without delay.

From time to time the Faculty may wish to interview students of the University concerning their marks or academic performance. After the Christmas marks have been released, the Faculty will endeavour to see all freshman students on an individual basis. Students are required to keep all appointments made with them by members of Faculty concerning their academic performance.

General Discipline

Members of the University, both students and staff, are expected to comply with the general laws of the community, within the University as well as outside it.

The maintenance of discipline is the responsibility of the Deans, the Dons, the Residence Councillors, the Wing Monitors and the Campus Police, all having fining powers for unbecoming or unseemly behaviour.

The final authority and the highest body of appeal in the College for disciplinary matters is the College Board. Its composition is the Dean of Residence, the Dean of Women, the President of the Students' Union, the Chairman of the Bays' Residence Council, the House President of Alexandra Hall, three professors elected by Faculty, and the President of the University, who is the Chairman of this body. The President calls this body together at his discretion, and he decides which disciplinary matters merit an appeal before the College Board.

While the students exercise a large measure of self-government in maintaining good order and discipline in the residences, the College reserves the right to fine, suspend, or expel in extreme cases. The Presidential authority to expel from residence is delegated to the Dean of Residence.

In keeping with the traditions of the College, students are expected to wear gowns when attending Chapel, when seated for formal meals, and when calling upon the President of the University. Gowns may be obtained from the Deans.

Students are expected to attend lectures and laboratories regularly and punctually and to perform all exercises assigned by the Faculty.

Dons, the Dean of Residence, the Dean of Women, the Chaplain, the Registrar, the Bursar, the Faculty, and the President are willing to help, counsel, and advise any student at any time, and will act as much as is within their power in the best interest of the students and the College.

Conferring of Degrees, Diplomas, etc.

To gain credit, a student must settle all obligations to the University with respect to tuition and residences fees, bookstore debts, library fines, etc. (not later than April 30 for Encaenia, or September 30 for Fall Convocation).

Successful candidates for degrees are ordinarily required to appear at Encaenia in the proper academic costume to have the degree conferred upon them. However, any student may elect to have his degree conferred *in absentia* by giving formal notice to the Registrar with payment of the required fee before the date specified.

Dalhousie Libraries

King's students enjoy the same privileges in the Dalhousie Libraries as Dalhousie students. For regulations and hours see the current Dalhousie Calendar.

GENERAL FACULTY REGULATIONS

Changes of Regulations usually become effective upon publication in the Calendar. Students are subject to changes in regulations and courses made after their first registration unless specifically excused by the Faculty. All enquiries about the regulations hereunder should be made to the Registrar. Any students suffering undue hardship from application of any of the regulations may appeal for relief through the Registrar to the Committee on Studies at Dalhousie.

1. General

Admission to Classes

Students shall not be admitted to class until they have satisfied the regulations regarding entrance and complied with the General University Regulations. Students should refer the the Almanac at the beginning of this calendar for the dates upon which classes may be added or deleted. Students who do not register at the proper time are warned that late penalties will apply and, in addition, late admission to classes in which enrolment is limited may not be granted. Students who wish to add classes after two weeks from the commencement of the term in which the class begins must get the approval of the chairman of the department, as well as the approval of the class instructor, and pay a fee of \$5.00 for each class added.

Duration of Undergraduate Studies

A student is normally required to complete his undergraduate studies within ten years of his first registration.

Auditing

A full-time Arts and Science student registered at King's College may, with the permission of the instructor concerned. audit any class in the Faculty of Arts and Science, provided that it is clearly understood that he will not be eligible to write examinations in the class and will not in any circumstances be granted credit for it.

Students in an audit class who wish to change to credit status for that class must follow the procedure laid out under Audit Students in the Fees and Charges section of the Calendar.

Advanced Placement

A student possessing advanced knowledge of a subject, which he has acquired otherwise than at a university, will be encouraged to begin his studies in that subject at a level appropriate to his knowledge, as determined by the department concerned, and will be exempted from any classes which are normally prerequisites for the one to which he is admitted. However, the student must substitute for the exempted classes an equal number of other classes, not necessarily in the same subjects (i.e., he must complete at the University the full number of classes required for a general or honours degree).

Counting of Classes toward Two Undergraduate Degrees

A student who holds one undergraduate degree from Dalhousie-King's and who wishes to gain a second undergraduate degree must fulfill the requirements of the second degree and meet the following stipulations:

- a) only classes that are applicable to the course for the second degree may be counted for credit;
- b) each class carried forward must bear a grade of C or
- c) a minimum of six new full credit classes must be taken four of which must be above the 100 level in a new area of concentration and two normally in other subjects:
- d) merit points must be scored on the new classes as required by regulations 3 below;
- e) Application must be made to the Registrar of Dalhousie prior to enrolling in any of the six classes which constitute the minimum additional requirement. This application must give details of the proposed programme and must be supported by the new major department.

A student who holds one undergraduate degree from another recognized university and who wishes to gain a second undergraduate degree from Dalhousie-King's University must complete at least half of the classes for that degree at Dalhousie-King's. Accordingly, the student must meet the requirements set out in (a) above but must take a minimum of seven and one half full credit classes, at least four of which must be above the 100 level in a new area of concentration. and at least two in other subjects.

Note: Conversion of a General degree to an Honours degree (Degree Programmes, section 5.3.3) does not involve the award of a second degree; hence it is not subject to this regulation. However, graduates from other universities wishing to obtain an Honours degree from Dalhousie-King's must satisfy all Dalhousie-King's requirements for degrees.

Concurrent Registration at University of King's College and **Another Educational Institution**

Ordinarily no student may register at King's if concurrently taking work in another educational institution. Regulation 8 below outlines procedures to be followed to secure waiver of this general regulation. Regular exceptions are made with respect to registration at affiliated institutions.

Forced Withdrawal Consequent on Unsatisfactory Performance

When the work of a student becomes unsatisfactory his case will be discussed by the Committee on Studies which may require him to withdraw from the class or classes concerned and to be excluded from the relevant examinations, or may advise him to withdraw temporarily from the University or to reduce his class load.

2. Credit and Assessment

A full credit class is one which typically meets for two or three lecture hours weekly, with possibly tutorial and laboratory periods in addition, throughout the regular academic year. Half-credit classes, etc., require proportional amounts of work. Credits may be obtained for universitylevel studies

a) normally during the regular academic year; or exception-

b) during a summer session or by correspondence,

c) by transfer from other universities attended prior to entrance to University of King's College,

d) in other Faculties of Dalhousie, or

a) at other institutions while registered at King's.

Regulations governing each of these ways of earning credit are presented below in sections 4 through 8.

Gaining Credit

To gain credit toward a degree, a student must meet the requirements relevant to that degree and must appear at all examinations, prepare such essays, exercises, reports, etc. as may be prescribed and, in a class involving field or laboratory work, complete such work satisfactorily.

Credit Contingent on Settling Debts to the University

To gain credit, a student must settle all obligations to the University with respect to tuition and residence fees, bookstore debts, library fines, etc. (not later than April 1 for spring convocations).

Method of Assessment

In determining pass lists, the standings attained in prescribed class exercises, in field or laboratory work, and in the various examinations, may be taken into consideration by an instructor. Each instructor must ensure that students are informed of the method of evaluation to be used in a class within two weeks of the first meeting of the class; within four weeks after the beginning of each term the departmental chairmen must report to the Dean the method of evaluation to be used by each instructor in each class.

Grades

The passing grades are A⁺, A, A⁻, B⁺, B, B⁻, C⁺, C, C⁻

The failing grades are F/M and F.

Submission of Grades

On completion of a class, the instructor is required to submit grades to the Registrar, such grades to be based on the instructor's evaluation of the academic performance of the students in the class in question. Christmas grades must be submitted to the Registrar in 1000-level full-year classes with enrolments in excess of 25 (on October 1); Christmas grades are normally submitted in other full-year classes.

Incomplete

Each student is expected to complete class work by the prescribed deadlines. Only in special circumstances may an instructor extend such deadlines. Incomplete work in a class must be completed within four weeks of the required date for submission of grades in that class to the Registrar's Office.

Exceptions to this rule will only be extended to classes which require field work during the summer months. At present the list of these classes consists of Biology 4800 and 4900 and Music 3470C and 4470C. Students taking these classes in their final year should note that they will not be able to graduate at the spring convocation.

Change of Grade

Correction of errors in the recording of a grade may be made at any time, otherwise, changes will only be made as in the 'Reassessment of Grades" regulation below.

No student is entitled to appeal for a grade change six months after the required date for submission of grades in that class to the Registrar's Office.

Examinations and Tests

A period of roughly two weeks in the spring and one week in December will be set aside for the scheduling by the Registrar of formal written examinations. An instructor wishing to have an examination scheduled by the Registrar for his class must so inform the Registrar at the beginning of the 3rd week of classes in the fall and spring terms. Departments will advise the Registrar, on request, of examinations to be scheduled by the Registrar. An instructor may also arrange his own examinations at a time and place of his choosing (including the formal examination periods), but with the understanding that in cases of conflict of examinations for an individual student, the Registrar's examination schedule takes priority. No tests or examinations covering the work of an entire term or year shall be held during the last two weeks of classes in the term. No tests or examinations shall be held during the period between the end of classes and the beginning of the official examination period.

Reassessment of a Grade

On payment of a fee, a student may appeal to the Registrar at Dalhousie for reassessment of a grade in a class. The Registrar will direct the request to the Chairman of the Department concerned, who will ensure that the reassessment is carried out and reported to the Registrar. Written applications for reassessment must be made to the Registrar within two months of the date the grade is sent from the Registrar's Office. Students have a right to view their marked examination papers by appointment for a period of two months from the date the grade is sent from the Registrar's Office. Note that reassessment of a grade involves re-reading the examination while change of grade also involves correction of errors which do not involve reassessment.

Special Examinations

Special examinations may be granted to students in case of genuine illness, supported by a medical certificate, or in other unusual or exceptional circumstances. Medical certificates must be submitted at the time of the illness and will normally be accepted after a lapse of one week from the date of the examination. A student wishing to appear as a candidate at a special examination shall be required to give notice of his intention to the Registrar's Office at Dalhousie on or before January 25 for a fall term or July 10 for a spring term class. Students wishing to write at outside centres must apply by July 10.

Supplemental Examinations

A student is permitted to write a supplemental examination in one class which he failed provided that:

(a) he obtained a final grade of F/M;

(b) he has satisfied the requirements for the class (see Regula-

(c) a single compulsory final examination or test in the class in question accounted for at least forty percent of the final grade (the supplemental examination should — at the discretion of the department - constitute the same proportion of the final grade as did the final examination during the regular session):

(d) he has not failed his year (See Regulations).

Apart from the case of "A" classes (given in the fall term), the supplemental examination must be written in August immediately following the failure. For "A" classes, supplemental examinations must be written in February immediately following the failure. Supplemental examinations may not be deferred. Notice of intention to write, together with the required fee, must be presented to the Registrar's Office, Dalhousie, by July 10th for supplemental examinations to be written in August, and by January 25th for supplemental examinations to be written in February.

A student who fails to pass the supplemental examination can obtain credit for that class only by repeating it.

Only one full credit supplemental examination (or two half-credit supplemental examinations) may be written by any student on the work of any one year.

No student may write both a supplemental examination and an examination at the end of the Summer School in the same class in the same year.

No supplemental examinations are allowed for classes taken at Summer School.

No more than five full credit (or equivalent half-credit) passes obtained as a result of supplemental examinations may be counted toward a degree.

Repetition of Classes not Passed

Except as provided in Regulation above, a student can gain credit only by repeating a class which he has not passed.

3. Merit Points and Minimum Standing

Merit points are awarded for each class as follows:

Grade	Point
A+, A, A-	3
B+, B, B-	2
C+, C, C-	1
D	0

Note that although D is a passing grade, no points are awarded. For fractional credit classes, corresponding fractional merit points are awarded, (e.g., in a half-credit class, an A would yield 1 1/2 points). Students receiving credit for classes taken at another institution are not awarded points, unless these classes are approved by the Committee on Studies for that purpose for the particular student, in accordance with the following guidelines:

- 1. All Dalhousie classes taken must be included.
- 2. At least ten Dalhousie classes must be included.
- 3. Consideration will be given only to those external classes taken to pursue programmes of study approved in advance by the Faculty.

(At the present time this refers only to the programmes at Sterling University, Universite de Province (Aux Marsailles), the Pushkin Institute and the Colegio de Espana.

- 4. Consideration will only be given where the performance in the external class is first class.
- 5. Department advice on the equivalent Dalhousie grade for a particular class will be sought where necessary.

4. Regular Academic Year

Workload

Five classes shall be regarded as constituting a normal term's work for a student, and may not be exceeded without written permission from the Committee on Studies. Applications from students who have strong reason for wishing to take an overload, and who in their previous year completed a full programme in good standing, will be considered. Such permission will not normally be granted to any student in his/her first year of study, or to any student who, in the preceding academic year, earned fewer than ten merit points. In no case will the workload exceed six classes per term. Applications from students who were parttime during the preceding year will be considered if they havecompleted at least five classes with grades of B- or better in all classes.

Required Withdrawal

Any student who has accumulated more failures than the number of merit points earned (see Regulations on merit points in Arts and Science), is required to withdraw from the Faculty. This regulation applies once students have taken four full-credit classes (or the equivalent) after admission or readmission (see below).

Note: "Taking a class" means remaining enrolled in that class after the final date of withdrawal without penalty.

Readmission After Required Withdrawal

Students who have been required to withdraw from the Faculty of Arts and Science may apply to be considered for readmission. Students who have twice been required to withdraw will be ineligible for readmission to the Faculty as either a full-time or a part-time student. Ordinarily an appeal is allowed only if illness has seriously interrupted the student's studies and this is established by submission to the Registrar of a medical certificate from the physician attending the student at the time of the illness.

Penalty for Failed Year

(a) Students who has failed their year on the first occasion are required to reapply to the Faculty for consideration for readmission.

(b) Students who fail a year on two occasions will be ineligible to return to the University as either a full-time or a part-time student. Ordinarily an appeal will be allowed only if illness has seriously interrupted the student's studies and this is established by submission to the Registrar of a medical certificate from the physician attending the student at the time of the illness.

Repeating Classes for Which a Passing Grade has been Awarded

With the permission of the department concerned and the endorsement of the appropriate committee of the respective Faculty, students may repeat any class for which a passing grade has previously been awarded. The original passing grade will nevertheless remain on the transcript, and a second entry will be recorded with the new grade and the notation "repeated class". No additional credit will be given for such a repeated class, but the higher grade, or point count appropriate to it, will be used for degree purposes.

5. Off-Campus, Summer School and Correspondence Classes

students should make application for Summer School as early as possible in order that they may make necessary arrangements and obtain a list of the text-books required.

Limits on Credits

In all cases, off-campus, Summer School, and Correspondence classes must have been passed at an adequate level and can be accepted only if they are closely equivalent in content to classes normally given at Dalhousie.

In Arts and Science up to three full credits from off-campus classes and up to five full credits from Summer School and correspondence classes may be accepted towards the requirements for a degree.

In all of the above cases, no more than two full-credits (12 credit hours) may be by correspondence.

Maximum Workload

Students may not take classes totalling more than one full credit in any one summer session. Not more than two full credits can be obtained at Summer School in any one academic year. Exemptions will normally be granted by the appropriate committee of the Faculty concerned only in respect to attendance at a university which operates a trimester system or its equivalent. In all cases, permission to exceed the maximum workload must be obtained in advance, following the procedures detailed below.

Credit for Summer School Classes at Other Institutions

Students wishing to take, at a university other than Dalhousie, a Summer School class to be counted for credit towards a Dalhousie degree must comply with Regulation 8 below.

Correspondence Classes

A regulation similar to the above relates to correspondence classes and, at the present time, only the correspondence classes offered by Queen's University, Kingston, Ontario will be considered.

6. Transfer Credits

Upon receipt of an application for admission to this University, and an official transcript, students will be advised of the number of credits which may be transferred from another university. However, provisional assessment can be made on interim transcripts.

7. Credits from other Faculties

A student taking classes in another Faculty as part of an affiliated course must conform to the regulations of that Faculty with respect to these classes.

8. Credits from other Universities under Concurrent Registration

Students while registered at Dalhousie, wishing to take classes at another institution, must make an application to the Registrar at Dalhousie and provide a description of the classes offered at the other institution. The workload at the other institution must conform to Regulation 4 above. A letter of permission will be provided if approval for the classes is given. The departments of French, German, Russian, and Spanish have special arrangements whereby up to a total of 5 full-credit classes taken at other universities may be considered as part of a student's major programme at Dalhousie. See also Regulation on Concurrent Registration at Dalhousie-King's and other Educational Institutions.

The class fee will be paid by Dalhousie if:

- (a) the student is registered as a full-time student at Dalhousie.
- (b) the classes are approved as part of the student's programme.

The class fee will be paid by the student if registered as a part-time student at Dalhousie, or if the class is not part of the Dalhousie programme.

9. Change of Registration

Changing a Class

Class changes will not be permitted during the first week after commencement of classes in September. Students should decide during the first week of classes what changes they wish to make and make these changes during the second week of classes (see below).

Adding Classes

The last date for adding classes is two weeks from the commencement of the term in which that class begins. Students must complete the appropriate registration change form which must be approved by the instructors concerned and by the Registrar at Dalhousie.

Withdrawing from Classes

- (a) The last day for withdrawing from a class without penalty are published in the Almanac at the beginning of this calendar. Classes dropped after these dates are recorded as W (withdrawal). Students must complete the appropriate registration change form which must be approved by the instructors concerned and by the Registrar.
- (b) No class may be dropped after the last day of classes in the term in which that class ends.
- (c) Classes may not be added to replace withdrawn classes after the second week of the term in which that class begins (see Regulation).
- (d) A student may not transfer from full- to part-time status by withdrawing from classes after the deadlines listed (in the Almanac).

Withdrawing from the University or Changing to Part-time Status

A registered student who wishes to withdraw from the University, or one who wishes to change from full-time to part-time status, must write to the Registrar at King's explain-

ing his circumstances. The student should not discontinue attendance at any class until his application has been approved. A student proposing withdrawal will normally be invited to discuss his/her situation with the Director of the School of Journalism, the Registrar at the University of King's College and, where appropriate, with the Director of the Foundation Year Programme. Non-attendance, by itself, does not constitute official withdrawal.

Non-attendance, by itself, does not constitute official withdrawal.

10. Experimental Classes

Experimental classes, on any subject or combination of subjects to which the arts and sciences are relevant and differing in conception from any of the classes regularly listed in departmental offerings, may be formed on the initiative of students or of faculty members.

If formed on the initiative of students, the students concerned shall seek out faculty members to take part in the classes.

Whether formed on the initiative of students or on the initiative of faculty members, the faculty members who wish to take part must obtain the consent of their department.

The classes may be of one-year length or half-year length.

A class shall be held to be formed when at least one faculty member and at least eight students have committed themselves to taking part in it for its full length, and in the case of one-half year classes when a class in the other one-half year is available.

Classes may be formed any time before the end of the second week of classes in the Fall term to run the year or first half year, or any time before the end of the second week of classes in the Spring term. If they are formed long enough in advance to be announced in the Calendar, they shall be so announced, in a section describing the Experimental Programme; if they are formed later, they shall be announced (a) in the Dalhousie Gazette, (b) in the University News, (c) on a central bulletin board set aside for this purpose.

One faculty member taking part in each experimental class shall be designated the *rapporteur* of the class. It shall be his responsibility (a) to advise the Curriculum Committee of the formation and content of the class; (b) to obtain from the Curriculum Committee a ruling as to what requirement or requirements of distribution and concentration and credit the class may be accepted as satisfying; (c) to report to the Registrar on the performance of students in the class; and (d) to report to the Curriculum Committee, after the class has finished its work, on the subjects treated, the techniques of instruction, and the success of the class as an experiment in pedagogy (judged so far as possible on the basis of objective comparisons with more familiar types of classes).

A student may have five one-year length experimental classes (or some equivalent combination of these with half-year length classes) counted as satisfying class for class any of the requirements for the degree, subject to the rulings of the Curriculum Committee (above) and (where relevant) to the approval of the departments.

GENERAL ACADEMIC REGULATIONS—SCHOOL OF JOURNALISM

Applicability of General Regulations, School of Journalism

Students registered at the University of King's College as candidates for the B.J. (Hons.) and B.J. degrees are subject to the General Regulations, School of Journalism, and not to the Faculty Regulations of the Faculty of Arts and Science Students taking classes in the Faculty of Arts and Science must, however, conform to the General Faculty Regulations of the Faculty of Arts and Science with regard to these classes.

Changes of Regulations usually become effective upon publication in the Calendar. Students are subject to changes in regulations and courses made after their first registration unless specifically excused by the Faculty. All enquiries about the regulations hereunder should be made to the Registrar. Any students suffering from undue hardship from application of any of the regulations may appeal for relief through the Registrar to the Journalism Studies Committee, University of King's College.

1. General

Admission to Classes

No student shall be admitted to a class until he has satisfied the regulations regarding entrance and complied with the General University Regulations. Students who wish to add classes after two weeks from the commencement of the term in which the class begins would have to get the approval of the Director of the School of Journalism, as well as the approval of the class instructor.

Duration of Studies

A student in the Bachelor of Journalism (Honours) programme will normally complete his/her studies within four years of first registration. All requirements for the degree must be complete within ten years of first registration. A student in the Bachelor of Journalism programme is normally required to complete his/her studies within one calendar year of first registration.

Auditing

Interested persons may audit courses in the School of Journalism on permission of the Director. The University of King's College reserves the right to charge fees for the auditing of courses in the School of Journalism.

Advanced Placement

A student possessing advanced knowledge of a subject, which he has acquired otherwise than at a University, will be encouraged to begin his studies in that subject at a level appropriate to his knowledge, as determined by the School of Journalism, and will be exempted from any classes which are normally prerequisites for the one to which he is admitted. However, the student must substitute for the exempted classes an equal number of other classes, not necessarily in the same subjects (i.e., he must complete at the University the full number of classes required for a B.J. (Hons.) or B.J. degree).

Concurrent Registration at University of King's College and Another Educational Institution other than Dalhousie

Ordinarily no student may register at the University of King's College in the School of Journalism if concurrently taking work in another educational institution. Regulation 7 below outlines procedures to be followed to secure waiver of this general regulation. Regular exceptions are made with respect to registration at affiliated institutions other than Dalhousie.

In-Course Requirements for continuing in the B.J. (Hons.) degree programme and the B.J. degree programme

In order to be assured of maintaining their places in the B.J. (Hons.) programme, students must achieve at least a C+average in the journalism writing programme (those courses based upon reporting and editing assignments) and a minimum average overall of B-.

The one-year B.J. programme, because it is intensive and accumulative, will be conducted on a semester system and in order to be assured of maintaining their places from one semester to the next, students must achieve the same standards as above.

Degree Requirements - Writing Courses

In both the B.J. (Hons.) programme and the one-year B.J. programme students must achieve at least an overall C+average in writing programmes to receive their degrees.

Forced Withdrawal Consequent on Unsatisfactory Performance

When the work of a student becomes unsatisfactory his/her case will be discussed by the Journalism Studies Committee which may require him to withdraw from the class or classes concerned, and to be excluded from the relevant examinations, or may advise him/her to withdraw temporarily from the University, or to reduce his class load.

In-course transfers from B.A. or B.Sc. to B.J. (Hons.)

Provided that a student has successfully completed the Foundation Year Programme, and with a sufficiently high standing, he or she may transfer into the B.J. (Hons.) programme at the end of the first year only. All such transfers are to be made on a space available basis as determined by the limited enrolment policy of the University.

Applications for such in-course transfers from the B.A. or B.Sc. to B.J. (Hons.) programme are made to the Registrar, and applicants must write a letter of application and meet other admission requirements as specified by the School of Journalism.

2. Credit and Assessment

A credit towards a degree is earned in a full-credit class, a class in which typically there is a minimum of two to three lecture hours weekly for the regular (September to May) academic year. Credits may be obtained for university-level studies:

a) normally during the regular academic year in classes offered by the School of Journalism at King's or in the Faculty of Arts and Science at Dalhousie; or exceptionally

b) during a summer session or by correspondence,

c) by transfer from other universities attended prior to entrance to University of King's College,

d) in Faculties of Dalhousie, other than Arts and Science, or e) at institutions other than King's or Dalhousie while registered at King's.

Regulations governing each of these ways of earning credits are presented below.

Gaining Credit

To gain credit towards the B.J. (Hons.) or B.J. degree, a student must meet the requirements relevant to that degree and must appear at all examinations, prepare such essays, exercises, assignments, reports, etc. as may be prescribed.

Credit Contingent on Settling Debts to the University

To gain credit, a student must settle all obligations to the University with respect to tuition and residence fees, bookstore debts, library fines, etc. (not later than April 30 for Spring Convocations).

Method of Assessment

In determining pass lists, the standings attained in prescribed class exercises, in field work, workshops, and in the various examinations, may be taken into consideration by an instructor. Each instructor must ensure that students are informed of the method of evaluation to be used in a class within two weeks of the first meeting of the class. Within two weeks after the beginning of each term, instructors teaching in the School of Journalism must report to the Director on the method of evaluation used in each class.

Grades

The passing grades are A+, A, A-, B+, B, B-, C+, C, C- and D. The failing grades are F/M and F. However, it should be observed (preceding column) that averages required may be above the pass/fail line.

Submission of Grades

On completion of a class, instructors teaching classes in the School of Journalism are required to submit grades to the Director, such grades to be based on the instructor's evaluation of the academic performance of the students in the class in question. Christmas grades are normally submitted in all full-year classes.

Incomplete

Each student is expected to complete class work by the prescribed deadlines. Only in special circumstances may an instructor extend such deadlines. Incomplete work in a class must be completed within four weeks of the required date for submission of grades in that class to the Director's Office.

Change of Grade

Corrections of errors in the recording of a grade may be made at any time. The final date for grade changes for other reasons is September 1 following the academic year; such changes to be made only after the procedures for reassessment of a grade have been complied with.

No student is entitled to appeal for a grade change six months after the required date for submission of grades in that class to the Director's Office.

Examinations and Tests

A period of roughly two weeks in the spring and one week in December will be set aside for the scheduling by the Registrar of formal written examinations. An instructor wishing to have an examination scheduled by the Registrar for his class must so inform the Registrar by October 15 for the Christmas period and February 15 for the Spring period. The School of Journalism will advise the Registrar, on request, of examina-

tions to be scheduled by the Registrar. An instructor may also arrange his own examinations at a time and place of his choosing (including the formal examination periods), but with the understanding that in cases of conflict of examinations for an individual student, the Registrar's examination schedule takes priority. No tests or examinations covering the work of an entire term or year shall be held during the last two weeks of classes in the term. No tests or examinations shall be held during the period between the end of classes and the beginning of the official examination period.

Reassessment of a Grade

On payment of a fee, a student may appeal to the Registrar at the University of King's College for reassessment of a grade in a class. The Registrar will direct the request to the Director of the School of Journalism who will ensure that the reassessment is carried out and reported to the Registrar. Written applications for reassessment must be made to the Registrar within two months of the date the grade is sent from the Registrar's Office.

Special Examinations

Special examinations may be granted to students in case of genuine illness, supported by a medical certificate, or in other unusual or exceptional circumstances. Medical certificates must be submitted at the time of the illness and will normally be accepted after a lapse of one week from the date of the examination. A student wishing to appear as a candidate at a special examination shall be required to give notice of his intention to the Registrar's Office at the University of King's College on or before July 10. Students wishing to write at outside centres must apply by July 10.

Supplemental Examinations

A student is permitted to write a supplemental examination in one class which he failed provided that:

- a) the failed class is not one of those listed in the curriculum as a Workshop and it is not the Independent Project;
- b) he obtained a final grade of F/M;
- c) he has satisfied the requirements for the class (see Regulations):
- d) a single compulsory final examination or test in the class in question accounted for at least forty percent of the final grade (the supplemental examination should—at the discretion of the School of Journalism—constitute the same proportion of the final grade as did the final examination during the regular session);
- e) he has not failed his year (see Regulation).

Apart from the case of "A" classes (given in the fall term) the supplemental examination must be written in August immediately following the failure. For "A" classes, supplemental examinations must be written in February immediately following the failure. Supplemental examinations may not be deferred. Notice of intention to write, together with the required fee, must be presented to the Registrar's Office, University of King's College by July 10th for supplemental examinations to be written in August, and by January 28th for supplemental examinations to be written in February.

A student who fails to pass the supplemental examination can obtain credit for that class only by repeating it.

No more than one supplemental examination may be written by any student on the work of any one year.

No student may write both a supplemental examination and an examination at the end of the Summer School in the same class in the same year. No supplemental examinations are allowed for classes taken at Summer School.

No more than five passes obtained as a result of supplemental examinations may be counted towards a degree.

Repetition of Classes not Passed

Except as provided in Regulation above, a student can gain credit only by repeating a class which he has not passed.

3. Regular Academic Year

Workload

Five to five and one-half courses shall be regarded as constituting a normal year's work for a student. (See curriculum for B.J. (Hons.) and B.J. degree programmes.) Applications from students who have strong reason for wishing to take an overload will be considered by the Journalism Studies Committee. Such permission will not normally be granted to any student in his/her first year of study, or to any student who, in the preceding academic year, has failed any class or had two or more class grades below B-. In no case will the workload exceed six classes per term. Applications from students who were part-time during the preceding year will be considered if they have completed at least five classes with grades of B- or better in all classes.

Failed Year

Students who have not passed at least half of the classes for which they are enrolled, and all of their required writing and reporting workshops, after the final date of withdrawal without penalty, will be considered to have failed the year. The results reported in the pass lists of the academic year determine whether students have passed or failed their year.

Penalty for Failed Year

- a) A student who has failed his year for the first occasion is required to reapply to the University for consideration for readmission.
- b) A student who fails a year on two occasions will be ineligible to return to the University as either a full-time or a part-time student. Ordinarily an appeal will be allowed only if illness has seriously interrupted the student's studies and this is established by submission of a medical certificate from the physician attending the student to the Registrar at the time of the illness

Repeating Classes for which a Passing Grade has been

With the permission of the Director of the School of Journalism and the endorsement of the Journalism Studies Committee a student may repeat any class for which a passing grade has previously been awarded. The original passing grade will nevertheless remain on the transcript, and a second entry will be recorded with the new grade and the notation "repeated class". No additional credit will be given for such a repeated class, but the higher grade, or point count appropriate to it, will be used for degree purposes.

4. Summer School and Correspondence Classes (Applicable to B.J. (Hons.) Students Only)

Limits on Credits

Up to two credits from Summer School and correspondence classes at King's or Dalhousie may be accepted towards the requirements for a degree. Such classes must have been passed at an adequate level and can be accepted only if they are closely equivalent to courses normally given in the joint Faculty of Arts and Science or the School of Journalism.

Maximum Workload

Normally no student may take classes totally more than one full credit in any one Summer School session where the University offers more than one Summer School session per year. Not more than two full credits can be obtained at Summer School in any one academic year.

Exceptions will normally be granted by the Journalism Studies Committee only in respect of attendance at a university which operates a trimester system or its equivalent.

In all cases, permission must be obtained in advance, following the procedure detailed below.

Credit for Summer School Classes at Other Institutions

A student wishing to take, at a university other than King's, a Summer School class to be counted for credit towards a B.J. (Hons.) degree must:

- a) obtain an application form from the Office of the Registrar at the University of King's College,
- b) obtain from the university he proposes to attend a full description of the Summer School classes (or alternative classes) he wishes to take, usually the Summer School calendar will suffice:
- c) make application to the Registrar of the University of King's College and sumit the class description of the class he wishes to take (alternatives should be indicated where possible).

When a decision has been reached, the student will be notified directly by the Registrar. If the decision is favourable, the receiving university will be so advised by the Registrar's Office.

Correspondence Classes

A regulation similar to the above applies to correspondence classes and, at the present time, only the correspondence classes offered by Queen's University, Kingston, Ontario will be considered.

Students should make application for Summer School as early as possible in order that they may make necessary arrangements and obtain a list of the textbooks required.

5. Transfer Credits (Applicable to B.J. (Hons.) Students Only)

Upon receipt of an application for admission to this University, and an official transcript, students will be advised of the number of credits which may be transferred from another university. However, provisional assessment can be made on interim transcripts. See "Transfers" under "Admissions to the School of Journalism".

6. Credits from other Faculties

A student taking classes in the joint Faculty of Arts and Science as part of the B.J. (Hons.) programme must conform to the regulations of that Faculty with respect to these classes, and likewise for classes taken with permission of the Journalism Studies Committee in Faculties other than Arts and Science at Dalhousie.

Each B.J. (Hons.) student must submit to the Journalism Studies Committee by the end of the first year a proposal for a coherent academic programme involving an in depth study of a particular area or discipline for the 4 courses that must be taken in the second year and the 2 courses that must be taken in the third year in the Faculty of Arts and Science. The Committee will advise each student on his/her proposed programme and will approve (with changes where necessary) each student's plan. Any subsequent changes in a student's program will require the approval of the Committee. See also Regulation 7 in the General Academic Regulation for the School of Journalism.

7. Credits from other Universities under Concurrent Registration

A student, while registered at King's, wishing to take classes at another institution, must make an application to the Registrar at the University of King's College and provide description of the classes offered at the other institution. A letter of permission will be provided if approval for the classes is given by the Journalism Studies Committee, (see above, Regulation 6).

The class fee will be paid by the University of King's College if:

- a) the student is registered as a full-time student in the B.J. (Hons.) or B.J. programme;
- b) the classes are approved.

The class fee will be paid by the student if registered as a part-time student at Dalhousie-King's.

8. Change of Registration

Changing a Class

Class changes will not be permitted during the first week after commencement of classes in September. Students should decide during the first week of classes what changes they wish to make and make these changes during the second week of classes (see below).

Adding Classes

The last date for adding classes is two weeks from the commencement of the term in which that class begins. Students must complete the appropriate registration change form which must be approved by the instructors concerned, the Director of the School of Journalism and by the Registrar at Dalhousie, for courses taken at Dalhousie and by the Registrar at the University of King's College for courses taken in the School of Journalism.

Withdrawing from Classes

- a) The last day for withdrawing from a class without penalty is: for A classes: 13 November; for B classes; 1 week after study break; for C classes; 27 January; for full year classes; 27 January. Classes dropped after these dates are recorded as W (withdrawal). Students must complete the appropriate registration change form which must be approved by the instructors concerned and by the Registrar.
- b) No class may be dropped after the last day of classes in the term in which that class ends.
- c) Classes may not be added to replace withdrawn classes after the second week of the term in which that class begins (see Regulation).

Withdrawing from the University

A registered student who wishes to withdraw from the University must write to the Registrar at King's explaining his circumstances. The student should not discontinue attendance at any class until his application has been approved. A student proposing withdrawal will normally be invited to discuss his/her situation with the Director of the School of Journalism, the Registrar at the University of King's College and, where appropriate, with the Director of the Foundation Year Programme. Non-attendance, by itself, does not constitute official withdrawal.

9. Transfer from other Colleges and Universities to the School of Journalism (B.J. (Hons.) only)

Deadlines for Receipt of Applications

Canada and the U.S.A.: Other Countries

April 15 April 15

Applications received after the above dates will be considered, but prompt processing cannot be assured.

Documents to be Submitted:

- a) Completed application form (available from Registrar's Of-
- b) Official academic transcripts (or certified copies) from all Colleges and Universities attended;
- c) Copies of calendars (or similar publications) of all Colleges and Universities attended;
- d) Certification of proficiency in English if the native language of the applicant is another language.

Certified copies of original documents, or relevant sections of documents (e.g. calendar pages) are acceptable in lieu of originals. Certificates in languages other than English or French must be accompanied by certified translations into English or French. On receipt of these documents, students will be notified by the Registrar, and are then required to submit a letter of application—the procedure for these two matters is described under, "Admissions to the B.J. (Hons.) degree programme".

Transfer of Credits

Students who have attended a recognized junior college, for at least one year, and can present satisfactory certificates may be granted Senior Matriculation standing provided the work has been done in approved academic courses. For work completed beyond the Senior Matriculation level, credit may be granted on admission for a maximum of five equivalent classes. Students who are admitted under these conditions can complete the requirements to the B.J. (Hons.) degree in

Students who have attended another recognized university may, on presentation of satisfactory documentary evidence be granted credits for appropriate classes, within the limits of the Regulations set out below.

General Regulations Concerning Transfer (see also General Faculty Regulations).

- a) A student from another college or university who is not eligible for re-admission to that college or university on academic grounds will not be admitted to King's College.
- b) No transfer credit will be granted for any class in which a final mark of less than C (or the equivalent) was obtained or for any class in which a final mark was granted conditionally. c) A student in the B.J. (Hons.) programme must attend King's
- as a full-time student in his last two years, unless special permission to the contrary is obtained from the Journalism Studies Committee.
- d) No classes taken at another institution will be counted towards fulfilling the concentration requirement in the Arts and Science or in the Journalism parts of the B.J. (Hons.) degree programme without specific approval from the Journalism Studies Committee.
- e) Transfer credits may be granted only for classes equivalent to classes offered at Dalhousie-King's, and only in subjects recognized as having standing in a faculty of Arts and Science, or approved classes in Journalism Studies, equivalent to classes offered at King's.
- f) No credit will be given for any classes taken at another university while a student is inadmissable at Dalhousie-
- g) The programme of studies of all transfer students will be subject to approval by the Journalism Studies Committee.

SCHOLARSHIPS, BURSARIES AND PRIZES

Any scholarship winner who can afford to do so is invited to give up all or part of the money awarded. He will still be styled the winner of the scholarship during its tenure. This arrangement increases the value of the scholarship funds as it enables other students of scholarly attainments to attend the universi-

All scholarships, prizes and bursaries, except awards to graduating students, will be credited to the student's account and not paid in cash.

No special application forms are required as all students who have been admitted are automatically considered for a scholarship. Students who hope to receive scholarships are encouraged to apply for admission by March 1.

In order to retain scholarships tenable for more than one year, a B average must be made each year, with no failing mark in any subject.

ARTS AND SCIENCE

I. ENTRANCE AWARDS

A. Annual scholarships to the value of \$2500, \$2000, \$1500, \$1000 and \$500 respectively, provided from various bequests to the university as well as from university funds

The George David Harris Memorial Scholarships-two at \$2500. (George David Harris was a student at King's who lost his life by drowning in an attempt to save the life of a friend.)

Established from a bequest of the estate of James R. Harris, these two scholarships are open to competition to all students admitted to the university. The award is based on the record of performance in High School and on qualities of mind and character. Applications and nominations for this scholarship must be supported by High School transcripts, letters of reference and a sample of the applicant's writing. For further details, application and nomination forms, inquire from the Registrar.

Completed applications for the Harris Scholarships should be received by March 31. Final selection may be based on interviews of leading candidates.

Anna H. Cousins bequest, in memory of her husband, Henry S. Cousins, to be known as the Henry S. Cousins Scholarship.

Susanna Weston Arrow Almon bequest, to be known as the Almon Scholarships.

Alumni Association Funds to provide for a number of scholarships, ranging from \$2500 to \$500, of which one is to be awarded to a student from King's-Edgehill; Rothesay Collegiate; Netherwood or Armbrae Academy.

Dr. Norman H. Gosse, former Chancellor of the University, bequest. This scholarship of \$400 is open to a science student entering the Foundation Year Programme.

Alexandra Society Scholarships - The Alexandra Society of the University of King's College provides entrance scholarships, the number of which is determined annually by the Society on a funds-available basis.

Mrs. W. A. Winfield beguest, in memory of her husband.

The Rev. J. Lloyd Keating bequest, to encourage students in the study of chemistry and physics.

B. Scholarships and Bursaries tenable for three years, or for four years if the student takes the Honours Course

Margaret and Wallace Towers Bursary-\$1000 a year. Established by Dr. Donald R. Towers, an alumnus of King's, in memory of his mother and father. This bursary, tenable for four years, is open to a student of high academic standing entering the University to study Arts and Science and who is a resident, or a descendant of residents, of Charlotte County, New Brunswick. Failing any qualified applicants from this county in any one year, the bursary for that year only will become available to a student resident anywhere outside the Maritime Provinces of Canada. The holder must live in residence.

King's College Naval Bursary - \$300 a year. In order to commemorate the unique and valuable relationship between the University of King's College and the Royal Canadian Navy during the Second World War, ships and establishments of the Atlantic Command have set up a Bursary to enable a student to attend King's.

Applicants must be children of officers and men either serving in the Royal Canadian Navy or retired from the R.C.N. on pension. Academic achievement and promise will be the first consideration in selecting a candidate. Purpose, industry, and character are to be carefully weighed, together with the likelihood that the candidate will make good use of higher education to benefit not only himself but also his country.

The Bursary is awarded annually but it is intended to be tenable by the same student to the completion of his course at King's College provided that he makes acceptable progress. The Bursary will be withdrawn in the event of academic failure or withdrawal from King's College for any

Canadian International Paper Company, Scholarship Program for Employees' Children. Canadian International Paper Company has established this scholarship program to identify and honour scholastic achievement and to encourage children of CIP employees to enter university. Eligibility is limited to employees of the Company or its subsidiaries in Canada who have a minimum of one year of service. Each scholarship is valued at \$1,000 per year. These scholarships are tenable at any Canadian university or college which is a member or affiliated to a member of the Association of Universities and Colleges of Canada. Further information and application forms should be requested directly from:

Awards Officer National Programs Division Association of Universities and Colleges of Canada 151 Slater Street Ottawa, Ontario K1P5N1

Completed application forms must be received at the above address not later than June 1 of the year of application.

Imperial Oil Higher Education Awards. Imperial Oil Limited offers annually free tuition and other compulsory fees to all children or wards of employees and annuitants who proceed to higher education courses. The awards are tenable for a maximum of four years, or the equivalent, at the undergraduate or bachelor degree level.

Further information and application forms may be obtained from The Secretary, Committee on Higher Education, Imperial Oil Limited, 111 St. Clair Avenue West, Toronto 7, On-

Alumni Association Memorial Bursary. In 1975 the King's College Alumni Memorial Fund was established with a two-fold purpose. It was to provide an opportunity for gifts to be placed in memory of Kingsmen, staff, students or their friends. Monies received as a memorial are invested and a Book of Memory is established in the Chapel. In it are recorded names of those in whose memory gifts are placed.

The income is to be used as a bursary to assist worthwhile students, over and above scholarships, student aid and/or prize funds.

This Fund is intended for the use of any student registered for a full course of study at King's. It will not necessarily go to students with the highest marks.

Applications for bursary aid may be submitted to the University Registrar.

C. Professional Scholarships

Dr. W. Bruce Almon Scholarship—\$1500 a year. Established by the will of Susanna Weston Arrow Almon, this scholarship is open to a student entering the University of King's College and proceeding to the degree of Doctor of Medicine at Dalhousie University. It is renewable yearly provided that the student maintains a first class average, and lives in residence each year until the regulations of Dalhousie Medical School require otherwise. This scholarship is not available to be awarded for the 1982-83 academic year.

By the terms of the will, preference is given to a descendant of Dr. William Johnstone Almon.

Charles Frederick William Moseley Scholarship—\$750 a year. Established by the will of Charles Frederick William Moseley, this scholarship is open to a student from regions No. 16 and No. 17 of the Anglican Diocese of Nova Scotia (to be eligible a student must have resided in the areas for at least one year while attending High School) entering the University of King's College as a pre-Divinity student, and proceeding to the degree of Master of Divinity at the Atlantic School of Theology. It is renewable yearly provided that the student maintains suitable academic standing. When no pre-Divinity student is nominated by the Bishop for any one year when the scholarship is available it will be awarded to the highest competitor from the regions as an entrance scholarship for one year only.

James Fear Scholarships—two at \$1,000. Established by the will of Mary L. Fear in memory of her husband James Fear, a graduate of the University of King's College, two scholarships of \$1,000 are awarded to students entering the University of King's College as pre-Divinity students and proceeding to the degree of Master of Divinity at the Atlantic School of Theology. They are renewable yearly provided that the recipients maintain suitable standing. When no pre-Divinity students are nominated by the Bishop for any one year when the scholarships are available, the Fear scholarships will be awarded as entrance scholarships for one year only.

Hazen Trust Scholarships. Two scholarships of \$1000 annually for students entering King's from New Brunswick High Schools as Pre-Divinity students as officially certified by the Diocese of Fredericton.

These scholarships to be retained during the years necessary to complete their degrees at King's and at the Atlantic School of Theology, provided their grades at each institution are satisfactory to the Scholarship Committee, that is, an average no lower than B.

If in any one year, one or both of these scholarships is (are) not so held, such scholarship (or scholarships) will be available for one year only to a qualified student (or students) from the Diocese of Fredericton already registered at the Atlantic School of Theology, provided a nomination by the Diocese, or an application from the student, is made to the Scholarship Committee.

Failing the making of an award (or awards) according to provisions 1, 2 and 3, the scholarship (or scholarships) will be available to qualified students entering King's from New Brunswick High Schools as an entrance scholarship (or scholarships) for one year only.

D. Restricted and Regional Scholarships and Bursaries

Nova Scotia Teachers College Bursary—\$500. Awarded on the recommendations of the Principal to a graduate of Nova Scotia Teachers College who registers as a full time student in the Faculty of Arts and Science.

Deihl Bridgewater Bursary—\$400. To assist needy students of suitable standing, resident in the town of Bridgewater, or within six miles of the town. Bequeathed by the late Lena Ruth Deihl.

I.O.D.E. Bursaries, value \$100 to \$300. Awarded to entering students who show academic ability and financial need. Address applications to Provincial Education Secretary, Provincial Chapter, I.O.D.E., Roy Bldg., 1657 Barrington St., Room 505, Halifax, N.S. B3J 2A1. Applications open March 1, close May 1.

The Halifax Rifles Centenary Scholarship—\$200. Established by the Halifax Rifles as an entrance scholarship. For particulars, apply to the Registrar.

Lois Hudson Bursary—\$150. Established by a bequest from the estate of David W. Hudson in memory of his sister, Lois Hudson; as an entrance bursary to a woman student in need of financial assistance.

Charles E. Merrill Trust Scholarship. This entrance scholarship of \$2,000 is to be awarded each year to a suitably qualified student of high standing from New England.

II. SECOND, THIRD AND FOURTH YEAR AWARDS

A. Annual scholarships of \$2000, \$1500, \$1000, \$800 and \$500 respectively, provided by the bequests listed above and from university funds

B. Restricted Scholarships

The Honorable Ray Lawson Scholarships—\$600 and \$400. Established through the generosity of the Hon. Ray Lawson, Chancellor of the University 1948-56, two scholarships of \$600 and two of \$400 are awarded to students entering their second year.

The Stevenson Scholarship—\$120. Founded by the Rev. J. Stevenson, M.A., (sometime Professor of Mathematics), this scholarship of \$120, tenable for 2 years, will be awarded to a student with the highest average on the five best subjects in the first year examinations.

Alexandra Society Scholarship—\$500. An annual award offered by the Alexandra Society of King's College to a woman student who stands highest in the second or third year examinations. If the student who stands highest holds another scholarship, the award shall be left to the discretion of the Scholarship Committee.

The Claire Strickland Vair Scholarship—\$300. An annual award to be offered to a student beyond the first year who displays excellence in English; an English Major or English Honours student preferred.

Saint John University Women's Club Scholarship—\$100 (Undergraduate). The Saint John University Women's Club awards a scholarship of \$100 each year to a woman student entering her senior year in a Maritime University. The award is made to a student from the City or County of Saint John, with the consideration being given to both academic attainment and financial need. For particulars apply to the Registrar, before March 1.

The United States Scholarship—\$500. Awarded annually by Friends of New York State Corporation, to a continuing student who is a citizen of the United States, and who in the judgment of the Directors of the Corporation best exemplifies an appreciation of the importance of good relationships between the people of the United States and Canada.

In any year the scholarship may be divided among two or more students.

C. Bursaries

Canadian Army Welfare Fund Bursary—A bursary of up to \$1000 awarded primarily to finance tuition fees and the purchase of text books to children of Canadian Army servicemen, serving between October 1, 1946, and January 1, 1968. Applications must be received by July 1 each year. For further particulars about how to apply, consult the Registrar.

Walter Lawson Muir Bursary—\$175. Endowed by Mrs. W. L. Muir. To be awarded at the discretion of the Scholarship Committee to a student returning to college who won high scholastic standing in the previous year.

E. Mabel Mason Memorial Bursary—\$200. Available to women students in need of financial assistance, as a single bursary of \$200, or two bursaries of \$100 each.

Roy M. Haverstock Bursary—\$225. Established by a bequest of Gertrude H. Fox in memory of her brother, Roy M. Haverstock.

Khaki Bursary—\$60. Awarded to the sons and daughters of the soldiers of the Great Wars. Written application must be made to the Registrar showing claim for consideration.

The Binney Bursary—\$50. Founded in the year 1858, by Miss Binney, sister of the late Bishop Binney, and daughter of the late Reverend Hibbert Binney, in memory of her father.

This bursary is intended to aid students who may require assistance, and who shall have commended themselves by their exemplary conduct.

Charles Cogswell Bursary—\$20. Charles Cogswell, Esq., M.D., made a donation of \$400 to the Governors of King's College, the object of the donation being "to promote the health of the students and encourage them in the prosecution of their studies".

The Jackson Bursary—\$25. Founded by the Rev. G. O. Cheese, M.A. (Oxon.), in memory of his former tutor, the late T. W. Jackson, M.A., of Worcester College, Oxford.

University Bursaries — A limited number of other small bursaries are available to students in need of financial assistance.

O. Prizes

The Lawson Prize—\$100. Established by The Hon. Ray Lawson, former Chancellor of the University, for the student

who shows the greatest progress between the first and second year.

Dr. M. A. B. Smith Prize—\$25. Established by a bequest of \$500 from the late Dr. M. A. B. Smith. Awarded to the student with the highest marks at the end of his second year with ten classes. In case of a tie, preference will be given to a pre-Divinity student.

Bishop Binney Prize—\$20. This prize, which was founded by Mrs. Binney, is given to the undergraduate with the best examination results at the end of the second year with ten classes.

The Akins Historical Prize—\$100. Founded by T. B. Akins, Esq., D.C.L., Barrister-at-Law and Commissioner of Public Records.

The award is made for the best original study in Canadian History submitted in competition.

Essays must be handed in, under a nom de plume, with the writer's name in an attached envelope, on or before the 1st day of April of the year concerned. Essays become the property of King's College.

The Beatrice E. Fry Memorial Prize—\$50. Established by the Diocesan Board of the W.A. of the Diocese of Nova Scotia, in memory of Miss Beatrice E. Fry. To be awarded to the woman student (Anglican) of the College obtaining the highest mark of the year in English 100, provided that mark is at least B.

The Henry D. deBlois English Prize—\$50. The late Rev. Henry D. deBlois, D.C.L., a graduate of King's College, left the sum of \$200 to the Governors of the College to establish a prize in English. Awarded to the student of the 2nd, 3rd or 4th year in Arts or Science who submits the best essay on some subject relating to English Literature.

For conditions, apply to the Registrar. All essays must be in the hands of the Registrar of King's College by April 15.

The Almon-Welsford Testimonial Prize—\$30. The Honourable William J. Almon, Esq., M.D. (1816-1901) and his family endowed a prize to commemorate the gallant and loyal deeds of Major Augustus Frederick Welsford who died in the Crimean War (1855) and to encourage the study of Latin. The prize is awarded annually to the student in his first year who makes the highest mark in a Latin course at the 100 or 200 level provided the grade is at least B.

The McCawley Classical Prize—\$35. Established as a testimonial to the Rev. G. McCawley, D.D., on his retirement from the office of President. This prize is awarded annually to the student who makes the highest mark in a Greek course at the 100 level providing the grade is at least B.

The Zaidee Horsfall Prize in Mathematics—\$10. Established as a memorial to the late Zaidee Horsfall, M.A., D.C.L. Awarded to the student who makes the highest mark in first year Mathematics.

The Harry Crawford Memorial Prize—\$40. Offered annually by a friend in memory of Harry Crawford, son of Thomas H. and Elizabeth A. Crawford, Gagetown, N.B.; a student of this College, who died true to his King and his Country, April 14, 1915, while serving in the Canadian Motor Cycle Corps. The prize is awarded to the student completing the second year Arts course, of good character and academic standing, who in the opinion of the Faculty deserves it most.

III. GRADUATE SCHOLARSHIPS, MEDALS AND PRIZES

The Governor General's Medal. Awarded to the candidate who obtains the highest standing in the examination for the B.A. or B.Sc. degree. Preference will be given to an Honours

The Rev. S.H. Prince Prize in Sociology. This prize was made available by a \$1,000 bequest under the will of the late Dr. S. H. Prince for annual award to both Dalhousie and King's

The Rhodes Scholarship. This scholarship is of the annual value of £2010 sterling. Before applying to the Secretary of the Committee of Selection for the Province (which application must be made by November 1), consult the Registrar, King's College.

Rhodes Scholars who have attended the University of King's College

1909 Medley Kingdom Parlee, B.A., '08

1910 Robert Holland Tait, B.C.L., '14

1913 Arthur Leigh Collett, B.A., '13

1916 The Rev. Douglas Morgan Wiswell, B.A., '14, M.A., '16 1916 The Rev. Cuthbert Aikman Simpson, B.A., '15, M.A.,

1919 William Gordon Ernst, B.A., '17

1924 The Rev. Gerald White, B.A., '23, M.A., '24

1925 M. Teed, B.A., '25

′16

1936 Allan Charles Findlay, B.A., '34

1938 John Roderick Ennes Smith, B.Sc., '38

1946 Nordau Roslyn Goodman, B.Sc., '40, M.Sc., '46

Peter Hanington, B.A., '48

1950 Ian Henderson, B.Sc., '49 Eric David Morgan, B.Sc., '50

1955 Leslie William Caines, B.A., '55

1962 Roland Arnold Grenville Lines, B.Sc., '61

1963 Peter Hardress Lavallin Puxley, B.A., '63

1969 John Hilton Page, B.Sc., '69 1981 Bernard John Hibbitts, B.A., '80

University Women's Club Scholarship-\$500. The University Women's Club of Halifax offers a scholarship of the value of \$500 every second year, 1982, 1984, etc., to a woman graduate of Dalhousie University or King's College, to assist her in obtaining her M.A. or M.Sc. degree at any recognized graduate school. For particulars, apply to the Registrar.

The Canadian Federation of University Women Fellowships -\$1500 to \$2500. For information, apply to the Registrar.

The Imperial Order Daughters of the Empire Post-Graduate Scholarships - \$5000 (for study overseas) and \$3000 (for study in Canada). For information apply to the Registrar.

Imperial Oil Graduate Research Fellowship-\$3000 for three years. For information apply to the Registrar.

Commonwealth Scholarships. Under a Plan drawn up at a conference held in Oxford in 1959, each participating country of the Commonwealth offers a number of scholarships to students of other Commonwealth countries. These scholarships are mainly for graduate study and are tenable in the country making the offer. Awards are normally for two years and cover travelling, tuition fees, other university fees, and living allowance. For details of the awards offered by the various countries, consult the Registrar.

Rotary Foundation Fellowship. Open to graduate students for advanced study abroad. Available every second academic vear, 1983, 1985, etc. Applications must be considered before August 1 of previous year. Information may be obtained from Rotary Clubs or the Registrar.

JOURNALISM

I. ENTRANCE AWARDS

Annual scholarships to the value of \$2000, \$1500 and \$1000 provided from bequests to the university as well as from university funds. Applicants to the first year of the Bachelor of Journalism (Honours) programme are eligible to apply for the George David Harris Memorial Scholarships (see p. 30).

IBM Canada Bursary Program - IBM Canada Ltd. makes an annual grant of \$2,000 for bursaries to students registered in a full-time course at the University, who have satisfactory standing and who demonstrate financial need. Application may be made through the Registrar's Office.

Mercantile Bank of Canada Scholarship - \$800. One scholarship of \$800 to be awarded to a student entering the first year of the Bachelor of Journalism (Honours) programme.

Aetna Casualty/Excelsior Life Scholarship-\$800. One scholarship of \$800 to be awarded to a student entering the first year of the Bachelor of Journalism (Honours) pro-

Canadian Tire Corporation Scholarship - \$500. One scholarship of \$500 to be awarded to a student entering the first year of the Bachelor of Journalism (Honours) programme.

II. SECOND, THIRD AND FOURTH YEAR AWARDS

Annual scholarships of \$2000, \$1500, \$1000 and \$500 respectively provided from university funds.

Scholarships in Divinity are tenable at the Atlantic School of Theology (or elsewhere in the case of particular scholarships). The Anglican faculty members of the Atlantic School of Theology advise on their disposition. Information on and application for these scholarships should be sought from the Divinity Secretary of King's College, Rev. Canon J. H. Graven.

Owen Family Memorial Scholarships-two of \$250. Established by Mr. and Mrs. D.M. Owen, in memory of the Owen family, tenable for one year, but renewable, and open to applicants who are Nova Scotia born, and resident therein, and are or are about to become theological students, pref erence being given (1) to native residents of the town of Lunenburg, and (2) to native residents of the County of Lunen-

Canon W.S.H. Morris Scholarship - \$1,500. This scholarship was founded by the late Robert H. Morris, M.D., of Boston in memory of his father, the Reverend Canon W.S.H. Morris, M.A., D.D., Kingsman, Scholar and Parish Priest in the diocese of Nova Scotia for forty years.

The scholarship may be awarded annually by the President and Divinity Faculty to the most deserving member of the present or recent graduating class of the Divinity School, who has been at King's at least two years, and who, in the opinion of the Faculty, would benefit from travel and/or study in Britain, the U.S.A. or some other area outside the Atlantic Provinces of Canada, provided he reaches a satisfactory standard. Applications, stating the use which the applicant expects to make of the scholarship, must be submitted to the Divinity Secretary on or before January 8, of the year in which the applicant, if successful, intends to use the scholarship. The recipient will be required to serve in the Atlantic Provinces for a minimum of three years after his return from abroad.

Charles Frederick William Moseley Scholarship-\$750 a year. Established by the will of Charles Frederick William Moseley, this scholarship is open to a student from regions No. 16 and No. 17 of the Anglican Diocese of Nova Scotia (to be eligible a student must have resided in the areas for at least one year while attending High School) entering the University of King's College as a pre-Divinity student, and proceeding to the degree of Master of Divinity at the Atlantic School of Theology. It is renewable yearly provided that the student maintains suitable academic standing. When no pre-Divinity student is nominated by the Bishop for any one year when the scholarship is available it will be awarded to the highest competitor from the regions as an entrance scholarship for one year only.

James Fear Scholarships - two of \$1,000. Established by the will of Mary L. Fear in memory of her husband James Fear, a graduate of the University of King's College, two scholarships of \$1,000 are awarded to students entering the University of King's College as pre-Divinity students and proceding to the degree of Master of Divinity at the Atlantic School of Theology. They are renewable yearly provided that the recipients maintain suitable standing. When no pre-Divinity students are nominated by the Bishop for any one year when the scholarships are available, the Fear Scholarships will be awarded as entrance scholarships for one year only.

Hazen Trust Scholarships. Two scholarships of \$1000 annually for students entering King's from New Brunswick High Schools as Pre-Divinity students as officially certified by the Diocese of Fredericton.

These scholarships to be retained during the years necessary to complete their degrees at King's and at the Atlantic School of Theology, provided their grades at each institution are satisfactory to the Scholarship Committee, that is, an average no lower than B.

If in any one year, one or both of these scholarships is (are) not so held, such scholarship (or scholarships) will be available for one year only to a qualified student (or students) from the Diocese of Fredericton already registered at the Atlantic School of Theology, provided a nomination by the Diocese, or an application from the student, is made to the Scholarship Committee.

Failing the making of an award (or awards) according to provisions 1, 2, and 3, the scholarship (or scholarships) will be available to qualified students entering King's from New Brunswick High Schools as an entrance scholarship (or scholarships) for one year only.

The Alexa McCormick Sutherland Memorial. The sum of \$5,000 has been willed to the Board of Governors of the niversity of King's College by the late Annie M. Smith of Granville Ferry, Nova Scotia, for the purpose of founding a

memorial to her mother from the net annual income. The award is open to the Anglican student, including any postgraduate student, in the Divinity School, now a partner in Atlantic School of Theology, considered worthy in terms of scholarship, financial need and devotion to his or her vocation, nominated by the Anglican Faculty Group of Atlantic School to the above named Board of Governors

The Ernest H. MacDonald Fund. The annual interest of a beguest of \$13,878.60 to the Board of Governors of the University of King's College, willed by the late Miriam MacDonald of Bourne, Mass., U.S.A., and administered by the University in the same manner as other endowment funds, is to be used for aid to Divinity students (including post-graduate students) from New Brunswick in the Divinity School, now a partner in Atlantic Atlantic School of Theology, considered worthy and recommended by the Anglican Faculty Group of Atlantic School to the above named Board of Governors.

William Cogswell Scholarship. Open to students intending to work in the Diocese of Nova Scotia.

Scholarship (A): Under the direction of the Trustees of the William Cogswell Scholarship, to be awarded to the student who passes a satisfactory examination and who takes his Divinity course at any recognized Divinity College of the Anglican Church in Canada best fitted, in the opinion of the Trustees, to serve the terms of the Trust.

Scholarship (B): Under the direction of the Faculty of Divinity of the University of King's College, Halifax, Nova Scotia, an entrance scholarship of \$200 or \$300 depending on quality of work submitted, will be awarded to the properly accredited student entering the Divinity course for the first time and who stands highest in a special examination to be held in the month of admission provided he reaches a satisfactory standard. The recipient will be required to sign a statement promising to serve in the Diocese of Nova Scotia for a period at least as long as the period during which he holds the scholar-

This examination will consist of two papers:

a. A paper on the content of the Old and New Testaments:

b. A paper on A.H. McNeile's Introduction to the New Testament (revised edition by C.S.C. Williams) Oxford, 1953.

Awards will not be made every year.

The Daniel Hodgson Scholarship - \$240. Founded in 1883 by Edward J. Hodgson and the Reverend G. W. Hodgson in memory of their father Daniel Hodgson, who died about that time. This scholarship of an annual value of \$60, tenable for four years, is the purpose of encouraging students to take an Arts Degree before entering upon the study prescribed for Holy Orders. Candidates, who must be residents of Prince Edward Island, shall file their applications and certificates of having passed the full Arts matriculation requirements before August 15, and must not be over 24 years of age at that time. They must also satisfy the Diocesan Committee for Holy Orders as to their aptitude for the Ministry of the Church. At the end of each academic year the scholar shall file with the Trustees a certificate from the President or Secretary of the University "that during the past year he has resided in College (or has been excused from such residence) and has attended the full Arts course in the College", together with a certificate that his moral conduct, his attention to his studies and his general conduct have been satisfactory to the Board of Governors.

Scholars who fail to comply with the foregoing conditions automatically forfeit the scholarship, but in special cases the Bishop, on the representations of the Trustees, may restore a terminated scholarship in whole or in part.

The Bishop Waterman Bursary (Parish of Clements)-\$150. The Parish of Clements, Nova Scotia, wishing to give tangible expression to its appreciation to the Rt. Rev. R. H. Waterman, D.D., for his services to the Parish immediately following upon the death of their Rector (Rev. W. H. Logan, December 19, 1964), has set up a Bursary Fund, to be known as the Bishop Waterman Bursary Fund, to help young men to undergo training for the Ministry. An amount not less than \$150 is to be forwarded by the Treasurer of the Parish to the Bursar at King's on September 1 of each year. This money is to be used at the discretion of the Faculty of Divinity in consultation with the Bishop of the Diocese for the assistance of any candidate for Holy Orders needing it from any Parish of the Diocese of Nova Scotia enrolled for training for work in the Diocese of Nova Scotia or any Missionary Diocese. If any young man from the Parish of Clements offers himself for such training, he shall be given first consideration in the awarding of the bursary.

The Mabel Rudolf Messias Divinity Bursary—\$120. The interest on an endowment of \$2,000, the gift of Mrs. M. R. Messias of Wolfville, Nova Scotia, is to be used to provide an annual bursary for a needy and deserving Divinity student.

Order of the Eastern Star—\$300. Four scholarships are to be awarded, primarily on the basis of financial need, to 2nd and 3rd year Arts students, or to older men with their Arts degree, in their 3rd year of Theology.

The H. Terry Creighton Scholarship—\$150 approximately. The annual income from an endowment of \$2,000, established by family and friends to honour the memory of H. Terry Creighton of Halifax, Nova Scotia, who was an active Lay Reader and prominent Layman of the Diocese of Nova Scotia for many years.

The Scholarship is to be made to an outstanding and deserving Anglican Divinity student at the conclusion of his final year of training and who is intending to enter the ministry of the Diocese of Nova Scotia. Should there be no suitable candidate for the scholarship training in Nova Scotia, the award may be made, in consultation with the Bishop of Nova Scotia, to one studying elsewhere, provided that the student intends to return to Nova Scotia for ministry in that Diocese.

Mary How Donaldson and Cornwallis W. A. Bursary—\$400. This bursary was established by St. John's (Cornwallis, N.S.) Anglican Church Women to provide a living memorial to the life and work of Mary How Donaldson, who had family connections with King's College, and of Cornwallis W. A., of which she was a charter member. It is to be awarded on the recommendation of the Divinity Faculty to a deserving Anglican Divinity student, male or female, preferably a Nova Scotian, who is prepared for full-time service in the Church and is in need of financial assistance.

The George M. Ambrose Proficiency Prize—\$300. approximately. The income from a trust fund set up in memory of Canon G. M. Ambrose, M.A., an alumnus of King's, provides an annual award to the Divinity student who receives the highest aggregate of marks at the end of his first year, provided that during that year such student takes the regular full course in theology.

Anderson Scholarships—**\$450.** Two scholarships of the value of \$450 each, established under the will of Maple B.

Anderson of Lunenburg, Nova Scotia, in loving memory of her brothers, Roseville W. & George M. Anderson, to be used for scholarship purposes for qualified applicants wishing to study theology at the Atlantic School of Theology.

The scholarships are to be awarded annually on the recommendations of the Anglican Divinity professors at the Atlantic School of Theology with the approval of the President of the University of King's College.

A student may apply for renewable tenure of the scholarship

The Margaret Draper Gabriel Bursary—\$450. A fund has been established in memory of Margaret Draper Gabriel by her son, Rev. A. E. Gabriel, M.A., an alumnus of King's, the yield from which is to be used to give financial aid to a Nova Scotian Divinity student in preparation for the Ministry of the Church. The recipient must be nominated or recommended by the Bishop of Nova Scotia. If in any year there is no candidate for this assistance the yearly yield is to be used to augment the fund. Should King's College Divinity School cease to exist as such, the fund is to be transferred to the Diocese of Nova Scotia and the income used as aforesaid.

The Reverend Canon H. Douglas Smith Bursary Fund. A fund of \$4,000 has been established by Mrs. Ethel May Smith in memory of her son and King's graduate, the Reverend Canon H. Douglas Smith. The income of the fund is disbursed in the form of bursaries (one or more) to needy and deserving persons from the Diocese of Nova Scotia or the Diocese of Fredericton who are theological students at the Atlantic School of Theology, and who intend to enter the Ministry in one of these Dioceses.

H. H. Pickett Memorial Scholarship—\$175. This scholarship is payable to the student entering the final year of study for the Sacred Ministry who has shown the greatest all round improvement during his time in Divinity studies. Preference is to be given, first, to a student from Trinity Church, Saint John, and, second, to a student from the Diocese of Fredericton.

John Clark Wilson Memorial Bursaries—\$100 each. Established in 1947 by Miss Catherine R. Kaiser, in memory of John Clark Wilson. Two bursaries of \$100 each, tenable for one year. Awarded to Divinity students deemed worthy of financial help.

Glebe Scholarship. A scholarship of approximately \$250 is offered annually to Anglican students of Prince Edward Island, preference being given to Divinity students.

Application, accompanied by a certificate of character from the applicant's Rector, must be sent to Canada Permanent Trust Company, Charlottetown, P.E.I. on or before May 31.

Moody Exhibition—\$100. The "Catherine L. Moody" Exhibition of \$50 a year for two years is awarded every two years to the student entering the second year preparing for Holy Orders, whose scholarship and exemplary conduct shall, in the opinion of the Faculty, merit it. (Next award 1981.)

The George Sherman Richards Proficiency Prize—\$120. In Memory of the Reverend Robert Norwood, D.D. The income from a fund of \$2,000 to be awarded annually to the Divinity student who gains the highest aggregate of marks at the end of his penultimate year, provided that in that year he takes the regular full course in Theology.

The Countess de Catanzaro Exhibition—\$100. The income from a fund of \$2,000 to be awarded by the Faculty to a Divinity student during his second year in college. The award will be made on the basis of character and need:

The McCawley Hebrew Prize—\$25. Open to all members of the University who are below the standing of M.A.

This prize is given out of the interest of a Trust Fund, the gift of the Reverend George McCawley, D.D., in the hands of the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts.

This prize will be awarded to the student who leads the class in Hebrew 2 and receives a recommendation from the professor of Hebrew.

Junior McCawley Hebrew Prize—\$25. With the accumulated unexpended income from the McCawley Hebrew Prize a fund has been set up establishing a second prize, to be awarded to the student standing highest in first year Hebrew.

Archdeacon Forsyth Prize—\$50. The Ven. Archdeacon D. Forsyth, D.C.L., of Chatham, N.B. who died in 1933, left to King's College \$1,000 to provide an annual prize or scholarship, to be awarded to a Divinity student for proficiency in the study and knowledge of the original Greek Scripture. To be awarded on the combined results of Greek Testament 1 and 2.

shatford Pastoral Theology Prize—\$40. Established by an anonymous donor, in memory of the late Rev. Canon Allan P. Shatford, C.B.E., D.C.L. Awarded annually for Pastoral Theology. The winner must receive a recommendation from the Professor of Pastoralia.

The Wiswell Trust Divinity Studentship—\$120. A. B. Wiswell, D.C.L., Hon. Fell. (Vind.) of Halifax, N.S., in order to perpetuate the memory of the Wiswell family, augmented a bequest from members of the family, thus providing a capital sum of \$2,500, the income of which is to assist Divinity students who were born in Nova Scotia and who propose entering the Ministry of the Anglican Church in Canada.

Prince Prize in Apologetics—\$60. Established by a bequest of the late Dr. S.H. Prince. Awarded every alternate year, at the discretion of the Faculty. (Next award 1983-84.)

Wiswell Missionary Bursary—\$200. Founded by Dr. A. B. Wiswell for help to a Divinity student who believes he has a call to the Mission Field either Overseas or in the Canadian West.

Preference will be given to a student who has given promise of the needed qualities and has taken his degree or is within a year of completing his Arts course. If there is no student meeting the above requirements the award will be left to the discretion of the Divinity Faculty.

Clara E. Hyson Prize—\$5. Founded by Miss Clara E. Hyson and awarded each year on vote of the Faculty.

A. Stanley Walker Bursary—\$400. Awarded by the Alexandra Society of King's College. To be given annually to an Anglican student at the Atlantic School of Theology.

Johnson Family Memorial Bursary—\$60. Founded by the Misses Helen and Marguerite Johnson in memory of their Parents. This bursary is to be awarded annually at the discretion of the President and Divinity Faculty to the Divinity student considered most worthy on grounds not only of scholarship, but also, of financial need and of devotion to his vocation. Preference will be given to a student from the Parish of St. Mark's, Halifax.

Divinity Grants. Grants to aid students in Divinity who require assistance are made by the Bishop of Nova Scotia, and by the Bishop of Fredericton. The holders of these must fulfill such conditions as the Bishops lay down and in every case at-

tend a personal interview. For further particulars, apply to the Divinity Faculty.

Archbishop Kingston Memorial. Awarded annually by the Nova Scotia Diocesan A.C.W. on recommendation of the Divinity Faculty, to a needy divinity student. Several scholarships awarded annually by the Nova Scotian Diocesan A.C.W. on recommendation of the Divinity Faculty to needy divinity students.

The Wallace Greek Testament Prize—\$50. A Book Prize established by the late Canon C. H. Wallace of Bristol, England, in memory of his father Charles Hill Wallace, barrister, of Lincoln's Inn, who graduated at King's College in 1823, and died in England in 1845. Subject: Epistle to the Hebrews. Application to be made to the Divinity Secretary by March 1.

Agnes W. Randall Bursary. Two bursaries of \$8 each will be given each year to the students in Theology who show the greatest diligence in their studies. An award will not be made twice to the same student.

Bennett-Cliff Memorial Prize. A prize of \$10 each year. Award to be at the discretion of the President.

Kenelm Eaton Memorial Scholarship—\$60. This scholarship is provided by the Synod of Nova Scotia as a memorial to The Hon. Captain Kenelm Edwin Eaton, B.Sc., L.Th., who made the supreme sacrifice while serving as a Chaplain in Italy, August 31, 1944. For particulars, apply to the Divinity Secretary.

Dr. C. Pennyman Worsley Prize—\$100. A memorial to the late Dr. Worsley. To be used in alternate years for a prize in Church History. Next award 1983-84.

Fenwick Vroom Exhibition—**\$40.** To be awarded to a Divinity Student at the discretion of the Faculty.

The Church Boy's League Bursary Fund. Students eligible for assistance from this fund are those who have, at one time, been full-pledged members of any Parochial C.B.L. branch in Canada. Particulars are available from the Divinity Secretary.

Archbishop Owen Memorial Scholarships. A number of scholarships of \$300 each are awarded each year by the General Synod Committee concerned, to students in their final year in Theology who are ready to take up missionary work, either in Canada or overseas. Academic standing and financial need are taken into account in making the award.

Application should be made to the Divinity Faculty by November 1 of each year.

The Florence Hickson Forrester Memorial Prize—\$100. The prize, presented in memory of the late Mrs. Forrester, by her husband, is to be awarded on Encaenia Day to the Divinity student in his penultimate or final year who passes the best examination on the exegesis of the Greek text of St. Matthew, Chapter V-VII provided always that the standard is sufficiently high.

Bibliography:

T. W. Manson: The Sayings of Jesus (SCM)

J. Jeremias: The Sermon on the Mount (Athlone Press)

F. W. Beare: The Earliest Records of Jesus (Blackwell), pp. 52-69 and 95-98.

H. K. MacArthur: Understanding the Sermon on the Mount (Epworth).

The Bullock Bursary—\$225. Established by C. A. B. Bullock of Halifax for the purpose of defraying the cost of main-

tenance and education of Divinity students who were, before being enrolled, residents of Halifax and members of a Parish Church there, and who are unable to pay the cost of such maintenance and education.

The Harris Brothers Memorial - \$100. To be awarded at the beginning of each college year as a bursary to a student of Divinity. The student shall be selected annually by the Divinity Faculty, preference being given to a needy student from Prince Edward Island, failing that, a needy student from the Parish of Parrsboro, and failing that, to any deserving student of Divinity.

The Carter Bursaries - \$160. Two bursaries of a value of \$160 each, established under the will of Beatrice B. Carter of Amherst, Nova Scotia, to be used to assist young men studying for the Ministry.

Royal Canadian Air Force Protestant Chapel Bursary-\$120. This bursary, established in 1959 by endowment from collections taken in R.C.A.F. chapels, is awarded annually at the direction of the Divinity Faculty to a bona fide ordinand, preference where possible being given to (a) ex-R.C.A.F. personnel, (b) children of R.C.A.F.

William A. and Kathleen Hubley Memorial Bursary-\$175. This bursary is designed to assist students from St. Mark's Parish, Halifax, and failing a suitable candidate then from any parish in the Diocese of Nova Scotia, who are studying for the Sacred Ministry at any recognized College in the Anglican Communion, preference being given to students studying at the Atlantic School of Theology. The award is made on the basis of need and may be renewed provided a certain acceptable standard is attained. The recommendations of the Rector of St. Mark's and the Divinity Faculty are necessary conditions. The bursary must be applied for an-

The Reverend Dr. W. E. Jefferson Memorial Bursary-\$100. This bursary, the gift of the Parish of Granville, N.S., is established in memory of Reverend W. E. Jefferson, D.Eng., an alumnus of King's and a graduate engineer, who was ordained late in life and yet was able to give nearly twenty years of devoted service to the ordained Ministry. Preference will be given to older men pursuing post-graduate studies or to older men preparing for ordination. The award is to be made by the Divinity Faculty.

The Archdeacon Harrison Memorial Bursary-\$20. Established by Miss Elaine Harrison in memory of her father. To be awarded to a deserving and needy Divinity student, at the discretion of the Faculty.

St. Paul's Garrison Chapel Memorial Prize-\$20. To be awarded to the Divinity student chosen by the Faculty to attend a Christmas Conference.

The Clarke Exhibition. An endowment was established by the late Reverend Canon W.J. Clarke of Kingston, New Brunswick, the first charge upon which shall be the provision of copies of The Imitation of Christ to members of each year's graduating Class in Divinity. The balance of the income each year is to be awarded by decision of the Divinity Faculty to a deserving Divinity Student for the coming year.

Northumbria Region Bursary-\$150. Offered annually by the Brotherhood of Anglican Churchmen in the Northumbria

It is awarded to a needy and worthy student from the

Amherst region. If no candidate is available from this region in any one year, then any needy and worthy Anglican student would be eligible.

Canada Student Loans

- 1. All Canadian students are eligible to be considered for Canada Student Loans which, in most provinces, are administered in conjunction with provincial bursary plans.
- 2. Students should apply as early as possible by requesting application forms from the provincial authority in order to have the money available for registration.

CONVOCATION 1981

GRADUATING CLASS

LIFE OFFICERS

Honorary President The Reverend Thomas H. Curran

President

Heather Elaine MacDonald

Vice-President Brian Ernest Fisher

Secretary

Ella Rosemarie Coffill

Treasurer

Shaun Neville McGuire

Valedictorian

Miss Catherine Elizabeth Dooley

DOCTOR OF CIVIL LAWS (honoris causa)	
Martin Wise Goodman	Toronto, Ont.
	0

Gordon Hamilton Southam		Ottawa, Ont.
DOCTOR OF CANON LAWS (honoris causa)	

Ronald Martland Ottawa, One Charlottetown, P.E.L.

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CTOR	OFDIA	/INHTV /	honoric	(221122)		

DOCTOR OF DIVINITY (honoris causa)

Sidney Stewart Payne	 Corner Brook, Nfld

BACHELOR OF ARTS DEGREE:

BOONE, Charles Weldon. Sydney, N.S. BRANDER, Sonya Anne. Halifax, N.S. BRENNAN, Susan Lorna. Hopewell, N.S. BUREAU, Richard Andrew. Halifax, N.S. *CANTLE, Edward James. Toronto, Ont. COCHRANE, Terrance Rose. Pictou, N.S. COFFILL, Ella Rosemarie. Kentville, N.S. *COHN, Martin Regg. Toronto, Ont. COOLEN, Lesta Christine. Hubbards, N.S. CRAIG, Barry Leigh. Woodstock, N.B. DOOLEY, Catherine Elizabeth. Mahone Bay, N.S. Enfield.
**DOUCET, Mary Catherine Enfield, N.S.

BACHELOR OF ARTS—HONOURS CERTIFICATE

**SPENCE, Brian John, B.A.	
(Honours in Classics)	Springhill, N.S.

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE DEGREE:

BACHELOR OF JOURNALISM (HONOURS) DEGREE:

1	AUSTIN, Eleanor Anne	Amherst, N.S
	BRUNET, Linda Mae	. Coxheath, N.S
100	DELANEY, Gordon Scott	Halifax, N.S
-1	LITTLE, Margaret Jane (First Class) C	aledon East, Ont
	LYCON, Julie Anne, B.A., B.Ed	Dartmouth, N.S

MacDONALD, Heather Elaine	Sydney, N.S
MADER, Pamela Jane	Halifax, N.S
MALTBY, Anne Delores D'E	scousse, N.S
SMALL, Maria Estelle	Sydney, N.S.

BACHELOR OF JOURNALISM DEGREE:

BOYD, Frank Stanley, B.A., M.A Halifax, N.S. CULLEN, Patricia Anne, B.A., B.S.W Carbonear, Nfld. CUNNINGHAM, Norbert Thomas,
B.A., B.Ed Sackville, N.B.
DAVIES, Gwendolyn Christina, B.A Halifax, N.S.
DAY, Carole MacDonald, B.A.,
Dip. Ed Dartmouth, N.S.
DeMONT, John Clarence, B.A Halifax, N.S.
HANTON, Elizabeth Anne, B.A.
(Distinction) St. John's, Nfld.
HOLT, Kelly Donald, B.A Halifax, N.S.
JOHNSTON, William Frederick, B.A Halifax, N.S.
JOYCE, Elizabeth Suzanne, B.A Moncton, N.B.
LAFFIN, Linda Marie, B.A., Halifax, N.S.
MASON, John Patrick, B.Sc. (Distinction) Halifax, N.S.

^{*}In Absentia

ENCAENIA AWARDS

ARTS AND SCIENCE

The Governor General's Medal Michael Ruohoniemi
The Alexandra Society Scholarship Donna MacNeil
The Stevenson Scholarship Mark Hazen
The Lawson Prize Thomas Eisenhauer
The Harry Crawford Memorial Prize Ann Elwood
The McCawley Classical Prize Elizabeth Tuck
The Almon-Welsford Testamonial Prize Laish Boyd
Dr. M.A.B. Smith Prize Winston Roberts
The Bishop Binney Prize Winston Roberts
The Zaidee Horsfall Prize in Mathematics Peter Folkins

DIVINITY	
The Canon W.S.H. Morris Scholarship	The Reverend Gary Wayne Alfred Thorne The Reverend Thomas Heinrich Curran
The George Sherman Richards	
Proficiency Prize	Lewis Henry How
The Moody Exhibition	David Cameron Garrett
The McCawley Hebrew Prize	The Reverend Gary Wayne Alfred Thorne
The Junior McCawley Hebrew	
Prize	The Reverend Gary Wayne Alfred Thorne
The Shatford Pastoral	•
Theology Prize	George Edward France
The Kenelm Eaton	
Memorial Scholarship	The Reverend Lorne Victor Gosse
St. Paul's Garrison	
Chapel Memorial Prize	The Reverend Gary

Wayne Alfred Thorne

^{**}Awarded during the session

The H. Terry Creighton Scholarship.....

The Reverend Gary Wayne Alfred Thorne

The George M. Ambrose

Meredith Edward Matthews

ENTRANCE SCHOLARSHIPS AND BURSARIES

ARTS AND SCIENCE

Jonathan Archibald Suzanne Ardelli Blaise Baxter Susan Beaton Marcia Bishop

Heather Boylan

Susan Brown

Alexandra Society Scholarship University Scholarship University Scholarship Suzanna Weston Arrow Almon Scholarship University Scholarship Scholarship

University Scholarship

Ru-Ying Chiang Drake Clarke Valerie Compton

Colleen Corbett

George David Harris Memorial University Scholarship Alumni Association Scholarship Dr. Norman H. Gosse Scholarship. Charles Frederick William Moseley Scholarship

Dr. W. Bruce Almon Scholarship

Alumni Association Scholarship

Geoffrey Douglas Suzanne Dowse James Ervine Bruce Fisher Ian Folkins

Mira-Leah Gamsa

Gregory Glazov

Alumni Association Scholarship University Scholarship Suzanna Weston Arrow Almon Scholarship Henry S. Cousins Scholarship George David Harris Memorial Scholarship

Iain Luke Bradley MacDonald Kevin MacDonald Ian MacInnis

Heather MacIvor Karen MacLeod Robert Manderville James Mowatt

Susan Pearson Elizabeth Sircom Heather Yoell

Janice Younker

Henry S. Cousins Scholarship University Scholarship University Scholarship The Reverend J. Lloyd Keating Scholarship Henry S. Cousins Scholarship University Scholarship James Fear Scholarship James Fear Scholarship and University Scholarship Mrs. W.A. Winfield Scholarship Alumni Association Scholarship Suzanne Weston Arrow Almon Scholarship University Scholarship

ENTRANCE SCHOLARSHIPS

SCHOOL OF JOURNALISM

Gale Arseneault Ioan Baxter Noreen Linehan Sherry MacKeigan David Meagher Joseph O'Handley Marianne Steeves Trudy Somers

Canadian Tire Scholarship University Scholarship University Scholarship I.B.M. Scholarship University Scholarship University Scholarship Mercantile Bank Scholarship AEtna Casulty/Excelsior Life Scholarship

STUDENT ORGANIZATIONS

The University of King's College Students' Union

The University of King's College Students' Union is the organization in which the students enjoy their right of self government. The Constitution, revised in 1974, provides for a democratic government in which the participation of every student is expected. The students endeavour to play a determining role in every aspect of university life. The Union's main organs are the Student Assembly, the Executive of the Students' Union, the Students' Council. The power of self discipline is exercised through the Union's Male and Female Residence Councils.

The Union operates through a number of permanent committees, e.g., the Academic Committee, the Social Committee committees on the constitution, elections, finances Dalhousie relations, awards, etc.

King's College Women's Athletic Association

Executive officers of this association are: President, Vice-President, Secretary Treasurer and Inter-Wing Manager. Its objective is the organization, administration, and promotion of women's athletics at the College. Women's varsity teams compete in field hockey, volleyball, basketball and swimming within the Women's Division of the N.S. College Conference, and the volleyball team is a member of Volleyball N.S with the full playing privileges of that organization. A strong Inter-Wing programme operates two nights per week, and a co-ed badminton club also meets twice weekly. Table tennis and chess are also available on a recreational basis, and the swimming pool is available for recreation swimming every evening. The Women's Athletic Association in conjunction with the Men's Athletic Association is also responsible for the organization and administration of the University's annual Awards Banquet and Dance.

King's College Men's Athletic Association

The executive of this association (President, Vice-President, Secretary Treasurer and Inter-Bay Manager) is responsible for the organization, administration and promotion of the men's athletic programme at the University. Varsity athletics include soccer, basketball, hockey and swimming. The Inter-Bay League features spirited and sometimes hilarious competition between the various men's residences on the campus. Competition in road racing, volleyball, basketball, badminton, hockey and swimming are available to inter-bay competitors, and all bay members are encouraged to participate. In addition, table tennis, chess, weight-lifting, and co-ed badminton are available, and the swimming pool is open daily for student use. The Men's Athletic Association in conjunction with the Women's Athletic Association is also responsible for the organization and administration of the University's annual Awards Banquet and Dance.

King's College Dramatic Society

This society was founded in 1931 to further interest in drama. The society has recently joined with the Dalhousie Drama Society under the name of the King's Theatre. It is anticipated that the combined resources of these two groups, which draw on the amateur talent of both Universities, will enable first class studio theatre to be presented.

The Dalhousie Drama Workshop, a branch of the Department of English, offers training in voice production, acting, dance, movement, make-up, costume, set design and construction, and lighting under the direction of experienced instructors. King's students are invited to participate in the activities and productions of the workshop on the same basis as Dalhousie students.

The King's College Record

The Record (founded 1878) is published by the undergraduates of the College during the academic year. It contains a summation of the year's activities and awards.

The Quintilian Debating Society

The Quintilian Society, founded in 1845, is the oldest surviving debating association in British North America. The activities of the organization include an annual crossing of swords with the gallants of the King's Alumni Association, even more regular drubbings of the Dalhousie Debating Union, and, by the grace of Students' Union financing, participation in tournaments at Upper Canadian and American colleges and universities. The Quintilian annually hosts the Nova Scotia Provincial High Schools Debating Tournament. Finally, the Society sponsors the celebrated King's Debate series, which provides a sought after platform for public figures to debate issues of the day.

The Haliburton

The Haliburton was founded and incorporated by Act of Legislature in 1884, and is the oldest literary society on a colege campus in North America. Its object is the cultivation of Canadian Literature and the collecting of Canadian books. manuscripts, as well as books bearing on Canadian History and Literature. College students and interested residents of he metropolitan area meet to listen to papers which are given by literary figures and by the students.

The Watch

The "Watch" is the students' newspaper.

The Students' Missionary Society

This society was founded in 1890. Its object is to promote interest in missionary work and to further the gospel of Christespecially in the Maritime Provinces, and particularly on the University campus. The annual meeting is held on St. Andrew's Day, or as near to it as possible. The society seeks to direct its energies to the development of the spiritual life open to university students at King's and promotes a strong and lively witness to the Christian faith on the university campus. On the larger scale it addresses itself to the concerns of the faithful of the Dioceses of Nova Scotia and Fredericton.

The King's College Chapel Choir

Under the direction first of Rev. Dr. R. D. Crouse and then of Mrs. Helen Buley, the Choir has grown to about 35 members, sings three services each week and has developed a considerable range of liturgical music. A small number of Choral Scholarships are available to choir members. Applications for Choral Scholarships are to be made to the Choir Director.

The Aquinas Society

This group is concerned with the maintenance of the liturgical life of the College.

Other Societies

Each year a number of groups develop for the purpose of promoting various activities. Currently these include a chess club, a bridge club and a pre-medical society.

Awards

The Student Body of the University of King's College awards an overall "K" to participants in King's activities. Under this system, begun during the 1956-1957 term, a student may receive a silver "K" upon amassing 160 points and a gold "K" upon amassing 250 points.

In addition several awards are presented to students for outstanding achievements in extra-curricular activities.

The Bob Walter Award. Awarded to the graduating male student who best exemplifies the qualities of manhood, gentlemanliness, and learning, and has contributed to the life at King's.

The Warrena Power Award. Awarded annually to the graduating female student who best exemplifies the qualities of womanhood, gentleness, and learning, and has contributed to the life at King's.

The Sandra MacLeod Memorial Award. This award commemorates the life of Sandra MacLeod, a University of King's College student who died in 1973, and may be given to any undergraduate nember of King's, whether in residence or a day student. The award is made to a student with a good scholastic record, who by the fullest use of his or her qualities of character and mind, makes a contribution to the University of King's College. The award may be given to a student in any year of his or her degree, but will be given only if there is a deserving recipient. The award is made at the annual Alumni dinner in May.

The R. L. Nixon Award. This award is given annually to the resident male student who, in the opinion of his fellows, contributes most to residence life in King's.

The Margaret J. Marriner Award. This award is the women's counterpart of the R.L. Nixon Award. It is presented to the woman who contributes the most to the life at King's.

The Prince Prize. This prize is designed for the encouragement of effective public speaking. The recipient is chosen by adjudicators in an annual competition.

The H. L. Puxley Award. Awarded annually to the best allround woman athlete.

The Bissett Award. This award is given annually to the best all-round male athlete.

The Arthur L. Chase Memorial Trophy. This is presented annually to the student who has contributed most to debating in the College.

The Ron Buckley Award. Awarded annually to the most valuable player on the Men's Varsity Soccer Team.

The G. H. McConnell Award. Presented annually to the men's varsity basketball player who best combines ability and sportsmanship.

The Dartmouth Sport Store Trophy. Presented annually to the most valuable player on the Men's Varsity Hockey Team.

STUDENT SERVICES

Student Employment

The Department of Manpower and Immigration, Manpower Division, in co-operation with the University, maintains a year-round Canada Manpower Centre on campus (Student

Union Building, Dalhousie). This is done to assist students in obtaining employment.

All students wishing assistance in obtaining part-time and summer work, or graduates seeking permanent employment, are urged to contact the Canada Manpower Centre early in the academic year.

There are opportunities for students to earn part of their college expenses by working in the Library, Gymnasium, Dining Hall, or as Campus Police.

Student Services and Student Affairs

Dean of Student Services E.T. Marriott, B.A., M.Ed.

The office of the Dean of Student Services (Dalhousie) is located in Room 124 of the Arts and Administration Building just opposite the Registry. The Dean provides academic counselling and co-ordinates the administration of Awards, Chaplaincy, the Counselling and Psychological Services, the University Health Unit, and acts as liaison with the Student Union. Through the Council of Student Services, which meets monthly, active participation exists between the various divisions and the officials of Housing, Recreation, and the cam pus Federal Manpower office. The services of this office are available to King's students.

Students should feel free to come to the Dean's office to initiate discussion about their academic programmes. They are encouraged to display that degree of maturity and self-interest which would prompt them to look for support early in the term.

A programme designed to assist students with their academic problems has been developed. All divisions of student services co-operate in the programme along with a number of departmental faculty advisers. Students experiencing difficulties are encouraged to consult with the Dean of Student Services who will discuss their problems with them and advise them of the services available.

Many students, particularly those in their first year, experience difficulty in organizing and presenting written work. In an attempt to respond to this problem, the University provides a Writing Workshop. Attendance is on a voluntary basis. For further information, call the Student Services Office at 424-2404.

The Dean acts as the International Student Advisor. Foreign students should look to this office for assistance and guidance in matters related to immigration status, medical insurance coverage, or any other matter of special concern to non-Canadian students.

Student Counselling Service

Director Judith L. Hayashi, B.A., M.A.

The Student Counselling and Psychological Services Centre offers programmes for personal development as well as

assistance with personal, inter-personal, and educational concerns. Counselling is offered by professionally trained counsellors and psychologists. Strict confidentiality is assured.

Individual counselling is available for any personal or social problem which a student may encounter. Typical concerns involve family difficulties, sexual problems, depression, roommate conflicts, lack of self-confidence, fears and anxieties, and decision-making difficulties.

Some of the programmes offered regularly are:

Study Skills Programme — Seven videotaped sessions concerned with improving concentration, lecture note-taking, exam writing, etc. Opportunities are provided for practice and discussion. Groups meet twice weekly at convenient times.

Career Planning Programme — Groups of students discuss career related topics such as assessing interests and abilities, obtaining occupational information, etc.

Stress Management Programme — Headaches, insomnia, exam tension and general anxiety are treated through relaxation techniques and coping skills.

Shyness Clinic (a Social Skills Programme) — Individual and group counselling to help students gain self-confidence and learn social skills.

Couples Counselling/Therapy — Couples are helped to acquire the skills to solve existing and potential marital problems.

Career Information Centre — Calendars and occupational information are available. Students are invited to drop by without an appointment to explore career possibilities.

Counselling Centre offices are on the 4th floor of the Student Union Building. Enquire or make appointments by coming in or calling 424-2082.

Tutors

The student body has an academic committee which arranges tutorial services for students.

University Health Service

Director

J.C. Johnson, M.B., Ch.B.

Dalhousie University operates an out-patient service, and an in-patient infirmary in Howe Hall, at Coburg Road and LeMarchant Street staffed by general practitioners and psychiatrists.

Further specialist's services are available in fully-accredited medical centres when indicated.

All information gained about a student by the Health Service is confidential and may not be released to anyone without signed permission by the student.

Emergency Treatment

In the event of emergency, students should telephone the University Health Service at 424-2171 or appear at the clinic

in person. The university maintains health services on a 24 hour basis

Medical Care-Hospital Insurance

All students should have medical and hospital coverage approved by the Health Service.

All Nova Scotia students will be covered by the Nova Scotia Medical Services Insurance. All other Canadian students should maintain coverage from their home provinces, and this is especially important for residents of Saskatchewan and Ontario and any other province requiring payment of premiums.

All non-Canadian students should be covered by medical and hospital insurance. Details of suitable insurances may be obtained from the University Health Service and all students are advised to make these arrangements prior to their arrival in Canada. Failure to do so may entail them in significant medical expenses.

Any student who has had a serious illness within the last 12 months, or who has any chronic medical condition, is advised to contact and advise the Health Service, preferably with a statement from their doctor.

Exclusions

The University Health Service does not provide the following: (a) Medical or hospital surgical care other than that provided by, or arranged through, the University Health Service.
(b) X-ray or laboratory service, except as authorized through

the University Health Service. (c) Medications, prescriptions, or drugs, other than those pro-

(c) Medications, prescriptions, or drugs, other than those previded through University Health Service.(d) Dental treatment.

Prescriptions

Medications prescribed by the health service physicians, or consultants to whom the student is referred by the health service, may be paid by a prepaid drug plan operated by the Student Union. All other prescriptions are at the student's expense.

Athletic Programmes

The University has, on its campus, a regulation-sized gymnasium, complete with swimming pool and weight training room. All students in attendance at King's are encouraged to participate in some form of physical activity. The College is a member of the N.S. College Conference, and offers three types of athletic programmes.

- (1) Varsity: for the more serious athlete who wishes to represent the University in competition with other members of the N.S. College Conference.
- (2) Inter-Residence: is one of the strengths of the college's residence life, where competition (sometimes serious, sometimes not too serious) between Bays (men's residence) and Wings (women's residence) in volleyball, basketball, floor hockey, swimming and badminton is carried on in the spirit of friendly and good humoured competition.
- (3) **Recreation:** gym time is available for those who wish merely to do their own thing, and to obtain some form of physical exercise without structured competition, games, etc.

Canadian Armed Forces

The Regular Officer Training Plan (ROTP), Medical Officer Training Plan (MOTP) and the Dental Officer Training Plan (DOTP) are completely subsidized university plans covering tuition, books, medical services, monthly pay and summer employment for up to four years of undergraduate study. Successful applicants serve as commissioned officers in the Canadian Armed Forces for varying compulsory periods after graduation.

For further information on above plans, students should contact the

Canadian Forces Recruiting Centre Sir John Thompson Building, 1256 Barrington Street, Halifax, Nova Scotia. Phone: 422-5956 or 423-6945.

Children of War Dead (Education Assistance)

Children of War Dead (Education Assistance Act) provides fees and monthly allowances for children of veterans whose death was attributable to military service. Enquiries should be directed to the nearest District office of the Department of Veterans' Affairs.

SOCIETIES CONNECTED WITH THE COLLEGE

Alumni Association of King's College

This Association, incorporated in 1847 by Act of the Legislature, consists of graduates and others whose object is the furtherance of the welfare of the University.

The Association maintains annual scholarships, and supports alumni, student and University activities.

The annual meeting of the Association is held the day before Encaenia.

The Officers of the Association: President, (1981-83) Mr. John R. Stone, B.A., M.Ed. R.R. 1, Boutilier's Point Halifax Co., N.S. BOJ 1G0

Vice-President Prof. Bruce P. Archibald 2140 Brunswick Street Halifax, N.S. B3K 2Y8

Treasurer

C. Wm. Hayward, C.A. 918 Robie Street Halifax, N.S. B3H 3C4

Executive Secretary

Mrs. Iris Newman University of King's College Halifax, N.S. B3H 2A1

The Alexandra Society of King's College

This Society, which has branches all over the Maritime Provinces, was formed in Halifax in 1902 as the Women's Auxiliary to the College. It maintains an annual scholarship and bursary and a number of entrance scholarships.

Officers 1981-82

Hon. President,

Mrs. F.R. Peverill, 5770 Spring Garden Rd., Apt. 509, Halifax, N.S. B3H 4J8

Hon. Vice President,

Mrs. H.L. Nutter, 791 Brunswick St., Fredericton, N.B. E3B1H8

President,

Mrs. Victor Fairn, 55 Lynn Dr., Dartmouth, N.S. B2Y 3V8

1st Vice President,

Mrs. H.D. Smith, 1606 Oxford St., Halifax, N.S.

2nd Vice President,

Mrs. F.E. Christiansen, 94 Gibbon Rd., East Riverside, N.B., E2H 1R5

3rd Vice President,

Mrs. A. MacKeigan, 68 Reserve St., Glace Bay, N.S., B1A 4W1

4th Vice President,

Mrs. H.M.D. Westin, P.O. Box 713, Charlottetown, P.E.I., C1A 7L3

Recording Secretary,

Mrs. J.C. Erving, 2231 Quinn St., Halifax, N.S.

Corresponding Secretary,

Mrs. E. Sheward

Treasure

Mrs. A.G. MacIntosh, 12 Westwood Drive, Truro, N.S., B2N 3R3

Convenors:

Friends of King's Mrs. W.R. Harris, P.O. Box 83, Truro, N.S., B2N 5B6

Hasti-notes

Miss Janet Hunt, 1585 Oxford St., Apt. 406, Halifax, N.S., B3H 3Z3 Library Memorial Fund

presidents:

Halifax Branch Mrs. C.F. Whynacht, Apt. 2009, 1333 South Park St., Halifax, N.S. B3J 2K7

Dartmouth Branch

Mrs. G.S. Clark, 28 Brookdale Cres., Apt. 307, Dartmouth. N.S. B3A 2R5

Saint John Branch

Mrs. Ford Hazen, 63 Parks St., Saint John, N.B., E2K 3N8

PROGRAMMES OF STUDY

King's offers four Programmes of Study leading to degrees in Arts and Science.

B.A. (General) three years

B.A. (Honours) four years

B.Sc. (General) three years

B.Sc. (Honours) four years

King's offers two Programmes of Study leading to degrees in Journalism.

B.I. (Honours) four years

B.J. one year following B.A. or B.Sc.

The University of King's College and Dalhousie University have one Faculty of Arts and Science. King's students can take all the courses offered by that Faculty leading to the Bachelor of Arts or the Bachelor of Science either ordinary or with honours. Currently these degrees can be done in Social Anthropology, Biochemistry, Biology, Chemistry, Classics, Economics, English Language and Literature, French, Greek, Geology, German, History, Latin, Mathematics, Medieval Studies, Music, Philosophy, Physics, Political Science, Psychology, Religion, Russian, Sociology, Spanish, and Theatre. Joint majors or joint honours may be taken in a number of subjects. King's student's can also do the pre-professional work offered by the Faculty of Arts and Science and which sometimes amounts to less than what is required for the B.A. or B.Sc. Architecture, Medicine, Dentistry, Physiotherapy, Social Work, Law, Education, Theology all accept students after one level or another of work in Arts and Science. The University of King's College does not, however, admit students to programmes which involve degrees or diplomas other than the B.A. and B.Sc. (except Journalism - B.J., B.J. (Hons.)). For example, King's students cannot be taking the Diploma in Engineering, or the Bachelor of Music Education, nor will they be doing Commerce or Graduate Studies. What King's does offer other than what is available to Dalhousie Arts and Science students is a unique way of doing an Arts and Science first year—the Foundation Year Programme - and also the B.J. and B.J. (Hons.) taught by Our School of Journalism both of which are open only to students registered at King's College.

The King's alternative first year programme, the Foundation γ ear Programme, is a first year programme for both general and honours students. Bachelor of Arts students enrolled in

the Foundation Year Programme do one class in addition to the Foundation Course. Bachelor of Science students in the Programme do two additional classes. Thus for B.A. students the Foundation Year Programme is equivalent to four classes, for B.Sc. students it is equivalent to three classes.

Diploma for Studies in the Humanities and Social Sciences

Students who do not intend to proceed to graduation may be admitted as Special Students into the Foundation Year Programme (equivalent to four credits), successful completion of which will result in the obtaining of the Diploma for Studies in the Humanities and Social Sciences. Permission to enrol as a diploma student must be sought through the Director of the Foundation Year Programme. Evidence of genuine interest in pursuing such studies will be considered in the admittance decision, together with high school record.

The university year begins in mid September and classes are completed by the end of April. In Arts and Science, the ordinary degree is normally completed in three years after admission, the honours degree in four years. A total of fifteen classes is required for the ordinary degree, and twenty for the honours degree. A major for the ordinary degree requires four classes beyond the first year level, taken in the second and third years. Honours degrees require a minimum of nine classes in the area of concentration after the first year, a certain standard being maintained (in some subjects an honours thesis is obligatory). Five classes constitute a normal class load in an academic year. Regulations for Journalism degrees appear below.

FOUNDATION YEAR PROGRAMME

Introduction

The University of King's College, in association with Dalhousie University, offers a special Foundation Year Programme in the first year of the Bachelor of Arts and Bachelor of Science. First offered in 1972-73, the Programme has proved a successful way of providing an integrated and interdisciplinary course for first year students. Now approved by the Dalhousie Senate as a permanent part of the offerings of the Dalhousie-King's Faculty of Arts and Science, the Programme is open only to students registered at King's. Students taking this course will, like other King's students, be proceeding to the degrees of Bachelor of Arts or Bachelor of Science granted by the Senate of Dalhousie University, or will be engaged in one of the pre-professional courses in Medicine, Dentistry, Law, Architecture, Divinity, Social Work, Education, Physiotherapy, and so on, or will be proceeding to the Bachelor of Journalism (Honours) awarded by King's College.

The Foundation Year Programme is a new approach to the first year of University. It is not a pre-university year but forms part of the first year work for a B.A. or B.Sc. (King's-Dalhousie) and for the B.J. (King's)(Hons.). Literature, history, philosophy, political and social institutions, the history of science, economic forms, religion, art and music are studied together in one course in an integrated manner which sees them as interdependent elements in the development of western culture. The movement of this culture is understood through the examination of some of the most basic works in

our history. To learn to deal with these works is to acquire a foundation for studies in the humanities and social sciences, just as to have a conception of the nature of our society and culture is to have a basis for thoughtful living. To provide these is the aim of this programme.

Many scientists are acutely aware of the need to understand the relation of science to other aspects of culture and to social life; a stream of the Programme will provide a general view of our culture for science students interested in these questions.

The form of the teaching is designed to meet the special problems of first year students. Enrolment in the Programme is limited to 100 Arts students and 25 Science students. The very favourable ratio of staff to students and the concentration of the student's work within one course permit the course to offer a wide variety of experiences and allow it to help students analyze, focus, and evaluate their experiences. The amount of time spent in small group tutorials permits close attention to be paid to each student's development. The exposure to many different aspects of our civilization, and the large number of departments recognizing the Programme as a substitute for their introductory class, give Foundation Year students both a wider experience from which to judge their interests and wider options for second year study.

The instructors in the programme are specialists in a wide variety of university subjects. All take the view, however, that first year study at university can profitably be devoted to attempts to integrate knowledge and understanding rather than to premature specialization in particular subjects.

Teaching Staff

Lecturers: 1981-82

P.F. Kussmaul, Ph.D. (Basle),

Associate Professor of Classics

R. Apostle, B.A. (Sim. Fr.), M.A. (Calif.), Ph.D (Berkeley), Assistant Professor of Sociology A.H. Armstrong, M.A. (Cantab.), F.B.A., Professor of Classics and Philosophy J.P. Atherton, M.A. (Oxon.), Ph.D. (Liverpool), Professor of Classics and Chairman of the Department G.R. Bridge, B.A., (Tufts), M.A. (T.U.), M.Div. (T.O.S.) A.M., Ph.D. (Univ. of Penn.). University Chaplain R.D. Crouse, B.A. (Vind.), S.T.B. (Harvard), M.Th. (Trinity), Ph.D. Professor of Classics and Director, Foundation Year Programme R. MacG. Dawson, B.A. (Trin.), M.A. (Tor.), B.Litt. (Oxon.), Associate Professor of English Y. Glazov, Ph.D. (Oriental Institute, Moscow), Professor of Russian and Chairman of the Department J.F. Godfrey, BA. (Tor.), B.Phil. (Oxon.), D.Phil. (Oxon.), Professor of History and President, University of King's College J.F. Graham, B.A. (U.B.C.), A.M., Ph.D. (Col.), F.R.S.C., Fred D. Manning Professor of Economics N.H. Graham, B.A., (Dal.), B.Ed. (Dal.) G.P. Grant, B.A. (Queen's), D.Phil. (Oxon.), F.R.S.C., Professor of Humanities W.J. Hankey, B.A. (Vind.), M.A. (Tor.), Assistant Professor of Humanities and Social Sciences, Special Lecturer in Classics. R.C. Kaill, B.A. (Dal.), B.D., M.S.A. (Tor.), Ph.D. (McG.), Associate Professor of Sociology and Chairman of the Department W.H. Kemp, Mus. Bac., Mus. M. (Tor.), A.M. (Harv.), D.Phil. (Oxon.), Professor of Music and Chairman of the Department

J. Macquarrie, D.D. (Oxon), Lady Margaret Prof. of Divinity, Oxford R.P. Puccetti, B.A. (III.), M.A. (Tor.), Ph.D. (Sor.), Professor of Philosoph R. Ravindra, B.Sc. (I.I.T.), M.A., Ph.D. (Tor.) Professor of Religion and Associate Professor of Physics H. Roper, B.A. (Dal. et Cantab.), M.A., Ph.D. (Cantab.), Associate Professor of Humanities and Social Sciences and Registrar University of King's College I.B. Stovel, B.A. (Sir G. Wms. et Camb.), Ph.D. (Harv.), Associate Professor of English

Professor of Biology Junior Fellows: 1981-82

K.E. von Maltzahn, M.S., Ph.D. (Yale),

J.M. Eayrs, B.A. (Tor.), M.A. (Dal.) R.W. Evans, B.A. (Windsor), M.Div. (Trinity), A.M. Johnston, B.A. (Mt. A.), M.A. (Dal.) Assistant Director, Foundation Year Programme K. Kierans, B.A., (McG.) B.M. MacDonell, B.A., (Dal. et Oxon)

Admission Requirements

The admission requirements are those pertaining to the faculty of Arts and Science, i.e., Nova Scotia Grade XII or its equivalent. Mature students, students whose education has been interrupted and who do not meet the normal admission requirements, but who can demonstrate that there is a reasonable likelihood of success at university, may be admitted as special cases. Students from New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island should complete Grade XII and have an average of 60%. Very exceptional students from Nova Scotia Grade XI and students not in the University Preparatory Programme are also considered for admission on their individual

Scholarships

Scholarships ranging from \$2500 to \$500 are open to students entering the Foundation Year Programme. Application for admission constitutes application for a scholarship. In recent years more than one quarter of the entering students have received awards. Scholarships provided from monies given in memory of Henry S. Cousins and Dr. Norman H. Gosse are open only to students entering the Foundation Year Programme. The two George David Harris Memorial Entrance Scholarships (\$2500) require a separate application—see the entry under Scholarships, Bursaries and Prizes elsewhere in the calendar.

Course Designation, Lecture and Tutorial Hours

The formal designation of the Programme courses is as follows

K100 Foundation in Social Science and Humanities; Lectures M.W.Th.F. 9:35 a.m. - 11:25 a.m.; Four hours of tutorials to be arranged.

K110 Foundation in Social Science and Humanities; Lectures M.W.F. 9:35 a.m. - 11:25 a.m.; Three hours of tutorials to be arranged.

Grading and Credit

The Programme is to be regarded as a complete unit. It is not possible for students to enrol in only part of the course. Evaluation of the students' performances is continuous and made on the basis of tutorial participation, examinations and essays. The final grade is a composite of all evaluations. Final grading is the result of discussion among all those teachers who have had grading responsibilities. Grades are given in terms of the letter grade system of the Faculty of Arts and

Successful completion of the Programme gives students in the K100 course twenty-four credit hours or four class credits toward a Bachelor of Arts or Bachelor of Science degree. These students do one other class to achieve a complete first year. Students taking K110 do two courses in addition to their work in the Foundation Year Programme. This stream of the Foundation Year Programme carries eighteen hours of credit, i.e., three class credits and comprises three-quarters of the work and requirements of K100. Normally students taking K100 would be candidates for the Bachelor of Arts degree and students taking K110 will be candidates for the degree of Bachelor of Science but exceptions may be made.

The Foundation Year Programme may be combined with almost any programme of study in Arts and with many in Science but in all cases students are requested to discuss their proposed programs with the Director before completing their registration.

Upon successful completion of the Programme the normal departmental requirement of passing an introductory course in the discipline concerned is waived by the following depart-

English Language and Literature History

Sociology

The following departments admit students completing the Foundation Year Programme to introductory and advanced courses for which there is no language requirement: Classics

German Spanish

Russian

The following special departmental provisions have been established.

uccessful completion of the Foundation Year Programme ^{up}plies the prerequisites for Biology 3400, 3401A, 3401B.

These are courses in the history of science, the history of biological sciences and man in nature.

Honours students in Economics who have completed the Foundation Year Programme are exempted from doing one economics course.

Successful completion of the Foundation Year Programme may be regarded as a substitute for German 220.

The Department of Religion recognizes the Foundation Year Programme as satisfying the prerequisites for Religion 201, 202 and 251.

While there are no special arrangements with the Departments of Philosophy and Political Science, students should note that all students in any year may take Philosophy classes at the 200 level and that some second year Political Science classes also have no prerequisite.

Pre-Professional Training

The Faculties of Medicine and Dentistry and the School of Physiotherapy of Dalhousie University have approved the Foundation Year Programme as part of the pre-professional work they require for admission to their respective faculties and schools. Students may substitute the Programme for the appropriate requirements laid down by these faculties; for details of these provisions consult the Director of the Foundation Year Programme. The Department of Education of Dalhousie University waives its requirement of English 100 for students enrolled in the B.Ed. Integrated Course who have successfully completed the Foundation Year Programme. The University of King's College requires the Foundation Year Programme for its first year of the B.J. (Hons.) degree.

Evaluation

The mark for the course is based on students' papers, examinations and their class participation. No student will be able to pass the course without completing the written requirements. All students (K100 and K110) write the first essay of the year within two weeks from the start of term. Beyond this, students registered in K100 will write two essays for each of the six units of the course. Students in K110 write two essays in three of the six units and one essay for each of the three remaining units. Some of the additional work of students in K100 will relate to the Thursday lectures which are required for them but not for students in K110.

Outline of the Foundation Year Programme

The course has its own logic; it is not just a collection of diverse materials but integrates them in accord with the inter-

pretation of our culture which it develops. As we work out this interpretation, we consider works of various kinds, some of the most crucial works in this culture. These we consider no matter what discipline ordinarily studies them. Thus we look, for example, at Mozart's The Marriage of Figaro, early Greek urns, Michelangelo's Holy Family, the Bamberg Dom; these are usually understood to belong to the disciplines of music, archaeology, art history and architecture. We read Homer's Iliad, Shakespeare's The Tempest, Eliot's The Waste Land; works usually studied by the departments of classics, theatre, and English literature. We analyse St. Anselm's Proslogium, Descartes' Meditations, and Luther's The Freedom of a Christian, which are usually studied by departments of theology, philosophy and religion. We study Diaz's The Conquest of New Spain, Rousseau's Social Contract, The Communist Manifesto, Heilbroner's The Making of Economic Society; works thought to belong to history, political theory, economics and sociology. We read selections from Kepler's Epitome of Copernican Astronomy, Darwin's On the Origin of the Species, and Newton's Mathematical Principles; texts taken from the history of astronomy, biology and physics.

The logic we develop to integrate the different stances of these various works is of two kinds. On the one hand, we see how each of these works shows the nature of the different epochs or stages of our culture and how each of these civilizations breaks up to form the one succeeding. On the other hand, we trace some institutions, ideas and movements through each of the historical periods.

The following are the teaching units of the course. One or more of the aspects of culture mentioned above tends to be stressed in each unit. This is both because of the differences between the general character of each period and also on account of the particular approach which the co-ordinator responsible for the section brings to the presentation of it. Four teaching weeks are devoted to each of these units.

- 1. The Ancient World: the origin of the primary institutions and beliefs of the western world in Greece, Rome, and Israel. Religion manifesting itself in art, myth and institutions provides a focus for our approach to this epoch.
- 2. **The Medieval World:** the formation of Christendom. The development of Christian forms in political, social, intellectual life as these grow in contrast to and by assimilation of ancient culture is our main concern. We attempt to grasp the unity of this world as the medievals themselves saw it in Dante's *Divine Comedy*.
- 3. The Renaissance and Reformation: the foundations of modernity in the break-up of the medieval world. The worldliness of the Renaissance and the renunciation of this in the Reformation form the two poles of our treatment of this period.
- 4. The Age of Reason or the Enlightenment: modern freedom developed theoretically in the philosophy of Descartes and in relation to nature and society is the central theme. Special attention is paid to political theory and natural science in this section.
- 5. The Era of Revolutions: bourgeois culture from its triumph in the French Revolution to its collapse in World War I. The nineteenth century is mainly treated in terms of the revolutions, political and industrial, and we endeavour to understand the rise of parties and ideologies relative to them. The century is seen as providing the transition between Classical and Romantic Europe and our own Post-Romantic nationalistic individualism. The most central conflicts are seen through

Dostoevsky's Crime and Punishment.

6. The Contemporary World: the period since World War I is characterized by the shift of political, economic and cultural power from Europe to Russia and the United States and to Asia and Africa, and by the technological and bureaucratic organization of the total means of life for individual well-being and freedom.

The following are the recurring general topics which are discussed in each of the units outlined above:

- (a) Political institutions, the modes of authority, conceptions of law and the person, the political ideal.
- (b) Religious, theological and philosophical positions and forms.
- (c) The conception of nature and forms of natural science.
- (d) Economic institutions.
- (e) The structure of society.
- (f) Literary, musical and artistic expression.

A classroom with facilities for slides, films and musical reproduction is used so that the presentation of these aspects of culture can be an integral part of the teaching.

Required Reading (1981-82)

The following is the list of required reading win 1981-82. It gives an indication of the scope of practical and theoretical works through which our understanding of the various aspects of our culture is developed. All works are read in their entirety unless otherwise indicated.

Section I — The Ancient World

The Akkadian Creation Epic, (Selections).
The Epic of Gilgamesh, (Selections).
Homer, Iliad.
Sophocles, Oedipus Rex, Antigone.
The Bible, Genesis, Exodus, Isaiah, Job
Plato, Republic.
Aristotle, Physics, Bk. VIII, (Selections)
M.R. Cohen and I.E. Drabkin, "Note on the Ptolemaic
System".
Vergil: Fourth Eclogue, Aeneid

Section II — The Middle Ages

"The Apostles' Creed"

The Bible, Epistle to the Romans.

"The Nicene Creed"
Eusebius, Life of Constantine and Oration, (Selections).
St. Augustine, City of God, (Selections).
Gregory of Tours, History of the Franks, (Selections).
H. Bettenson, Documents of the Christian Church, (Selections).
St. Benedict, The Rule, (Selections).
B. Pullan, Sources for the History of Medieval Europe, (Selections).
St. Francis, The Rule, (Selections).
R. W. Southern, Making of the Middle Ages, (Selections).

St. Francis, The Rule, (Selections).
R.W. Southern, Making of the Middle Ages, (Selections).
The Song of Roland.
Boniface VIII and Philip IV, (Selected Documents).
Anselm, Proslogium.
Dante, Divine Comedy.

St. Thomas Aquinas, Summa Theologica, (Selections). The Romance of the Rose, (Selections).

Section III — The Renaissance and Reformation

Pico della Mirandola, Oration on the Dignity of Man. More, Utopia. Jacob Burckhardt, The Civilization of the Renaissance, (Selections). Machiavelli, The Prince. Shakespeare, The Tempest. Martin Luther: Selections from his Writings, ed. by John

Dillenberger. Kenneth Clark, Civilization: "Grandeur and Obedience". Henry Bettenson, Documents: "The Jesuits".

The Council of Trent, 22nd and 25th Sessions, (Selections).

Section IV — The Age of Reason

Descartes, Meditations on First Philosophy.
Corneille, Le Cid.
Hobbes, Leviathan, (Selections).
Locke, Essay Concerning Human Understanding, (Selections).
Hume, Enquiry Concerning Human Understanding, (Selections), A Treatise of Human Nature, (Selections).
Rousseau, Discourse on the Origin and Foundation of Inequality among Mankind, The Social Contract, Books I and II.
Goethe, Faust.
Mozart, Don Giovanni (da Ponte libretto).

Section V — The Era of Revolutions

Wordsworth, "The Prelude" (Book First), and "French Revolution".
Coleridge, "Kubla Khan".
Byron, "Childe Harold's Pilgrimage", (Canto the Third).
Jane Austen, Persuasion.
J.S. Mill, Utilitarianism.
Dostoyevsky, Crime and Punishment.
R. Nisbet, The Sociological Tradition, (Chs. 1 and 2.)
Marx and Engels, The Communist Manifesto and Marx,
Economic and Philosophic Manuscripts of 1844, (Selections).
Adam Smith, The Wealth of Nations, (Selections).
R.L. Heilbroner, The Making of Economic Society (Chs. 1 and 3).
K. Davis et al., "The Continuing Debate on Equality".
F. Nietzsche, The Use and Abuse of History, On the

Section VI — The Contemporary World

Genealogy of Morals.

H. Gollwitzer, Europe in The Age of Imperialism.
T.S. Eliot, The Waste Land.
Correilli Barnett, The Swordbearers: Studies in Supreme Command in the First World War, (Selections).
R. Ravindra, "Two Theories of Relativity".
A. Einstein "Autobiographical Notes".
W. Bolsche, The Scientific Foundations of Poetry, (Ch. 1).
E. Nolde, "The Art of Primitive People" and "Alsen-Berlin" form My Life.
C.G. Jung, "Spirit and Life".
Alex Thio, Deviant Behaviour, (Ch. 1).
D.J. Grout, A History of Western Music, Chap. 20.
R.L. Heilbroner, Economic Society, (Chs. 7-9).
Ryle, "Pleasure" from Dilemmas.
Sartre, Existentialism is a Humanism.

THE SCHOOL OF JOURNALISM

The University of King's College offers the only degrees in Journalism in the Atlantic Provinces. The University offers two degrees.

1. The four year Bachelor of Journalism with Honours, B.J. (Hons.)

General Description: The aim of the B.J. (Hons.) programme will be to provide a grounding in the methods and problems of contemporary journalism in the context of a liberal education. In addition to training in journalistic skills and methods, the student will acquire both a knowledge of the history of Western civilization and a specific competence in some one of the traditional disciplines of Arts and Science. As well the University will require the attainment of a certain degree of competence in both of the official languages of Canada.

In the first year the B.J. (Hons.) student will normally take the Foundation Year Programme (see page 47 of this calendar) and an elective in the Arts and Science Faculty, Electives will usually be taken in the field of Arts and Science in which the student aims to fulfill the Arts and Science requirement of the B.J. (Hons.) programme. Each B.J. (Hons.) student will be asked to submit to the Journalism Studies Committee by the end of the first year, a proposal for a coherent academic programme involving an in-depth study of a particular area or discipline for the four courses that must be taken in the second year, and the two courses that must be taken in the third year in the Faculty of Arts and Science. The Committee will advise each student on his/her proposed programme, and will approve with changes, where necessary, each student's plan -any subsequent changes in a student's programme will require the approval of the Committee. In addition, second year students are required to do a full course in Writing and Reporting in the School of Journalism.

In the third year the student will take three courses in Journalism designated by the School of Journalism, and two courses in the Faculty of Arts and Science (see above).

In the fourth year the student will take five and one-half courses in the School of Journalism including an Independent Project (see curriculum outline below).

French Requirement

It is the policy of the University that students graduating from the School of Journalism shall pass a test demonstrating their comprehension of written French. If a student fails the test it may be taken again at a later date with no academic penalty. Credit courses will be available to bring a student up to the required level, though the successful completion of such a course or courses does not, in itself, waive the requirement of passing the test.

Students are encouraged to take the test as early as they can during their course of studies so that they may know how they stand with respect to this requirement. The University will normally administer the test at the begining and end of each academic year and at other times by special arrangement.

Typing Requirement

A reasonable ability to type is required and students entering the School of Journalism must learn to type before the workshops begin. (For B.J. (Hons.) students, this means they should know how to type by the beginning of their second year in the Journalism programme: for B.J. students, before entering the School.) All assignments in the School of Journalism must be typewritten.

2. The one year Bachelor of Journalism (B.J.)

This is a post-first degree course offered to students who have completed a first degree, normally a B.A. or B.Sc. The University of King's College expects the same degree of competence and in the same areas for those who graduate from this programme as it does from those who graduate with the B.J. (Hons.) degree. Specifically this means: (1) students who are admitted to this programme must show the same competence in French required of those who graduate with the B.J. (Hons.) and (2) admission to the programme depends on the student's ability to show that he or she has acquired a broad knowledge of the history of Western civilization such as the Foundation Year Programme provides as well as having a competence in an area of humanistic study.

Because of the intensive nature of this one year programme it does not conform to the lecture schedule of the Faculty of Arts and Science. Students in the B.J. programme will begin work during the first week of September (see Almanac) and will continue somewhat beyond the last day of classes in Arts and Science. Please see the B.J. curriculum below for the courses offered in this programme.

3. Curricula for B.J. (Hons.) and B.J. programmes.

See the following two pages for the $\mbox{B.J.}$ (Hons.) and $\mbox{B.J.}$ curricula.

B.J. (Hons.) Curriculum

Year 1	Required of All Students	Credits	Total Credits
	Foundation Year Programme and one elective course in the Faculty of Arts and Science.	4	
	Normally, although not necessarily, this would be a French	. 7	
	course. See the statement on the French Requirement.	1	5
Year 2	Required of All Students		
	Courses in the Faculty of Arts and Science. Each B.J. (Hons.) student must submit to the Journalism Studies Committee by the end of the first year a proposal for a coherent academic programme involving study of a particular area or discipline for the four courses that must be taken in the second year, and two courses that must be taken in the third year in the Faculty of Arts and Science. The Committee will advise each student on his/her proposed programme and will approve (with changes where necessary) each student's plan. Any subsequent changes in a student's programme will require the approval of the Committee. See also Regulations 6 and 7 in the General Academic Regulations for the School of Journalism.	4	
J201R	Introduction to Journalism		
	Basic Writing and Reporting	1	5
Year 3			
FIRST TERM	Required of All Students		
J301/R	Courses in the Faculty of Arts and Science Writing and Reporting (prerequisite J201/R) (continues in	2	
J317/A	second term) Iournalism Research	1 1/2	
J316/R	Newspaper Production (continues in second term)	1	
SECOND TERM			
	Courses in the Faculty of Arts and Science		
J310/B	Introduction to Broadcasting	1/2	5
Year 4			
FIRST TERM	Required of All Students	Credits	Total Credits
1401/A	Advanced Writing and Reporting	1/2	
	Students will develop programs to meet individual goals in consultation with faculty advisers. To complete their fall term work, they will select four half-courses or equivalent from the following:		
420/A	Senior News Seminar	1/2	
403/A	Magazine Writing (prerequisite to 403/B)	1/2	
411/A	Legal Issues	1/2	
445/A	Issues in Business, Finance and Economics	1/2	
471/A 472/A	Broadcast Writing (prerequisite to J440B and J441B)	1/2	
477/A	Copy Editing (prerequisite to 472/B) Government Operations	1/2	
416/A	Newspaper Production	1/2 1/2	
	J416A/J416B is a half-credit option available to fourth year	.,-	
	students in either the first or second term, but not both.		

SECOND TERM	Required of All Students		
J460/B	Independent Project*	1/2	
	Students will choose five half-courses from the following:		
1475/B	International issues in Perspective	1/2	
1403/B	Magazine Writing	1/2	
1404/B	Interpretive and Analytical Reporting	1/2	
J440/B	Radio Production	1/2	
1441/B	Television Production	1/2	
1450/B	Specialist Writing	1/2	
J451/B	Elements of Design and Makeup	1/2	
1472/B	Copy Editing	1/2	
J474/B	Canadian Diplomacy — Techniques and Operations	1/2	
J416/B	Newspaper Production	1/2	5 1/2

*An Independent Project will be required of all students (B.J. (Hons.) and B.J.) which they must complete satisfactorily if they are to qualify for the degree. This professional level assignment will require a student to produce a journalistic work of publishable quality in an area of his or her choosing. This can be either for print or for broadcast on radio or television. It will be written or produced in consultation with a faculty adviser, and will be the product of extensive research and reporting demonstrating a firm grasp of both academic and professional skills. The project will count as a 1/2 credit course in the final term of a student's programme.

B.J. Curriculum

FIRST TERM	Required of All Students	Credits	Total Credits
J501/A	Advanced Writing and Reporting	1/2	
	Students will develop four half-courses or equivalent from the	ne following:	
J520/A J503/A J511//A J545/A J571/A J572/A J577/A J516/A	Senior News Seminar Magazine Writing (Prerequisite to 503/B) Legal Issues Issues in Business, Finance and Economics Broadcast Writing (prerequisite to J540B and J541B) Copy Editing (prerequisite to 572/B) Government Operations Newspaper Production	1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2	
	J516A/J516B is a half-credit option available to one-year students in either the first or sectorm, but not both.		the first or second
SECOND TERM	Required of All Students		
J560/B	Independent Project.*	1/2	
	Students will develop programs to meet their individual goals in consultation with facul visers. To complete their Spring Term work, they will select five half-courses from:		
J575/B J503/B J504/B J540/B J541/B J551/B J550/B J572/B J574/B J516/B	International Issues in Perspective Magazine Writing Interpretive and Analytical Reporting Radio Production Television Production Elements of Design and Makeup Specialist Writing Copy Editing Canadian Diplomacy—Techniques and Operations Newspaper Production	1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2	5 1/2

*An Independent Project will be required of all students (B.J. (Hons.) and B.J.) which they must complete satisfactorily if they are to qualify for the degree. This professional level assignment will require a student to produce a journalistic work of publishable quality in an area of his or her choosing. This can be either for print or for broadcast on radio or television. It will be written or produced in consultation with a faculty adviser, and will be the product of extensive research and reporting demonstrating a firm grasp of both academic and professional skills. The project will count as a 1/2 credit course in the final term of a student's programme.

PRE-PROFESSIONAL COURSES

Students may be admitted to the professional courses in Education, Dentistry, Medicine, Architecture and Design after certain work in the Faculty of Arts and Science but without completing a Bachelor of Arts or Bachelor of Science. Requirements for these courses are given below.

1. Education

The Dalhousie Department of Education offers:

- 1. A four year integrated course at the end of which students are awarded simultaneously the degrees of B.A., or B.Sc. and B.Ed.
- 2. A sequential course of one year which may be taken by students who have already completed a B.A., B.Sc., or B. Comm. degree course or otherwise fulfill the requirements for admission to the B.Ed. programme, and at the end of which the degree of B.Ed. is awarded.

The instruction offered in the education classes in the sequential and integrated programmes is substantially the same in both courses. In the integrated course, the classes in education are integrated with academic classes in the second, third, and fourth years, the first year being confined to the regular classes required for the B.A. or B.Sc. degree or Kings' Foundation Year. A student wishing to enter the integrated course may apply to the department during the first or second year of his/her programme.

2. Dentistry

Detailed requirements for admission are set forth in the Calendar of the Dalhousie University School of Dentistry. Candidates are encouraged to proceed to a Bachelor's degree before seeking admission.

2.1 Entrance Requirements

The minimum academic course must include university classes in English, biology, general chemistry, organic chemistry and physics, each of an academic year's duration. The science classes must include laboratory instruction or seminar periods. Credit for the remaining five classes may be obtained in either of the following ways:

- (a) by the successful completion of three classes chosen from the humanities and the social sciences plus two other elective classes.
- (b) by Bachelor's degree. If an applicant has a Bachelor's degree in a course acceptable to the Faculty of Dentistry, it is assumed that a suitable selection of courses has been included in the degree programme.

Note: The Foundation Year Programme may be substituted for the course in English and two of the required three classes in humanities and social science.

2.2 Dental Aptitude Tests

All Canadian applicants must submit the results from the

Canadian Dental Association Dental Aptitude Testing Programme. Information regarding the Dental Association Aptitude Testing Programme may be obtained from the office of the Registrar, or by writing to the Administrator, Dentistry Aptitude Test Programme, The Canadian Dental Association, 234 St. George Street, Toronto, M5R 2P2.

Applicants from other countries may submit the American Dental Association Dental Aptitude Testing Programme results. While this information will not be a final or deciding factor in selection it will be used as an additional criterion by the Admissions Committee when evaluating student qualifications.

3. Medicine

Detailed requirements for admission are set forth in the Calendar of the Dalhousie University Faculty of Medicine. The majority of students accepted for admission to that Faculty have a Bachelor's degree, but this is not a requirement.

3.1 Entrance Requirements

At a minimum, applicants pursuing a pre-medical course in the Faculty of Arts and Science to which they have been admitted on the basis of Nova Scotia Senior Matriculation (or the equivalent) including credits in English and mathematics, are required to have completed ten classes in a regular degree programme prior to June 10 of the year of expected entrance.

- (a) Five of these classes are imperative, namely: English 100, Biology 1000 or 2000, Chemistry 110, 240 or 241 and Physics 100, 110 or 130 or any equivalent classes.
- (b) The remaining five classes must include at least two in a single subject. Ordinarily these five electives should be chosen from the following: anthropology, biology, chemistry, classics or classical languages, economics, English, history, mathematics, modern languages, philosophy, physics, political science, psychology or sociology.

Note: the Foundation Year Programme may be substituted for the required English course and two of the five electives.

All elective classes should, if possible, be selected so as to conform to the degree requirements of the applicant's university.

3.2 Medical College Admission Test

Results of this test must be submitted by all applicants.

4. Architecture

Qualification for entrance to the School of Architecture at the Technical University of Nova Scotia is the satisfactory completion of at least two years at a university or equivalent institution recognized by the Faculty of Architecture. A university course in mathematics is prerequisite, except that the applicant may instead be required to take a written examination in this subject. Providing it has been undertaken at a recognized university, virtually any course of studies, including arts, fine arts, engineering and other technologies, science, agriculture, social science, education, medicine, is acceptable.

A candidate for admission to the first year in architecture should submit to the Assistant Dean of the Faculty of Architecture of the Technical University of Nova Scotia by July 1 the following documents;

(a) an application form obtained from the Faculty of Architecture;

(b) an official transcript of his university record;

(c) a letter of recommendation from some person of academic rank, preferably the Dean or Head of Department, with close personal knowledge of his academic background.

5. Design

Students successfully completing one year of a B.A. programme in the Humanities, of Dalhousie, may be admitted into the second year of the four-year programme leading to the Bachelor of Design degree in Communication Design or Environmental Design at the Nova Scotia College of Art and Design.

DIVINITY

Director of Parish Field Work and Divinity Secretary Rev. F. Krieger, B.A., B.S.T.

With the establishment of the Atlantic School of Theology during 1974, the work of the Faculty of Divinity of the University of King's College was transferred to that School and the Faculty dissolved as a teaching component of King's College.

Divinity scholarships awarded by King's College are tenable at the Atlantic School of Theology.

Details of the basic course requirements and offerings of the Atlantic School of Theology are given in a bulletin published separately, and available from the School or from the King's Registrar on request.

Master of Sacred Theology (M.S.T.)

In conjunction with the Institute of Pastoral Training, the University of King's College offers the degree of Master of Sacred Theology in the field of pastoral care. Particulars concerning regulations for this degree may be obtained from the Executive Director of the Institute of Pastoral Training at the University of King's College. A degree in Divinity is a prerequisite.

INSTITUTE OF PASTORAL TRAINING

University of King's College Atlantic School of Theology Acadia Divinity College Medical Faculty of Dalhousie University

The organization of the Institute, by collaboration of University of King's College, Pine Hill Divinity Hall, the Divinity School of Acadia University, Presbyterian College (Montreal), Medical Faculty of Dalhousie University, pioneered this modern development in theological education on the Canadian scene. It is the objective of the Institute to bring pastors and theological students face to face with human misery as it exists both in and out of institutions, principally through courses in Clinical Pastoral Education in both general and mental hospitals, reformatories and juvenile courts, homes for the aged, alcoholism treatment centres. and other social agencies. In this connection, the Institute now sponsors courses in Clinical Pastoral Education, usually commencing mid-May, at the Nova Scotia Hospital, Dartmouth (mental), the Victoria General Hospital, Halifax, the New Brunswick Provincial Hospital in Lancaster, N.B., King's County Hospital, Waterville, N.S., Springhill Medium Correctional Center, Springhill, N.S., and the Abbie Lane Memorial Hospital, Halifax, N.S.

While the above-mentioned courses aim primarily at increasing the pastoral competence of the parish minister or church worker, students of particular aptitude and interest can be guided in further theological training to become qualified teachers of these subjects in theological courses, directors of clinical training courses, and institutional chaplains; also, in certain cases, to become experts in particular specified fields, such as ministering to the mentally ill or alcoholics, where the church may have a significant role to play in partnership with other helping professions.

A recent development in this field was the formal constitution in December 1965 of "The Canadian Council for Supervised Pastoral Education". In 1974 the Canadian Council for Supervised Pastoral Education officially adopted the shorter and now more appropriate title of Canadian Association for Pastoral Education which seeks to co-ordinate training across Canada, establishing and maintaining high standards, accrediting training courses, and certifying supervisors. The Institute of Pastoral Training has links with the Council, a former Executive Director served as President of the Council and as a member of the Board of Directors, and members have served on the Council's Committee on Accreditation and Certification.

Other goals of the Institute include the production of teaching materials, the promotion of workshops, and the establishment of a library and reference center at the Institute office.

One to four day workshops are held in various localities in the Maritimes, and information as to what is involved in setting one of these up may be obtained from the Secretary of the Institute.

All enquiries concerning courses offered should be addressed to the Executive Secretary of the Institute of Pastoral Training, University of King's College, Halifax, N.S. Board and lodging can usually be arranged, and some bursary assistance is forthcoming. Academic credit is given by certain Canadian and American colleges, including the Atlantic School of

Theology, for satisfactory completion of Clinical Pastoral Education courses. Applications to attend the courses from bona fide enquirers belonging to other professions are welcomed and receive equal consideration.

EXTENSION COURSES

Extension courses are given in the evenings at the University of King's College. These courses are available in a number of topics. All extension courses are designed for their general interest and are not taken as credits in degree programmes. Academic requirements for admission are not necessary, the expectation being simply that persons who enrol in the courses will do so on the basis of their interest in pursuing the topic. Specific courses to be offered are announced in the Fall.

Registration for all courses will occur on the evening of October 9 from 7:00 to 9:00 p.m., fees being payable at that time.

1981-82 Courses

Journalism Instructor: G. Hancock, B.A., Dip. Journ.

This course consists of 25 evening sessions of two hours each. While there is some review of the material given in the general course, Journalism A, the main focus of Journalism B is the study of the human interest feature story. The student is instructed in the technique of researching story material and in writing stories for publication. The course is recommended for those who wish to test their writing skills and evaluate their potential as professional writers. Academic qualification is waived, the only prerequisite being a sincere interest in writing.

Degree Programmes in Arts and Science

1. Courses of Study

Bachelor of Arts/Bachelor of Science

Major, Co-ordinated or Individual Programmes Honours Programmes

2. Subject Grouping

A. Languages	B. Humanities
French	Classics
German	Comparative Literature
Greek	English
Latin	History
Russian	Medieval Studies
Spanish	Music
	Philosophy
	Religion

C. Social Sciences	D. Sciences
Anthropology	Biochemistry
Economics	Biology
Political Science	Chemistry
Psychology	Geology
Sociology	Mathematics
	Microbiology
	Physics

Theatre

Classes are offered also in other subjects: African Studies, Architecture, Art History, Education, Engineering, Engineering-Physics, Oceanography and Humanistic Studies in Science.

3. Numbering of Classes

Classes are numbered to indicate their general level and the year of study in which they may first be taken. The first digit in either a three or four digit number normally indicates the year of study. Thus, classes in the 100+ series are introductory and can normally be taken by fully matriculated students without any special prerequisites. Completion of a 100-level class is normally a prerequisite for admission to further classes in the subject. Classes in the 200+ series, 300+ series and 400+ series are normally taken in the second, third and fourth years respectively.

Certain classes in the 200, 300, or 400 series are restricted to Honours students except when special permission of the instructor is given to other students.

Classes in the 500+ and 600+ series are normally regarded as graduate classes; however, some may be open to senior undergraduates with the permission of the department or instructor concerned.

The letters A and B denote classes given in the fall and winter terms respectively. The symbol A/B indicates a class given in the first term and repeated in the second term. The letters C and R denote classes spread over both terms, i.e., given in the regular academic year. An R class carries one full credit or more, and a C class less than one full credit. The letters S and T denote classes given in the first and second summer session respectively, regardless of the credit value of the class.

Classes with numbers below 100 do not carry credits but may be prerequisites for entry to credit classes for students whose matriculation backgrounds are deficient.

4. Programme Advice

4.1 Entering Students

Any student who wishes to declare his major at initial registration must consult with the department concerned regarding his first-year programme.

Students entering the King's Foundation Year Programme should consult the Director of the Programme before registration

4.2 Students who have Completed the First Year

Every student entering the second year is assigned a Faculty advisor with whom he/she must consult regarding his/her programme. Normally the department concerned assigns an advisor to a student once he/she has declared his major subject. Students seeking to enter an Individual Programme (section 5.2.3 below) or an Unconcentrated Honours Programme (section 5.3.5.2 below) must approach the Chairman of the Programme Advisory Committee which will assign an advisor or advisors and which must give approval to programmes of these types.

4.3 Prospective Teachers

Students considering teaching as a profession should before registering consult the Chairman of the Department of Education regarding their programme of study. Those considering music teaching should consult the Chairman of the Department of Music.

4.4 Part-Time Students

Part-time students may follow most of the programmes offered by the Faculty. For such students the normal requirements and regulations apply, it being understood that the first five classes taken by the student will constitute his/ her first year of study, the second five classes his/her second year of study, etc. For example, paragraph 5.1 below applies to the first five classes for a student working for a B.A. or a B.Sc., and paragraph 5.2 applies to the next ten classes of such a student.

5. Bachelor of Arts/Bachelor of Science

Major, Co-ordinated or Individual Programmes: three years — 15 classes required

Honours Programmes: four years – 20 classes required

For the degree of B.Sc.: All students entering for the first time in September 198/ and subsequent years are required to complete successfuly at least one full university class in mathematics other than Mathematics 102 and Mathematics

plus an additional credit for the honours qualifying examination.

5.1 The First Year

5.1.1 Requirements

- (a) Each full-time student planning to take a B.A. or a B.Sc. will in the first year normally take five classes or the equivalent, chosen from groups, A, B, C, and D. (The King's Foundation Year Programme is equivalent to four classes for B.A. candidates or three classes for B.Sc. candidates.)
- (b) No student may in his first year take for credit more than the equivalent of two full-credit classes in a single department.
- (c) One of the five classes chosen must be selected from a list of classes in which written work is considered frequently and in detail. These classes are approved by the Curriculum Committee and are listed below.

Classics 101, 102, 103; English 100; German 100, 105; History 1400, 1990; Philosophy 101, 102, 103, 106, 107; Political Science 1103; Religion 101; Spanish 110A, and 111B.

5.1.2 Recommendations

(a) Students should seriously consider choosing a class from a list of classes which deal with a formal subject. This list is in the Programme Planning Guide and has been approved by the Curriculum Committee.

(b) Students should consider becoming fluent in French.

(c) It is recommended that one class be chosen from each of the groups A, B, C, and D. (This recommendation does not apply to students entering the King's Foundation Year Programme.)

5.1.3 Special Options

(a) A first-year student may (but need not) declare his intended major department and may be accepted by the chosen department at initial registration. Such a student must consult with the department concerned regarding his first-year programme.

(b) The King's Foundation Year Programme offers the first-year student in Arts and Science an integrated introduction to the humanities and social sciences through study of some of the principal works of western culture. To take advantage of this Programme the student must be enrolled at King's. Details are to be found in the Calendar of the University of King's College, and advice may be obtained from the Director of the Programme.

5.2 Requirements for the Second and Third Years

A student who has successfully completed the first year may, if qualified, enter an honours programme as outlined in Section 5.3 below. Otherwise, three types of options are open to the candidate during the second and third years of study as follows:

(a) Major Programmes, in which the student must select a major subject and plan the programme in consultation with that department, but the structure of study in the major and elective classes may be relatively loose;

(b) Co-ordinated Programmes, offered by some departments or groups of related departments, each programme requiring either one or two years of relatively concentrated study in the departmental or interdepartmental area of specialization;

(c) Individual Programmes, for students whose academic needs are not met by the foregoing options.

The rules governing each of these options are outlined below.

5.2.1 Major Programmes

5.2.1.1 The ten classes making up the course for the second and third years must meet the following requirements:

(a) at least seven classes shall be beyond the 100 level;

- (b) at least one class shall be in each of at least three subjects; (c) (i) at least four and no more than eight classes beyond the 100 level shall be in a single area of concentration (the major). (ii) up to two of the classes in the major subject must be selected in accordance with departmental or interdepartmental requirements outlined in the Calendar under Programmes of Study. These requirements may also designate particular offerings of the department (e.g., service classes) as unacceptable in constituting a part of the major specialization.
- **5.2.1.2** On registration in his second year the student must declare his major and have it approved by the department concerned.
- 5.2.1.3 For the B.A., the major may be chosen from Anthropoology, Classics, Economics, English, French, German, Greek, History, Latin, Music, Philosophy, Political Science, Religion, Russian, Sociology, Spanish, or from any of the B.Sc. major subjects.

5.2.1.4 For the B.Sc., the major subject must be chosen from Biology, Chemistry, Computer Science, Geology, Mathematics, Physics, or Psychology.

5.2.1.5 Students may choose electives from any of the classes listed by departments offering major or honours programmes in the Faculty of Arts and Science, subject to the restriction that a total of not more than THREE classes may be taken from the list below:

- (a) African Studies 200, Art History 101 and Comparative Literature 100.
- (b) Education Foundation Offerings (Education classes with numbers below 4400). Note: Education classes numbered 4400 and above are not available as Arts and Science electives.
- (c) Classes in Engineering and Oceanography. Note: The restriction on Engineering electives does not apply to students in the Diploma in Engineering Programme who combine their studies with a programme leading to a B.Sc. in Biology, Chemistry, Geology, Mathematics or Physics (see Degree Regulation 7(b) in this Calendar).

(d) Music classes 1000, 2007, 2088C, 2089C, 2010, 2012, 2013. Note: No other class in Music is available as an Arts and Science elective except by special permission of the Department of Music.

(e) The following approved classes from other faculties and institutions: Architecture 100, Commerce 101R, 108A/B, 207A/B, 209A/B, 213A/B, 215A, 216B, 306B, 320A/B, 322A/B, 324A/B, 332A/B and Health Education 412A/B.

Note: Students enrolling in elective classes are required to meet all normal ilass prerequisites.

5.2.2 Co-ordinated Programmes

A student may in his second and third years follow a two-year or two one-year integrated programme(s) of study. If two one-year programmes are chosen, they may be in different departments. All such co-ordinated programmes have been explicitly approved by the Cirriculum Committee. A department or group of departments offering co-ordinated programmes may structure them as it wishes, consistent with sound academic practice and subject to the following guidelines:

- (a) that the equivalent of five class units constitute a normal year:
- (b) that the function of each programme form part of the Calendar description of each programme;
- (c) that each two-year programme permit the student at least one class of his own choice in each of the second and third years;
- (d) that two-year programmes normally not be exclusively in a single discipline;
- (e) that the normal prerequisite for entry into a departmental one-year or two-year programme be the introductory class of the department in question, or an equivalent that the department considers acceptable, and not more than one introductory class in a related subject.

A student considering a Co-ordinated Programme should consult as early as possible with the departments concerned.

5.2.3 Individual Programmes

Students whose academic needs are not met by the programme offered under paragraphs 5.2.1 and 5.2.2 may present two one-year programmes, or a two-year programme, of their own choice to the Curriculum Committee for scrutiny and approval. The Dean shall act as the Advisor for such students and neither registration nor subsequent class changes may be made without his prior approval.

5.2.4 Transfer between Programmes

A student who transfers at the beginning of his third year from or into a Major Programme must meet the requirements under either paragraphs 5.2.1 or 5.2.3, and may declare a new major subject.

5.3 Honours Programmes

Able and ambitious students are urged to enter an Honours Programme. These programmes entail a higher quality of work than that required for a major programme. There are two types of honours programmes: concentrated, involving a major concentration in a single discipline or a combined concentration in two related disciplines; and unconcentrated, involving breadth of study in several related disciplines. A student may usually transfer from an honours to a major programme without inconvenience. To this end the Honours candidate should include in the first year's programme one class from the list given in Section 5.1.1(c). Of classes in the second and third year, at least one class shall be in each of three subjects. Students considering an honours course are advised to consult as soon as possible - preferably before their first registration - with the departments in which they may wish to do their advanced work.

5.3.1 Acceptance

Honours students in a concentrated programme must be accepted by the major department concerned, which will supervise their whole programme of study. Honours students in an unconcentrated programme must be accepted by the Programme Advisory Committee, which will appoint an interdisciplinary advisory committee of two or more Faculty members to supervise the programme of study.

5.3.2 Application for Admission

Appliction for admission to an honours programme must be made in triplicate on forms that are available from the Registrar's Office. Students desiring to pursue a concentrated programme must submit these forms to the head of the department concerned.

5.3.3 Conversion to a Degree with Honours

A student who has received a B.A. or B.Sc. degree from Dalhousie and who is not enrolled in a programme of study in another Faculty, may apply for admission into an Honours programme. Regulations in paragraphs 5.3.1. and 5.3.5 (or the regulations regarding the B.Sc. in Engineering Physics) must be met. On satisfying the requirements of the Honours degree programme, the student will receive a certificate which converts his degree to a degree with Honours.

5.3.4 Joint Honours: Dalhousie-Mount Saint Vincent

Special arrangements exist under which students may be permitted to pursue an honours programme jointly at Dalhousie and Mount Saint Vincent. Interested applicants should consult the appropriate department of their own university and must be accepted by the major departments concerned at both institutions. These departments will supervise the entire programme of study of accepted applicants. Paragraph 5.3.5.1 applies fully to such joint programmes.

5.3.5 Requirements for the Second, Third, and Fourth Years

5.3.5.1. Concentrated Honours Programme

(a) Honours in a *major programme* are based on the general requirement that the 15 classes beyond the first year of study comprise:

(i) A normal requirement of nine classes beyond the 100 level in one subject (the major subject). A student may, with the approval of the department concerned, elect a maximum of eleven classes in this area. In this case (iii) below will be reduced to two or three classes.

- (ii) two classes in a minor subject satisfactory to the major department; and
- (ii) four classes not in the major field.
- (b) Honours in a combined programme are based on the general requirements that the 15 classes beyond the first year of study comprise:
- (i) A normal requirement of eleven classes beyond the 100 level in two allied subjects, not more than seven classes being in either of them. A student may, with the approval of the departments concerned, elect a maximum of thirteen classes in two allied subjects, not more than nine classes being in either of them. In this case the requirement in (ii) below is reduced to two classes.
- (ii) four classes in subjects other than the two offered to satisfy the requirement of the preceding clause.
- (c) At the conclusion of an honours programme a student's record must show a grade which is additional to those for the required twenty classes. This grade may be obtained through a comprehensive examination, the presentation of a research paper (which may be an extension of one of the classes), or such other methods as may be determined by the major department (subject to the approval of the Committee on Studies). The method by which this grade is obtained will be referred to as the honours qualifying examination.
- (d) Departments may elect to use a pass-fail grading system for the honours qualifying examination.

In order to be awarded a degree with honours, students must attain B- or better in at least eight of the advanced classes (See (a) (i) and (ii), above) that comprise their honours programme, including at least five with a grade of B or better.

In order to obtain First Class Honours, students must obtain A- or better in at least eight of the advanced classes that comprise their honours programme, including at least four classes with a grade of A or better; alternatively, they must attain A or better in six and B or better in the remaining advanced classes.

In departments which do not use a pass-fail grade for the honours qualifying examination, students must attain a grade of not less than B- in the honours qualifying examination; attainment of a grade of at least A- in the honours qualifying examination is required to obtain first class honours.

Details of specific departmental honours programmes will be found under departmental listings of *Programmes of Study*.

5.3.5.2 Unconcentrated Honours Programme

- (a) Honours in the unconcentrated programmes are based on the general requirement that the fifteen classes beyond the first year of study comprise:
- (i) twelve classes beyond the 100 level in three or more subjects. No more than five of these may be in a single subject; no less than six and no more than nine may be in two subjects.
- (ii) three other classes.
- (b) Requirements for an Unconcentrated B.A. (Honours)

At least ten classes of the twenty required must be selected from groups A, B, and C.

(c) Requirements for an Unconcentrated B.Sc. (Honours)

At least eight classes of the twenty rquired must be selected from biology, chemistry, geology, mathematics, physics, and psychology, and at least six additional classes must be selected from groups C and D.

(d) At the conclusion of an Unconcentrated Honours programme a student's record must show a grade which is addi-

tional to those for the required twenty classes. This grade must be obtained through a comprehensive examination, the presentation of a research paper (which may be an extension of one of the classes), or such other methods as may be determined by the committee or departments supervising the student's program (subject to the approval of the Committee on Studies). The method by which this grade is obtained will be referred to as the honours qualifying examination.

(e) Departments may elect to use a pass-fail grading system for the honours qualifying examination.

In order to be awarded a degree with honours, students must attain B- or better in at least eight of the advanced classes (see (a) (i), above) that comprise their honours programme, including at least five with a grade of B or better.

In order to obtain First Class Honours, students must obtain A- or better in at least eight of the advanced classes that comprise their honours programme, including at least four classes with a grade of A or better; alternatively, they must attain A or better in six and B or better in the remaining advanced classes.

In departments which do not use a pass-fail grade for the honors qualifying examination, students must attain a grade of not less than B- in the honours qualifying examination; attainment of a grade of at least A- in the honours qualifying examination is required to obtain First Class Honours.

6. Bachelor of Science in Engineering-Physics

Four Years - 21 classes required -

This special programme has honours status and is based on a study of physics oriented towards its application to engineering problems. It is designed to give students more exposure to practical applications than does the Honours physics course. Students are also given an opportunity to specialize in such fields as electronic systems engineering, semiconductor engineering, underwater acoustics and materials science. Completion of the course is excellent prepartion for a career in industrial research or for graduate study in applied sciences.

Details of the curriculum for the course are given under *Physics* in *Programmes of Study*.

7. Engineering

(a) Diploma in Engineering Two Years — 11-1/2 credits

The professional degree in Engineering is the Bachelor of Engineering Degree which is conferred by the Technical University of Nova Scotia in association with Dalhousie University. Students desiring to pursue a career in Engineering may qualify over a period of four years.

The first two years of study are taken at Dalhousie and comprise a programme of 11-1/2 credits which lead to the Diploma in Engineering. Upon successful completion of this Diploma programme, students will be admitted to the Technical University of Nova Scotia for a further two years of study leading to the degree of Bachelor of Engineering.

(b) Bachelor of Science Three Years — 15 credits

Students may combine studies for the Diploma in Engineering with a programme leading to a Bachelor of Science Degree with a major in Biology, Chemistry, Geology, Mathematics or Physics, with Engineering classes acting as minor classes. Successful students are eligible to apply to the Technical University of Nova Scotia to continue studies towards the Bachelor of Engineering Degree. Alternatively,

students may apply for admission to an honours programme at Dalhousie.

8. Bachelor of Music

Four Years - 21 classes including graduation requirement

Special requirements and descriptions are given under Music in Programmes of Study

9. Bachelor of Education

Integrated (with B.A. or B.Sc.): Four years—22 classes, including field experience.

Integrated (with B.A. or B.Sc. with Honours): five year—27 classes, including field experience.

Sequential: one year —

(Elementary and Secondary)—7 classes, including field experience.

B.Ed. for vocational teachers—15 classes, including field experience.

In the B.Ed. programme for vocational teachers, classes in arts and science are taken concurrently with classes in education. A B.Ed. is awarded upon completion.

By arrangement with the Nova Scotia Department of Education, students with senior matriculation completing the integrated B.A. or B.Sc./B.Ed. programme or the sequential B.Ed. programme may receive a Teacher's Certificate (Class 5). All other B.Ed. graduates should consult the Registrar, Nova Scotia Department of Education concerning certification and licensing.

The level of certification awarded upon completion of the B.Ed. programme for vocational teachers is dependent upon type of certification held on entering the programme. Graduates of this programme are advised to consult the Registrar, Nova Scotia Department of Education about certification and licensing.

Transfer of Credit:

Decisions concerning transfer of credit will be made following consideration of transcripts and students' intended areas of study.

Enquiries should be directed to the Secretary, B.Ed. programme.

Students who wish to obtain the degree of B.Ed. with transfer of previous credit must obtain the degree of B.A., B.Sc., or B.Com. and apply for admission to the B.Ed. programme. Graduates of non-degree granting Teachers' Colleges should note that the following guidelines will be used in transfer of credit:

Graduates of an acceptable three-year programme will be required to take an additional two and one-half classes.

Graduates of an acceptable two-year programme will be required to take an additional three and one-half classes.

Graduates of an acceptable one-year programme will be required to take an additional five classes.

The actual selection of *classes* is to be made to suit the needs of each student and the student will be advised accordingly when his/her file is examined.

Transfer of Credits for a B.Ed. for Vocational Teachers:

The candidate may receive up to 3 credit transfers for completion of the three-year interprovincial summer school programme of basic training. This includes credit for practice teaching which meets Department of Education requirements. Evidence of candidate's performance as a teacher is required.

10. Bachelor of Music Education

Four years — 20 classes including field experience.

Details of the curriculum and requirements for admission to the course are given under *Music* in *Programmes of Study*. The *B.Mus.Ed.* leads to Certification by the Nova Scotia Department of Education.

11. Commerce and Public Administration

Detailed requirements for admissions and programmes are set forth in the calendar of Dalhousie University Faculty of Administrative Studies.

12. Dentistry

Detailed requirements for admission are set forth in the Calendar of the Dalhousie University Faculty of Dentistry. Candidates are encouraged to proceed to a Bachelor's degree before seeking admission.

12.1 Entrance Requirements

The minimum academic course must include university classes in English, biology, general chemistry, organic chemistry and physics, each of an academic year's duration. The science classes must include laboratory instruction or seminar periods. Credit for the remaining five classes may be obtained in either of the following ways:

(a) by the successful completion of three classes chosen from the humanities and the social sciences plus two other elective classes.

(b) by Bachelor's degree. If an applicant has a Bachelor's degree in a course acceptable to the Faculty of Dentistry, it is assumed that a suitable selection of classes has been included in the degree programme.

12.2 Dental Aptitude Tests

All Canadian applicants must submit the results from the Canadian Dental Association Dental Aptitude Testing Programme. Information regarding the Dental Association Aptitude Testing Programme may be obtained from the office of the Registrar, or by writing to the Administrator, Dental Aptitude Test Programme, The Canadian Dental Association, 234 St. George Street, Toronto M5R 2P2.

Applicants from other countries may submit the American Dental Association Dental Aptitude Testing Programme results. While this information will not be a final or deciding factor in selection it will be used as an additional criterion by the Admissions Committee when evaluating student qualifications.

13. Medicine

Detailed requirements for admission are set forth in the Calendar of the Dalhousie University Faculty of Medicine. The majority of students accepted for admission to that Faculty have a bachelor's degree, but this is not a requirement.

13.1 Entrance Requirements

At a minimum, applicants pursuing a premedical course in the Faculty of Arts and Science to which they have been admitted on the basis of Nova Scotia Senior Matriculation (or the equivalent) including credits in English and mathematics, are required to have completed ten classes in a regular degree programme prior to June 10 of the year of expected entrance.

(a) Five of these classes are imperative, namely: English 100, Biology 1000 or 2000, Chemistry 110, 240 or 241 and Physics 100, 110 or 130 or any equivalent classes.

(b) The remaining five classes must include at least two in a single subject. Ordinarily these five electives should be chosen from the following: anthropology, biology, chemistry,

All elective classes should, if possible, be selected so as to conform to the degree requirements of the applicant's univer-

13.2 Medical College Admission Test

Results of this test must be submitted by all applicants.

14. Architecture

Qualification for entrance to the School of Architecture at the Nova Scotia Technical College is the satisfactory completion of at least two years at a university or equivalent institution recognized by the Faculty of Architecture. A university course in mathematics is prerequisite, except that the applicant may instead be required to take a written examination in this subject.

Providing it has been undertaken at a recognized university, virtually any course of studies, including arts, fine arts, engineering and other technologies, science, agriculture, social science, education, medicine, is acceptable.

A candidate for admission to the first year in architecture should submit to the Assistant Dean of the Faculty of Architecture of Nova Scotia Technical College by July 1 the following documents;

(a) an application form obtained from the Faculty of Architecture:

(b) an official transcript of his university record;

(c) a letter of recommendation from some person of academic rank, preferably the Dean or Head of Department, with close personal knowledge of his academic background.

Students successfully completing one year of a B.A. programme in the Humanities of Dalhousie may be admitted into the second year of the four-year programme leading to the Bachelor of Design degree in Communication Design or Environmental Design at the Nova Scotia College of Art and Design.

PROGRAMMES OF STUDY AND CLASSES OFFERED

The class listings given under the various programmes represent ALL classes offered by the Faculty of Arts & Science, regardless of the year in which they may be given. A supplement to this Calendar will be published in February 1981, indicating which of these classes will be offered in September 1981. This supplement will also list additional classes, or deletions, and note any staffing changes.

African Studies

Professors

J.H. Barkow (Sociology & Social Anthropology)

I.E. Flint (History)

E. Gold (Law)

K.A Heard (Political Science)

Z.A. Konczacki (Economics) R.I. McAllister (Economics)

P.D. Pillay (History)

A.M. Sinclair (Economics)

R.J. Smith (English) I.B. Webster (History) **Associate Professors**

T. Pinfold (Economics) T.M. Shaw (Political Science)

Assistant Professor

L. Osberg (Economics)

Killam Fellow Ann McDougall

The undergraduate programme in African Studies offers an opportunity to integrate classes from a number of disciplines. The major focus is Africa; the minor focus is development. Five classes beyond the first year deal with African cultures, economics, history, literature and politics; the remaining classes are concerned with development and change.

Students wishing to read towards a B.A. with a concentration on African Studies should note the following recommendations and regulations:

- 1. It is strongly recommended that in the first year students should read three of: Anthropology 100, Economics 1100, English 100, History 1990, Political Science 1100, 1101, or
- 2. In the second and third years at least seven of the ten classes required for a degree must be chosen according to the following regulations:
- a) African Studies 200 (compulsory)
- b) Four classes to be chosen from List I below (direct focus on
- c) A further two classes must be chosen from List I or List II, the latter list being classes concerned with the problems of development and underdevelopment.
- d) Two of the ten classes must be at the 300 level.

200 - Problems in Modern Africa

This class provides a general and comprehensive introduction to contemporary issues and institutions in Africa. It concentrates on the current political, social and economic scene. Topics include contemporary history, social change, problems of development, and prospects for unity. Illustrations are drawn from sub-Saharan Africa, although the class provides an overview of current questions and concepts relevant to the continent as a whole.

LISTI

(See respective disciplinary sections of the calendar for class descriptions.)

Anthropology 238, Social Anthropology of Africa (not offered 1981-82)

Economics 2234A, Pre-Colonial Economic History of Sub-Saharan Africa

Economics 2235B, Economic History of Tropical Africa: Colonial Period

Economics 3337B, Recent Economic Developments in Sub-Saharan Africa

English 217, African Literature

History 1400, Europe and the Third World

History 2400, History of Tropical Africa

History 3450, History of South Africa

History 3490, Studies in Decolonization

Political Science 3315A, African Politics

Political Science 3345B/5345A, South Africa: The Dynamics of Groups and Group Domination (not offered 1981-82)

Political Science 3540B/5540B. Foreign Policies of African

Political Science 3544B/5544B. Conflict and Cooperation in Southern Africa

LIST II

Anthropology 240, Medicine & Health

Anthropology 306B, Modernization and Development

Economics 2250/4440, Applied Development Economics

Economics 3331A, Environmental Economics

Economics 3333A, Theories of Economic Development

Economics 3341A, Urban Economics: Growth and Development of Urban Areas

History 3360, Enslavement and Emancipation: Afro-Americans in the U.S. South to 1900

History 2130, British Empire and Commonwealth

Political Science 2300, Comparative Politics

Political Science 3340A/5340A. Problems of Development:

The Politics of New States

Political Science 2500, World Politics

Political Science 3530/5530, The United Nations in World

Political Science 3535A/5535A. Towards a New World Order

Ancient History

See under Classics

Anthropology

See under Sociology and Anthropology.

Architecture

100 Introduction to Architecture, lect./sem.: 1 hr. prac.: 2

An introductory class showing architecture as a bridge between the Arts and Science that will provide an insight into professional architectural studies. In the first term discussion will centre around some components of architectural design; in the second term, architecture in present day life. Available as an elective in the general degree programmes in Arts and Science.

Biochemistry

Head of Department (Acting)

R.W. Chambers

Professors

A.H. Blair, B.A., M.Sc. (U.B.C.), Ph.D. (Calif.) R.W. Chambers, B.A., Ph.D. (Calif.) C.W. Helleiner, B.A., Ph.D. (Tor.) S.I. Patrick, B.A., Ph.D. (Tor.) D.W. Russell, B.Pharm., Ph.D., D.Sc. (Lond.), B.Ed. (Dal) S.D. Wainwright, B.A. (Cantab.), Ph.D. (Lond.)

Associate Professors

W.C. Breckenridge, B.Sc. (Kingston), M.Sc., Ph.D. (Tor.) W.F. Doolittle, A.B. (Harv.), Ph.D. (Stan.) M.W. Gray, B.Sc., Ph.D., (Atla.) C.B. Lazier, B.A. (Tor.), M.Sc. (U.B.C.), Ph.D. (Dal.) F.I. Maclean, B.A., M.A. (Tor.), D.Phil. (Oxon.) C. Mezei, M.Sc., Ph.D. (U.B.C.) F.B. Palmer, B.Sc., Ph.D. (W.Ont.) J.A. Verpoorte, B.Sc., Drs. (Utrecht), D.Sc. (Pretoria)

Assistant Professors

P.I. Dolphin, B.Sc., Ph.D. (Southampton) R.A. Singer, A.B. (Princeton), Ph.D. (Harv.) M.W. Spence, M.D. (Alta.), Ph.D. (McG.) L.C. Stewart, B.Sc., M.Sc. (McG.) M.H. Tan, B.Sc., M.D. (Dal.)

Lecturers

I.T.R. Clarke, B.Sc., M.D. (Alta.), M.Sc., Ph.D. (McG.), F.R.C.P. (C) D.E.C. Cole, B.Sc., M.D. (Tor.), Ph.D. (McG.) H.W. Cook, B.Sc., M.Sc. (McG.), Ph.D. (Dal.) I.A. Macdonald, B.Sc. (Dal.), Ph.D. (Ott.) E.S. MacFarlane, B.Sc., M.Sc., Ph.D. (Dal.) R.A. Mulroney, B.Sc. (Ott.), P.Dt. (Montreal), M.Sc. (Wisc.)

Biochemistry seeks to understand the chemical basis of life. It began with attempts to isolate and characterize compounds from organisms. Today, that approach is part of a broader study of the chemistry of structures present in organisms at all levels of resolution, from naked eye to X-ray

Some groups of compounds, such as proteins, nucleic acids, lipids, and carbohydrates, are present in all organisms. The principles of physics and chemistry are used in isolating them and relating their structures to their biological roles (biological chemistry). The same disciplines shed light on how energy is stored, released, and used (biochemical energetics) and how these processes are catalysed by enzymes. The ways in which individual enzymic reactions are integrated into complex pathways for building up and breaking down biomolecules (intermediary metabolism) form another major field of study.

As part of biology biochemistry asks how living things work. It tries to understand how metabolism responds to changing environments of cells, tissues, or organisms-biochemical regulation. Genetics, metabolism, and nucleic acid chemistry meet in the study of gene duplication and expression (molecular biology) which bear on all aspects of life including

These interdependent facets of biochemistry are introduced in Biochemistry 2000 and 2600, and more fully developed in the 300- and 400-level classes. Most second and third-year classes are cross-listed with the Biology Department, with which their teaching is shared.

Degree Programmes

To study biochemietry one must first know something of the fields that contribute to it, especially biology, chemistry, physics, and mathematics. The Honours programme is planned so that these foundations are laid before the study of biochemistry itself is begun. Students not specializing in biochemistry should plan to take Biochemistry 2000 in their

second, year, and select their first-year programmes accordingly. Note particularly that all biochemistry classes have prerequisites. Beyond the 2000 level, these include introductory classes in organic chemistry and laboratory techniques and (in one case) physical chemistry.

B.Sc. with Honours in Biochemistry

This programme aims to lay the basis for graduate work in biochemistry and related fields. The common major programme is outlined below. Most students choose biology or mathematics as their minor subject, but other fields of science, such as physics, are acceptable. Students should consult the department as early as possible about their proposed programmes so that their special needs and interests can be considered. Honours students must pass a comprehensive examination in biochemistry at the end of their studies As well as complying with General Faculty Regulation 3.3 and Degree Programme Requirement 5.3.3.1, students must attain an average grade of B- or higher in their Biochemistry classes in order to graduate with Honours.

- 1. Elective (see General Regulation 5.1.1 (c)).
- 2. Mathematics 100 & 101.
- Chemistry 110.
- 4. Physics 110 (students whose minor is not physics may take Physics 130 instead).
- 5. Biology 1000.

Year 2

- 6. Chemistry 231 & 232.
- 7. Chemistry 240.
- 8 Biochemistry 2000
- 9. Biochemistry 2600 and EITHER one-half credit in Biology (Biology minor) OR one-half credit elective (other minor).
- 10. EITHER one full credit (or two half-credits) elective (Biology minor) OR one full credit (or two half-credits) in minor subject (other minor).

- 11. Biochemistry 3200A plus Chemistry 341A.
- 12. Chemistry 211B and 220A.
- 13. Biochemistry 3300B and 3400B.
- 14. One full credit or two half-credit elective(s).
- 15. One full credit (or two half-credits) in minor subject.

The fourth year programme is under review, but will include four full credits in Biochemistry and one elective credit. Interested students should consult the Department for further

B.Sc. with Combined Honours in Biochemistry

Students strongly interested in Biochemistry who would like to study another subject also in more depth than is provided for in the Honours programme should consult the Academic Adviser, D.W. Russell, about Combined Honours Programmes.

Programme in Molecular Biology

The Departments of Biochemistry, Biology and Microbiology are developing a coordinated programme in Molecular biology. First-year students must take:

- 1. Biology 1000.
- 2. Chemistry 110.
- 3. Mathematics 100 & 101.
- 4. A "Writing Class" (General Regulation 5.1.1. (c).)

Physics 110 must be taken at some time during the first two years of study. For further details, interested students should contact Academic Advisers in Biochemistry (M.W. Gray), Biology (L.C. Vining), or Microbiology (C.Stuttard).

Classes Offered

The Department teaches students in Dental Hygiene, Den-

tistry, Medicine, and Nursing. Details of the classes may be found in appropriate sections of the Calendar. Classes marked * are not offered every year; please consult the timetable.

biochemistry

2000 (Biology 2015) Cell Biology and Biochemistry, lect., 3 hrs., Biology and Biochemistry faculty members. Prerequisites: Biology 1000 and Chemistry 110.

Described under Biology 2015. Students planning to take advanced work in biochemistry and molecular biology will need this class as a prerequisite.

2600A or B (Biology 2012 A or B) Laboratory Techniques for Cell and Molecular Biology, lect., 1 hr. tutorial, 1 hr., lab., 3 hrs., Biology Department members. Prerequisites: Biology 1000 and Chemistry 110.

Described under Biology 2012. Students planning to take advanced work in biochemistry and molecular biology will need this class as a prerequisite.

3100 Biochemistry for Students of Pharmacy, lect., 3 hrs., A.H. Blair, lab., 3 hrs., L.C. Stewart.

For pharmacy students in their third year.

3200A (Biology 3012A) Introduction to Biological Chemistry, lect., 2 hrs., D.W. Russell, tutorial 1/2 hr., various Biochemistry and Biology faculty members; lab. 3 hrs., C. Mezei, L.C. Stewart. Prerequisites: Biochemistry 2000 (Biology 2015), Biochemistry 2600 (Biology 2012), and Chemistry 240, or their equivalents. Honours students are required, and others are strongly urged, to include a basic class in physical chemistry in their second-year programme

That structure and function are related is a recurring theme in biology. This class extends that concept to the molecular level. To understand the processes of metabolism and information transfer in organisms we must first study the structures of the compounds involved. Students learn also the physicochemical behaviour of biomacromolecules, and how some of them catalyse metabolic reactions. Laboratory exercises will provide direct experience of the materials and processes that concern biological chemists and enzymologists. This class, or an equivalent one, is a prerequisite for all other classes in biochemistry described below.

3300B (Biology 3013B) Intermediary Metabolism, lect., 2 hrs., tutorial 1 hr., W. Kimmins, F.B. Palmer; lab., 3 hrs., P.J. Dolphin. Prerequisite: Biochemistry 3200A (Biology 3012).

Emphasis is chiefly on metabolic pathways common to all organisms, notably the reductive synthesis and oxidative catabolism of carbohydrates, lipids, and some nitrogen compounds. Other pathways, significant in certain tissues or organisms, are included. Metabolic regulation is surveyed, and factors influencing the rate at which compounds flow through selected pathways are examined. Students learn how pathways are compartmentalized, interrelated, and affected by abiotic chemical changes in the environment. Laboratory exercises demonstrate the strategies and techniques used to study metabolic pathways. Tutorial time is used to solve problems and for student presentations.

3400B (Biology 3014B) Nucleic Acid Biochemistry and Molecular Biology, lect., 2 hrs., tutorial, 1 hr., M.W. Gray, C.W. Helleiner, R.W. Lee; lab., 3 hrs., M.J. O'Halloran. Prerequisite: Biochemistry 3200 (Biology 3012).

This class focuses on the relationship of structure to function in RNA and DNA. Methods for studying the primary, secondary, and tertiary structures of nucleic acids are explored in lectures and in the laboratory. Enzymic mechanisms for biosynthesis, rearrangement, degradation, and repair of nucleic acid molecules are studied, as are the processes of

replication, transcription, and translation. In this context. nucleic acid biochemistry is emphasized as a basis for understanding storage and transfer of biological information.

4300 Series: Intermediary Metabolism and Control.

These half-credit classes continue the study of metabolism begun in Biochemistry 3300, and introduce also some specialized topics of particular interest. Emphasis is on how metabolic systems are related and how the systems and their relations are controlled. Appraisal of experimental evidence and interpretation of data are stressed.

4300A Biochemistry of Carbohydrates and Nitrogen Compounds, lect., 2 hrs., W.C. Breckenridge and F.B. Palmer. Prerequisites: Biochemistry 3200 and 3300 (Biology 3012 and 3013)

A functioning organism must control and integrate its metabolism. This principle will be illustrated by first studying how carbohydrate metabolism supplies both energy and structural components. Topics include enzyme localization. mitochondrial permeability, modified oxidative cycles, and biosynthesis of oligo- and poly-saccharides, aminodeoxysugars, and glycoproteins. The main focus of nitrogen biochemistry is on feedback and indirect methods of controlling amino acid metabolism. Non-ribosomal synthesis of peptides and peptidoglycans is also described.

4301B Biochemical Communication: Membranes. Neurotransmitters, and Hormones, lect., 2 hrs., C. Lazier, F.I. Maclean, and C. Mezei. Prerequisites: Biochemistry 3200. 3300, and 3400 (Biology 3012, 3013, 3014) or equivalent, or special permission of the instructors.

First, the class examines evidence for current concepts of membrane structure and assembly. Then several membranerelated phenomena are studied; among others, ways for transporting solutes across membranes, and effects that depend on membrane-associated receptors such as neurotransmission and peptide hormone action. Regulation that does not depend on membranes, such as steroid hormone action, is considered in detail.

4302A Biochemistry of Lipids, lect., 2 hrs., F.B. Palmer and others. Prerequisites: Biochemistry 3200 and 3300 (Biology 3012 and 3013).

The chemistry and physics of insoluble lipids in an aqueous environment are explored. Current evidence on the physical state of lipids in organisms in examined, and problems in the interaction of insoluble lipids with soluble and insoluble enzymes are considered. Metabolism of a variety of lipids is studied, especially of those that may have specialized physiological functions, including glycolipids, fatty-acid derivatives like prostaglandins and thromboxanes, steroids, phospholipids, etc.

4303C Biochemical Energetics, lect., 1 hr., F.I. Maclean. Prerequisites: Biochemistry 3200 and 3300 (Biology 3012 and

Approximately equal time will be given to the following topics: thermodynamic principles of special importance to biochemistry and to biological "information"; fermentations; autotrophy and photosynthesis; oxidative phosphorylation; energy metabolism of protozoa and invertebrates.

*4400 Protein Synthesis and Control Mechanisms, lect., 2 hrs., S.D. Wainwright. Prerequisites: Biochemistry 3200 and 3400 (Biology 3012 and 3014) or special permission of the instructor.

The class deals with the cell components and reactions involved in the biosynthesis of proteins, with special reference to mechanisms controlling the rate of synthesis and the spec-

4403A & 4404B Molecular Biology of the Gene

These half-credit classes consider the duplication, transfer, and expression of genetic material. The experimental evidence for current concepts of gene structure and function is stressed. Students learn the language of molecular biology and the experimental techniques peculiar to it. Lectures adopt an historical perspective so that students come to appreciate how the discipline of molecular biology has developed.

4403A Structure, Organization, and Replication of Genes, lect., 2 hrs., M.W. Gray, C.W. Helleiner, and S.D. Wainwright. *Prerequisites:* Biochemistry 3200 and 3400 (Biology 3012 and 3014). *NOTE:* changes in the organization of this class are likely in 1982-3. Students should consult the Department before planning their studies.

Topics include basic molecular genetics; evaluation of genetic complexity and gene arrangement; chromosome structure; identification and enumeration of specific genes; mechanisms of replication, recombination, and repair; and manipulation of genes *in vivo* and *in vitro* ("genetic engineering").

4404B Gene Expression, lect., 2 hrs., W.F. Doolittle, R.A. Singer. Prerequisite: ordinarily, Biochemistry 4403A. NOTE: changes in the organization of this class are likely in 1982-3. Students should consult the Department before planning their studies.

Topics include relationship between gene structure and function; RNA transcription and processing; the genetic code and translation of messenger RNA; and regulation of protein synthesis. Appropriate prokaryotes, eukaryotes, and viruses that illustrate different modes of gene expression are dealt with.

4600A Advanced Instrumentation Techniques, lab., 6 hrs., J.A. Verpoorte and P.J. Dolphin, *Prerequisites*: Biochemistry 3200 and 3300 and 3400 (Biology 3012 and 3013 and 3014) or permission of instructor. *NOTE*: changes in the organization of this class are likely in 1982-3. Students should consult the Department before planning their studies.

A limited number of advanced students will be instructed in the uses of instrumentation. Both principles and operation of equipment are discussed. Topics include the use of aspectrofluorimeter, spectrophotometers, a spectropolarimeter, and centrifuges. Radioactive isotopes and counters are also discussed.

4601B Special Project in Biochemistry, lab., 6 hrs., various faculty members. Prerequisite: Biochemistry 4600A. NOTE: changes in the organization of this class are likely in 1982-3. Students should consult the Department before planning their studies.

A small laboratory investigation is made; students learn the basis of the project in depth and carry out experiments to answer a specific question. The results are interpreted and reported in a standard written format.

4700A Physical Biochemistry, lect., 2 hrs., J.A. Verpoorte. *Prerequisites:* Biochemistry 3200 and 3300 and 3400 (Biology 3012 and 3013 and 3014) plus a basic class in physical chemistry or permission of the instructor.

Selected aspects of the chemistry of biological macromolecules, such as proteins, are considered. Topics include discussions of relationships of structure to bioactivity, the forces that stabilize structure, and chemical and physical methods used to isolate and study macromolecules.

4701B Enzymes, lect., 2 hrs., A.H. Blair. *Prerequisite*: Biochemistry 3200 (Biology 3012).

Our current understanding of enzymic catalysis and its experimental basis are examined. The relationship between structures of catalytic and regulatory sites and their functions are considered for selected enzymes. The kinetics of enzyme-catalysed reactions are studied, as is the way in which binding of regulatory molecules influences kinetic behavior and thereby regulates cellular metabolism.

*4800 (Pathology 501) Clinical Medical Biochemistry, lect., 2 hrs., lab., 3 hrs., Pathology faculty members, *Prerequisite*: Biochemistry 3200 (Biology 3012).

Details of this class are available from the Department of Pathology.

biology

Biology

Chairman of Department

B.K. Hall

Professors emeritus

F.R. Hayes, M.Sc. (Dal.), Ph.D., D.Sc. (Liv.), LL.D. (Hon. Dal.), D.Sc. (Hon. Man., Nfld., St. F.X.), F.R.S.C.

D. Pelluet, M.A. (Toronto), Ph.D. (Bryn Mawr), LL.D. (Hon. Dal.)

Professors

R.G.S. Bidwell, M.A., Ph.D. (Queens), F.R.S.C. - Killam Research Professor

R.G. Brown, M.Sc. (McG.), Ph.D. (Rutgers)

M.L. Cameron, M.Sc. (Dal.), Ph.D. (Cantab.) - George S. Campbell Professor

A.R.O. Chapman, Ph.D. (Liv.)

R.W. Doyle, M.Sc. (Dal.), Ph.D. (Yale)

J. Farley, M.Sc. (W.Ont.), Ph.D. (Man.) J.C. Fentress, B.A. (Amherst), Ph.D. (Cantab.) - (Psychology)

E.T. Garside, M.A., Ph.D. (Tor.)

L.E. Haley, M.S.A. (Tor.), Ph.D. (Calif.)

B.K. Hall, Ph.D., D.Sc. (U.N.E.) O.P. Kamra, M.S. (N. Car. State), Ph.D. (Wash. State)

W.C. Kimmins, Ph.D. (Lond.)

K.E. von Maltzahn, M.S., Ph.D. (Yale) - Carnegie Professor, King's

I.A. McLaren, M.Sc., (McG.), Ph.D. (Yale)

E.L. Mills, M.S., Ph.D. (Yale) - (Oceanography)

J.G. Ogden, Ill, M.A. (Tenn.), Ph.D. (Yale)

L.C. Vining, M.Sc. (Auck.), Ph.D. (Cantab.), F.R.S.C.

Associate Professors

E.W. Angelopoulos, M.S., Ph.D. (Minn.)

A.J. Hanson, M.Sc. (U.B.C.), Ph.D. (U. Mich.)

M.J. Harvey, Ph.D. (Dunelm)

G.S. Hicks, M.Sc. (Carl.), Ph.D. (Sask.)

P.A. Lane, M.Sc. (S.U.N.Y. Binghampton), Ph.D. (S.U.N.Y. Albany)

R.W. Lee, M.A. (Mass.), Ph.D. (S.U.N.Y. Stony Brook)

R.P. McBride, M.Sc. (U.B.C.), Ph.D. (Edin.)

R.K. O'Dor, Ph.D. (U.B.C.)

D.G. Patriquin, M.Sc., Ph.D. (McG.)

J.H.M. Willison, Ph.D. (Nottingham)

E. Zouros, M.Sc., Ph.D. (Agr. College Athens), Ph.D. (Chic.)

Assistant Professors

B. Freedman, M.Sc., Ph.D. (Tor.)

T.H. McRae, M.Sc., Ph.D. (Windsor)

T.P. Momsen, Ph.D. (Freiburg)

J.A. Novitsky, B.Sc. (Penn St.), Ph.D. (Ore. S.U.)

M.R. Rose, M.Sc. (Queens), Ph.D. (Sussex)

Adjunct Professors

G.F.E. Beanlands, B.Sc., M.Sc. (U.N.B.), Ph.D. (Dal.)

D. Brewer, M.Sc., Ph.D. (Tor.)

J.S. Craigie, M.Sc., Ph.D. (Queens)

K.H. Mann, Ph.D. (Rgd.), D.Sc. (Lond.)

Research Associates

R. Ackman, M.Sc., D.I.C. (Imperial College), Ph.D. (Lond.)

J.D. Castell, M.Sc., Ph.D. (Oregon St.)

R. Conover, A.B. (Aberline), Ph.D. (Yale)

D.C. Gordon, M.Sc., Ph.D. (Dal.) B.T. Hargraves, M.Sc., Ph.D. (U.B.C.)

J. Kerekes, M.Sc. (Alta.), Ph.D. (Dal.)

G. McLelland, Ph.D. (Guelph)

I.A. Meinertzhagen, Ph.D. (St. Andrews)

G.F. Newkirk. Ph.D. (Duke)

J.P. Van Der Meer, B.Sc. (W. Ont.), Ph.D. (Cornell)

D.M. Ware, Ph.D. (U.B.C.)

M. Yoon, Ph.D. (Calif.)

Senior Instructor

L. Cooke, B.Sc. (U. Va.), M.Sc. (Dal.)

C. Coté, B.Sc., M.Sc. (Dal.)

P. Harding, B.A. (Tor.), M.Sc. (Dal.)

C. Knight, B.Sc., B.Ed., M.Sc. (Dal.)

A. Mills

C. Mofford, B.Sc. (McGill)

M.J. O'Halloran, B.Sc. (South), B.Ed. (Dal.)

Postdoctoral Fellows

Z. Ahmed, M.Sc., Ph.D. (Dal.)

S. Chatterjee, M.Sc., Ph.D. (Burdwan)

J. Hanken, B.A., Ph.D. (Calif., Berk.)

G.G. Rosenburg, B.S. (Stanford), M.Phil., Ph.D. (Yale) R.J. van Exam, M.Sc., Ph.D. (Guelph)

The programme offered by the department gives a basic training in the biological sciences which may serve as a preparation for graduate and professional work in biology, medicine, dentistry, pharmacy, the health professions, bioengineering and education, agriculture, marine sciences, fisheries, aquaculture, forestry and environmental architecture and engineering.

Degree Programmes

The department offers classes leading to the B.A. and B.Sc. degree with a major in biology and to a concentrated or combined Honours B.Sc. and B.A. programmes and a B.Sc. Honours in Marine Biology programme. A student intending to study biology as his main subject should consult the department early in his course so that a proper programme can be worked out.

Areas of Specialization - Major and Honours

Many classes are available to students wishing to concentrate their studies in particular areas of biology. In some cases, the order in which classes are taken is important, but cannot be rigidly specified here because students may vary widely in their interests and requirements. For this reason, students are strongly urged to consult with an advisor in the biology department, whether they are planning a 3-year, 2year or only 1-year programme in biology. Faculty advisors are available in the following fields (among others): Molecular Biology, W.C. Kimmins, L.C. Vining; Microbiology, R.G. Brown, J. Novitsky, M. Willison; Genetics, R.W. Doyle, R.W. Lee, L.E. Haley, O.P. Kamra, E. Zouros; Ecology/Environmental Studies, R.W. Doyle, B. Freedman, P. Lane, I. McLaren, J.G. Ogden; Physiology/Cell Biology, M.L. Cameron, J. Collins, R.K. O'Dor, D. Patriquin; Developmental Biology, B.K. Hall, G.S. Hicks; General Studies, J. Farley, R.P. McBride, K.E. von Maltzahn; Plant Biology, M.J. Harvey, A.R.O. Chapman; Animal Biology, E.T. Garside; Entomology & Parasitology, E. Angelopoulos.

Honours Programmes

For entrance to graduate school an honours degree or equivalent four-year background is required. Some graduate schools require a reading knowledge of French, German or Russian. A thorough grounding in mathematics and physical sciences is as important as advanced undergraduate training in biology.

Students reading for Bachelors degrees with honours in biology must satisfy the general requirements for honours degrees (see paragraph 3.3 and paragraphs 5.3.5.1 and 5.3.5.2 of the general faculty regulations referring to academic programmes) and must arrange their course programmes as early as possible in consultation with the department. In the fourth year a programme will normally include Biology 4900.

Selecting an Honours Programme

The basic Biology Honours Programme provides a broad background in the biological sciences and enough flexibility to allow some degree of specialization in a variety of subdisciplines. A suitable programme of this kind (e.g. cellular

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and developmental biology, cellular biology and genetics, ecology and evolution, etc.) worked out with an advisor and leading to a thesis in that area is excellent preparation for advanced studies.

Some students may wish to choose a Combined Honours Programme with Biochemistry, Chemistry, Geology, Mathematics, Microbiology, Psychology or Physics. These programmes must be worked out with the two departments. Students may be interested in programmes that are not oriented toward a traditional discipline but rather emphasize a broad knowledge. For them an Unconcentrated Honours Programme may offer the best preparation. Advice on these matters may be obtained in the department.

A. HONOURS IN BIOLOGY

Although individual students may work out their own programmes, some examples of common programmes are described below.

1. Programme in Environmental Biology

Under this heading we distinguish two programmes. They emphasize the skills necessary to understand organisms as they relate to their environments and provide a broadly based preparation for careers or advanced studies in such areas as fisheries, agriculture, forestry, parks, wildlife, landscape, environmental studies, etc. Because of the many differences between terrestrial and marine or aquatic environments, two separate programmes are available.

2. Programme in Human Biology

This programme provides a broad grounding in the fields of modern medical research and is suitable preparation for advanced studies in any of the medical sciences. Some specialization in a particular field is possible during the fourth year.

Honours students must attend a weekly Honours Seminar in their fourth year. Combined honours students doing thesis work in the Microbiology Department may participate in a Microbiology seminar series (weekly) in lieu of the Biology Department Honours Seminar.

3. Programme in Marine Biology

This programme is designed to provide a fundamental background in Biological Sciences while permitting concentration in Marine Biology. It prepares students for technical positions in Marine Biology and for advanced research training in graduate school. It combines the resources of faculty with Marine interests from the Departments of Biology and Oceanography, and makes full use of the sea-water facility in the Life Sciences Centre. Other departments offer a selection of classes in Economics, Law and Politics of the sea. Following is the suggested selection of classes:

4. Programme in Economics and Biology

The departments of Economics and Mathematics offer a coordinated programme and a combined honours programme which is particularly applicable to students with an interest in ecology. Students interested in such a programme should take Biology 1000 and Economics 1100 in their first year. Subsequent classes should be chosen from: Biology 2046 or 2040, 3060, 3061, 3063, 3065, 3066, 4650; Economics 2200 or 2220, 2250, 3331, 3332.

5. Programme in Microbiology

The departments of Biology and Microbiology offer both an Honours and a 2-year coordinated programme in Microbiology. These programmes are designed for students entering their second year of study. Students interested in these programmes are advised to consult either of the departments concerned at their earliest opportunity. Faculty advisers are R.G. Brown (Biology) and D.B. Stoltz (Microbiology). Note that classes that are cross listed between these two depart-

ments can be taken for either Microbiology or Biology credits.

6. Programme in Molecular Biology

The departments of Biology, Biochemistry and Microbiology are developing a co-ordinated programme in Molecular Biology. Students interested in such a programme should take the following classes in their first year: Biol. 1000, Chem. 110, Math 100/101, writing class, one elective. Physics 110 should be taken during the first or second year. Students should consult faculty advisers in their major departments for classes to be taken after the first year.

B. HONOURS IN MARINE BIOLOGY

The Biology Department recognizes the special needs of the rapidly expanding marine field and offers a B.Sc. Honours Degree in Marine Biology.

The programme is designed to provide a fundamental background in Biological Science while permitting concentration in Marine Biology. It prepares students for technical positions in Marine Biology and fisheries and for advanced research training in graduate school. It combines the resources of the Departments of Biology and Oceanography and other various marine-related sciences. Dalhousie is located very close to the sea coast, and these Departments are mainly in the Life Sciences Centre which has a complete flowing seawater system, the Aquatron. Other departments offer a selection of classes in Economics, resource ecology and politics of the sea. The following is the suggested selection of classes.

Year I Introductory Biology, Chemistry, Math and Physics, plus 1 Arts elective (writing class).

Year II Ecology, Cell Biology, Invertebrates, Ecosystems, or Fish Biology, Organic Chemistry or Molecular Biology, Statistics.

Year III Algae, Physiology of Marine Animals, Limnology, Aquatic Microbiology, Genetics, Fish Biology or Ecosystems, electives.

Year IV Honours thesis, Oceanography (Biological, Chemical, Physical, and Fisheries), electives.

Suggested Electives: Ecological Techniques and Sampling,
Resource Ecology and Economics, Marine
Microbiology, Ichthyology, Coastal Ecology,
Theoretical Ecology, Politics and Law of the
Sea, Marine Geology, Physiology of Plants,
Algal Physiology, Animal Nutrition, Topics in
Seaweed Biology, Topics in Animal Physiology,
Fish Population Biology, Field Biology, Biology
of Phytoplankton and Zooplankton.

Classes Offered - Major and Honours Programme

Please note that except in very special cases Biology 1000 is the prerequisite for all other classes in the biology department.

A class number that is suffixed by one of the letters A, B or C is a half-credit class. See comments on these classes under the heading Numbering of Classes under Degrees and Courses.

Classes marked * are not offered every year. Please consult the timetable on registration to determine if this class is offered.

Biology classes may be grouped into four general types:

1. Introductory Biological Principles — Biology 1000. This class is designed as an introductory university-level class is biology for the student who has had no previous training in the subject as well as for those who have taken high school biology. It is required for entrance to all other classes in the department.

2 Core Classes These consist of three full-credit classes (Biology 2000, 2015 and 2046) and seven half-credit classes (Biology 2010-2060 and 2100). These classes are grouped into four categories as follows: Category I, Biol. 2010B, 2020A, 2015R; Category II, Biol. 2030A/B, 2050A/B; Category III, Biol. 2040A, 2060B, 2046R; and Category IV, Biol. 2000R, 2100A/B. Note that all biology major and honours students are required to take at least two and a half credits from among these classes and that these credits must be chosen from not less than three of the four categories. The material in these categories represents the irreducible minimum of biology reguired for a major student's knowledge, and students are urged to take as many of these basic classes as possible. Students may not take more than one full credit in Categories Land III. Biology 2012A or B is a half-credit class which is not a member of the core and thus cannot be counted toward fulfilling the core requirement.

- 3. **3000-Level Classes** Intermediate classes are mainly for second and third year students. No biology major will be allowed to register in any 3000- or 4000-level class without having completed, or being registered in, 2000-level core classes in biology totalling at least two full credits.
- 4. **4000-Level Classes** These classes are primarily for honours and graduate students. **They are open to others with the permission of the instructor.** Where biology classes are identified as being given in another department (e.g. Anatomy), that department should be consulted for details.

Introductory and Core Classes Offered

1000 Principles of General Biology, Study Centre 3 hrs.; Tutorial Quiz 1 hr./2 wks.; Lecture Assembly 1 hr.; R.P. McBride, J.G.O. Ogden, M.L. Cameron, L.C. Vining; Instructors, L.H. Cooke, A.H. Mills.

Biology 1000 is given in an audio-tutorial format with the study centre open on a come-any-time basis from 8:30 a.m. to 9:30 p.m. The subject matter puts emphasis on those features common to all organisms. The class starts by considering the basic functions of whole organisms by studying a typical plant and a typical animal. Then the organism is examined in finer detail, considering the structure of cells, cell chemistry, energy needs, the coding system and protein synthesis. This leads to the topics of genetics, evolution, ecology, development and systematics in the second term.

Biology 1000 is the basic introductory class in biology. It is suitable for students who may have had no previous training in biology. Biology 1000 is the prerequisite for all other classes in the biology department, regardless of previous backgrounds in biology. Under exceptional circumstances, students may apply to be exempted from taking Biology 1000.

1984 A Citizens Guide to the Biological Issues of our Times, Lect.: 2 hrs.; Tutorial: 1 hr.; R.P. McBride. For B.A. students only and cannot be used as a prerequisite for other biology classes.

An awareness and comprehension of major developments in biology sufficient for citizen involvement in science-society controversies. Studying topics with major social impact such as genetic engineering, environmental health hazards and modern agriculture, students acquire a scientific vocabulary, insight into the strengths and limitations of science, and an understanding of basic biological concepts.

2000 Diversity of Organisms, Staff. (Category IV).

An exploration of the great diversity of organisms on this planet by considering them in relation to the environments

they inhabit. Four "environmental sets" of organisms are studied: the aquatic organisms, the terrestrial organisms, the symbiotic/saprophytic organisms and the ubiquitous organisms.

2010A Molecular Biology, Lect. 3 hrs.; Lab. 3 hrs.; J.A. Novitsky, L.C. Vining; Instructor, C. Mofford. (Category 1).

The organization and function of the living world in molecular terms. This class explores the biochemistry of heredity, growth and existence at a level that does not depend upon extensive knowledge of organic chemistry, although some background in chemistry is essential. It provides the fundamentals of a molecular approach to biology for students who do not anticipate pursuing molecular biology or biochemistry as their main interest.

2012A/B Laboratory Techniques for Cell and Molecular Biology. Lect. 1 hr.; Tutorial 1 hr.; Lab. 3 hrs.; W.C. Kimmins; Instructors, P. Gerdes, C. Mofford.

An introduction to techniques, equipment and the experimental approach to solving biological problems in the laboratory. Lectures present the theoretical background to laboratory experimentation. Tutorials aim mainly at developing an appreciation of experimental design and data analysis. Students intending to take more advanced biochemistry and/or molecular biology classes next year need this class and Biology 2015 as prerequisites.

Biology 2012A/B cannot be used as part of the biology major and honours requirement for 2-1/2 biology core-class credits.

2015 Cell-Molecular Biology (Biochemistry 2000). Lect. 3 hrs.; R.K. O'Dor, T. MacRae, W.C. Kimmins (Biology); W.F. Doolittle, C.W. Helleiner, S.J. Patrick, R.A. Singer (Biochemistry); Instructors, P. Gerdes, C. Mofford (Category I).

Members of the Biochemistry and Biology Department join in offering this introductory class which explores the full range of contemporary ideas in cell and molecular biology. The class deals with topics such as the transmission of genetic information, gene expression, growth, adaptation, cell division and differentiation at a mechanistic level and provides a broad perspective of metabolic processes associated with energy production, biosynthesis, transport and communication. It also seeks to explain the integration of these and other forms of biological activity through regulation of gene expression and the diverse cellular and metabolic control systems.

Students who intend to take more advanced biochemistry and molecular biology classes next year need this class and Biology 2012A/B as prerequisites. Biology 2015R and 2012A/B may be substituted for Biology 2020 and/or 2010 as prerequisites.

2020B Cell Biology: Form and Function, Lect. 3 hrs.; Lab. 3 hrs.; T. MacRae; Instructor, P. Gerdes. (Category 1). *Prerequisite*: High school chemistry.

An introduction to the basic concepts of cell structure and function, through lectures, laboratory sessions, demonstrations and films. Lectures correlate the findings of light and electron microscopy with biochemistry. Laboratory work is integrated with the lecture material and includes the theory and practice of light microscopy, staining and histochemistry, and observations on cell division and chromosome structure. Students are expected to develop and show competence in expressing ideas in writing, in performing and

recording observations in the laboratory, and in expressing themselves or ally in group discussions.

This class provides the fundamentals of Cell Biology for students who do not anticipate pursuing molecular biology or biochemistry as their main interest.

2030A/B Genetics, Lect. 1 hr.; Tut. 1 hr. 2 wks; L.E. Haley, O.P. Kamra, R.W. Lee; Instructor, M. Lanctot. (Category II).

The following three questions will be discussed:

(1) What is the nature of the genetic material, i.e. the structure and function of DNA; (2) How is the genetic information transmitted from one generation to the next; and (3) How does the genetic material act? Taught by audio-tutorial method.

2040B Evolutionary Biology, Lect. 2 hrs.; Tutorial 1 hr.; Lab. 3 hrs.; E. Zouros; Instructor, C. Beauchamp, (Category III). *Prerequisite*: High school Algebra.

Lectures cover the following topics, with about equal time devoted to each: origin of life and the evolution of the eukaryotic cell; evidence for evolution and major evolutionary theories; mechanism of evolution with emphasis on natural selection; the evolution of populations and the origin of species; patterns in the fossil record; human evolution. A textbook and a collection of papers (about four papers per topic) supplement the lectures. The mathematical theory of evolutionary biology is be studied in the laboratory, which consists of a set of problems covering elements of population genetics and statistics.

2046 Ecology and Evolution, Lect. 2 hrs.; Lab. 3 hrs.; R.W. Doyle, Instructors, C. Knight, C. Beauchamp. (Category III).

The growth and regulation of population size, the genetic structure of populations and the ecological structure of plant and animal communities. Principles which apply on a short (ecological) time scale will be developed in parallel with the analogous principles which apply over much longer stretches of evolutionary time. Much of the laboratory and about onequarter of the lectures are concerned with applied population biology; in particular, with the biological basis of fisheries management. The class integrates and adds to material from Biology 2040 and Biology 2060, and may be substituted for these classes as a prerequisite.

2050A/B: Developmental Biology, Lecture/Discussion 3 hrs.; Lab. 2-1/2 hrs.; G.S. Hicks, B.K. Hall; Instructor, C. Coté. (Category II).

A variety of currently useful developmental systems will be studied. Development is seen as an orderly sequence or programme of events which changes simple structures, such as eggs, into extremely complex, many-celled organisms. Initially, developmental "Decisions" must be made by cell lines which are becoming committed to a specific function. Then there is the coordinated appearance of entirely new structures, at all levels of biological organization: Cell-specific proteins and other macromolecules, specific tissues, organs and organ systems. Consequently, new functions gradually emerge in the organism. The challenge is to "explain" these developmental programmes in terms of cause and effect. Emphasis, therefore, is placed on experimental approaches to developmental questions. The laboratory sessions stress critical observation and analysis of living developing systems.

2060A Ecology, Lect. 3 hrs.; Lab. 3 hrs.; P.A. Lane; Instructor, C. Knight. (Category III).

The lectures offer an overview of ecology, considering the adaptations of organisms to their environment, the ecology of individuals, the regulation of numbers of single-species

populations, various interactions among such populations, and finally the complex interactions involved in the structure, function, and development of ecosystems. The laboratories give some insight into techniques and modes of thought used by ecologists.

2100A/B Introductory Microbiology, Lect. 2 hrs.; Lab. 3 hrs.; D.B.Stoltz (course co-ordinator), R.G. Brown, G.C. Johnston, J. Novitsky. (Category IV).

An introduction to the basic concepts of microbiology through lectures, laboratory sessions, demonstrations and films. Subjects include the uniqueness of microorganisms, their structure, growth and genetic regulation, as well as their involvement in other fields such as medicine, industry and ecology.

Intermediate Classes Offered

Intermediate classes are mainly for second- and third-year students. They may be taken before completion of the core of classes described above. Please notice, however, prerequisites for the classes listed below. Students registering for these classes will have completed, or be registered in, a minimum of 2 full credits at the 2000-level.

Classes marked with an asterisk (*) are offered in alternate years. Consult timetable for current year.

3012A (Biochemistry 3200A). Introduction to Biological Chemistry. Lect. 2 hrs., D.W. Russell; tutorial 1/2 hr., various Biology and Biochemistry staff; Lab. 3 hrs., C. Mezei. *Prerequisite:* Biology 2015 (Biochemistry 2000), Biology 2012A/B (Biochemistry 2600 A/B) and Chemistry 240 or their equivalent(s).

This class is described under Biochemistry 3200A. It is required as a prerequisite for Biology 3013B (Biochemistry 3300B) and Biology 3014B (Biochemistry 3400B) and all fourth-year biochemistry classes.

3013B (Biochemistry 3300B). Intermediary Metabolism. Lect. 2 hrs., tutorial, 1 hr., W. Kimmins, F.B. Palmer. Lab. 3 hrs., P. Dolphin. *Prerequisite*: Biology 3012A (Biochemistry 3200A).

This class is described under Biochemistry 3300B.

3014B (Biochemistry 3400B). Nucleic Acid Biochemistry and Molecular Biology. Lect. 2 hrs.; tutorial, 1 hr.; M.W. Gray, C.W. Helleiner and Biology Faculty; Lab. 3 hrs.. M.J. O'Halloran. *Prerequisite*: Biology 3012A (Biochemistry 3200A).

This class is described under Biochemistry 3400B.

3023A Biological Ultrastructure, Lect. 2 hrs.; Lab. 3 hrs.; K.B. Easterbrook, D.B. Stoltz. *Prerequisites:* Biology 2015, or 2020A, or 2100A/B.

Fundamental aspects of the architecture of biological entities (including viruses, bacteria, protists, fungi, plants, and animals) at the "ultrastructural" level. Ultrastructure is considered to include both intracellular and extracellular organization in the size range lying between macromolecules and whole cells. The relationship between structure and function is a recurrent theme, and special emphasis is on selected organisms of general importance. Laboratories are designed primarily to familiarize students with the interpretation of micrographs. Techniques used in ultrastructure research are explained and demonstrated. Students wishing to be trained in particular techniques should subsequently register in Biol./Microb. 4024B.

3030B Advanced Genetics, Lect. 2 hrs.; Tutorial 1 hr.; Lab. 3 hrs.; L.E. Haley. *Prerequisite*: Biology 2030A/B.

The topics introduced in biology 2030A/B will be dealt with in

much greater detail. There will be an emphasis on the genetics of different organisms and the analysis of genetic crosses.

* 3031B Molecular Genetics of Eukaryotes, Lect. 2-3 hrs.; Tut. 2 hrs.; R.W. Lee. *Prerequisites*: Biology 2030A/B and either Biology 2010B, or Biology 2020A or Biology 2015.

After a brief survey of bacterial and viral gene control mechanisms, this class will review current understanding of the organization and expression of genetic material in eukaryotes. Emphasis is on how this information was gained and on how it might relate to models on the genetic basis of differentiation and development in higher organisms.

* 3032B Cytogenetics, Lect. 2 hrs.; Lab. 3 hrs.; O.P. Kamra. prerequisite: Biology 2030A or B, and Biology 2020A or Biol. 2015.

Detailed consideration of certain genetical and cytological mechanisms in relation to chromosomal modifications, gene mutations and evolution.

3033A Microbial Genetics, (Microbiology Dept.)

* 3034B Biological Effects of Radiation, Lect. 2 hrs.; Lab. 3 hrs.; O.P. Kamra.

A survey of the current knowledge of the effects of ionizing radiation on biological material on three levels: physical, chemical and biological. In addition, methods of dosimetry, autoradiography, somatic and genetic effects, radiomimetic chemicals and biolasers are discussed.

3035A Population and Quantitative Genetics, Lect. 2 hrs.; Tutorial 1 hr.; E. Zouros. *Prerequisites:* Biology 2030 or Biology 2040 or Biology 2046; Math 100 and Math 106 or permission of the instructor.

This year the class is devoted to quantitative genetics. The following topics are covered: nature of continuous variation in natural or laboratory populations; analysis of resemblance among relatives; selection of quantitative characters; analysis of breeding schemes; and analysis of correlated characters and threshold characters. Falconer's "Introduction to Quantitative Genetics" is be used as textbook, but more advanced treatments may be used as references. Data from actual research provides the material for exercises. Students doing research in genetics are encouraged to bring into class the results of their own research. A statistical analysis of such data may serve as a partial fulfillment of the requirements of the class.

* 3036A Developmental Genetics, Lect. 2 hrs.; Tutorial 2 hrs.; L.E. Haley. *Prerequisites:* Biology 2030A or B and 2050A or B

Gene activation and control in eukaryotic development.

3039A Human Genetics, Lect. 3 hrs.; Lab. 3 hrs.; O.P. Kamra and E. Zouros. *Prerequisite*: Biology 2030A or B.

For students of Biology and Medicine with special interest in human genetics. Topics include human cytogenetics and abnormalities, inborn errors, genetic risk induced by environmental factors; prediction and detection of genetic risk, genetic counselling; genetic and non-genetic factors in behavioral characters and multifactorial diseases; genetic variability, selection and genetic load in human populations; ethical and social issues associated with manipulation of human genetic pools. A background in basic genetics is assumed.

* 3050B Development and Morphogenesis in Animals, Lect. 3 hrs.; B.K. Hall. *Prerequisite*: Biology 2050A or B.

A study of the mechanisms underlying the control of develop-

ment, morphogenesis and growth in animals. Topics include: descriptive embryology of invertebrates and vertebrates; mammalian development and its hormonal control; histogenesis and morphogenesis of tissues and organs; regeneration of lost body parts; growth; cellular differentiation; aspects of metamorphosis.

3060A Applied Ecology, Lect. 2 hrs.; Lab. or Tutorial 3 hrs.; one weekend field trip; B. Freedman. *Prerequisite*: Biology 2060A/B or 2046.

Various topics within the field of Applied Ecology are discussed. Emphasis is on the organism and/or ecosystem effects of forestry practices and other types of land management, including recreation, and on the effects of various types of pollutants, including acidic precipitation, oil spills, heavy metals, sulphur dioxide, and various chemical pesticides.

3061B Structure and Function of Ecosystems I, Lect. 2 hrs.; Lab. or tutorial 3 hrs.; Members of staff. *Prerequisites:* Biology 2046 or 2060A or B, Math 100 or 150.

Utilizing a systems approach to production, decomposition, respiration, and nutrient cycling in terrestrial and aquatic ecosystems, this class surveys both methods and results of studies in a variety of ecosystems. Seminars are devoted to a review of specific investigations reported in the literature, emphasizing techniques and data manipulation.

3063 Theoretical Ecology, Lect. 2 hrs.; Lab. 1 hr.; M.R. Rose. Various topics in ecological and evolutionary theory. *Prerequisites:* The class is intended for students who have done Mathematics 100 and 101. Other mathematical topics are explained as they arise; the time to be devoted to them will be adjusted to the needs of the class. Biology 2060A and 2040B or 2046.

3066B Forest Ecology, Lect. 2 hrs.; Lab. or Tutorial 3 hrs.; two field trips on weekends; B. Freedman. *Prerequisite*: Biology 2060A/B or 2046.

Various topics within the field of Forest Ecology are discussed. At the ecosystem level, we deal in depth with the cycling of energy and significant nutrients, and with successional changes in these processes. The effects on forests of natural catastrophic events, especially fire and pathogens, also are described as are the autecology of tree species of significance to the Maritimes.

3067A A Survey of Fish Biology, Lect. 2 hrs.; Seminar 1 hr.; R.W. Doyle and staff. *Prerequisite*: Biology 2046 or 2060. Biology 2015 or 2020.

The topics covered include fish systematics, physiology, behaviour and ecology. The primary purpose is to prepare students for Honours research projects in fish biology and to provide the background necessary for entry to 4th-year courses such as B4067B Fisheries Population Biology, and Fisheries Oceanography. Although no laboratory is scheduled, practical and library research projects are required.

3070 Principles of Animal Physiology, Lect. 2 hrs.; Discussion 1 hr.; Lab. 3 hrs.; R.K. O'Dor, M.L. Cameron; Instructor M.J. O'Halloran. *Prerequisites*: Biology 2000 and 2020A or 2015 (in which a minimum C grade is required).

Discussion of the mechanisms which coordinate the activities of cells within multi-cellular organisms and permit such organisms to maintain a stable internal environment in a changing external environment. The emphasis is on the mechanisms most widely distributed through the animal kingdom. The laboratories are designed to illustrate these

"principles of physiology" in a variety of organisms and to demonstrate the experimental approaches used to study physiology.

3071 Physiology of Marine Animals. Lect. 2 hrs.; Discussion 1 hr., Lab. 3 hrs.; R.K. O'Dor, M.L. Cameron; Instructor, M.J. O'Halloran. Same prerequisites as 3070. Biology 2000 not required in the Marine Biology programme. Credit may not be given for both 3070 and 3071.

The problems of animals in a marine environment are quite different from those found in air or fresh water, but the "physiological principles" are similar. This class deals with the same principles as 3070, but emphasizes the special characteristics of marine animals in the laboratory and the techniques necessary to study them.

3073B Plant Physiology, Lect. 2 hrs.; Lab. 3 hrs.; R.G.S. Bidwell. *Prerequisite*: Biology 2010A or 2015 or 2020B or permission of instructor. Topics include water relations, photosynthesis, respiration, nitrogen metabolism, transport, translocation, and some aspects of plant development, crop physiology and productivity.

*3075B Plant-Soil Relationships, Lect. 2 hrs.; Lab. 3 hrs; D.G. Patriguin.

This class deals with processes that are involved in the exchange of materials between plants and soils, and that limit plant growth under field conditions. The emphasis is on cultivated plants, but the material is relevant to natural systems, and reference is made to aquatic angiosperms and sediments. Topics include soil formation, soil aeration and root metabolism, water relationships, mineralization and humification of organic matter, plant mineral nutrition and ion uptake, fertilizers, saline soils and halophytic angiosperms, and plant-microbe interactions. Laboratory sessions deal with the design of field and greenhouse experiments and with the methodology of measuring the various properties and processes discussed in class.

3100B Aquatic Microbiology, Lect. 2 hrs.; Lab. 3 hrs.; R.G. Brown

Previous knowledge of microbiology is not necessary for this class; however, enrollment is limited to students in the Marine Biology Honours Programme. The main emphasis of this class is on the interactions of microbes and aquatic plants and animals including nutrition, disease, and immunization. The latter part of the class considers the role of microorganisms in nutrient availability and productivity in aquatic environments.

*3111B Microbial Activities in Nature, Lect. 2 hrs.; Lab. 3 hrs.; R. Brown. *Prerequisites:* Biology 2100A/B and Chemistry 240 or Biology 2010/2015.

The format will be lectures, tutorials and laboratory exercises. Microorganisms play a far more important role in nature than their small size would suggest. To illustrate this, the following topics are considered at the cellular and molecular levels: epiphytic microorganisms of plants and animals, Koch's postulates, protective mechanisms of plants and animals, the function of microbes in ruminants and the rhizosphere, nitrogen fixation and the mineralization of organic matter including petroleum.

3113A Bacterial Physiology, Lect. 2 hrs.; Lab. 3 hrs.; R. Brown, D. Patriquin. *Prerequisites:* Biology 2100A/B and Chemistry 240 or Biology 2010/2015.

Although the class concentrates on the structure and function of the bacterial cell envelope, that is, the capsule, cell wall and cell membrane, other topics such as the physiology

of obligate anaerobiosis, sporulation, motility etc. are also covered.

3114A Introduction to Virology, (Microbiology Dept.)

3115A Introduction to Immunology, (Microbiology Dept.).

*3116 Mycology, D. Brewer. *Prerequisite:* Biology 2100A or B.

An introduction to the morphology and taxonomy of the fungi.

3118B Systematic Bacteriology. (Microbiology Dept.)

3120B Advanced General Microbiology, Lect. 2 hrs.; Lab. 4 hrs.; J. Novitsky. *Prerequisite*: Grade B or better in Biology 2100A/B

For students interested in increasing their knowledge and skills in microbiology beyond the introductory level. This class provides excellent background for students continuing in microbiology or entering employment where skills in handling microbes are required. Topics include microbial metabolism, growth, structure, genetics, taxonomy, symbioses, pathogenesis, the environmental effects on microbial activity, and an introduction to soil, food, aquatic, applied, and industrial microbiology. The laboratory stresses basic techniques in microbiology with a strong emphasis on individual students' skills.

3150A Applied Microbiology, Lect. 2 hrs.; Lab./Tutorials 3 hrs.; L.C. Vining. *Prerequisite*: Biology (Microbiology) 3120B.

For students who wish to broaden their interests in microbiology as well as for those with a particular interest in the applications of microbiology as a career. It deals with the role of microorganisms in processes such as cheese making, brewing and the production of vitamins, food additives, antibiotics and other economically important substances. It also includes topics such as sewage and waste treatment, conversion of biomass to fuels and the applications of biotechnology. The laboratory component consists of student projects with tutorial, seminar and group discussion of ideas and results.

3211B Systematic Survey of the Algae, Lect. 2 hrs.; Lab. 3 hrs.; A.R.O. Chapman. *Prerequisite:* Grade B or better in Biology 2000.

An examination of the taxonomic and evolutionary relationships of the algae. Considerable emphasis is placed on practical work (Field and laboratory) where students become familiar with the algal components of the local flora.

3212A Biology of the Algae, Lect. 2 hrs.; Lab. 3 hrs.; A.R.O. Chapman. *Prerequisite:* Grade B or better in Biology 2000.

A non-systematic examination of the cellular, organismic, population and community organizations of benthic and planktonic algae.

*3213B Plant Development, Lect. 2 hrs.; Lab. 2-1/2 hrs.; G.S. Hicks.

In the vascular plants, the major developmental processes of cell differentiation and organogenesis consist of complex sequences of programmed events. This class examines these events, as exemplified by the development of (1) the elements of the vascular system and the male sex line, and (2) organogenesis, stressing organ determination and the control of organ morphogenesis. Whenever possible, experimental evidence will be used to substantiate concepts. Within this framework, the principles and techniques of plant tissue culture will be taught in the laboratory.

3214A Plant Design, Lect. 2 hrs.; Lab. or Tutorials 1-3 hrs.; K.E. von Maltzahn.

The structural design of plants in terms of the functional performance of their parts and their integration at different levels of organization. Types of design are established on the basis of comparative studies of life forms seeking to find homologies between the elements of design. Design in relation to climate and habitat is be examined and integrated at the level of the landscape.

3215A Systematics of Higher Plants, Lect. 2 hrs.; Lab. 3 hrs.; M.J. Harvey.

This class has two main aims; first, to give consideration to current speculation on the evolution of the flowering plants, connecting this with the attempts over the years to produce a phylogenetic classification of the existing species; second, to go into some of the newer concepts of classification arising out of the 'computer revolution'. A plant collection is one requirement; consult the instructor as early as possible about this.

3216B Adaptation and Speciation in Higher Plants, Lect. 2 hrs.; Lab./Seminar 2 hrs.; M.J. Harvey.

The discipline known as biosystematics or, alternatively, experimental taxonomy. The approach taken is the analytic one of considering particular examples and trying to deduce which peculiarities of their biology have contributed to their relative success. In this way the mechanisms which have caused particular species pairs to diverge are studied. Examples considered are many and range from evening primroses and irises, through bananas and maize, down to the humble, but complex, dandelion.

*3217B Plant Anatomy, Lect. 2 hrs.; Lab. 2-1/2 hrs.; G.S. Hicks.

A survey of the major cell and tissue types in living seed plants. A modern approach provides current information on the ultrastructure and composition of cells especially as related to cell function. Emphasis is on the organization of tissues into larger functional units, or tissue systems, in both primary and secondary plant body. This reveals the basic unity of the plant body. Wherever possible, information is be drawn from developmental studies, where these help to understand plant organization. Laboratory studies are primarily concerned with the learning and application of plant microtechnique: hand sectioning, dehydration methods, microtomy and staining.

3321 Invertebrates, Lect. 2 hrs.; Lab. 3 hrs.; J. Farley. *Prerequisite*: Biology 2000.

An attempt is made to understand how different groups of invertebrate animals live — what modifications they have incorporated that allow them to survive in environments or to assume a manner of life unlike that of their evolutionary predecessors. Because there are so many kinds of invertebrate animals, certain morphological and functional changes are considered in those animals where they are most pronounced or where they first occur. The course progresses chronologically through the phylogenetic series; the characteristics of the animals in a group are considered and new physiological systems and morphological peculiarities are emphasized.

A laboratory session each week gives students an opportunity to examine the morphology of preserved animals and life traits of live invertebrate animals through observation of feeding, respiration, locomotion, etc.

*3322B Parasitology, Lecture 2 hrs.; Lab. 3 hrs.; E. Angelopoulos. *Prerequisite*: Biology 3321 or grade B or better in Biology 2000.

Approximately 7% of all metazoan species are parasitic. This class examines a broad range of parasites from as many phyla as possible in order to understand the strange relationships that exist between parasites and their hosts.

3323 Vertebrates, Lect. 2 hrs.; Tutorial 1 hr.; Lab. 3 hrs.; E.T. Garside. *Prerequisite*: Biology 2000.

A survey of the current state of knowledge and speculation concerning the evolution of vertebrate animals. Those vertebrates which have survived form a series of stages or steps, each characterized by several pronounced alterations in various organ-systems and in the general form of the body. Approximately three-quarters of the programme is given to an analysis, by procedures of comparison and contrast, of these changes and their relevance in the synthesis of the evolutionary pathway.

An appreciation of the classification, structure and evolution of vertebrates is essential to considerations of their development and functional capacities and of their relations with their surroundings and with each other.

The laboratory study of a broad array of vertebrates provides the core and serves to familiarize the student with the gross anatomic features of these animals while giving instruction in the traditional approach to comparison and contrast.

3324 Entomology, Lect. 2 hrs.; Lab. 3 hrs.; E. Angelopoulos. *Prerequisite*: Biology 2000.

Entomology is an important branch of academic biology and also one of the largest divisions of applied biology.

The class is an introduction to the study of insects dealing with: (1) The classification and evolutionary diversity of insects. (2) The biology, ecology and behaviour of insects. (3) Applied aspects — medical, agricultural and forest entomology; harmful and beneficial insects; the pros and cons of chemical control; other methods of pest control.

3327B Applied Entomology, Lect. 2 hrs.; Lab. 3 hrs.; D.P. Pielou. *Prerequisites*: Biology 2000, Biology 3324 is desirable.

Develops in greater detail the subject matter of item 3 in Biology 3324.

*3400 The History of Science (same as History 3070 and Physics 340), Lect. 2 hrs.; J. Farley (Biology), P. Ravindra (Physics).

Designed for students of the arts as well as the sciences. There are no formal prerequisites although all students must have a strong background in either a science, history or philosophy. The emphasis is on the period from the 16th to the 20th centuries, dealing with not only with internal scientific concepts, showing how ideas of what constitutes an acceptable scientific explanation have changed over time, but also with the institutions of science, the professionalization of science and the general interaction of science with society.

*3401A The History of the Biological Sciences, J. Farley.

Designed for 3rd and 4th year students majoring in biology or geology. It deals mainly with selected topics in 19th and 20th century biology, geology and medicine. Students are urged to follow up this class with Philosophy 242B: Philosophy and the Life Sciences.

3410B Man in Nature, Lect. 2 hrs.; Tutorials 1 hr.; K.E. von Maltzahn.

An introduction to the science of nature which deals with structural order within organic nature, i.e. the relationships of different beings to each other including man within nature as a whole. The ideal of man's self-realization through his emancipation from nature is discussed. The class is concerned with

man's biological requirements and also his aesthetic and rational requirements and how these different needs affect one another. It inquires into the consequences which these needs may have upon man's judgements and actions and the wellbeing of nature as a whole.

For students in the arts and sciences. There are no special prerequisites, but students are expected to deal seriously with questions raised. The class is also useful for students in biology who wish to obtain a broader framework of knowledge. General degree students may not include this class in the 4 required for a Biology major. Honours students may count it towards their Biology requirements.

3421 Comparative Vertebrate Histology, D.M. Chapman (Anatomy Dept.). *Prerequisites:* Biol. 2020A or 2015 and permission of the instructor.

An advanced histology class surveying the whole range of vertebrate tissues and organs.

3612A Limnology, P.A. Lane. *Prerequisites:* Biology 2060A/B or 2046 and one of the following: Physics 100, Chemistry 110, Geology 100, or permission of the instructor.

Limnology is the study of freshwater environments. This class focuses on lakes, and several parallels with marine environments are developed. The functional interrelationships of the biota are stressed against a background of physical and chemical phenomena. The last two weeks of term are devoted to discussions of environmental problems related to man's use and misuse of lakes and rivers.

The class consists of 2 lectures and 1 3-hr. laboratory per week. In weeks when field trips are held the laboratory period may be extended. Major limnological techniques are used in both the field and laboratory.

3614A Field Biology, Staff.

This class, conducted at a biology field camp, is ordinarily given during the two weeks preceding the beginning of regular classes. The class content emphasizes field methods in ecology and identification of major groups of organisms. The various professors involved teach within their own fields of specializatioan, so that a broad coverage of terrestrial, fresh water and intertidal ecosystems results.

Advanced Classes Offered

The following classes are primarily for honours and graduate students. They are open to others with permission of the instructor.

4020A Advanced Topics in Cell Biology, meetings twice per week. *Prerequisite*: Permission of the instructor. Offered subject to enrollment

Open to any student with a background in cell biology (including molecular biology and advanced genetics) who is interested in studying cell physiology, morphology, and development. Students discuss selected topics from a list provided, after they have read and written papers on these topics. Instruction is primarily by student seminar and group discussion, with few or no lectures.

4024B Microscopy, Lect. 2 hrs., Lab. 3 hrs.; D.B. Stoltz, K.B. Easterbrook. *Prerequisite*: A grade of B or better in (3023A).

A corollary to Biology 3023A. Instead of considering biological ultrastructure, the class deals with some of the principal methods involved in the study of cell structure. Both light and electron microscopy, including ancillary techniques, are considered in depth. The importance of a proper understanding of the physical and/or chemical principles governing technical procedures is emphasized. During

laboratory periods students practise, or watch demonstrations of, some of the techniques covered in the lectures.

4030A Advanced Topics in Genetics, Lee and staff Prerequisite: Permission of the instructor.

A general topic from the current literature in genetics is examined in seminar format. The nature of the topic and the instructor in charge of the class vary from year to year. Students present at least one seminar during the term.

- * 4037B Plasmid Genetics, (Microbiology Dept.).
- * 4038B Control of Cell Division, (Microbiology Dept.)

4039B Topics in Human and Medical Genetics; Lect./Seminar 2 hrs.; S. Blecher, J.T.R. Clarke, O.P. Kamra (Coordinator), R.S. Tonks, J.P. Welch, E. Winsor, E. Zouros and others. *Prerequisites*: Biology 3039A or 1st year Medicine.

An advanced level seminar open to Biology and Medical students. Students present reports based on a research project (experimental or literature search) conducted under the supervision of faculty members in Biology or one of the medical departments. Lectures from the faculty supplement class work and will emphasize integration of student seminars into a self-contained unit.

*4050B Seminar in Development, Seminar 2 hrs.; B.K. Hall. Prerequisites: Biology 2050A or B, and Biology 3050B.

Current concepts and models of cellular differentiation, organogenesis, morphogenesis and embryonic development. Emphasis on vertebrates.

4064C Pleistocene Biogeography, Lab. 3 hrs.; J.G. Ogden, III. *Prerequisites*: At least two credits in Biology or Geology. This class is to be taken in conjunction with Geology 457 Pleistocene Geology. Permission of the instructors. May be counted as Biology or Geology half-credit.

Lecture, discussion, and laboratory experience in the reconstruction of environmental change during the Pleistocene epoch. Laboratory and field experience will pay particular attention to the environmental history of the Maritime region, including environmental changes caused by man. Techniques of pollen analysis, plant and animal macrofossil study, dendrochronology, geochemical and isotopic dating methods will be explored. Field and laboratory work include a class problem in an area in the Halifax region.

4067B Fisheries Population Biology, Seminar 2 hrs.; R.W. Doyle. *Prerequisites*: Biology 2060 or 2046; the course is intended for Honours and graduate students only. Familiarity with elementary calculus and statistics is required. Prior experience with computers is not required. Enrolment limited to 8.

An introduction to fisheries stock assessment and the biological aspects of fisheries management. Emphasis on the relationships between management techniques and the general principles of population biology. The class includes several weeks of introductory lectures followed by an exercise in applied population dynamics lasting the remainder of the term. The exercise consists of a computer simulation of the growth and regulation of a fish population of the student's choosing, coupled with computer-based investigations of the usefulness of various management models.

4070C Advanced Topics in Animal Physiology, Lect. 2 hrs.; Open Lab.; R.K. O'Dor, M.L. Cameron; Instructor M.J. O'Halloran. *Prerequisite*: Biology 3070 or 3071.

Whereas the introductory animal physiology classes emphasize common principles, this class emphasizes the diversity of physiological solutions to common problems among

animals. A different problem is chosen each year and each student presents a seminar reviewing the literature on the solution of a particular animal and applies advanced techniques in an experimental study of the animal. Students choose the animal and technique.

hiology

*4072A Animal Nutrition, J. Castell. Lect. and Seminar, 2 hrs.; Prerequisites: Biology 2010A/B or equivalent and permission of instructor. Biology 3012A and 3071R recommended.

General principles and techniques of animal nutrition are reviewed and used to examine current literature. Emphasis is on the assessment of nutritional requirements of aquatic and marine species.

*4100A Marine Microbiology, Lect. 2 hrs.; Seminar, Discussion, and Laboratory, 2 hrs.; J.A. Novitsky. *Prerequisite:* Permission of the instructor.

The role of microorganisms in the marine environment. Some of the topics that are discussed include: the effect of the ocean environment on, and the determination of, microbial biomass and activity; the role of bacteria in nutrient regeneration and the fertility of seawater, geomicrobiology; and the interactions between microorganisms and higher forms. The format of lectures, seminars, and laboratory demonstrations and projects directs the class material toward the students' interests and backgrounds. The class is intended for serious students of biology, oceanography or marine science; successful completion gives the student an understanding and working knowledge of the microbiology of the oceanic environment even if previous knowledge of microbiology is limited.

4101B. Industrial Microbiology and Biochemistry, Lect. and Seminar 2 hrs.; L.C. Vining. *Prerequisites*: Third-year class in biochemistry or microbiology. A class in organic chemistry is recommended.

For students who have taken classes at the third-year level in microbiology or biochemistry and are interested in the practical applications of this knowledge. It deals through lectures with basic aspects of industrial fermentation processes and, through student seminars, explores topics in genetic engineering, antibiotic production and other current and projected uses of microorganisms in the manufacturing sphere.

4114B Virology, (Microbiology Dept.).

4115B Immunology, (Microbiology Dept.). *Prerequisite:* Biology 3115A.

* 4214B Physiology of Marine Algae, Lect. 2 hrs.; J.S. Craigie. Prerequisites: Biology 2010B or 2015, 3010A.

A comparative study of the physiology and biochemistry of the various algal classes will be conducted. This will include studies of carbohydrates, proteins, fats, pigments and nutrition.

4324 Advanced Entomology, Seminar and Discussion, 2 hrs.; plus necessary time on project work. *Prerequisites*: Permission of the instructor and Biology 3324. Each prospective student must approach the instructor at the end of the preceding academic year, and, if accepted, make a satisfactory collection of insects during the summer months.

Directed reading, discussion, and practical projects—not necessarily the same for each student in the class. Readings and projects are chosen to suit the individual student's interests, background, and future plans.

4275B Topics in Seaweed Biology, A.R.O. Chapman. *Prerequisite:* Permission of the instructor.

In the academic year 82/83 the class will examine the ecology of individuals, populations and communities of seaweeds through reading, seminars, essays and a few lectures.

4369B Fisheries Oceanography, J.S. Koslow (Oceanography Dept.).

4379A Ichthyology, Lect. 3 hrs.; E.T. Garside. *Prerequisite*: Biology 3323.

Evolution, systematics and structure, embryology, life history and distribution of fishes.

4401 Pharmacology: Influence of Chemical Agents on Living Organisms, Lect.: Mon., Wed., Fri. 1:30; Lab.: Wed. 2:30-5:00 p.m.; J.G. Aldous (Pharmacology Dept.). *Prerequisite*: Permission of Instructor.

This introductory class is designed to acquaint students with the actions of drugs on physiological and biochemical functions of man and lower animals. The basic mechanisms of action and structure-activity relationships of various groups of pharmacological agents will be stressed and, wherever possible, discussed at the molecular and macro-molecular level of cell organization. Factors influencing the absorption, distribution, biotransformation, and excretion of drugs will be discussed, as will potential uses.

The lecture course will be augmented by a practical laboratory course designed for student participation in the demonstration of basic principles of pharmacology.

4403 Human Physiology, Lect. 3 hrs.; Lab. 3 hrs.; B. Issekutz (Physiology/Biophysics Dept.). *Prerequisite:* Introductory classes in Chemistry and Physics. Permission of the instructor is required.

A class dealing with the physio-chemical basis of the physiological processes in man.

* 4455A Biological Control Systems; H.K. Wolf (Physiology/Biophysics Dept.), *Prerequisite*: Permission of the instructor.

Control is ubiquitous in biological systems, occurring at all levels from the subcellular to the communal. This class includes the general mathematical techniques required for the analysis of such systems.

* 4459B Electrical and Mechanical Activity of Cardiac Muscle, A.Y.K. Wong, T.F. McDonald (Physiology/Biophysics Dept.). Prerequisite: Permission of the instructor.

Mathematical characterization of the mechanics and energetics of muscle.

4650A/5650A Resource Ecology and Economic Development, Lect./Seminar 3 hrs.; A.J. Hanson.

Major theories of natural resource management have evolved rather separately through economic, behavioural and ecological disciplines. The interphase of ecology with these other disciplines and the criteria which may be used to weigh ecological inputs in economic development planning processes are the major topics to be covered. Current approaches and analytical techniques are described. These illustrate adaptive strategies for long-term resource use, pest and disease control. The course may focus on specialized topics such as fisheries or tropical resource development, as announced in advance. The class includes an introduction to practical problems of project cycles, of defining objectives and of budget analysis. It is open to students from any faculty by permission of the instructor.

4652A Advanced Ecology Seminar, Consult Department.

4653B Advanced Ecology Seminar, Consult Department.

4660B Introduction to Biological Oceanography, Lect. 3 hrs.; J.S. Wroblewski.

A survey of marine populations and their relationships with

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their physical environment and with each other. Permission of the instructor is required.

4662B Biology of Phytoplankton, R.O. Fournier. (Oceanography Dept.). Permission of instructor required.

This class is composed of lectures, discussion groups and laboratories aimed at introducing the student to the contemporary state of knowledge about planktonic marine plants. Evaluation is through term papers and laboratory reports.

4663A Biology of Zooplankton, C.M. Boyd (Oceanography Dept.). Permission of instructor required.

This class considers current topics in the field of biology of marine zooplankton. Aspects of the life of these organisms such as feeding, locomotory behaviour, small-scale distribution and zoogeographic patterns-are studied in an attempt to understand how these small animals fit in their environ-

4666B Benthic Ecology, (Oceanography Dept.).

4666B Biology, Permission of instructor required.

An advanced level graduate class concentrating on the major problems of benthic ecology, such as how food is supplied to benthic animals, what factors control the structure of biological communities and how the benthos is related to processes in the sediments. Year-to-year the course content changes, keeping up with current problems of research workers in this discipline.

4800 Special Topics.

4806A/4807B/4808C Special Projects, staff.

4900 Honours Research and Thesis.

Who are eligible

Dalhousie students who are planning to do, or are at present doing, major programmes in any of the following six departs ments, are eligible.

The six departments are: Economics, English, French, History Political Science, and Sociology.

The purpose of the programme is to allow such students to concentrate part of their work on Canadian studies both within their major field, and outside of it. For example, a student who is planning to major in Political Science would take at least 3 of his political science classes in classes designated as Canadian. He would in addition take four classes outside his major field in Canadian Economics, Canadian History Canadian Literature (either English or French), or Canadian

In other words, the Canadian Studies Programme does not attempt to establish a new major field. It seeks to use any one of six present departments in the Faculty of Arts and Science as a base around which a student may effectively cluster a number of classes in Canadian subjects.

How to arrange it

Students wishing to discuss a Canadian Studies Programme, or wishing to take it, should get in touch with any of the

Professor B. Lesser, Economics Department Professor M.G. Parks, English Department Professor Hans Runte, French Department Professor P.G. Clark, Sociology Department Professor D.S. Stairs, Political Science Department Professor P.B. Waite, History Department

chemistry Chemistry

Chairman of Department

W.E. Jones, B.Sc., M.Sc., (Mt.A.), Ph.D. (McGill)

D.R. Arnold, B.S. (Bethany College), Ph.D. (Rochester)

W.A. Aue, Ph.D. (Vienna)

T.S. Cameron, B.A., M.A., D.Phil. (Oxon.)

W.J. Chute, B.Sc. (Acadia), M.A., Ph.D. (Tor.)

I.A. Coxon, M.A. (Cantab.), M.Sc., Ph.D. (East Anglia) T.P. Forrest, B.Sc. (Mt.A.), M.Sc. (Dal.), Ph.D. (U.N.B.)

K.E. Hayes, B.Sc. (London), Ph.D. (Oregon)

W.E. Jones, B.Sc., M.Sc. (Mt.A.), Ph.D. (McGill)

O. Knop, D.Sc. (Laval)

K.T. Leffek, B.Sc., Ph.D. (London) - Dean of Faculty of Graduate

D.E. Ryan, B.Sc. (U.N.B.), M.A. (Tor.), Ph.D., D.Sc. (London), D.I.C.

Associate Professors

R.J. Boyd, B.Sc. (U.B.C.), Ph.D. (McGill)

A. Chatt, B.Sc. (Calcutta), M.Sc. (Roorkee), Ph.D. (Tor.)

G.A. Dauphinee, B.Sc., M.Sc. (Dal.)

T.B. Grindley, B.Sc., M.Sc., Ph.D. (Queen's) I.S. Grossert, B.Sc., M.Sc., Ph.D. (Natal)

D.L. Hooper, B.Sc., M.Sc., Ph.D. (U.N.B.)

I.C.T. Kwak, B.Sc., M.Sc., Ph.D. (Amsterdam)

P.D. Pacey, B.Sc. (McGill), Ph.D. (Tor.)

J.A. Pincock, B.Sc., M.Sc. (Manitoba), Ph.D. (Tor.)

L. Ramaley, B.A. (Colorado), M.A., Ph.D. (Princeton)

R. Stephens, M.A. (Cantab.), M.Sc. (Bristol), Ph.D. (London), D.I.C.

C.H. Warren, B.Sc. (U.W.O.), Ph.D. (McMaster)

Assistant Professors

K.R. Grundy, B.Sc., M.Sc., Ph.D. (Auckland)

R.D. Guy, B.Sc. (S.F.U.), Ph.D. (Carleton)

C.G.C. Flinn, B.Sc., M.Sc., Ph.D. (Dal.)

B.J. Forrest, B.Sc., (UWO), M.Sc. (Bishop's), Ph.D. (SFU)

Research Assistant

S.W. Kim, Ph.D. (Wayne State)

Instructors

C.D. Burkholder, B.Sc. (Waterloo) D.J. Silvert, M.S. (C.W.R.U.) J. Gabor, M.Sc. (Budapest) W.D. Tacreiter, M.Sc. (Krakow)

S.A. Sawler, B.Sc. (M.S.V.U.)

Postdoctoral Fellows

P.K. Dubey, Ph.D. (Osmania)

H. Furue, Ph.D. (Queen's) J.W. Goodin, Ph.D. (Leicester)

K.R. Grant, Ph.D. (Keele)

R.S.S. Murthy, Ph.D. (IIT, Madras) R. Ramani, Ph.D. (Bangalore) M. Sajjad Ph.D. (Waterloo) M. Stark, Ph.D. (Freiburg)

K.E. Tupper, B.Sc. (Acadia)

G. Keresztury, Ph.D. (Budapest) U. Roychoudhury, Ph.D. (IIT, Kanpur) P. Wickramanayake, Ph.D. (Dal.) K. Hayakawa, Ph.D. (Osaka)

As one of the basic sciences, chemistry can help provide us with an understanding of the processes occurring in the materials surrounding us. A student considering an honours programme in chemistry should be competent in mathematics as well as chemistry. The honours B.Sc. is the minimum professional requirement for a chemist-the general B.Sc. with a major in chemistry has no professional standing. Chemists with honours degrees are employed in widely differing areas in industry and government. An honours degree in Chemistry will provide a background for further graduate work in chemistry or in such areas as medicine, law, business administration, biochemistry, oceanography and geology. A postgraduate degree is essential for independent original research or university teaching.

Chemistry 110 is an introduction to the discipline. Many students are required to take introductory chemistry and possibly second and third-year classes in the subject as well. Engineering students contemplating chemical engineering should consult the Department of Engineering for advice on desirable classes in chemistry. All students intending to take classes in chemistry beyond the first-year level should in-^{cl}ude classes in mathematics and physics in their first year, and final grades in these classes should not be less than C; if

they are, the student is bound to find advanced classes in chemistry difficult and frustrating

At the second-year level the student is exposed to the four traditional areas of chemistry specialization. Inorganic chemistry deals with all the chemical elements except carbon, and the compounds which these elements form. Organic chemistry is devoted to the study of the almost limitless number of compounds containing carbon. Analytical chemistry is concerned with the determination of the composition of substances, and with the detection of elements in quantities however minute. Physical chemistry is primarily devoted to the study of how and why chemical reactions occur and the rate at which they proceed. Beyond the second-year level, a student's studies in chemistry become increasingly concentrated in one of these four areas. The student may also be introduced to biochemistry or the chemistry of living organisms, as well as such specialties as structural chemistry, radiochemistry, electrochemistry and theoretical chemistry.

Degree Programmes

Major in Chemistry

In order to obtain as general a chemical background as possible, the student after taking Chemistry 110, should include in his program the classes 211A/B, 220A/B, 230A, 234B and 240. which give exposure to the four areas of specialization in chemistry. The remaining requirements in chemistry may be chosen from third and fourth-year classes depending on the student's major interests. Each student who plans to major in chemistry should consult with a Chemistry Counsellor each year regarding a programme of study. The student's programme should also include Mathematics 100 and 101 and Physics 110.

The Chemistry Counsellors this year are W.A. Aue, W.J. Chute, G.A. Dauphinee, K.E. Hayes, and D.L. Hooper. All students are encouraged to meet with one of these faculty members to discuss any problems that may arise.

Honours in Chemistry

This programme is intended to provide a broad training in chemistry while at the same time making provision for the individual interests of students. All honours students are required to consult annually with the Chairman of the Department, and to obtain his approval of their course selection.

Year I will normally consist of:

Chemistry 110; Mathematics 100 and 101; a foreign language at the 100 level; one of Biology 1000, Geology 100 or Physics 110; plus an elective

Years II, III and IV must include:

1. Chemistry 211A/B, 220A/B, 230A, 234B, and 240

2. Six full classes from Chemistry 300 and 400 levels. Chemistry 300A, 311A, 312B, 321A, 322B, 330A, 331B, 341A, and 342B are required classes. In addition the non-credit classes 388, 488 and 8880 must be taken

3. Mathematics 200 or 220; a prerequisite for Chemistry 300A, 330A and 331B.

4. Five other classes. These must be chosen as follows:

a) If Physics 110 was not taken in Year I, it must be taken in Years II-IV.

b) Two classes beyond the 100-level must be taken in a minor subject. Minor subjects allowed for this degree are biochemistry, biology, geology, mathematics or physics.

It is suggested that these five other classes be chosen according to the future plans of the student.

Combined Honours Program

The department has designed a number of programmes which allow a student to obtain a Combined Honours Degree in Chemistry with one of Biochemistry, Biology, Geology,

Mathematics or Physics. To obtain an introduction into all the basic areas of chemistry, Chemistry 211A/B, 220A/B, 230A, 234B and 240 must be part of all combined honours programmes involving Chemistry.

In addition to the above second-year chemistry classes, the following programmes are suggested for guidance to the student.

Combined with Biochemistry

Chemistry 341A, 342B, 333A/B, 343A/B, 440A/B, 441A/B, 442A/B and 8880, together with Biochemistry 2000R, 2600A/B, 3200A, 3300B, 3400B and 1 1/2 other full credits in Biochemistry and Chemistry of which one must be in Biochemistry.

Combined with Biology

Chemistry 213A, 341A, 342B, 343A/B, 440A/B, 441A/B, 442A/B and 8880 with Biology 2000, 2010A/B, 2020A/B and 2 1/2 other full credits of which at least two must be in Biology.

Combined with Geology

Chemistry 311A, 312B, 321A, 322B, 411A, 412B and 8880 with Geology 201A, 202A, 204B, 205B and 3 other full credits of which at least two must be in Geology.

Combined with Mathematics

Chemistry 300A, 330A, 400B, 430A/B and 8880 with Mathematics 213, 250, 311A, 312B, 350 and at least one credit from 406, 410B, 412 or 421 and one other full chemistry or mathematics credit.

Combined with Physics

Chemistry 300A, 330A, 331B, 334B, 400B and 8880 with Physics 211, 220A, 221B, 314A, 315B, 320A, 321B, and 1 1/2 other chemistry or physics credits.

The above are only guidelines and students must consult the Chairman of the Department of Chemistry and the Chairman of the other area of study before registering in the combined programme.

Co-operative Education Programme in Chemistry DALCHEM CO-OP

The "Dalchem Co-op" co-operative programme in chemistry provides chemistry students with an integrated pattern of academic study and supervised work terms in industry, government laboratories and institutes, etc. The programme enables students to obtain a better appreciation of the practical problems they will face in their chemical careers upon leaving the University. The work term experience will give students a practical application of their newly acquired knowledge, and add to their motivation for academic study.

Eligibility

Students entering their second year of an honours programme in chemistry or combined honours programme at Dalhousie are eligible for admission. Application forms can be obtained from the Department office.

The Work-Study Programme

The programme consists of 8 arademic terms and 4 supervised work terms. A term is defined as a 4 month period, i.e. the summer term (S) from May through August, the fall term (F) from September through December, and the winter term (W) from January through April. Students normally follow one of two sequences:

Year	1		2			3			4		
	F	W	F	W S	F	W	S	F	W	S	F
Α	1	2	3	4 W1	5	6	W2	W3	7	W4	8
				4 W1							

Where the numbers 1-8 stand for fall or winter academic terms, and W1-W4 for work terms.

Classes and Degrees

The 8 academic terms allow for the accumulation of 20 class credits and the Honours Requirement, Chemistry 8880, satisfying the requirements for:

a) A B.Sc. degree with Honours in Chemistry

b) A B.Sc. degree with Honours in Chemistry (and Another Approved Subject) Combined.

The academic programme and required classes are the same as for the B.Sc. degree with Honours in Chemistry or the B.Sc. degree with Honours in Chemistry (and Another Approved Subject) combined, as described earlier, including Chem 388 and Chem 488. For detailed programmes consult the Programme Director. In addition, in year 2 Co-op students are required to participate in the non-credit course and lecture series "Chemical Practice".

The Work Term

The Programme Director contacts employers in Nova Scotia other Maritime Provinces or other parts of Canada, Cooperating employers will interview students available for placement approximately 2 months before the start of the work term. The employer pays the student at rates determined by the employer's wage structure. The Department works hard to ensure placements for all students, but it may happen that due to circumstances beyond the Department's control a given student will not find employment in a given term. Such cases should be rare, but students who find themselves in this position must still complete four work term placements before graduating. Each student will have a faculty advisor during his or her work term. The student is required to write a work term report for each work term, to be submitted to and graded (on a Pass/Fail basis) by the employer. Students who for some reason do not complete four work terms satisfactorily but who have completed all academic requirements can still graduate with an Honours Degree in Chemistry, but they will not have completed the Co-operative Education Programme.

Further Information

For further information contact the Programme Director, Cooperative Education Programme in Chemistry, Department of Chemistry, Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S., B3H 4J3.

Classes Offered

A or B indicates that the class is a half credit and will be offered in either the A or B term or in exceptional circumstances in both terms. The names of professors are those teaching the classes in 1981/82 and not necessarily those for 1982/83. Consult the timetable for up to date details.

Classes marked * are not offered every year. Please consult the timetable on registration to determine if this class is offered.

First Year and Senior Resource Centres are located in Rooms 167 and 166. The centres are staffed with people who can help with Chemistry problems and the facilities include study areas, computer terminals with special programmes designed for Chemistry students, molecular models, audio-visual aids and a small library.

105 Chemistry For Dental Hygiene Students, lect.: 3 h.; lab.: 3 h.; G.A. Dauphinee.

A credit class for students enrolled in Dental Hygiene only, Chemistry 105 will not serve as a prerequisite to second-year chemistry classes. The subjects discussed in the first term include atomic structure, solution equilibria and simple inorganic chemistry; organic chemistry is discussed in the second half of the year. Laboratory experiments are integrated with the material discussed in lectures.

110 General Chemistry, lect.: 3 h.; lab/tutorial: 3 h.; W.A. Aue, R.J. Boyd, W.J. Chute, J.A. Coxon, G.A. Dauphinee, C.G.

Flinn, K.R. Grundy, R.D. Guy, K.E. Hayes, D.E. Ryan, R. Stephens, C.H. Warren.

A study of the fundamental principles of chemistry with particular reference to stoichiometry, atomic and molecular structure, gases, liquids and solids, solutions, thermochemistry, equilibria, chemical properties of common substances, acid-base and oxidation-reduction reactions and chemical kinetics. Students enrolling in this class should have a background in chemistry at least equivalent to the Nova Scotia XI level. Those who do not should consult the Department. It is important that students be familiar with exponents and logarithms, proportionality and variation, graphical methods and be able to solve quadratic and simultaneous equations.

111 General Chemistry for Engineering Students, lect.: 3 h.: lab/tut.: 3 h.

Similar to Chemistry 110, but with a greater emphasis on the mathematical approach to chemistry. Basic chemical thermodynamics will be presented in an exact algebraic manner, and will include a study of isothermal and adiabatic transformations for ideal gas systems as well as isothermal equilibria between liquids and vapors. All of the other topics, such as gas phase equilibria, the Gibbs-Helmholtz equation, electrochemistry and reaction kinetics will be treated mathematically. Wherever possible examples and problems will be selected from the real world. This class is open only to students enrolled in the Engineering program.

112 General Chemistry for Pharamcy Students, lect.: 3 h.; lab/tut.: 3 h.

The content of this class is essentially the same as that of Chemistry 110 except that emphasis will be placed on certain areas of importance in Pharmacy.

120 Principles of Chemistry, lect.: 3 h.; lab/tut.: 3 h.

Similar to Chemistry 110 but with more emphasis on atomic and molecular structure, thermodynamics, equilibria and kinetics. This class is intended for prospective science students and for students who may wish to gain a more thorough introduction to the principles of chemistry. Students enrolling in this class must have attained high standing in high school chemistry. Concurrent enrollment in Mathematics 100 and 101 is required.

Any of Chem. 110, 111, 112 or 120 may serve as a prerequisite for any 200 level class in chemistry, and as a credit in the Faculty of Arts and Science. However credit will only be given for **one** of 110, 111, 112 or 120.

143 Introductory Chemistry and Biochemistry, lect.: 3 h.; lab./tut.: 3 h.; J.A. Pincock and F.I. Maclean.

Designed for Nursing students; for more details see School of Nursing's entry in this calendar. Material in the first term is given by the Department of Chemistry and includes the fundamentals of general and organic chemistry. In the second term medically relevant biochemistry is discussed by the Department of Biochemistry.

211A or B Introductory Inorganic Chemistry, lect.: 3 h.; lab.: 3 h; T.S. Cameron, K.R. Grundy. *Prerequisite:* Chemistry 110 (111, 112, 120).

The fundamentals of Inorganic Chemistry are covered. Specific topics include: ionic bonding and the nature of solids, the structure of atoms and simple molecular orbital theory, coordination chemistry of the transition metals and a certain amount of systematic chemistry of inorganic compounds. The preparation, analysis and observation of inorganic compounds are the laboratory assignments.

213A Inorganic Chemistry of Life, lect.: 2 h; lab.: 3 h; T.S. Cameron. *Prerequisite*: A good understanding of the prin-

ciples studied in Chemistry 110. This class may **not** be included in nine chemistry credits required for an honours chemistry degree, see Academic Programmes 5.3.6.1 (a) (i); it may however be taken by honours chemistry students in addition to these nine.

Inorganic elements and their compounds in living systems, their special properties, structures and reactivities are studied. The laboratory illustrates class work with experiments on compounds isolated from living systems and on inorganic compounds that are used as models for these systems.

220A or B Introductory Analytical Chemistry, lect.: 3 h; lab.: 3 h; L. Ramaley. *Prerequisite*: Chemistry 110 (111, 112, 120).

A thorough introduction to non-trace analytical techniques and to those instrumental techniques most often encountered in the laboratory. Topics include theory of titrations; gravimetric analysis; acid-base, precipitation and redox equilibria; spectrophotometry; potentiometry with ion selective electrodes; and chromatography. Examples of topics covered in the lecture are used in the laboratory, which involves both qualitative and quantitative chemical analysis.

230A An Introduction to Physical Chemistry, lect.: 3 h; lab.: 3 h. *Prerequisite*: Chemistry 110 (111, 112, 120), Mathematics 100, 101.

A basic introduction to the physical chemistry of gases, liquids, solids and solutions with the stress on the thermodynamics and kinetics at a macroscopic level. The laboratory sessions illustrate many aspects of the class work with modern techniques and apparatus.

233B Physical Chemistry for the Life Sciences, lect.: 3 h; lab./tut.: 2 h; J.C.T. Kwak. *Prerequisite*: Chemistry 110 (111, 112, 120). Chemistry majors may not apply credit for Chemistry 233B towards the major requirements of a degree in Chemistry, although they may take Chemistry 233B as an elective. Credit will not be given for both Chemistry 230A and Chemistry 233B nor for both Chemistry 234B and Chemistry 233B.

Those who do not plan a career in chemistry, but who can use the principles and concepts of physical chemistry in related areas, are introduced to the basic ideas of physical chemistry with the necessary mathematical concepts in simple terms. Previous knowledge of calculus is not necessary. The principal topics, chemical equilibrium, rate of chemical reactions, electrochemistry and properties of solutions will be treated by application to examples of biological and environmental interest.

234B Spectroscopy: Principles and Applications, lect.: 3 h; lab.: 3 h. *Prerequisite:* Chemistry 110 (111, 112, 120), Mathematics 100, 101 (unless taken concurrently) or permission of the instructor.

Scientists obtain a great deal of useful information from a study of the interaction between matter and electromagnetic radiation. The various regions of the electromagnetic spectrum will be discussed, with sufficient fundamental theory to enable the student to understand and interpret the type of information that may be obained.

240 Introductory Organic Chemistry, lect.: 3 h; lab.: 3 h; J.S. Grossert, D.L. Hooper, J.A. Pincock. *Prerequisite*: A good comprehension of the principles studied in Chemistry 110.

A broad introduction to the chemistry of carbon compounds, including molecular shapes and bonding, characteristic reactions and the way in which they take place, and the application of spectroscopy to organic chemistry. Laboratory work is designed to teach a broad range of fundamental operations

and techniques used in modern organic chemistry laboratories.

300A Introductory Theoretical Chemistry, lect.: 3 h; R.J. Boyd. *Prerequisites:* Mathematics 200 or 220 and Chemistry 211A/B or 230A or 234B.

An introduction to quantum mechanics and its application to spectroscopy and the electronic structure of atoms. The postulates of quantum mechanics are presented and applied to some simple physical systems, followed by a discussion of the rotations and vibrations of molecules, and the electronic structure of atoms and concluding with an introduction to the simple Hückel molecular orbital method.

311A Chemistry of the Main Group Elements, lect.: 2 h; lab.: 3 h; T.S. Cameron. *Prerequisite:* Chemistry 211A/B.

A systematic study of the chemistry of the main group elements, with particular emphasis on the nonmetals of the first and second row elements. Appropriate use will be made of modern bonding concepts. The laboratory introduces synthetic procedures for the preparation of inorganic compounds including study of their reactions. Some of these experiments involve special handling techniques, such as controlled atmosphere, high temperature or vacuum line manipulation.

312B Chemistry of the Transition Metals, lect.: 2 h; lab.: 3 h; O. Knop. *Prerequisites*: Chemistry 211A/B, Mathematics 100 and 101.

The transition elements and their complexes, using modern bonding theories (crystal and ligand field), are covered, unifying the chemical and physical properties of these substances. The laboratory experiments introduce procedures for the preparation and characterization of compounds of the transition elements.

321A Solution Equilibria and Analytical Spectroscopy, lect.: 2 h; tutorial: 1 h; lab.: 3 h; D.E. Ryan. *Prerequisite:* Chemistry 220A/B.

Chemistry 321A is organized into three units: 1. Introduction to Statistics; 2. Chemical equilibria and their analytical applications; and 3. Spectrochemical methods of analysis. Laboratory experiments illustrate the above techniques with practical examples.

322B Analytical Electrochemistry and Separations, lect.: 2 h; tutorial: 1 h; lab.: 3 h; R.D. Guy. *Prerequisites*: Chemistry 220A/B and 321A or permission of the instructor.

Chemistry 322B deals with the application of electrochemical and separation techniques to chemical analysis. The basic chemical and physical principles are explained, applications to analytical problems are examined and instrumentation is described. The laboratory work is concerned with practical examples of the above techniques in both qualitative and quantitative analysis.

330A Chemical Thermodynamics, lect.: 2 h; lab.: 3h; J.C.T. Kwak. *Prerequisites:* Chemistry 230A or equivalent and Mathematics 200 or 220. A good working knowledge of calculus is required. Partial differentials are used extensively.

The laws of thermodynamics are applied to systems which can undergo chemical as well as physical changes. The first part of the class introduces the thermodynamic quantities, and the calculation of these properties for a large variety of systems and physical and chemical changes. Special emphasis will be placed on the chemical potential and other partial molar properties. Non-ideal systems, solutions, and chemically reacting systems will be treated. In the laboratory 6 experiments are performed. There is one laboratory period per week. A formal report is submitted for each of the experiments.

331B Chemical Kinetics, lect.: 2 h; lab.: as needed; P.D. Pacey. *Prerequisites*: Chemistry 230A or equivalent. Mathematics 200 or 220 is recommended.

Chemical kinetics includes the treatment of experimental rate data obtained from simple and complex reactions, the steady state approximation and its application, the Rice-Herzfeld approach to complex reactions, photolysis, luminescence and special techniques for studying fast reactions. Examples are drawn from reactions in the gas phase and in liquid solutions. An understanding of the mechanism of chemical reactions is sought by using the methods of Absolute Reaction Rate Theory. The laboratory is open at all times. Each student will complete at least five experiments.

*33A or B Biophysical Chemistry, lect.: 2 h; lab.: 3 h; J.C.T. Kwak. Prerequisites: Chemistry 230A, 233B, or 234.

This class can be taken in the 3rd or 4th year of study, and provides a theoretical and practical introduction necessary for the application of physical chemistry in life sciences and medicine. Topics include equilibrium and transport properties of solutions, especially electrolyte solutions with applications, colloid chemistry and electrokinetic phenomena as applied to e.g. electrophoresis and centrifugation, and a description of membrane transport and coupled transport with examples of biological importance. The laboratory is on an open basis with at least four experiments completed during the term.

*334B Spectroscopy and Photochemistry, lect.: 2 h; lab.: 3 h. W.E. Jones. *Prerequisites:* Chemistry 234B, 300A.

The theoretical and practical aspects of atomic and molecular theory are applied to spectroscopic and photochemical problems.

341A or B Identification of Organic Compounds, lect.: 3 h; lab.: 3 h; T.P. Forrest. *Prerequisite*: Chemistry 240 (or equivalent).

The techniques necessary for the identification of organic compounds are introduced. Some presentation of the classical analysis methods is given, but the main emphasis is on modern spectroscopic techniques. The class builds on the framework of the functional group classification developed in introductory organic chemistry classes. Students work independently in the laboratory to identify unknown substances and to separate and identify components of mixtures using a variety of techniques.

342A or B Synthesis in Organic Chemistry, lect.: 3 h; lab.: 3 h; J.S. Grossert. *Prerequisite*: Chemistry 240 (or equivalent).

The reactions of a variety of functional groups and their application to multi-step organic syntheses is surveyed. Examples chosen include syntheses of compounds which are important to the chemical and pharmaceutical industries. Students work independently in the laboratory and carry out a variety of syntheses. Experiments are designed so that students will learn to monitor the purity of their products by the use of spectroscopic and other techniques.

343A or B Bioorganic Chemistry, lect. 3 hr.; T.P. Forrest. Prerequisite: Chemistry 240 (or equivalent). This class may not be included in the nine chemistry credits required for an honours chemistry degree. (Academic Programmes 5.3.6.1 (a) (1)). It may however be taken by honours chemistry students in addition to these nine.

Since molecules in nature operate under the same rules as those in an organic laboratory, one can apply the principles elucidated in the organic laboratory to the study of the behaviour of organic compounds in nature. To cause a reaction to occur in the laboratory it might be necessary to alter

functional groups and provide other conditions necessary to induce a particular reactivity. An analysis of the requirements for reactivity, methods by which these can be achieved and the influence of various factors on the outcome of reactions serve as the basis of this class using a framework of types of reactions and factors controlling reactivity rather than a survey of compounds found in nature.

388 General Topics in Chemistry. A non-credit seminar class to be given by invited speakers which must be taken by all 3rd year honours Chemistry students.

*400B Theoretical Chemistry, lect.: 2 h; C.H. Warren. Prerequisite: Chemistry 300A.

A continuation of 300A. Molecular orbital theory and its applications are examined in greater detail. Group theory is introduced and applied to spectroscopy and molecular orbital theory.

410A or **B** Inorganic and Organometallic Reaction Mechanisms in Synthesis, lect.: 2 h; lab.: 3 h. K.R. Grundy. Prerequisites: Chemistry 311 and 312 or permission of the instructor.

This class examines the fundamental aspects of inorganic reaction mechanisms such as substitution, isomerisation, oxidative addition, insertion, etc., together with their applications to inorganic synthesis. The laboratory is project oriented with each project illustrating the various mechanistic paths discussed in class. The experiments incorporate modern inorganic synthetic techniques and characterization by instrumental methods where appropriate.

412B Solid State Chemistry, lect.: 2 h; lab.: 3h; O. Knop. *Prerequisites:* Chemistry 211A or B, 330A, and 435A (or equivalents) or consent of instructor.

All chemical elements and compounds can exist as crystalline solids, and most of them normally do. The arrangements of atoms and molecules in such solids, known as crystal structures, closely reflect the bonding properties of the constituent elements. They can be studied by methods that do not destroy or modify the crystal structure. The methods most frequently employed for this purpose together with the principles of solid state chemistry in general are covered.

420A or B Analytical Instrumentation, lect.: 2 h; lab.: 3 h; L. Ramaley. *Prerequisites:* Chemistry 321A and 322B or permission of instructor.

Spectroscopic methods of elemental analysis. The theory and use of analytical instruments. Specific topics discussed change from year to year according to the interests of the professor and students.

421A or B Instrumental Analysis, lect.: 2 h; lab.: 3 h; W.A. Aue. *Prerequisites*: Chemistry 321A and 322B or permission of the instructor.

Various instrumental techniques are covered, with emphasis on separation methods for organic samples. Specific topics discussed change yearly according to the interests of the professor and students.

*430A or B Introductory Statistical Thermodynamics, lect.: 3 h; R.J. Boyd. *Prerequisite*: Chemistry 330A or permission of the instructor.

An introduction to the principles of statistical thermodynamics and quantum statistical mechanics. Wherever possible the application of statistical thermodynamics to chemical systems as well as physical and biological processes is emphasized.

435A Symmetry and Group Theory, lect.: 2 h; compulsory tutorial: 3 h; O. Knop and C.H. Warren. *Prerequisites*: Chemistry 211A/B and Mathematics 200 or 220, or consent of instructor.

The theory of abstract groups and their representations, crystallographic and non-crystallographic point groups, and an introduction to the theory of space groups are presented. Examples from stereo-chemistry, crystallography, and spectroscopy illustrate the theory. Knowledge of elementary manipulations of matrices and determinants is desirable.

440A or **B Spectroscopy of Organic Molecules**, lect.: 2 h; lab.: 3 h; D.L. Hooper. *Prerequisite*: Chemistry 341A, or equivalents, or permission of instructor.

Nuclear Magnetic Resonance experiments and their interpretation. Application of NMR and other spectroscopic methods in the structure determination of organic molecules.

441A or B Stereochemistry and Synthesis in Organic Chemistry, lect.: 2h; lab.: 3 h; T.P. Forrest. *Prerequisites:* Chemistry 341A, 342B or equivalent, or permission of instructor.

Organic stereochemistry and synthesis, illustrated with examples from natural products, are discussed. Laboratory experiments incorporate modern, advanced synthetic techniques and principles.

442A or B Organic Reaction Mechanisms, lect.: 2 h; lab.: 3 h; D.R. Arnold and K.T. Leffek. *Prerequisites:* Chemistry 341A, 342B and Chemistry 230A or equivalents, or permission of the instructors.

Methods for determining the mechanisms of organic reactions are discussed from the viewpoint of the physical organic chemist. Topics considered include applications of kinetic data, isotope and salt effects, linear free energy relationships and acid and base catalysis. The laboratory illustrates the variety of methods used to study the above topics.

488 Advanced Topics in Chemistry.

A non-credit seminar to be given by invited speakers which must be taken by all 4th year honours Chemistry students.

8880 Honours Examination

This is an additional class required of all Honour students in Chemistry in order to satisfy requirements 5.3.5.1 (c) or 5.3.5.2 (d) of Academic Programmes. It should be taken in the final year of a concentrated chemistry honours programme. All honours students, whether in concentrated or unconcentrated programme, must consult with the Chemistry Undergraduate Studies Committee Chairman, Dr. K.R. Grundy.

Graduate Studies.

The department offers graduate classes leading to the degrees of M.Sc. (both Full Time and Part Time) and Ph.D. Details of these programmes are in the Calendar of the Faculty of Graduate Studies.

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Classics

Chairman of Department

R. Friedrich

Professors

A.H. Armstrong, M.A. (Cantab.), F.B.A.

J.P. Atherton, M.A. (Oxon.), Ph.D. (Liverpool)—Graduate Studies Coordinator

R.D. Crouse, B.A. (Vind.), S.T.B. (Harv.), M.Th. (Trin.), Ph.D. (Harv.)

J.A. Doull, B.A. (Dal.), M.A. (Tor.)

G. Grant, B.A. (Queen's), D.Phil. (Oxon.), D.Lit. (Mt. A.), LL.D. (Dal.), LL.D. (Queen's), LL.D. (Tor.), F.R.S.C.

T.E.W. Segelberg, D.Th., F.K. (Upsala)

Associate Professors

R. Friedrich, Ph.D. (Gottingen) P.F. Kussmaul, Ph.D. (Basle)

Assistant Professors

W.J. Hankey, B.A. (Vind.), M.A. (Tor.)

D.K. House, M.A. (Dal.), Ph.D. (Liverpool)

C.J. Starnes, B.A. (Bishop's), S.T.B. (Harvard), M.A. (McGill), Ph.D. (Dal.)

Classics is the study of our origins - how the Christian-European tradition to which we belong arose out of the ancient civilizations of the Mediterranean area. The fundamental ideas and beliefs of Europeans and North Americans, by which we are distinguished from Chinese, Indians, and those of other traditions, were formed in the meeting of Greek and Oriental cultures in ancient times. To understand fully our own contemporary culture, we must study its historical origins.

Classics is more than the study of ancient languages. Languages are not learned for themselves, but because they are necessary for the scientific study of ancient history, literature, religion, mythology and philosophy. The Classics Department at Dalhousie provides instruction both in these subjects and in ancient languages. While previous preparation in one or more ancient languages is desirable, it is nevertheless quite feasible for a student who discovers an interest in classics to begin his language studies at university.

Students of classics usually learn Greek and Latin. Instruction may also be had in Hebrew, Coptic, Syriac and Arabic.

It is obvious that classics is worth studying for its own sake by students who wish to obtain a better understanding of the common assumptions and beliefs of our society. This knowledge has always been regarded as pertinent to a career in politics and the higher levels of the civil service. For those who are thinking of the clergy, classics is the most relevant preparation.

Clasical studies also prepare students for a life of teaching and scholarship in several directions. Now that Canada is no longer a colony culturally, but responsible for its own culture, we have great need of scholars and teachers who know about our origins. Teachers of classics for schools and universities are hard to find in Canada. Classics is also the best preparation for the study of non-European cultures (Chinese, Indian, Islamic, etc.), and there is a growing need for specialists in these fields. For the older history of philosophy, and for the history of Christian belief until, and including, the Reformation, a knowledge of classics is indispensable. The same may be said for mediaeval studies in general. Classics leads also to ancient Near Eastern Studies (Jewish, Babylonian, Egyptian, etc., and to archeology, etc.).

Degree Programmes

B.A. and B.Sc.

Of classes offered by the department, Classics 101,102,103, 200 and 207 and those classes in Ancient History and Religions and Ancient and Mediaeval Philosophy not having a Language prerequisite should be especially useful to students taking a bachelor's degree. All classes beyond the 100 level are available for major and minor programmes in

classics, and the Department will be glad to assist students in working out programmes according to their interests.

Honours Programmes

The candidate may choose between three programmes: B.A. with Honours in Classics (Ancient Literature), B.A. with Honours in Classics (Ancient History), or B.A. with Honours in Classics (Ancient Philosophy). In each case, it is highly desirable, but not essential, that the student begin the study of at least one of the classical languages during the first year of study. For purposes of meeting grouping requirements, Ancient History and Ancient and Mediaeval Philosophy classes may be counted either as Classics credits, or as History and Philosophy credits, respectively.

To receive an Honours degree in Classics:

(1) Students must complete nine to eleven classes in Classics beyond the 100 level chosen in accord with the general Faculty regulations for Honours.

(2) The programme must include work in either Greek or Latin Language and Literature to the 300 level and work in the other language to an appropriate level as determined by the Undergraduate Advisor.

(3) The programme must be approved by the Undergraduate

Whether the Honours degree is awarded in Ancient Literature, History or Philosophy will depend on the area of the Department's offerings in which a larger part of the work is done.

Combined Honours

Classics may be taken as part of a combined honours programme with French and German. Students interested in either of these programmes should consult with the chairmen of the respective departments.

Undergraduate Advisor

The programmes of all students majoring or honouring in the Department must be approved by the Undergraduate Adviser. Currently, Professor House holds the position.

Changes and Additions

As the Calendar goes to press before all plans for the next academic year are completed, there may be significant changes in the classes listed above. Students should consult the Department for names of instructors and revisions.

Classes Offered Literature, History and Philosophy

Classes marked * are not offered every year. Please consult the timetable on registration to determine if this class is offered. If this class is not listed in the timetable please consult the Classics Department.

Note: The Introductory classes, and the more elementary classes in Ancient History and Religions, and Classical Philosophy listed below do not require knowledge of the ancient languages. However, students who plan to do advanced work in any of these areas are advised to begin study of the appropriate languages as early as possible.

Introductory: Origins of the West

Classics 101 Ancient History: An Introduction to the Cultural History of the Ancient World, lect.: 2 hrs.; D.K. House.

The first term will be devoted to a study of the major preclassical civilizations (Sumer, Egypt, etc.) in which attention will be paid to the art, religion and social forms of these cultures as well as their political development; in the second term the civilizations of Greece, Rome, and Israel will be studied, and their issue in the Early Christian world considered. As the class is intended as an introductory one, no special preparation is expected, and there is no foreign language requirement.

classics

Classics 102 Archeology and Art, lect.: 3 hrs., W.J. Hankey, J.P. Atherton.

A is a study of Greco-Roman civilization from its origins to its dissolution, primarily through its visual art. By a study of sculpture, mosaic, painting and architecture and a reading of some crucial literary texts we attempt to see how the classical picture of the cosmos emerged and developed. The transformations in the view of nature and space are be considered up to the Renaissance.

This is an introductory class; no special preparation is expected and there is no foreign language requirement.

Classics 103 Origins of Western Thought: Introduction to Ancient Philosophy, lect.: 2 hrs., A.H. Armstrong, J.P. Atherton.

An introduction to classical culture through a study of its philosophical ideas. The ideas will be presented in the religious, literary, and social context of their historical development.

Classics 200 Classical Literature, lect.: 2 hrs.; C.J. Starnes and others.

An introduction to classical civilization by way of the literature, read in English translations. Authors studied will be Homer, the Greek Dramatists, Plato, Vergil and St. Augustine.

Classics 207/Comp. Lit. 207 Ancient Drama in relation to Modern Drama, lect.: 2 hrs.; R. Friedrich.

The first part deals with the Greek theatre (production, stage convention, the Dionysian festival, the ritual origins of drama) followed by a study of a number of Greek and Roman plays as well as Aristotle's Poetics and Horace's Art of Poetry. In the second part the influence of Greek and Roman drama and the impact of Aristotle and Horace on the formation of modern European drama will be traced through a study of a number of plays each representing a type of European drama ranging from Shakespeare to Brecht.

All plays will be studied in translation. This class is open to first-year students.

Ancient History and Religions

Classics 220 Ancient History: The Ancient City, lect.: 2 hrs., P.F. Kussmaul.

An introduction to Ancient History through a study of the constitutions of the Greek city states (especially Athens) and of Rome. Basic texts, such as Aristotle's Athenian Constitution, will be read in English translation. This class is open to first-year students. There is no foreign language requirement. This class is given alternately with 221.

Classics 221 Roman History: The Roman Empire and the Rise of Christianity, lect.: 2 hrs., P.F. Kussmaul.

A continuation of the introduction to Ancient History through a study of the institutions and constitutional arrangements of the Roman Empire from the time of Augustus. The relation of the Empire to Christianity will be a topic of primary interest. This class is given alternately with 220.

Classics 222 Greek History, lect.: 2 hrs.; D.K. House.

Given alternately with Classics 223 *.

Classics 223 Roman History: The Cultural History of the Roman World, lecture/seminar, 2 hrs., D.K. House.

Given alternately with Classics 222 *.

Classics 328/528 Christian Beginnings and the Early History of the Church, seminar 2 hrs.; E. Segelberg.

The study of the beginnings of the Christian Church against its Jewish background within the Hellenistic culture. The history of the Church will be followed up through the first 3-4 centuries. Emphasis will in alternate years be on various features such as the development of Christian Initiation, the Eucharist or Ministry and Authority.

Classics 329/529 Greek Religion, seminar: 2 hrs.; E. Segelberg.

The history of Greek Religion, with particular attention to the interpretation of myth.

Classics 326/526 Roman Religion, seminar: 2 hrs.; E. Segelberg.

Classics 327/527 Near Eastern Religion, seminar: 2 hrs.; E. Segelberg.

Classics 330/530 History of Christian Doctrine to Augustine, lect.: 2 hrs.; C.J. Starnes, W.J. Hankey.

The meaning of Christian doctrines in relation to their Jewish and Greek origins and their development in the classical world. The basic text will be Augustine, *The City of God.*

Given alternately with Classics 341.

Classics 352/552 Seminar on Problems of the Hellenistic Period, seminar: 2 hrs.; E. Segelberg. Religions in the Hellenistic Period.

Classics 453/553 Seminar on the Roman Empire and the Rise of Christianity, seminar: 2 hrs.; J.P. Atherton, P.F. Kussmaul.

Selected topics from the transition from Classical to Christian culture are studied. Particular attention will be paid to the connection between religious innovation and the effect of the new beliefs on literature, art and philosophy.

Classical Philosophy

Classics 336 Ancient Philosophy from its Beginning to the Sixth Century A.D. (Same as Philosophy 336), lect.: 2 hrs.; A.H. Armstrong, W.J. Hankey.

A survey of the whole history of ancient Greek philosophical thought from its beginnings in Ionia in the sixth century B.C. to the end of the public teaching of Greek philosophy by non-Christians in the sixth century A.D. Proper attention is paid to the great classical philosophies of Plato and Aristotle studied in their historical context: and much emphasis is laid on the Greek philosophy of the first centuries A.D. and its influence on developing Christian thought.

Classics 337 History of Christian Doctrine II: From Augustine to Calvin, W.J. Hankey *.

Classics 338 Mediaeval Philosophy, (Same as Philosophy 338), lect.: 2 hrs.; R.D. Crouse.

A study of the development of philosophy in the formative age of European civilization and examines related political, institutional, literary and theological concerns. An attempt is made to show how the legacy of classical and Christian antiquity was appropriated and reformed to constitute the ideology of mediaeval Christendom.

Devoted mainly to the study and discussion of a few fundamental texts, beginning with Boethius' Consolation of Philosophy. Special attention is given to Anselm's Proslogion and the first few questions of Thomas Aquinas' Summa Theologica. It is the object of lectures to present the continuity of the historical development and to emphasize the broad implications of the philosophical doctrines presented in the texts. In the later part of the class, some attention is given to late mediaeval Platonism and Mysticism, so that something can be shown of the beginnings of Reformation and modern philosophical and religious thought.

Classics 340 The Dialogues of Plato, seminar: 2 hrs.; D.K. House.

This class presupposes some knowledge of the history of Ancient Philosophy, and some knowledge of Greek.

Given alternately with Classics 350.

Classics 341 St. Augustine's Confessions, seminar: 2 hrs.; C.J. Starnes. *

This class presupposes some knowledge of the history of Ancient Philosophy, and some knowledge of Latin.

Given alternately with Classics 230.

Classics 345/German 365 Hegel's Philosophy of Nature, J.A. Doull, W.J. Hankey.

Hegel's Philosophy of Nature and its relation to ancient physics and modern science. The class will endeavour to discover in what sense a thinking of nature as essential continuity with ancient physics is currently possible or in what sense modern natural science constitutes a philosophy of nature

Given alternately with Classics 420.

Classics 350 Aristotle, seminar: 2 hrs.; D.K. House.

This class studies a treatise of Aristotle, usually the *DeAnima* or the *Physics*. It presupposes some knowledge of Ancient Philosophy and some knowledge of Greek.

Given alternately with Classics 340.

Classics 420/567 Ancient Practical Philosophy, seminar: 2 hrs.; J.A. Doull, W.J. Hankey.

Given alternately with Classics 345.

Classics 430/560 Seminar on the Philosophy of Aristotle, seminar: 2 hrs.; J.A. Doull.

Classics 431/561 Seminar on the Philosophy of Plato, seminar: 2 hrs.; T.A. Doull, G.P. Grant

Classics 432/562 Ancient and Modern Dialectic, seminar: 2 hrs.; J.A. Doull.

Dialectical method in Fichte, Schelling and Hegel in relation to Plato and Aristotle.

Classics 440/570 Seminar on the Philosophy of the Church Fathers, R.D. Crouse.

Given alternately with Classics 445.

Classics 445/564 Mediaeval Interpreters of Aristotle, seminar: 2 hrs.; J.P. Atherton, R.D. Crouse.

Given alternately with Classics 440.

Classics 450/580 Seminar on Neoplatonism, seminar: 2 hrs.; A.H. Armstrong.

Topics from the history of Neoplatonism and its relation to the theology of the Greek Church will be studied.

Classics 458/558 Reading and Research.

Classics 490/590 Departmental Seminar, seminar: 2 hrs.

Classical Languages and Literature

Greek 100 Introductory Greek, lect.: 3 hrs.; D.K. House.

This is the beginners' class in the Greek language, and no previous knowledge is required. The aim is to teach the student to read a Greek text. After he has become accustomed to the new alphabet—which does not take long—the study of grammar is introduced along with reading and translation of texts from original Greek literature.

Greek 200 Intermediate Greek, lect.: 3 hrs.; staff.

Greek 200 is a continuation of Greek 100. The aim is to develop the student's ability and to read and translate prose as well as poetic Greek texts.

Greek 300 Advanced Greek, seminar: 2 hrs., J.A. Doull, Prerequisite: Greek 200

This class which will read both a prose and a poetic work is the normal third class in Greek.

Greek 301/501 Greek Epic, seminar: 2 hrs.: R. Friedrich. Prerequisite: Greek 200

Greek 302/502 Greek Lyric, seminar: 2 hrs.: staff. Prerequisite: Greek 200

Greek 303/503 Greek Drama: Tragedy, seminar: 2 hrs.; R. Friedrich. *Prerequisite:* Greek 200

Greek 304/504 Greek Drama: Comedy, seminar; 2 hrs.; R. Friedrich. *Prerequisite*: Greek 200

Greek 305/505 Greek Philosophical Texts I, seminar: 2 hrs.; staff. Prerequisite: Greek 200

Greek 306/506 Greek Philosophical Texts II, seminar: 2 hrs.; staff. Prerequisite: Greek 200

Greek 307/507 Greek Philosophical Texts III, seminar: 2 hrs.; staff. Prerequisite: Greek 200

Greek 308/508 Greek Historians, seminar: 2 hrs.; staff. Prerequisite: Greek 200
Greek 309/509 Greek Literary Criticism, seminar: 2 hrs.;

Greek 310A & B Reading and Research, seminar: 2 hrs.; staff. Prerequisite: Greek 200

Greek 312 Biblical Greek

R. Friedrich. Prerequisite: Greek 200

This class will enable the student who already knows the basics of Classical Greek to familiarize himself with koine-Greek as it is found in various New Testament authors. The Greek of the Septuagint will also be taken into account.

Greek 410/510A/B Reading and Research, staff. *Prerequisite*: any 300-level class.

Latin 100 Introductory Latin, lect.: 3 hrs.; C.J. Starnes.

An introduction to Latin through the study of its basic grammar.

Latin 200 A Study of Latin Prose and Poetry, lect./discussion: 2 hrs., P.F. Kussmaul.

A study of the poetry and prose literature of Rome through a selection of texts: particular attention will be paid to improving the students' command of the grammar and syntax of the Latin language.

Latin 204 Latin Philosophical Texts, lect.: 2 hrs.; R.D. Crouse *Prerequisite*: Latin 100 or Senior Matriculation in Latin.

The purpose is to give students experience in reading philosophical Latin. Various authors will be read from Cicero to the late Middle Ages.

Latin 206 Latin Historical Texts, lect.: 2 hrs.; J. P. Ather-

Latin 350/550 Roman Satire, seminar: 2 hrs.; staff.

Latin 351/551 A Study of Vergil, seminar: 2 hrs.; J.P. Atherton. *Prerequisite:* A class in Latin at the 200 level.

A study of the development and importance of Vergil's basic themes and ideas embodied in the Aeneid. In the first part of the class special attention is given to his early work the Bucolics, where his themes begin to appear, and their development is then followed through the relevant parts of the Georgics. The main part of the class is devoted to the reading and discussion of the chief themes of the Aeneid, especially as they illustrate Roman political, religious and social ideas which have greatly influenced our own beliefs and institutions.

Latin 352/552 Advanced Reading in Latin Literature, staff.

Latin 360/560: Latin Religious Poetry, seminar, 2 hrs.; J.P. Atherton, P.F. Kussmaul.

A study of religious poetry written in the Latin language from the Carmen Saliare (680 B.C.) to Calvin's Epinicon (1544 A.D.) and the poems of Leo XIII (1890 A.D.).

Latin 400/500 Reading and Research, staff.
Latin 405/505 Reading and Research, staff.

Near Eastern Languages

The classes in Hebrew, Coptic, Syriac and Arabic, are available as electives at the discretion of the Department, only in relation to the needs of the particular student.

Note: The classes in Hebrew and Arabic are taught by the Atlantic School of Theology.

Hebrew

101 Elementary Hebrew and Introductory Readings, J.B. Hardie.

202 Intermediate Hebrew, J.B. Hardie.

303 Advanced Hebrew, J.B. Hardie.

Coption

101 Introduction to the Coptic (Sahidic) Language and Literature, E. Segelberg.

200 Reading of Selections from other Coptic Dialects, E. Segelberg

301 Selected Coptic Texts, E. Segelberg

402/502 Reading of Coptic Texts, E. Segelberg.

Partly Nag Hammadi Papyri, and partly Manichaean texts.

Syriac

100 Introduction to the Syriac Language and Literature, E. Segelberg.

200 Syriac Language and Literature, E. Segelberg.

Reading of some early writers such as Aphrates and Aphrem, the famous hymnographer.

300 Advanced Syriac, E. Segelberg.

Reading of selected Patristic texts.

Arabic

Students wishing to take a class in Arabic must consult with the Department before registering for the class.

100 Introductory Grammar and Reading of Texts.

200 Intermediate Arabic

Comparative Literature

A. Andrews (Theatre) (Chairman)
J.A. Barnstead (Russian)

S.A.M. Burns (Philosophy)

R. Friedrich (Classics)

F. Gaede (German)

H.R. Runte (French)

R. Runte (French)

F. Gaede (German)

R.M. Huebert (English)

S. Jones (Spanish)

M.C. Sandhu (French)

H.G. Schwarz (German)

H.S. Whittier (English)

R.M. Martin (Philosophy)

S. Mendel (English)

J.M. Kirk (Spanish)

COMPARATIVE LITERATURE, despite its name, is not so much defined by 'comparisons' as by studies involving literary works which belong to more than one literature and language. The idea of a national literature (English literature, French literature, Canadian literature, etc.) is of relatively recent date. It originated in the 18th century with the rise of national consciousness; yet at the same time the traditional broad unity of all literatures reasserted itself in Goethe's concept of 'world literature'. In Comparative Literature the literary work is treated in its double aspect of belonging to a national literature as well as forming part of world literature. Comparative Literature has various approaches. It implies the study of themes and motifs (e.g. Faust, myths, etc.) as they recur in literary works of different ages and literatures; of literary genres such as drama, epic or romance; of periods (e.g. Renaissance, 18th century, etc.); of movements (e.g. Romanticism, Symbolism, etc.); of authors writing in different languages but linked by influences; of the reception of the work of an author in another literature (e.g. Shakespeare in Germany). The relationships of literature to the other arts (e.g. film, the fine arts, music, etc.) may also be a subject of Comparative Literature; and last but not least, Comparative Literature forms a bridge between literature and other fields in the humanities such as philosophy, religion, and politics.

The Departments of Classics, English, French, German, Philosophy, Russian, Spanish, and Theatre offer the following classes in Comparative Literature. Classes which are crosslisted may form part of an area of concentration. All lectures are given in English and works are read in English translation unless otherwise noted.

Classes Offered

Classes marked * are not offered every year. Please consult the current timetable on registration to determine if this class is offered

Note: At present the Comparative Literature Programme is being fundamentally revised; the entries may therefore be outdated at the time when this Calendar will be published. Students interested in the Comparative Literature Programme should contact A. Andrews, Theatre Department, 424-2233.

100 Introduction to Comparative Literature

This is an introduction to an understanding of man's approach to the problems of life through the study of selected masterpieces of European literature which may include works by Dante, Chaucer, Cervantes, Shakespeare, Molière, Goethe, and others.

Note: English 100 or Classics 100 is acceptable as an equivalent to Comparative Literature 100.

201 The History of the Theatre, A. Andrews

Note: This class is cross-listed as Theatre 201.

203 Masterpieces of Western Literature, H.S. Whittier

Note: This class is cross-listed as English 203.

Note: This class is cross-listed as English 204. * 207 Ancient Drama in Relation to Modern Drama, R. Friedrich

Note: This class is cross-listed as Classics 207.

* 210 Theories and Manifestations of Love in Medieval Europe, H.R. Runte

A literary and anthropological study of major poetic, romanesque, and dramatic works by English courtly poets, French troubadours, and German Minnesänger, with special emphasis on their relation to our time.

* 212 Realism and the 18th Century English and French Novel. R. Runte

Novels by such authors as Marivaux, Richardson, Prévost, Fielding, Rousseau, Diderot, Smollett, and Laclos are studied Aspects of realism in style and structure provide the basis for comparison/contrast of the works read.

* 214 Arthurian Romances, H.R. Runte

A historical, archaeological, cultural and literary investigation of French, English, and German Arthurian texts dealing with the medieval legend of King Arthur and the Knights of the Round Table. All readings in modern English translations.

* 215 Women in Literature and Society, R. Runte

A panel of professors present women as authors and the role of the woman and her portrait in literature as a reflection of society in England and France with appropriate references to Italy and Germany. The development of the woman's image is be studied chronologically with reference to contemporary themes and problems.

* 216 Bertolt Brecht and the Tradition of Drama, F. Gaede

Note: This class is cross-listed as German 210.

217 Faust — a Secular Path to Salvation

Note: This class is cross-listed with German 215.

218 Germanic and Greek Mythology

Note: This class is cross-listed as German 235.

237 Restoration and 18th Century Comedy, R. Runte

A comparative study of English and French plays by such authors as Wycherley, Etherege, Congreve, Steele, Sheridan, Molière, Lesage, Marivaux, Voltaire, and Beaumarchais. Critical essays on comedy are studied with a view to defining the universal, national and temporal nature of comic elements in the works read.

270 Philosophy in Literature, R.M. Martin

Note: This class is cross-listed as Philosophy 270.

350 The Modern Theatre, A. Andrews

Note: This class is cross-listed as Theatre 350.

490 Dramatic Theory and Criticism, and the Aesthetics of the Theatre, A. Andrews

Note: This class is cross-listed as Theatre 490.

Computing Science

The following programmes are now offered leading to a B.A./B.Sc.: Majors in Computing Science; Combined Honours with a variety of other subjects; Co-operative Education Programme in Mathematics and Computing Science combined. Enquiries should be directed to the Department of Mathematics. Statistics and Computing Science. A concentrated Honours programme has recently been approved by the University Senate but is not yet implemented.

The following classes should be included in most programmes.

1st year	Math 100A Math 101B	;	CS 140 CS 141
2nd year	Math 203A Math 204B	;	CS 245 CS 261
3rd year	CS 369	;	CS 370

The classes in italics are required for all programmes. Most students will also complete CS 235, and CS 227; the former is particularly recommended for those interested in business or administrative computing and the latter is recommended for those interested in science and engineering applications.

Students interested in the Co-operative Education Programme in Mathematics and Computing Science should refer to the description under mathematics. Further information may be obtained from the Programme Director.

Students who complete the first two years of a Dalhousie programme in Computing Science may complete their programmes at Dalhousie or may be able to transfer to the Technical University of Nova Scotia (TUNS) to complete a Bachelor of Computing Science with Engineering options. Further information about the classes required for admission to the TUNS programme may be obtained from the Department of Mathematics, Statistics and Computing Science or TUNS.

A student may not receive credit for both CS 140 and Engineering 240 or either of the previous classes Math 225 (in 1978-79) or CS 240. The latter two classes may be used instead of CS 140 as prerequisite for further CS classes.

A student may not receive credit for both CS 141 and the previous class CS 240 in 1978-79. Whenever CS 141 is a prerequisite the latter will serve instead. Note that credit may not be obtained for the same class twice even if the number has been changed (eg. 261 is the same as the former 360).

Classes marked * are not offered every year. Please consult the timetable on registration to determine if this class is offered.

140A/B Introduction to Computing Science, lect.: 3 hrs.; tut.: 1 hr. Prerequisites: Nova Scotia Math 012 or equivalent.

This class together with CS 141 provides a general introduction to algorithmic concepts, structured programming, and Computing Science. Students develop programming skills in a higher-level language such as COBOL 74, Pascal or Fortran 77, with emphasis on structured programming. The exercises involve primarily non-numerical tasks including character manipulation and sequential file processing.

141B Applications and Algorithms, lect.: 3 hrs.; tut.: 1 hr. Prerequisites: CS 140 and Math 100.

This is a continuation of CS 140. The applications tend to be more mathematical and include numerical calculations with truncation and rounding errors, statistics, modeling and simulations, data processing, non-numerical applications involving networks and graphs, interpreters and translators.

Students are introduced to elementary data structures and algorithm analysis.

227B Introduction to Numerical Linear Algebra, lect.: 3 hrs. (Same as Mathematics 227B). Prerequisites: Math 101, 203 and CS 141.

For description see Mathematics 227B.

computing science

235A Introduction to File Processing, lect.: 3 hrs. Prereguisite: CS 140 including COBOL. Recommended: CS 141.

This class begins with a review of sequential file algorithms. However, the primary subject is direct-access file systems and the various access methods. Some of the theoretical topics covered include hashing and tree data structures appropriate for file directories. Internal and external sorting methods are covered in considerable detail.

245A Introduction to Computer Systems, lect.: 3 hrs. Prerequisite: CS 141.

An introduction to machine architecture from the perspective of an assembly language programmer. Students gain familiarity with an assembly language and the translation process needed to produce machine code. Common addressing modes, macros and file I/O are discussed together with the internal structure of memory, control units and processing

261B (formerly 360) Data Structures and Algorithmic Analysis, lect.: 3 hrs. Prerequisite: CS 245.

Data types and the operations on them are covered in this class, including stacks, queues, trees and various linked structures. The efficient representation of graphs and the corresponding algorithms are discussed. Considerable emphasis is placed on the analysis of algorithms.

304A/B Introduction to Computer Organization, lect.: 3 hrs. Prerequisite: CS 245.

An introduction to logic design and detailed computer architecture. Basic logic elements such as gates and flip-flops are discussed and the design of combinational networks, registers and control mechanisms analyzed. Internal representation and arithmetic, communication between components, instruction fetch and sequencing, interrupts and 1/0 controllers are also discussed.

*309A/B Computers and Society, lect.: 3 hrs. Prerequisite: CS 141.

The impact of computers on society is discussed in this class. Topics include the history of computing and technology, the place of the computer in modern society, legal issues such as the copywriting of software, the computer scientist as a professional, the impact of databanks on individual privacy and the public perception of computers and computer scientists.

321A (formerly part of 320) Introduction to Numerical Analysis, lect.: 3 hrs. (same as Mathematics 321A). Prereguisites: Mathematics 200 and CS 227.

See class description for Mathematics 321A.

*322B Numerical Solutions of Ordinary Differential Equations, lect.: 3 hrs. (same as Mathematics 322B). Prerequisites: CS 321 and Mathematics 311, 309.

See class description for Mathematics 322B.

325A/B Data Base Management Systems Design, lect.: 3 hrs. Prerequisites: CS 261, CS 235.

The concepts and structures necessary to design and implement a data base management system are stressed. Hierarchical, network and relational models are discussed with emphasis on the necessary logical and data structures. Various normal forms and canonical schema are discussed as well as the concepts of relational algebras and rational calculus.

369A (formerly 270) Programming Languages, lect.: 3 hrs. Prerequisite: CS 261.

The emphasis is on fundamental concepts such as block structure and recursion and structured control flow. Exercises are given in several languages such as Algol or Pascal, Snobol, Lisp and APL. On completion of this class students should be competent programmers, able to program in any language given appropriate reference material.

370A/B Operating Systems I, lect.: 3 hrs. Prerequisite: CS 261. Recommended: Mathematics 207-208.

This class covers the principles of modern operating system design with examples from existing systems. Specific topics include: concurrent processes, interprocess communication, synchronization, scheduling policies, multi-level storage management, and associated algorithms.

*375B Artificial Intelligence, lect.: 3 hrs. Prerequisite: CS

An introduction to basic concepts and techniques of artificial intelligence or systems with insights given into active research areas and applications. Representational issues and notational structures are emphasized and existing systems are surveyed. Students work on a fairly large project using

381B (formerly Physics 421) Microcomputers in the Real World, lect.: 3 hrs. (same as Physics 3810B). Prereguisite: CS 245.

See class description for Physics 3810B.

*410A/B Operating Systems II, lect.: 3 hrs. Prerequisites: CS 370B. Mathematics 207-208.

A further development of the material of Operating Systems I. Topics include concurrent processes, address space management, resource allocation, multiprogramming systems, protecting access to objects, pipelining, user interfaces and networks.

*413A/B Analysis of Algorithms, lect.: 3 hrs. Prerequisite:

This class covers algorithmic solutions to a wide variety of problems and a formal analysis of their complexity. It is a continuation of the 261 class. Problems are taken from combinatorics and numerical computation including algorithms for unordered and ordered sets, graphs, fast multiplication, prime testing, factoring, polynomial arithmetic and metric operations. Other topics include the analysis of algorithms used in systems programming and artificial intelligence such as pattern matching for text processing and algorithms in natural language processing.

*414A/B Software Design and Development, lect.: 3 hrs. Prerequisite: CS 261.

This class involves a formal approach to state-of-the-art techniques in software design and development. Students work in teams in the organization, development and management of a large software project. Formal models of structured programming, stepwise refinement and reorganization. top-down design, strength and coupline measures, milestones and estimating, chief-programmer teams, program libraries and documentation are included.

*415A/B Theory of Programming Languages, lect.: 3 hrs. Prerequisite: CS 261.

This is a class in the formal treatment of programming language translation and compiler design concepts. Topics include lexical analysis and parsing with emphasis on the theoretical aspects of parsing context-free languages, translation specification and machine-independent code optimization. Finite state grammars, lexical scanners, and context-free parsing techniques such as LL(k), procedence, LR(k), SLR(k) are included.

*427A/B Numerical Software, lect.: 3 hrs. Prerequisite: CS 321.

The design and implementation of reliable programmes and libraries for numerical computation are the foci of this class. Program libraries such as EISPAC, LINPAC and IMSL are reviewed. Particular attention is paid to the choice of subroutine parameters and the tradeoffs between convenience, simplicity and generality.

*466A/B Automata and Computability, lect.: 3 hrs. (same as Mathematics 466A/B) Prerequisite: CS 141. Coreguisite: Mathematics 303.

This class deals with finite state, pushdown and linear bounded automata: their correspondents in the Chomsky hierarchy for formal grammars and Turing machines. Appropriate closure properties and non-determinism are discussed as well as computable and noncomputable functions and the Halting problem.

Economics

Chairman of Department

R.I. Comeau

Professors

R.L. Comeau, B.A., M.A. (St. F.X.), Ph.D. (Brown)

J.L. Cornwall, B.A. (Iowa), M.Sc. (Lond.), Ph.D. (Harv.)

R.E. George, B.Sc. (Lond.), M.A. (Brist.), Ph.D. (Lond.), William A. Black Professor of Commerce

J.F. Graham, B.A. (U.B.C.), M.A., Ph.D. (Col.), F.R.S.C. Fred C

Manning Professor of Economics E. Klein, LL.M. (Buenos Aires), M.Sc. (Dal.), Dr. Rer. Pol. (Hamburg) Coordinator of Craduate Studies

Z.A. Konczacki, B.Sc. (Lond.), B.Econ. (Natal), Ph.D. (Lond.)

C.T. Marfels, Dr. Rer. Pol. (Berlin)

R.I. McAllister, M.A. (Oxon), M.A. (Cantab.)

N.H. Morse, B.A., M.A. (Acad.), Ph.D. (Tor.)

A.M. Sinclair, B.A., (Dal.), M.A., B.Phil. (Oxon.), Ph.D. (Harv.)

Associate Professors

F.M. Bradfield, B.Comm. (McM.), Ph.D. (Brown)

M.G. Brown, B.A. (W.Ont.), M.A. (Queen's), A.M. (Chi.), Ph.D. (Chi.)

P.B. Huber, B.A., M.A., Ph.D. (Yale)

G. Kartsaklis, C.E. (Athens), Dr. Rer. Pol. (Bonn) B. Lesser, B. Comm. (Dal.), M.A. (Corn.), Ph.D. (Corn.)

L. Osberg, B.A. Hons (Queens), M.Phil., Ph.D. (Yale)

T.A. Pinfold, B.A., M.A. (W. Ont.), Ph.D. (Minn.)

U.L.G. Rao, M.A., M.Sc. (Andhra), Ph.D. (W.Ont.)

Assistant Professors

M.L. Cross, B.A. (Montana), M.A. (S.F.U.), Ph.D. (Texas A. & M.) S. DasGupta, B.A. (Calcutta), M.A. (Delhi), M.A. (Rochester) Ph.D. (Rochester) Coordinator of Admissions for Graduate Programmes W.A. MacLean, B.A. (M.S.V.), Ph.D. (Dal.)

Special Lecturer

K. Scott Wood

Economics is a social science—a science because it involves a rigorous intellectual effort to derive logical conclusions from basic facts and propositions; a social science because it has human beings and their welfare as its ultimate concern. The basic facts of Economics cannot be knowable and measurable with the same precision as those of the physical sciences-human society and its motivations are far too complex to permit this—but none of the sciences surpasses economics in its relevance to our needs and problems and goals. Economic man is rational man consuming, organizing and producing within a framework of laws and customs in an effort to use the limited resources of our world efficiently for the greatest satisfaction. It is not an easy science; indeed it is one of the most complex, difficult (and fascinating) areas of study you could choose in the university when you pursue it beyond its elementary levels, but some basic knowledge of economics is essential for any educated person. A more extensive knowledge of the subject is an invaluable complement to other fields of specialization such as law, commerce, politics and other studies in social sciences or humanitiesand a specialization in the field can lead to a variety of interesting career opportunities.

B.A. Degree Programme (Three Years)

Students choosing to major in economics at the undergraduate level may do so in the three-year B.A. Programme or they may seek a higher level of specialization in the four-year Honours Programme. Several combined programmes may also be arranged with economics as the major or minor subject in association with such other fields as political science, sociology, history, geology, biology, mathematics - and possibly others.

Final programme approval for all majors' students must be obtained from the appropriate coordinator.

General Principles: The following programme arrangements are provided to the students as guidelines to facilitate the selection of classes appropriate to particular areas of interest. They should not, however, be construed as strait-

iackets nor as a reason for not seeking individual guidance from faculty members. In suggesting such programme frameworks, two principles have particular weight: (a) students taking economics as a major, or in an honours programme, should strike a balance between breadth of coverage among disciplines and depth of specialization in economics; (b) students taking economics as a minor or as a component of another specialization, such as commerce, should be allowed a reasonable degree of flexibility in their choice of economics classes.

General Format: Requirements for a major in economics can be satisfied by taking Economics 1100 or equivalent and any four other full-year classes, or equivalent, in economics. However, a student who desires to take a major in economics with more than the minimal requirements should undertake a programme of study along the following lines:

Year 1: Principles of Economics; Mathematics 100/101, or equivalent (usually Mathematics 110); and three classes in fields other than Economics.

Year 2 and 3: A minimum of 5 and a maximum of 8 classes in Economics; Classes in Political Science, History, Mathematics and other related subjects are to be taken to bring the total of classes over the three-year period to 15.

No more than one credit will be given for Economics 1100, 1110, and 1120. For persons considering an honours degree, or any advanced work in economics, intermediate micro and macro economic theory classes and intermediate statistics (Economics 2228 or equivalent) are mandatory. No more than one-half credit will be given for Economics 2200A/B and 2220A/B, or for Economics 2201A/B and 2221A/B.

Specific Programmes

economics

Students wishing to take a set of classes which provide both depth and coherence in a particular area of economics should examine the following programme suggestions:

Canadian Development Studies, Economic Analysis and Policy, Economics and the Citizen, Economics and Government, Economic Development in Historical Perspective, International Development Studies, Labour and Society, Mathematical Economics and Econometric Methods. Regional and Urban Economics, or Resources and Environ-

The details of these programmes are in a brochure obtainable from the Department of Economics.

Students with interests not covered in the above-listed programmes are encouraged to set up their own programmes with the advice and approval of the Department. The Department is prepared to assist students who wish to devise their own programmes under the present curriculum regulations. Interested students should consult the Undergraduate Coordinator.

B.A. Honours Degree Programme (Four Years)

The necessary core classes for an Honours Degree in Economics are: Economics 1100 or 1110; 2220 (A or B); 2221 (A or B); 4420A; 3321B; 2228; Mathematics 100A/B and 101A/B or equivalent; a course in Economic History; a class in the History of Economic Thought. A minimum of nine classes in Economics, beyond the elementary level, is required.

The student's programme is chosen in consultation with the Department and must have the approval of the Department. The 21st mark required for the honours programme is based on an honours essay, graded on a pass/fail basis. Of the classes selected outside of economics in the third and fourth year, students must include at least two classes above the elementary level.

Students are advised that mathematics is required for graduate work in most good graduate schools. The value of econometrics and of additional mathematics is therefore stressed. In some instances, the Department may permit students to take classes in other subjects in lieu of classes in economics and may permit minor variations in the required classes. Students must arrange their courses to ensure that they satisfy the overall requirements for the General B.A.

Combined Honours

Combined honours programmes may be arranged with other departments. Combined programmes with Biology, Geology, History, Mathematics, Political Science or Sociology are available; others can be arranged with consultation. For combined honours programmes with economics where the major concentration is in the other discipline, students should consult the other departments concerned.

Classes offered

Classes marked * are not offered every year. Please consult the timetable on registration to determine if this class is of-

1100 Principles of Economics, lect.: 3 hrs., tutorial: 1 hr., (optional) various members of staff

For those lacking a background in economics, taken as the first in a series of classes in economics or as a background elective. Emphasis is on developing the basic analytical tools and applying them in the context of contemporary, and generally Canadian, economic problems. Section 5 of Economics 1100 offers a problem-oriented framework in which the analytical tools are developed by examination in each term of a specific question.

1120 Principles of Economics: A Historical Approach, lect.: 2 hrs., tutorial: 1 hr., B. Lesser, Note: Economics 1120 is not open to Commerce students needing to satisfy their Economics 1100 requirements.

Episodes from Canada's past, such as the economic factors leading to Confederation, the development of the Prairie wheat economy, the building of the CPR, the beginnings of U.S. investment in Canada, and the Great Depression, are examined as a means of developing the basic analytical principles of economics.

2200A/B Intermediate Microeconomics, lect.: 3 hrs.; various members of staff. Prerequisite: Economics 1100 or

An introduction to micro-economic theory and its applications which satisfies the minimum micro-economic theory requirements for majors and honours in economics. Of particular interest to Commerce students, or others not majoring in economics paying particular attention to applications of theory in a practical context. Microeconomic prereguisite for higher-level classes in economics. Note: Students may not take both 2200A/B and 2220A/B.

2201A/B Intermediate Macroeconomics, lect.: 3 hrs.; various members of staff. Prerequisite: Economics 1100 or equivalent.

Inflation, unemployment exchange rate and related macro problems, with emphasis on Canadian policy experience in these areas. Of particular interest to commerce students or others not majoring in economics, serving as the macroeconomic prerequisite for higher-level classes in economics. Note: Students may not take both 2201A/B and 2221A/B.

2220A/B Micro-Economic Theory, lect.: 3 hrs.; (offered both terms). Prerequisite: Principles of Economics.

Micro-economics deals with the economic behaviour of

households as purchasers of output and suppliers of input services, and of firms as producers of outputs and purchasers of inputs, as well as with the behaviour of groups of households and firms. In addition to standard topics, an introductory treatment of general equilibrium, external economies, and welfare economics is included. Emphasis is on theoretical ideas, while applications of these ideas are also considered. Of particular interest to those planning to major or honour in economics. Note: Students may not take both 2200A/B and 2220A/B.

2221A/B Macro-Economic Theory, lect.: 3 hrs.; (offered in both terms). Prerequisite: Principles of Economics.

The various models that economists use to analyze an economy at the macroeconomic level are developed, showing how they relate to the formulation of macroeconomic policy. Of particular interest to those planning to major or to do honours in economics. Note: Students may not take both 2201 A/B and 2221 A/B.

2222A Economic Statistics I, (same as Commerce 204A), lect.: 3 hrs.; workshop: 2 hrs.; various members of

For description see Commerce 204A.

2223B Economic Statistics II, (same as Commerce 205B), lect.: 3 hrs.; workshop: 2 hrs.; various members of staff

For description see Commerce 205B.

2228 Intermediate Statistics, lect.: 3 hrs.; U.L.G. Rao. The student is expected to have at least a one-year course in calculus (Mathematics 110 or 100) and preferably linear algebra too.

The basic theory of mathematical statistics. An introduction to econometrics, this class concentrates on the theory of probability, discrete and continuous probability models, mathematical expection, moment generation functions, and statistical inference. The general linear model is also discussed. A critique of various problems that arise consequent to violations of the assumptions of the general linear model is presented as a preparation for applied econometric work and advanced work in econometrics.

2231B Health Economics, lecture and seminar: 3 hrs.; M.G. Brown. Prerequisites: Principles of economics; Economics 2220A/B is desirable.

An examination of the allocation of resources to and within the health care sector of an economy. Characteristics claimed to be unique to the health care sector are analysed within an economic framework. Determinants of demand, supply and use of health services are examined with particular reference to the organization and evolution of Canada's health care system. This one-term survey class consists of a literature review, lectures, and student seminar presentations on selected topics. To accommodate part-time students the class meets during late afternoon or evening, one day per week.

2232 Canadian Economic History, lect.: 3 hrs.; N.H. Morse. As prerequisite, a class in economics principles and some knowledge of history would be beneficial.

The development of Canada from the age of discovery to now, presented in relation to the larger system of the relationships between the Old World and the New. As the class proceeds, the focus shifts more and more towards Canada and more formal theory is introduced in discussing Canadian problems and policies, especially in the twentieth century.

2234A/B* Pre-Colonial Economic History of Sub-Saharan Africa, lect.: 2 hrs.; Z.A. Konczacki. No prereguisites are required, although Introductory Economics and some knowledge of history is desirable.

An introduction to the most important problems of African pre-colonial economic history. In addition to the development of African economies and factors which influenced it Arab and early European penetration and its economic impact are dealt with.

2235A/B* Economic History of Tropical Africa: Colonial Period, lect.: 2 hrs.; Z.A. Konczacki. No prerequisites are required, although Introductory Economics and Economics 2234A/B are desirable.

An era which began with the "scramble" for African colonies. and ended with the coming of independence is dealt with. A survey is provided of colonial economic policies, prior to World War II, problems of their implementation and eventual introduction of the "development and welfare" ap-

2238A* The Industrial Revolution in Europe, lect.: 2 hrs.; Z.A. Konczacki and P.B. Huber. Prerequisite: Introductory Economics or permission of Instructor.

Transitions from preindustrial to industrial economies in England, France, Germany and Russia form a broad background for understanding the roots of contemporary society; of particular relevance for those interested in the economic history of Canada, the United States and other countries formerly part of a colonial system. Emphasis is on the economic, social, and technical changes of these industrial "revolutions" to disclose common elements in the experience of industrialization.

2239B* The European Economy in Historical Perspective: After the Industrial Revolution, lect.: 2 hrs.: P.B. Huber and Z.A. Konczacki. Prerequisite: Introductory Economics or permission of the Instructor.

A self-contained class (may be taken separately from Economics 2238A) examining the contrasting development patterns of various industrialized European countries after their respective industrial revolutions and up to about 1960. Focus is on the development of hypotheses regarding the causes and effects of differences in the experience of growth of mature economies.

2241A* Comparative Economic Systems: National Economies, seminar: 2 hrs., P.B. Huber, Prerequisite: Introductory Economics.

A detailed background of institutional material on the structure and performance of several economies is featured. Reading on specific countries provides the basis for several short papers. There is no written examination. A student taking this class must understand the interrelated character of economic activity and grasp the nature of the price system.

2242B* Comparative Economic Systems: Economic Organization and Planning, seminar: 2 hrs., P.B. Huber. Prerequisite: Introductory Economics, plus an additional halfclass in Economics.

The economic behaviour of organizations and the ways in which this can be controlled provides the basis for consideration of the theory and practice of economic planning at micro-economic and macro-economic levels in various institutional contexts.

2250 Applied Development Economics, seminar: 2 hrs. and tutorials, R.I. McAllister. Prerequisites: Introductory **Economics**

Analysis of economic development theory and practice, with particular emphasis on developing countries and regions. There are three main elements: (1) policy and theory for economic development, focussing on foreign aid and regional aid; (2) development plans, budgets, and programmes—lessons from experiences of agencies such as CIDA, CUSO, and the World Bank; (3) projects for development-drawing on case studies and first-hand field work. Experienced advisers from government and the private sector join the instructor during project visits.

economics

3315A Labour Economics, lect. 3 hrs.; L. Osberg. Prerequisite: Economics 1100: Economics 2200 and 2201 (or equivalent) are recommended.

The theory of labour markets is emphasized, in particular the alternative viewpoints which seek to explain relative wages, unemployment and the allocation of labour.

3316B* Collective Bargaining and Labour Market Policy, lect. and seminar: 3 hrs; L. Osberg. Prerequisite: Economics 3315A.

Topics covered are the theory and institutions of collective bargaining and current issues in labour market policy, e.g. discrimination, manpower planning, wage/price controls, impact of unemployment insurance or the negative income tax.

3317B* Poverty and Inequality, lect. and seminar; 3 hrs.; L. Osberg. Prerequisite: Economics 1100; Economics 3315A is highly recommended.

The extent of poverty and the distribution of income and wealth in contemporary societies are discussed. Most data are drawn from Canada but international evidence is introduced for comparative purposes. The theory underlying alternative measures and explanations of economic inequality is emphasized.

3321A/B Macro-Economic Theory, lect.: 3 hrs.; J. Cornwall. Prerequisite: Economics 2221A/B and Mathematics 110 (or equivalent).

For those who wish to do relatively advanced work in economic theory, possibly with the thought of going on to do graduate work in economics. The class assumes some knowledge of calculus. Topics covered include: classical models of income and employment; Keynesian models of income and employment; the theory of economic growth (including two-sector models); and trade cycle models.

3322B* Inflation, Stagflation and Macroeconomic Policy, lect. 3 hrs.; J. Cornwall. Prerequisite: Economics 2201

A consideration of different theories of inflation that have been developed to explain the acceleration of inflation in the past decade. Alternative policy solutions are appraised. Forms of incomes policy are taken up in some detail.

3324 Public Finance, lectures and seminar: 3 hrs.; J.F. Graham. Prerequisite: Introductory Economics, Economics 2200A/B or 2201A/B or 2221A/B are desirable.

The principles of public finance and public policy, i.e. the economics of the public sector. The two major sections are (1) the theory of public goods and public expenditures and (2) the theory of public revenue, principally taxation. Other important areas are public borrowing, fiscal (stabilization) policy, and intergovernmental fiscal relations. Both normative and positive theory are considered. Particular attention is paid to the Canadian federal system, with its three levels of government: federal, provincial, and municipal.

3326A Money and Banking, lect.: 3 hrs.; R.L. Comeau. Prerequisite: Introductory Economics; Economics 2221A/B is desirable (complemented by Economics 4426B).

Deals with the nature and operation of the financial system. with particular reference to Canadian experience. It is concerned with financial instruments and institutions and the process of the social control of the supply of money and

3327* History of Economic Thought, lect.: 3 hrs.; N.H. Morse. Prerequisite: Economics 1100. Classes in micro- and macro-economics are advised.

The approach taken is to study 'the intellectual efforts that men have made in order to understand economic phenomena'. The presentation is largely non-mathematical: the main requirement is an ability to read and assimilate a certain body of literature rather quickly.

3328 Industrial Organization, lect.: 2 hrs.; C. Marfels. Prerequisites: Economics 2200A/B or 2220A/B which may be taken concurrently. Students may also be admitted by permission of the instructor.

The application of the models of price theory to economic reality. In any industry, the problems of a firm competing with its rivals in order to survive and acquire a higher market share are far more complex than those in price-theory where we have to deal with more or less simplified assumptions. The three main parts are: Market structure, market conduct and market performance

3330A* International Trade, lect.: 3 hrs.; A.M. Sinclair. Prerequisite: Introductory Economics and 2200A/B or

The causes of international exchange of goods and services are considered and the effects of international integration on the incomes and growth rates of national economies are analyzed. The theory and practice of commercial policy and other restrictions on trade are considered after the pure theory of international trade and its implications have been explored. Depending upon class interest and availability of time, the subjects of economic integration and of Canadian commercial policy may be discussed in some detail.

3332B Resource Economics, lect.: 3 hrs.; N.H. Morse. Prerequisites: Introductory Economics, Economics 2220A/B is also desirable.

This class focusses on economic theory pertaining to fisheries and the economic history of the Canadian Atlantic and Newfoundland fisheries since 1870. Reference is made to other resource sectors - agriculture, forestry, mining and energy and students may undertake study of them.

3333A/B* Theories of Economic Development, lect.: 2 hrs., Z.A. Konczacki. Prerequisite: Introductory Economics. A class in macro-economics equivalent to Economics 2201A/B or 2221A/B and Economics 3327 are desirable.

A theoretical framework for the understanding of the process of economic development in the more and the less developed countries is provided with a view to its eventual application to the solution of practical problems. The concluding seminars are devoted to the problem of the foundations of the theory of economic development, and the distinction between the concepts of unilinear and multilinear evolution is discussed.

3334A/B* Economic Development: Recent Debates, Controversies and Conflicts, lect.; 2 hrs.; Z.A. Konczacki. Prerequisite: Economics 1100. Economics 2201 or 2221 and Economics 3333A/B are desirable

Whereas Economics 3333A deals with the more rigorously defined theories and models and their appraisal, this class focuses on the development policies and related controversies. Important examples of such controversies and conflicts,

with far reaching developmental consequences are provided. Attention is paid to the much debated environmental aspects of growth and development.

3336B Regional Development, seminar: 2 hrs.; and tutorials; R.I. McAllister. Prerequisites: Introductory Economics; at least one class in both Political Science and Canadian History are desirable.

Most countries have richer and poorer regions. The energy crisis has raised additional complications. Economic development issues, policies, and theories facing more industrialized nations are analyzed with particular focus on Canada (especially the Atlantic region), the European Economic Community, U.S.A., Japan, and Australia.

3337A/B* Recent Economic Developments in Sub-Saharan Africa, lect.: 2 hrs.; Z.A. Konczacki. Prerequisites: Introductory Economics. Economics 2234A/B and 2235A/B are desirable.

The last decade of development is highlighted through a discussion of a large variety of topics relating to internal problems and external economic relations.

3338A Introductory Econometrics I, lect.: 3 hrs.; W.A. MacLean. Prerequisites: Mathematics 100 (or equivalent) and one of Economics 2228, Economics 2222A and 2223B or Mathematics 106A.

The theory of some quantitative methods commonly used by economists is introduced in the context of the classical linear model. Estimation problems caused by violations of the assumptions of the classical model are discussed including heteroskedasticity, autocorrelation and simultaneous equations bias.

3339B Introductory Econometrics II, lect.: 3 hrs.; W.A. MacLean. Prerequisite: Economics 3338A.

Practical problems associated with economic data and with model specification and estimation are discussed. The techniques introduced in Introductory Econometrics I are used to estimate simple economic models. Some additional methods of estimation and forecasting are introduced.

3340B* Models of Communication and Transportation, seminar: 2 hrs.; P.B. Huber. Prerequisites: Economics 2220A/B and 2221A/B.

The influence of space and time as well as the interpersonal interaction involved in communication introduces modifications into micro-economic demand and supply models in these industries. In addition, regulation imposes constraints. Some of these issues are reviewed; if time permits, cost and benefit calculations in these industries are examined.

3341A/B* Urban Economics: Growth and Development of Urban Areas, seminar: 3 hrs.; T.A. Pinfold. Prerequisite: Intermediate Macro-economics is strongly recommended.

A study of the economic aspects of urban growth historically and in modern times. Cities are treated as macro-economic aggregates in the analysis. Participants deliver seminar papers and write one major analytical paper.

3342A/B* Urban Economics: Economics Analysis of Urban Problems, seminar: 3 hrs.; T.A. Pinfold. Prerequisite: Intermediate Micro-economics. Introductory Statistics is desirable.

The economic aspects of problems that emerge from the ongoing, dynamic functioning of life in urban areas. Urban problems are those related to land use within the city, with a highly inter-related character. The tools of micro-economics are used to study urban economic issues and problems. Par-

ticipants prepare seminar papers and undertake a major analytical paper.

3350A/B* Social Cost Benefit Analysis, seminar: 3 hrs.; T.A. Pinfold. Prerequisites: Introductory Economics; Intermediate Micro-economics and Introductory Statistics are desirable.

The methodological base of social cost benefit analysis is developed, demonstrating some practical applications. Social cost benefit analysis and capital budgeting are two approaches to investment decision making. The former is used by public sector agencies; the latter is employed by private sector firms. Similarities and differences in the two approaches are highlighted. Solving problems which illustrate basic concepts and a paper reporting on an actual application of the methods taught are important requisites.

3432* Regional Economics, seminar 3 hrs.; F.M. Bradfield. Prerequisite: Economics 2220A/B.

Why economic growth tends to be differentiated regionally. A variety of growth theories are examined, followed by a discussion of empirical efforts and their assessment from the various theoretical points of view. Policy discussion and the presentation of seminar papers are involved. Some framework for understanding the reasons for the development of regional problems is provided. Focus is on the underdeveloped regions of developed nations.

4400A Linear Models I, lect. 3 hrs.; S. Dasgupta Prerequisites: Intermediate Micro and/or Macroeconomics and a class in linear algebra are desirable. Admission by permission of instructor possible.

Exposition of aspects of economic theory from the standpoint of linear economic models. A brief systematic exposition of linear programming, followed by applications such as in: Theory of the Firm, Leontief Inter Industry Model, Transportation problems, International Trade, General Equilibrium Theory, Game Theory.

4409B* Linear Models II, lect. 3 hrs.; S. Dasgupta. Prerequisites: Economics 4400A and a class in calculus are desirable. Admission by permission of instructor possible.

Introduction to dynamic models of economic growth and planning over time. Efficient programs of capital accumulation, growth with terminal objectives and balanced growth, optimal savings over time, theories of interest and capital, money, exhaustible resources and population are

4420A Micro-Economic Theory, lect. 3 hrs.; E. Klein. Prerequisite: Economics 2220 or 2200. Mathematics 100 and 101 are desirable.

A basic but rigorous introduction to modern microeconomic theory. Deals in detail with the theory of choice as applied to consumers and firms, and discusses the working of an economy as a system of interdependent decision-makers. Emphasis is on the comparison of alternative solution concepts for competitive economies ending with an introduction to stability theory.

4426B* Monetary Policy, lect.: 3 hrs.; R.L. Comeau. Prerequisites: Economics 2221A/B. It is advantageous for students to have completed Economics 3326A as well.

Assuming a basic knowledge of monetary institutions and macro-economics, a critical analysis of the objectives and effectiveness of monetary policy is developed. Particular attention is given to the Canadian experience and the effectiveness of Canadian policy.

4431A* International Payments, lect.: 3 hrs.: A.M. Sinclair. Prerequisites: Economics 2201A/B or 2221A/B.

economics

Selected topics in recent international monetary history are examined, the causes of and remedies for external imbalance in national economies are considered, and the reorganization of the international monetary system is discussed. Depending upon class interest, certain issues of international development finance and problems of instability and growth in the international economy may be discussed in detail.

4433B* Intergovernmental Fiscal Relations, seminar: 2 hrs.; J.F. Graham. Prerequisites: Principles of Economics. Economics 2200A/B or 2220A/B, and 3324 are recommended.

The principles of intergovernmental fiscal adjustment and their application in a federal political system, particularly Canada, at both federal-provincial and provincial-municipal

4440 Applied Development Economics, seminar: 2 hrs. and tutorials; R.I. McAllister. Prerequisite: Economics 1100 and a basic class in statistics.

Following the outline of Economics 2250, but requiring a substantial background in economics, political science, history, sociology, and commerce.

4446B Classical Liberalism, and Democracy (Seminar in Philosophy, Politics, and Economics), 2 hrs.; D. Braybrooke.

(Same as Philosophy 447A and Political Science 4479A.)

4447B The Theory of Games as an Approach to the Foundations of Ethics and Politics (Seminar in Philosophy, Politics and Economics), 2 hrs.; spring term, D. Braybrooke.

(Same as Political Science 4485B.)

4448A Social Choice Theory, (Seminar in Philosophy, Politics, and Economics), 2 hrs., D. Braybrooke.

(Same as Philosophy 448A and Political Science 4480A.)

4449B The Logic of Questions, Policy Analysis, and Issue Processing, (Seminar in Philosophy, Politics, and Economics), 2 hrs., D. Braybrooke.

(Same as Philosophy 449B and Political Science 4490B.)

Graduate Studies

The Department offers a graduate programme leading to the M.A. and Ph.D. degrees. Details of these programmes, including a list of graduate courses, are given in the Calendar of the Faculty of Graduate Studies. Senior undergraduates may be admitted to some graduate classes at the discretion of the instructors concerned.

Education

Chairman of Department

L.E. Haley, B.S.A. (Tor.), M.S.A. (Tor.), Ph.D. (California)

Professors

E.Z. Friedenberg, B.A. (Centenary), M.A. (Stanford), Ph.D. (Chicago) W.F. Hare, B.A. (London), M.A. (Leics.), Ph.D. (Toronto) J.D. Myers, B.A. (Tor.), M.A. (Tor.), Ph.D. (Edinburgh) (Dir. Part-time

Studies and Extension) **Associate Professors**

A. Barton, M.A. (Trinity) A. Burton, B.Ed. (Sask.), M.Ed. (Alberta)

R. Gamberg, B.A. (Brandeis), M.A. (Illinois)

D. Huegel, B.A. (Cal. St. Univ.), M.Sc., Ph.D. (Columbia)

P. Keane, B.A. (Manch.), M.Ed. (Bristol), Ph.D. (Bath)

T. Laidlaw, B.A., M.Ed. (Calgary), Ph.D. (Alberta)

J. Manos, B.A., B.Ed. (St. F.X.), M.Ed. (Calgary), Ph.D. (Alberta)

E.T. Marriott, B.A. (Mt.A.), M.Ed. (Tor.) (Dean, Student Services)

J.M. Newman, B.Sc. (Dal.), M.A. (Tor.), Ph.D. (Tor.)

H.E. Poole, B.A., M.A. P.G.C.E. (Birm), Ph.D. (Tor.)

J.B. Roald, B.Ed. (U.B.C.), M.Ed. (Wash.), Ed.D. (U.B.C.)

S.W. Semple, B.A. (Syd.), M.Ed., Ed.D. (Tor.)

S.S. Sodhi, B.A., B.T., M.A. (Punjab), Dip. Guid (Delhi), B.Ed., Ph.D. (Alberta)

Assistant Professors

R.N. Berard, B.A. (Antioch), M.A. (McMaster), B.Ed. (Dal.), Ph.D. (McMaster)

E. Ricker, B.A. (Tor.), M.Ed. (U.B.C.), Ph.D. (Tor.)

B.A. Wood, B.A. (Tor.), M.Ed. (Ottawa), Ph.D. (Ottawa)

Lecturers

M. Crowley, B.A. (Miami), M.A.T. (Johns Hopkins)

J.M. DeWolf, B.A. (Kings), B.Ed., M.A. (Dal.)

L. Dubinsky, B.A. (Dal.), M.A. (N.Y.U.)

B.E. Gesner, B.A., B.Ed., M.A. (Dal.) (Dept. of French)

P.P. Grimmett, B.A. (Hons.) (Newcastle-upon-Tyne), Dip. Ed. (Keele),

M.A., M.Ed. (Alberta) A. Manicom, B.Ed. (McG.), M.Ed. (Atl. Inst. Educ.)

D.W. Russell, B.Pharm., Ph.D., D.Sc. (London), B.Ed. (Dal.) (Dept. of Biochemistry)

Instructors

B. James I. Altheim W. Kwak I Amai L. DeVillers

The problems of education have been the subject of serious study since at least the time of Plato and Aristotle. What kinds of things can be taught? How are we to choose those who will teach our children? What is worth learning? It is now clearly recognised that education is an important and interesting field of study in which historical, psychological, philosophical and sociological inquiries, among others, can be pursued. Many students who elect to take classes in the Department of Education do so because they are interested in the questions raised for their own sake. Others are interested in education as a programme of professional preparation. Such students will include in their programmes classes in methodology and field experience, but even here it is not the view of the Department that such preparation can be construed narrowly as training. The study of education should alert the student teacher to the assumptions which lie behind the methods of teaching being considered, and should ensure that these assumptions do not go unchallenged. It is important that we do not become so fascinated with the question of how something can be taught that we forget to ask if it should be taught at all. A consideration of this question leads inevitably to issues in those disciplines which chiefly illuminate educational theory.

Programmes:

- 1. A sequential B.Ed. course of one year which may be taken by students who have already completed a B.A., B.Sc. or B.Com. degree course or otherwise fulfill the requirements for admission to the B.Ed. programme.
- 2. Part-time study toward a B.Ed.

- 3. Classes which may be used for credit toward a B.A. or B.Sc. These classes may be chosen from the following areas: Sociology of Education, History of Education, Philosophy of Education, and Educational Psychology. Students intending to take education classes for credit toward a B.A. or B.Sc. degree should consult Arts and Science regulation 5.2.1.5. Some classes are cross-listed with other departments, e.g. French, German, Philosophy, so that a student who is not enrolled in a B.Ed. programme, may register for such a class through the cognate department.
- 4. A four-year integrated course at the end of which students are awarded simultaneously the degrees of B.A. or B.Sc. and B.Fd.
- 5. B.Ed. for Vocational Teachers.
- 6. Joint B.Ed. Nova Scotia Teacher's College Dalhousie.

Traditionally the programmes are divided into Elementary and Secondary. The divisions are much less distinct now, and this is reflected in the large number of options available in some courses.

The department encourages the development of experimental projects involving alternative courses to the traditional ones. Students interested in participating in such projects are invited to indicate this on the Departmental Application form and to discuss possibilities during their interview for admission.

B.Ed. Elementary and Secondary Programmes

Entry Requirements

- 1. B.A., B.Sc., or B.Com. by September in the year of application. Candidates with other bachelor degrees should enquire from the Secretary, B.Ed. Programme.
- 2. Applications from all students are welcomed. Opportunity to draw attention to strengths is provided by the letter of application.

Application

Upon request, a student will receive a Dalhousie University Application form, the Department of Education Application form, two reference forms, and further details from the Admissions Office, Dalhousie University, Halifax, Nova Scotia. Application should be made by May 30. Decisions for admission will be made as early as possible. Since enrollment is limited there will be no guarantee of admission after May 30, although applications will be considered until August 15.

An interview is arranged with the Department of Education after initial application has been made. The date of interview must be confirmed by the applicant.

Selection is based on:

- 1. Academic record: All applicants, including Dalhousie graduates, must ensure that their transcripts are forwarded to the Admissions Office.
- 2. References; and
- 3. Responses on application form.

Students completing this process, and satisfactorily meeting the criteria established by the Department of Education of each of these stages, are required to attend a personal interview. Other arrangements are made for applicants from outside the Maritime Provinces. Only after the interview or its substitution will a decision be made as to whether a student will be offered a place in the B.Ed. programme.

Classes in the B.Ed. programme may be grouped into three general categories:

Educational Foundations—Classes which are intended to develop theoretical perspectives as a basis for professional

performance. There are four main subdivisions in this category—sociology of education, history of education, philosophy of education, and educational psychology. These classes are found in the calendar under course numbers—4000 to 4399.

Methods and Field Experience—Classes which deal essentially in an applied manner with teaching and learning and the evaluation of learning. These classes are found in the calendar under course numbers—4500 to 4999.

Electives—These classes should provide supporting experience for other classes in Education, additional academic preparation, or an introduction to areas of potential student interest. Electives may be chosen from any course offered in the B.Ed. programme or classes in other departments of the Faculty of Arts and Science.

1. B.Ed. Sequential Course

A. Elementary

Candidates for the degree of B.Ed. (Elementary) must complete successfully the following: a mininum of 4 half-credit courses covering all four Education Foundation areas—sociology, history, philosophy and educational psychology; 4 half-credit courses in Elementary methods; 1 credit in Education 4900 (Field Experience); 1 credit in Special Education, as required by the Provincial Department of Education; and 1 further credit from any area of the programme.

B. Secondary

Candidates for the degree of B.Ed. (Secondary) must complete successfully the following: a minimum of 4 half-credit courses covering all four Education Foundation areas—sociology, history, philosophy and educational psychology; 1 full credit in a methods course in their major subject area; 1 full credit in Education 4900 (Field Experience); 1 credit in Special Education, as required by the Provincial Department of Education; and 2 further credits from any area of the programme.

Students planning a B.Ed. following a B.A., B.Sc., or B.Com. should be aware that at present certain areas of concentration in the first degree might not easily lead to teacher certification. They are advised to consult with the Coordinator of the B.Ed. Programme when drawing up their programme for the first degree.

2. Part-time study toward a B.Ed.

Students registered part-time at Dalhousie University are permitted to take classes in Education leading to a B.Ed. degree, elementary or secondary. Individual timetables may be planned in consultation with the Department of Education, Dalhousie. See course requirements for B.Ed. Sequential—elementary or secondary.

3. Education Foundation Classes

Acceptable for credit towards a B.A. or B.Sc. degree. Classes are numbered from 4000 to 4399. See Arts and Science regulation 5.2.1.5.

4. B.Ed. Elementary and Secondary Integrated (Fouryear) Course

In the integrated course, the classes in education are integrated with academic classes in the second, third, and fourth years, the first year being confined to the regular classes required for the B.A. or B.Sc. degree or Kings' Foundation Year. Students may also enter the integrated programme after their second year.

The ten classes in Arts and Science taken in the second and subsequent years must meet the requirements set forth in Degree Programmes, section 5.2.1.

Education course requirements for elementary and secon-

dary integrated students are the same as those required by sequential students. The year of study in which the various education classes are to be taken is up to the individual. An exception to this is the methods and field experience. The integrated student, both elementary and secondary, should plan third and/or fourth year classes in consultation with the Department of Education so that methods classes and field experience may be accommodated. It is advised that all integrated students meet with their Faculty Adviser early in their second year to plan a suitable programme.

Students admitted into the integrated programme must maintain a minimum of a B-average in work completed for both degrees.

Enquiries, and application for admission to the Integrated Course, should be made to the Secretary, B.Ed. Programme, Dalhousie University by May 30 of the student's first or second year at Dalhousie University.

Students wishing to obtain a B.Ed. and a B.A. or B.Sc. with honours should consult the Department of Education and the department or departments in which they wish to do their honours work not later than the beginning of their second year in order that a proper sequence of classes may be arranged. Five years from senior matriculation are normally sufficient to complete this course of study.

5. B.Ed. for Vocational Teachers

Entry Requirements

The applicant must:

education

- 1. Be employed in the industrial services or technical occupation fields in a vocational school or in a similar capacity in the field of public or continuing education.
- 2. Have had the required number of years, specified below, of specialized training and experience in the industrial, services and technical occupation fields. The number of years will be that required by the Nova Scotia Department of Education for employment in the area of specialization.

Application

Write to the Registrar, Dalhousie University, asking for University Application form, the Department of Education application form and two reference forms.

Candidates for the degree of B.Ed., admitted under the regulations in this section, will complete 15 credits, selected in accordance with the following rules:

1. Five of the fifteen credits *must be* in education selected as follows:

Three classes in education foundations with a minimum of one-half credit in each of the following categories:
(a) Sociology of Education (class numbers 4000 to 4090)
(b) History of Education (class numbers 4100 to 4190)
(c) Philosophy of Education (class numbers 4200 to 4290)
(d) Educational Psychology (class numbers 4300 to 4390);
Two other education classes.

 Ten credits in classes offered in the Faculty of Arts and Science, selected so as to satisfy the following requirements:
 (a) Three of the ten credits may be education classes or Arts and Science classes.

(b) Seven of the credits must be classes offered in the Faculty of Arts and Science outside the Department of Education. At least two of the seven credits must be at the second-year level or above.

3. Transfer Credit

The candidate may receive up to three credit transfers for completion of the three-year interprovincial summer school programme of basic training. This includes credit for practice teaching which meets Department of Education requirements. Evidence of candidate's performance as a teacher is required.

6. Joint B.Ed. Nova Scotia Teachers College-Dalhousie

Applicants must have completed the three year Associateship of NSTC. This joint B.Ed. programme requires fifteen credits and is subject to the following conditions:

- 1. Six of the fifteen credits must be in Education and selected to meet the following requirements:
- a) Up to five of these may be taken at NSTC and must meet Dalhousie transfer credit regulations.
- b) At least one Education class must be taken at Dalhousie.
- 2. Nine of the fifteen credits must be in classes offered by Arts & Science and selected so as to satisfy the following requirements:
- a) Up to five of these may be taken at NSTC and must meet Dalhousie transfer regulations and not be in Education.
- b) Three of these classes must be taken at Dalhousie in Arts & Science subjects other than Education and at least two must be above the first year level.
- c) One class, taken at Dalhousie, shall be chosen in consultation with the student's adviser.

Transfer of Credit

Decisions concerning transfer of credit will be made following consideration of transcripts and students' intended areas of study. Normally, 3-1/2 credits from another university or non-degree status will be considered for transfer credit. Enquiries should be directed to the Secretary, B.Ed. Programme.

Students who wish to obtain the degree of B.Ed. with transfer of previous credit must obtain the degree of B.A., B.Sc., or B.Com., and apply for admission to the B.Ed. programme. Graduates of non-degree granting Teachers Colleges should note that the following guidelines are used in transfer of credit: Graduates of an acceptable three-year programme are required to take an additional two and one-half classes. Graduates of an acceptable two-year programme are required to take an additional three and one-half classes. Graduates of an acceptable one-year programme are required to take an additional five classes. The actual selection of classes is made to suit the needs of each student and the student is advised accordingly when the file is examined. See also Regulations 1.5 and Admissions, Sec. 4 for further details.

Certification of Teachers

Licenses to teach are issued by the Department of Education, Province of Nova Scotia. According to the regulations of the Province of Nova Scotia, every applicant for a Teacher's license or Professional Certificate must submit with his application, documentary evidence (in a form prescribed by the Minister of Education) respecting the applicant's moral character, age, health, training, and qualifications. Further information may be obtained from the Registrar, Nova Scotia Department of Education. Graduates with senior matriculation are entitled to a Teacher's Certificate, Class 5 in Nova Scotia. All other B.Ed. Graduates should consult the Registrar, Nova Scotia Department of Education concerning class of Teacher's Certificate. Students from other provinces should consult the appropriate provincial department of education for certification and licensing information.

Classes Offered

The following list represents the 1980-81 classes. Minor changes will be noted in the preregistration material sent to the students who are accepted into the programme.

Certain Education classes are offered in Summer School. Details may be obtained from the Director of Summer School and Extension. Classes marked * are not offered every year. Please consult the timetable on registration to determine if this class is offered.

EDUCATIONAL FOUNDATIONS

1. Sociology

4000 Sociology of Education

Two lecture hours per week. Mainly theoretical, the accent is on the rationale and assumptions of educational systems, socialization in Canadian Society, and the positing of alternatives to traditional educational practices.

Offered as two half classes: 4001A: first term (one-half credit), 4012B: second term (one-half credit).

4020 Sex Roles

The identification and analysis of problems deriving from sex roles form the core of this class. Emphasis is on female roles—actual and potential—in contemporary Canadian society. The analysis will focus, in part, on socialization and the internalization of sex roles. The significance of factors, such as class and race, which relate to an understanding of the subject will also be considered. Towards the end of the class, some attention is given to possible approaches to solutions of the problems which have been identified and analysed.

4030 Education, Ideology, and Revolutionary Change in China

Beginning with a brief examination of the forces and conditions that led to the 1949 revolution in China, this class traces economic, social, political and ideological developments to date. Special emphasis is given to the Cultural Revolution of the 1960's and its impact on ideological outlooks and social policies. The major theme underlying this consideration of revolutionary change in China is the education of children both in and out of school, and the education and re-education of adults through a wide variety of means—mass campaigns and movements, study groups, cadre schools, the media, etc.

4040 Anthropology of Education

This class considers some main cultural implications of education process. Emphasis is on these areas: Education and Underdevelopment, Enculturation, Comparative Educational Systems and Situations, Ethnographic Approaches to Schools and Children, Education and Ethnic Minorities.

*4090 The Relationship Between Theory and Practice in Education

This seminar attempts to develop a field-based foundation course. Its purpose is not to engage in practice, but to analyse practice and the relationship between theory and practice. Through examining educational practices within a critical perspective, we attempt to link educational theory and instructional technique productively. This class provides an opportunity for a number of faculty members whose primary individual interest is either curriculum or foundations to address themselves to the theory/practice problem in a concrete and intensive way with a small group of students.

This class is primarily for B.Ed. students at the elementary level. (1/2 credit in Sociology of Education, 1/2 credit in History of Education).

2. History of Education

*4101A The History of Western Educational Thought

As societies change, ideas about the purposes and methods of education also change. The education of the mediaeval Christian was approached differently from that of the citizen of twentieth-century secular society. Yet the existence of civilization presupposes both continuity and change in all aspects of culture. This is a course in the history of educa-

tional ideas in the West. Through lectures and discussions of readings from some of the major thinkers in the Western tradition from Plato to Lord Russell, we will try to understand more fully the place of education in the ancient, mediaeval, early-modern, and modern worlds. Having examined the educational thought of past ages on their own terms, we can better understand the development of our own educational ideas and submit them to more sophisticated criticism.

*4112B The History of Western Educational Thought

This class is a repeat of Education 4101A offered first term.

4121A New Education in a Canadian Context

Beginning with the state of public schooling in Canada in the 1890's this history class explores the New Education curricular changes, institutional experiments and philosophical goals that affected Canadian education at the turn of the century. Some of the areas dealt with include the introduction of manual training, domestic science, natural science, school gardening and handwork classes, the beginning of rural school consolidation, and a shift from a book-centred to a child-centred curriculum, especially in the kindergartenprimary grade levels. Foreign influences, particularly American and British, as well as economic, political and cultural forces in Canadian society that affected public schooling are be examined. Students are given an opportunity to investigate primary source material at the Provincial Archives of Nova Scotia to determine the extent to which Nova Scotian curricular changes during this period (1890-1911) were affected by these trends. The class is arranged in a seminar-lecture form so that students' research can be guided each week. The term culminates with each student submitting a research paper which synthesizes his or her findings.

4132B Progressive Education in a Canadian Context

Continuing many of the themes explored in the previous term (Education 4121A), this history class investigates significant institutional shifts of emphasis which occurred in Canadian public schooling after World War I. These included a movement towards increasingly bureaucratic management, employment of experts to conduct provincial surveys of school systems, use of standardized measurement techniques throughout the public school system, and the introduction of "rotary" organization with increased streaming of pupils and specialization of teachers. Again, outside American and British influences on the curriculum, as well as on the stated intentions of educators are examined. Primary source material applying to Nova Scotia is investigated to determine if the Progressive Education movement had an effect on the schooling of children between 1911 and 1940. It is not necessary for students to take 4121A as a prerequisite, but those wishing to continue this course into the second term are welcome. A seminar-lecture form is followed. A term paper is required in which the student will consolidate his or her find-

4141A Educational Issues in Canadian History

An overview of major social and political issues in Canadian education. Initially selected case studies are used to acquaint students with the method of identifying and asking appropriate questions about the nature of issues and conflict. Then the historical antecedents of a number of major contemporary issues in education are explored in depth. The following is a representative selection of topics that are considered using this method: social class bias in education; the linguistic rights of English and French speaking Canadians in different provinces; the back-to-the-basics movement in education; the professional training status of teachers; the "Canadianization" of education; cultural problems and rights of minorities (Indians, blacks, immigrant groups); tex-

tbook censorship and the making of curriculum policy; education and the economy; etc. The class concludes with a consideration of the "issue approach" to history in relation to various schools of historical thought about education.

4142B Educational Issues in Canadian History

A continuation of 4141A but with a different selection of topics. A student is free to take the first half, second half or both.

*4171A The Teacher in History

education

The emphasis in this class is on the connections between the historical experience of teachers and the contemporary situation in which teachers, individually and collectively, find themselves. The political characteristics of the education system are critically analysed and the development of the occupation of teaching, in comparison with other occupational groups, is examined. Particular topics related to the changing roles, attitudes and influence of teachers in terms of educational and social policy are discussed. Students are expected to complete a number of reading and writing assignments.

*4172B The Teacher in History

This class is a repeat of Education 4171A offered first term.

3. Philosophy of Education

4201A Philosophy 218A Analytical Philosophy of Education

An introduction to the analysis of the central concepts in educational theory with particular attention to certain attitudinal concepts, such as open-mindedness, which have been widely neglected in contemporary philosophy of education

4202B Analytical Philosophy of Education Section 1

This class is a repeat of the above.

4202B Analytical Philosophy of Education Section 2

An analytical examination and discussion of some pivotal educational concepts.

4221A Introduction to the Philosophy of Education

This class first examines key educational and philosophical concepts and terms such as discipline, curriculum and schooling itself. These are further considered by a focus on the role of a broad area of study and activity within the educational milieu. For our purposes this area is the arts, and terms and concepts germaine to the arts and education, such as style, symbol, and image are explored.

4222B Introduction to the Philosophy of Education

An introduction to the philosophy of education which emphasizes the role of the arts in education and concepts such as invention and diversity.

4252B Philosophical Issues in Sex Education

A number of philosophical problems which arise in connection with sex education are considered. Both sex education and socialization are discussed and an attempt made to clarify central concepts such as "love", "maturity" and "pornography".

4290 The Adolescent

A class for secondary B.Ed. students about being an adolescent: what it feels like, how one's mind develops, what one learns of other people and of oneself. Students study books, films, tapes, records, papers and radio programmes, and are encouraged to frame specific questions for discussion in tutorials following presentations in several media. A number

of disciplines are involved in the class which counts as 1/2 credit in Philosophy of Education and 1/2 credit in Educational Psychology.

4. Educational Psychology

4311A Psychology and Education of the "Exceptional" Child, Section 1.

An attempt to provide a broader understanding of the term "exceptional child." An attempt is be made to discuss the genetic and environmental causes that determine and sustain the exceptional behaviour. Psychodiagnostic and remedial processes to help children with expressive and/or receptive behavior problems (speech, hearing, vision, neurological and nonsensory impairments) are considered. Administrative use of standardized tests which has generated artificial labels, and has led to recent court cases in North America will be discussed. Myths in Special Education are considered using Psycho-social Model of "exceptional behavior".

4311A Psychology and Education of the "Exceptional" Child, Section 2.

This class is a repeat of the above.

4322B Learning in the Classroom

The psychology of learning, involving an examination of certain internal and external conditions which influence the direction and efficiency of the learning process. There is an orientation throughout the class to classroom learning; the focus of enquiry will be fundamental psychological processes and not specific methodology in teaching.

4340 Developmental Psychology

An examination of the area of human development with particular emphasis on cognition; personality, social and moral development. Some of the major theorists considered include Freud, Erikson, Piaget, Kohlburg and Skinner. An attempt is made to relate theory and relevant experimental data to cultural contexts.

4351A Psychology for Sex Educators

This class traces the psychological development of sexual interest and love. Special attention is paid to psychological factors in sex education.

*4352B Myths in Special Education

The objective is to examine special education practices which attempt to help the "special child" "adjust" to the school as it presently exists. Diagnostic approaches which lead to "suspicion confirming" and "pigeonholing" of the child are considered: alternatives to special and remedial education are be examined.

4361A Understanding Reading

The class examines psychological and linguistic factors relevant to the skills of fluent readers and to the process of learning to read. Students participate in an analysis of the reading process; the major objective is to promote an understanding of what the skilled reader can do and how the beginning reader develops the skill. Reading instruction is discussed with the emphasis on "how a child learns" not on specific methods of instruction.

4371A Social Psychology of Education

The psychological climate of the classroom is examined from a traditional, behavioral, and humanistic viewpoint. Emphasis is on the teacher-student relationship found in these three approaches to education and the resultant psychological effects on both the teachers and students. Human development is viewed from a communicational context.

4372B Social Psychology of Education

This class provides a framework for understanding the social interactions that go on within schools, and the effects these have on the participants. It examines the variations in teachers' and students' efforts to maintain self-esteem and respond to social roles. Evaluation consists of a project and a final examination.

*4381A Introduction to Counselling

A study of the fundamental concepts and philosophies of counselling with particular attention given to the role of the teacher-counsellor in both elementary and secondary schools. Theories and methods of counselling of individuals and groups are discussed.

*4382B Introduction to Counselling

This class is a repeat of Education 4381A offered first term.

EDUCATIONAL ELECTIVES

4500 Media

This class, which may be offered as either a half or full credit. examines the role and impact of several media on schools as well as the larger social and cultural role of all media as educators. The class begins with a consideration of a number of theories about media including those associated with Marshall McLuhan and John Berger. The rest of the class is devoted to the study of certain media such as advertising, film, radio and television. As well, students are asked to probe other media of their choice.

4560 Geography in Education

Open to any student who wishes to explore the spatial dimension as one avenue for increased understanding of the world; and hence to consider its potential contribution to education. It provides an introduction to the structure of geography and considers contributions to geographical thought. The class is intensive, closely integrated, and with opportunities for practical work. Rural field trips are held on two weekends in the fall and will involve absence from Halifax over two nights. Local field trips are also conducted from the campus at various times during the academic year.

4620 Theatre 220 Developmental Drama

For class description see entry in the Theatre Section of this calendar.

4642B PE 382B Principles of Outdoor Education

For class description see entry in the Physical Education section of this calendar.

4873C Further Educational Studies

Students may apply to instructors for permission to undertake either a specially designed readings course in a given area, or to undertake additional work in their first teaching method, for credit. This may also be done with prior consent in writing from the instructor to the Coordinator, B.Ed. programme. The instructor thus assumes personal responsibility for supervising the work of a student enrolled in this half credit elective course.

4893A or B or C Additional Curriculum Projects

Students may apply to instructors for permission to undertake additional project work in the area of curriculum design, implementation, and evaluation, for credit. This may be done with prior consent in writing from the instructor(s) to the Coordinator, B.Ed. Programme. The instructor(s) thus assumes personal responsibility for supervising the work of a student enrolled in this half credit elective course.

4910B Additional Field Experience

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This one-half credit class is made available to the B.Ed. students as an elective which they may choose to supplement the basic requirement for field experience. These additional field experiences are acquired through a block of three weeks spent in the schools at the end of the academic year. This block will be completed in time for Convocation. This course can only be taken with the permission of your major methods

4931A or 4932B Measurement and Evaluation

A study of the writing of objectives, teacher-made tests, standardized tests, random variation, basic statistical ideas, and the evils of testing.

4962B Canadian Studies in the Curriculum

An examination of issues related to teaching about Canada. The class considers the rationale for selecting goals, content, and procedures in Canadian Studies. Students are engaged in a critical examination of approaches and resources in Canadian Studies. The class is open as a general elective for all students in the B.Ed. programme, elementary and secondary, who have an interest in the field or who expect or desire to teach subjects or topics with a significant Canadian content.

1. ELEMENTARY METHODS

4701A Psycho-Educational and Policy Decisions in "Special Education"

Contemporary issues regarding the assessment and "management" of the "Exceptional" child. Methods of psychoeducational diagnosis and remedial treatment are discussed. Various myths in Special Education and policy decisions made on them by decision-makers are also considered.

4703C Methods of Teaching Language Arts in Elementary Grades

An introduction to the theoretical background and practical techniques necessary to develop a full language arts programme. How children acquire language, what sorts of experiences facilitate creative oral and written work, the skills involved in reporting, oral discussion, and written discourse are explored. The class also includes the teaching of spelling and handwriting, the development of vocabulary and grammatical skills, and the integration of language arts with other subjects.

4713C The Development of Early Mathematics Learn-

Theories of mathematics learning, curriculum development in elementary mathematics and the teaching of mathematical skills and concepts are explored in this class.

4721A Methods of Teaching Science in Elementary

A study of the ways children investigate and learn about the world. Special consideration is given to the child as the principal agent in his/her own learning with emphasis on concrete experiences and practical learning activities.

4732B Methods of Teaching Social Studies in Elementary Grades Section 1

Students develop two major curriculum units for elementary school children. While focussing on Social Studies based on local resources, the approach is interdisciplinary, and as such, the class serves to integrate the various components of the Elementary Methods Programme.

4732B Methods of Teaching Social Studies in Elementary Grades Section 2

A study of the curriculum project: Man: A Course of Study. Three questions define the concerns of this social studies proiect: What is human about being human beings? How did they get that way? How can they be made more so? Materials for this project have been created from ethnographic film studies and field research, heretofore unavailable to elementary school children. Using the project materials, students explore together the roots of MAN'S social behaviour through the study of selected animal groups and an intensive examination of a remote human society.

4742B Reading Instruction, Prerequisite: Education 4361A is required.

This class attempts to clarify the kinds of questions which serve as a basis for instructional decisions. Students investigate various applications of psycholinguistic theory for instruction. The intention is to apply in a practical way the theoretical information presented in 4361A. Time is spent examining instructional techniques that can be used in the classroom for developing students' fluency as readers and

4791C Alternative School Curriculum

education

The concept of alternative school curriculum from both a historical and practical perspective. Consideration is first given to the political-philosophical and psychological basis for alternative curriculums, then practical experiences are planned for studying and analyzing various alternative curriculum programmes and activities. The psychological referents for the course include writings from Jerome Bruner, Jean Piaget, and Richard Jones; the political-philosophical content is selected from the works of Paul Goodman, Jules Henry and Loren Lind.

Although the class work is organized primarily for students intending to work with children in the elementary grades, much of the class content is appropriate for young adolescents.

4940 Experimental Curriculum

A full-year undergraduate class dealing with practical efforts to make a new curriculum work. The curriculum is designed for the Dalhousie University School, twenty-five children ranging from 3 to 11 years. Students are expected to teach the children specified points and encouraged to devise means of doing so.

2. SECONDARY

4550 Perspectives in Science Curriculum

This class aims to examine the relationship between science as it is carried out and science as it is, and as it might be. presented in Canadian school classrooms. For reasons of flexibility it is offered as two half-classes, but serious students are urged to register for both. Assessment is made on the basis of written work.

4551A The Science Curriculum in a Social Context

In a very real sense, tomorrow's school science curriculum is being discovered by men and women working in laboratories today. Just what is it that they do, and what philosophical and social significance attaches to their activities? By addressing those questions through reading and discussion, this half-class seeks to foster a deeper understanding of what it means to be a teacher of science.

4552B Shaping Tomorrow's Science Curriculum

Against the background gained in the first half of the class, we examine in this second half the social, educational, and other pressures that determine the nature of prescribed cur-

ricula for school science. Problems of curricular change and implementation are studied, and current proposals for new approaches to science curriculum are examined. Particular attention is paid to the current Junior High School Science Curriculum in Nova Scotia, and to the Maritime Junior High School Science Curriculum Project as a example of modern curriculum planning.

4750 Methods of Teaching English to Junior and **Senior High Schools**

The aim is to help teacher candidates develop their own personal approaches to the teaching of English at the secondary school level. Weekly classes involve teacher candidates in those activities which they will proably encourage as teachers themselves: discussion, reading, composition, role playing, improvisation, and other creative activities. The class acquaints teacher candidates with a range of classroom procedures and teaching methods, and attempts to foster an imaginative and critical approach on the part of teacher candidates to the particular demands of teaching English in today's schools.

4760 Methods of Teaching Social Studies in Junior and **Senior High Schools**

This class is designed to help teacher candidates develop skills in curriculum planning and course organization, as well as to acquaint them with a variety of teaching strategies. Students will be encouraged to reflect on the nature and purpose of each discipline in the social studies and to develop lessons appropriate to them. Evaluation is based on weekly papers and a mid-term exercise in the first term and a major curriculum planning project and a mid-term exercise in the second term.

4770 Methods of Teaching Geography in Junior and **Senior High Schools**

An exploration of the objectives of geographic study; the acquisition of skills and the development of concepts and appreciations. The class is open to all students, but those wishing to take it without previously having taken an undergraduate class in geography must also take Education 4560, Geography in Education, as one of their electives. In its early stages the class work emphasizes competencies in classroom teaching. Later, attention is concentrated on aspects of curriculum planning and development as they relate to geography.

4780 Methods of Teaching Mathematics in Junior and **Senior High Schools**

The study of a variety of methods relating to the teaching of mathematics at the secondary level forms the framework for this class. Students must read about each technique, participate in discussions about these techniques and in many cases be able to observe classroom situations where each method is used. A strong emphasis is also placed on exploring the curriculum changes occurring in Education. This includes the place of statistics, the computer, the calculator, problem solving, and geometry in a school curriculum. Evaluation is based on one major project, assignments done individually and in groups, class participation, and a final examination.

4840 Methods of Teaching French in Junior and Senior **High Schools**

See French 3080R for description of this class.

4880 Methods of Teaching Science in Junior and Senior High Schools

This class aims to examine critically the art of the science teacher. The topics depend to some extent on the experience and interests of the students, and may include, e.g., aims and

objectives of science teaching; the nature of science; methods and techniques of science teaching; assessment and feedback: safety: the social context of training and education in science, etc. Part of most class meetings will be devoted to students' presentations of topics in educational foundations that they are studying concurrently, viewed in the context of science teaching. Considerable stress is on the laboratory and on the experiencing by pupils of the objects of scientific study. Students each devise their own method of illustrating, practically but with the minimum of formal 'apparatus', at least one central principle in their specialist field. Pupil safety is emphasized. Finally, since most students will wish to teach in Nova Scotian schools, the textbooks in current use in the province are examined and evaluated. Students are encouraged to talk to the class coordinator before they decide what two elective classes to take.

4961A Canadian Studies: Methods of Teaching

An introduction to various approaches, issues, and strategies of teaching Canadian Studies. This class also provides for an examination of general methodology related to teaching Social Studies. The class is open only to students who wish to fulfill their major methods requirement in the area of Canadian Studies. Students who register for this class are required to complete the companion class, Education 4962B, Canadian Studies in the Curriculum. (see description under Electives)

FIELD EXPERIENCE

4900 Field Experience

It is the primary objective of the field experiences to provide students with opportunities to analyze, compare, and participate in a variety of teacher-learning situations. Students who intend to apply for a Nova Scotia Provincial Teachers' Certificate should plan to log a minimum of 100 hours of field experiences in a public school classroom. Students who intend to apply for a New Brunswick Provincial Teacher's Certificate should plan to log the equivalent of 12 weeks field experience. All arrangements for field experiences are made through the Field Development Office and Methods Class Instructor.

4912B Theme Study: Additional Field Experience in Dalhousie Elementary School, *Prerequisites:* 4900R & 4703C

This half-credit class offers two opportunities to the student: 1) six weeks of increased field experience, bringing the total logged teaching time to eleven weeks which is closer to the twelve weeks required in many provinces in Canada; 2) guided supervision in the implementation of a theme developed during March as a requirement for the Methods of Language Arts class (4703C) and designed for the spring theme study at the Dalhousie Elementary School. The student also gains experience in team teaching as the theme is team-taught by two students to one of the three groups in the School. Because this class overlaps with graduation in May, a letter from the B.Ed. Co-ordinator is written at the conclusion of the course in May indicating that all classes have been completed to fulfil the requirements for the B.Ed. elementary program and that licensing forms have been sent to the Department of Education so that the student's application for teaching positions will not be jeopardized. A teaching license would be issued by the Department of Education at the end of June. The student would graduate in October. The class mark is arrived at by the supervising professor in consultation with the co-operating teachers and after consideration of the student's teaching performance and written conclusions regarding the theme's implementation.

English

Chairman of Department

R.J. Smith

Professors

A.R. Bevan, B.A. (Sask.), M.A. (Man.), Ph.D. (Tor.) George Munro Professor of English Literature
J. Fraser, M.A. (Oxon.), Ph.D. (Minn.)
J. Gray, M.A. (Aberd.), M.A. (Oxon.), Ph.D. (Mont.), F.R.S.C., F.R.S.A., McCulloch Professor
M.G. Parks, M.A. (Dal.), Ph.D. (Tor.)
M.M. Ross, O.C., B.A. (U.N.B.), M.A. (Tor.), Ph.D. (Corn.), D. Litt. (U.N.B.), Ll.D. (St.Thom.), F.R.S.C. - McCulloch Professor
R.J. Smith, B.A. (Natal), M.A. (Oxon.), Ph.D. (Natal)
S.E. Sprott, M.A., B.D. (Melb.), Ph.D. (Col.)
D.P. Varma, M.A. (Patna), Ph.D. (Leeds)

Associate Professors

S.A. Cowan, B.A. (Montana), M.A. (Yale)
R. MacG. Dawson, M.A. (Tor.), M.Litt. (Oxon.)
R.M. Huebert, B.A. (Sask.), M.A., Ph.D. (Pitt.)
A.E. Kennedy, B.A., M.A. (UBC), Ph.D. (Edinburgh)
M.A. Klug, B.A. (Minn.), M.A. (Kan. State), Ph.D. (III.)
S. Mendel, M.A. (Cantab.)
P. Monk, B.A. (Reading), M.A. (Carleton), Ph.D. (Queen's)
C.J. Myers, B.A. (Sask.), M.A., Ph.D. (Tor.)
J.B. Stovel, B.A. (Sir G. Wms.), M.A. (Cantab.), Ph.D. (Harvard)
R.R. Tetreault, B.A. (UBC), M.A., Ph.D. (Cornell)
H.S. Whittier, B.A. (U.S. Naval Acad.), M.A. (New Hamp.), Ph.D. (Yale)

Assistant Professors

J.R. Baxter, B.A., B.Ed., M.A., Ph.D. (Alta.) M.M. Furrow, B.A. (Dal.), M.A., M.Phil, Ph.D. (Yale) R.S. Hafter, B.A. (Verm.), M.A., Ph.D. (Brandeis) H.E. Morgan, B.A. (U.B.C.), M.A. (Wash.), B.Litt. (Oxon.), Ph.D. (Wash) R.L. Raymond, B.S. (Yale), M.A., (Tor.) H.D. Sproule, B.A. (Dal.), M.A. (McG.) J.A. Wainwright, B.A. (Tor.), M.A., Ph.D. (Dal.)

Post Doctoral Fellow

P.H. Smith, B.A. (Cantab.), Ph.D. (Kent)

The study of English literature at Dalhousie is not just the study of the literature of England. Although largely concerned with the rich written heritage of the British Isles, it also includes the study of writing in Canada, the United States, parts of the English-speaking Commonwealth and indeed, some European countries, in translation.

It ranges widely in time from early Anglo-Saxon works of the eighth century through thirteen centuries of changing ideas and language to the still-changing thoughts, feelings and expression of our own time. The many forms that the written word may take — poetry, fiction, drama, essay, history — are read, not only for an understanding of the literary evolution that brings them to be what they are, but also for an understanding of that which is temporary and that which is more enduring

The purpose of English studies at Dalhousie, briefly stated, is the enjoyment and understanding of the written word. Since the word is the principal link between the individual heart and mind and the rest of the world, such studies naturally touch upon philosophy, politics, religion, and the fine arts as well. At the same time, the student is himself required to think, and to use language with clarity, judgement and imagination.

In more detail, the goals of English studies are to perceive that reading is a source of pleasure, knowledge and wisdom, to sharpen the powers of discrimination between what is good and bad in literature and ideas, to gain some understanding of the process by which great writing is achieved and indeed to inspire the student to his own best expression.

In the first year, English 100 is required of all students who wish to take further English classes. There are some twenty different sections ranging from historical surveys to more specialized studies of periods or themes. To enable students

to choose the one most suited to their inclinations and needs the English Department and the Registrar's Office have an English 100 supplement which includes the aims and reading lists of each section. Only in unusual circumstances is exemption from English 100 granted.

Classes numbered from 200 to 234 (and 301) are especially suited for those concentrating in English, studying it as a complement to their main area, or taking an elective, and classes beyond 250 are designed as studies of specialized areas for Honours students. Honours classes are open to General students with permission of the Chairman and the professor concerned. A supplement describing Upper-year General and Honours classes in detail is available from the English Department.

Degree Programme

B.A. Programme

english

Students in the B.A. programme must take from four to eight classes in English beyond 100. The Department expects all of its students to consult with faculty advisers and to form coherent programmes of study; it strongly recommends that these programmes contain at least six classes in English beyond 100.

(1) English majors must take at least one class from each of the following groups, unless they have departmental permission to use an honours class to meet a group requirement.

GROUP I English 207, 209, 212, 213, 217, 231, 232, 233, 234, 301.

GROUP II English 206, 208, 215, 218, 224, 229.

GROUP III English 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 214, 216, 220, 225, 226, 227, 228.

The purpose of the requirement stated above is to insure that each student has some variety in his or her programme. The Department recommends that the student take at least one class that concentrates on poetry and one that concentrates on fiction, and at least one class from each of two different historical periods. There is, of course, more to a sound programme than variety. From the Department's offerings, students may approach the study of English literature in a number of different ways. They may choose programmes which offer a broad historical background, which focus on specific genres or which concentrate on specific historical periods such as the 19th or 20th century. There are numerous other possible combinations. In any case, students should give careful consideration to planning their programmes to meet their individual needs and interests, and should consult with their departmental adviser if they need help in doing so.

(2) The following programme of study is recommended for English majors intending to become teachers of English at the high-school level:

200 Advanced Composition, or 201 the English Language, or 202 History of the English Language

207 Canadian Literature

214 Shakespeare

228 The Short Poem in English, or 215 Romantic Poetry, or 301 Modern Poetry in English

220 English Drama, or 226 Tragedy, or 227 Comedy and Satire, or 232 Modern Drama

208 English Novel to 1900, or 209 Modern Fiction, or 212 British Literature of the 20th Century, or 213 American Literature of the 20th Century

At least one class chosen from the last three groups should in-

volve a substantial amount of literature written prior to the 20th Century.

The student may also choose a maximum of two more classes in English.

(3) Classes numbered from 201 to 234 (excepting 201, 202, 206, 207, 218) are not accepted as preparation for Graduate Studies in English. Students who may desire to change to an Honours Programme or continue in Graduate Studies should arrange with their Advisor and with the Chairman of the Department to complete several Honours classes before graduating with a General B.A. It is possible to enter a two-year M.A. course on completion of a General B.A. degree, but only if the student has completed four or five Honours rather than General classes for his concentration and has attained at least a second-division average in them.

The B.A. with Honours in English (Major Programme)

The Honours course in English offers a systematic study of the major writers and trends from mediaeval times to our century. It is therefore of particular relevance to the student who is interested in detailed study of English as a basis of a liberal education, to the prospective high-school teacher of English who needs a comprehensive understanding of the subject, and to the student intending to proceed to the graduate study of English and to complete in one year the requirements for the M.A. degree.

Students intending to enter the Honours course in Year II must consult the Department in advance to plan their course and be formally enrolled. In the subsequent years, Honours students are encouraged to seek advice of the Department in choice of classes.

The Honours course consists of nine classes (in addition to English 0050) beyond English 100. At least one class must be taken from each of the following six sections:

Section A. English 252 (recommended for third year)

Section B. English 253; English 351 Section C. English 251; English 352

Section D. English 254; English 356

Section E. English 354; English 452; English 457

Section F. English 453; English 455

The student may choose his three remaining classes from those not already chosen in Sections B to F, or from Section G. English 201, 202, 206, 207, 357, 218, 454

English 0050 (Bibliography) a non-credit class which meets one hour per week, is required of all Honours students and is to be taken in the first year of the Honours course.

The Honours student must meet the requirements for the General B.A. degree. He is advised to select a minor from one of the subjects listed under either Group A or Group B in the "Degrees and Courses" section of the Calendar.

B.A. with Combined Honours

There are several Combined Honours programmes:
English and French
English and German
English and History
English and Philosophy
English and Spanish
English and Theatre

Students interested in any of these combinations or any other that involves English and another subject should consult with the Departments concerned.

A Joint Honours programme, involving cooperation between the Departments of English at Mount Saint Vincent and

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Dalhousie, has been established. Students interested in this programme are advised to consult the Department for further details.

Classes Offered

100 Introduction to Literature, lect.: 3 hrs.; Members of the Department.

Since English 100 consists of sections taught by many different instructors, statements about its objectives and approach must be confined to generalizations. All instructors of English 100 have these two broad objectives in common:

(a) to involve the student in the serious study of literature as a crucial part of education;

(b) to involve him in the discipline of words so that he will be a more critical and responsive reader and a more exact and imaginative writer.

The subject matter varies from section to section. Detailed syllabi of all sections are available. Practice in writing is carried on throughout the year in fortnightly essays.

Each section attends three lectures per week. In addition, the tutors attached to each session conduct small discussion groups and personal interviews with students.

Classes for General Degree

Successful completion of English 100 is the prerequisite for entry into Upper-Year classes.

For a more complete description of classes and of texts students should consult the Departmental Supplement for Upper-Year classes. Not all classes shown are taught every year.

(Tentative List)

200 Advanced Composition, lect.: 3 hrs.; P. Monk. *Prerequisite*: English 100.

An advanced class in the theory and practice of writing English prose, designed for people who already have some competence and interest in writing. The class is NOT a "remedial" class and NOT a "creative writing" class.

201 The English Language, lect.: 2 hrs.; M.M. Furrow.

This class, concerning the English language of today, begins with some general questions about the nature of language, and goes on to investigate the syntax, semantics, phonology, and dialects of modern English, with an ultimate interest in the stylistic analysis and comparison of short literary texts.

202 History of the English Language, lect.: 2 hrs.; R. MacG. Dawson.

An introduction to the historical development of the English language. The growth of our "word-hoard," the evolution of word meanings, the changing patterns of speech sounds, of word forms and of syntactic structures, the distinction of dialects and literary styles are studied through analysis of selected literary texts. English 201 and 202 are complementary classes.

203 Masterpieces of Western Literature, lect.: 3 hrs.; H. Whittier.

Intensive reading of selected major works from Western literature, is designed to broaden the student's outlook on literature and also to increase his familiarity with works that are not only stimulating in themselves but also comprise the basis for the development of English and other literatures.

204 The European Novel, lect.: 2 hrs.; S. Mendel.

An intensive study of about a dozen representative European novels of the last two hundred years. The method of ap-

proach and the character of tests and examinations are such as to render it necessary for the student to attend most of the lectures. A considerable amount of attention is paid to the philosophical ideas which bulk large in many of the novels studied.

205 Landmarks of English Literature, lect.: 2 hrs.; J.B. Stovel.

This class, offered for the first time in 1981-82, studies works by many of the most influential British authors from Chaucer to the present century. These landmarks provide some orientation in the literary landscape, and help to make students aware of the diversity available in literary studies. The class is aimed at, but not limited to, English majors.

206 American Literature of the Nineteenth Century, lect.: 2 hrs.; S.A. Cowan.

An introduction to American literature through representative works by major writers from 1800 to 1900. Among those studied are Cooper, Hawthorne, Poe, Emerson, Melville, Whitman, Dickinson, and Twain. Both fiction and poetry are studied. Students are encouraged to discuss the works, and classes usually proceed by a combination of discussion and lecture. This class may be taken for Honours credit.

207 Canadian Literature, lect.: 2 hrs.; H.D. Sproule.

This class follows the development of prose and poetry in Canada from pre-Confederation to the present day through extensive samplings of the major writers in the various genres.

208 The English Novel to 1900, lect.: 2 hrs.; A.R. Bevan.

A study of representative English novels of the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries.

209 Twentieth-Century Fiction, lect.: 2 hrs.; A.R. Bevan, J.A. Wainwright.

An introduction to the main thematic and technical trends in the modern novel. Each section has its own emphasis and choice of texts.

212 British Literature of the Twentieth Century, lect.: 2 hrs.

A survey introduction to the past seventy-five years of British fiction, drama, and poetry.

213 American Literature of the Twentieth Century, lect.: 2 hrs.; R.S. Hafter.

An introduction to poetry, fiction and drama by American authors during the past fifty years.

214 Shakespeare, lect.: 2 hrs.; M.M. Furrow, H. Whittier.

For students in the General course who wish to study selected plays by Shakespeare. The aim of the class is simply to discover what the plays are about.

215 Poetry of the Romantic Period, lect.: 2 hrs.; D.P. Varma.

An introduction to the spirit of an age and its manifestations in literary art. Examples of shorter and longer lyrics and excerpts from longer narrative and dramatic poems are drawn from the works of Blake, Wordsworth, Coleridge, Byron, Shelley, and Keats. Although devoted to the study of a period, the class begins with a general introduction to the reading of poetry.

216 The Gothic Novel, lect.: 2 hrs.; D.P. Varma.

A survey of the origins and development of *The Tale of Terror* and *Supernatural* during the later half of the eighteenth century and its various manifestations and influences in succeeding fiction. Not only the chief landmarks of gothic fic-

tion will be charted, but the students also explore the various chambers of horror-literature.

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217 African Literature/African Studies, lect.: 2 hrs.; R.J. Smith.

African Literature written in English. Novels, plays, and poems are discussed. The bulk of the material is by Southern African and West African writers. Works studied are mainly modern, and reflect the attitudes of various African cultures towards racism, colonialism, and African nationalism.

218 Mediaeval Literature, lect.: 2 hrs.; H.E. Morgan.

A study of selected medieval literary works of northern Europe, with major emphasis upon the Arthurian legend as found in Malory. Beginning with a look at Nordic, Celtic and Frankish background materials (in translation), one goes on to focus upon late-mediaeval developments in saga and romance, concluding with a look at some post-mediaeval uses of the inherited matter in Tennyson, Morris, Lewis and Tolkien.

220 English Drama, lect.: 2 hrs., R.M. Huebert.

An introduction to some of the major plays and playwrights in the history of English drama. Special emphasis is given to plays by such leading dramatists as Marlowe, Webster, Wycherley, Shaw, Pinter, and Stoppard. Some attention is paid to the principal changes in staging practices from the mediaeval beginnings of English drama to the recent experimental theatre. The objective of the class as a whole is to sample the richness and diversity of the English dramatic tradition.

224 Renaissance Poetry, lect.: 2 hrs., J. R. Baxter.

An introduction to English poetry from the early sixteenth to the mid-seventeenth century, concentrating on authors whose works have exercised a continuing influence: Sidney, Spenser, Shakespeare, Donne and Milton.

225 Epic, Romance, and Fantasy, lect.: 2 hrs.; P. Monk.

This class offers a consideration of epic, romance, and fantasy. Starting with a consideration of primary epics it will then go on to take a look at some literary epic spirit as manifest in modern works.

226 Tragedy, lect.: 2 hrs.; R.R. Tetreault.

A study of the nature and method of tragedy in literature. Examples are taken from Greek, Shakespearean, and modern drama, as well as from poetry, and from novels.

227 Comedy and Satire, lect.: 2 hrs.; J. Gray.

The comedian and the satirist are interested in both the laughable and the deplorable antics and eccentricities of human nature. This class concerns itself with their points of view, as expressed in such varied forms as stage comedy, graphic satire, the comic novel, and the humorous essay. It also considers theories of comedy and laughter in their application to a wide variety of literary types. Lectures and class discussions are augmented with play readings, films and other illustrative materials.

228 Short Poems in English, lect.: 2 hrs.; P. Monk.

Forms and themes in the short poem are studied by means of critical reading of poems written in English. Topics may include the following: the self in the short poem; other persons; public events; love; nature; the city; the machine; wit; myth; traditional forms; free verse; the hokku; lyric as song; spoken poetry; poetry in print; concrete poetry; and possibly other topics to suit the class.

229 Victorian Poetry, lect.: 2 hrs.; R.M. Dawson.

The poetry of Tennyson, Browning and Arnold with some at-

tention to works by Swinburne, the Rossettis, and Morris. The poetry is studied against the intellectual context of the Age, that is, the social and political, the religious and scientific, and the philosophical ideas current in Victorian England. Attention also focuses on the poets' concern with how best to speak to their audience, a concern which raises questions of poetic theory and form. There is one essay each term and a final examination.

231 Modern American and Canadian Novels, lect.: 2 hrs.; A.R. Bevan, M.A. Klug.

Six Canadian and six American novels are treated as related "pairs", with the instructors dividing their time equally between the two sections. Both sections and both instructors meet together to discuss each pair of novels, after the novels have been dealt with individually.

232 Modern Drama, lect.: 2 hrs.; R.M. Huebert.

An introduction to the major developments in drama from Ibsen to the present. Special attention is given to changes in dramatic style and to the growth of modern theatrical movements. The playwrights represented include Strindberg, Shaw, Pirandello, Brecht, Genet, Ionesco, Pinter, Albee, and Stoppard. A few recent Canadian plays provide a focus for discussion of contemporary trends.

233 Science Fiction and Fantasy, lect.: 2 hrs.; S.A. Cowan.

Selected works of speculative fiction are read for pleasure and studied for understanding. The study emphasizes analysis and evaluation of the works as literature. Each student is responsible for self-disciplined study of the history of science fiction and may expect to be examined in detail on his knowledge. Non-majors are welcome.

234 The Short Story, lect. 2 hrs., A. Kennedy.

This class attempts to combine detailed consideration of a wide-range of the best short stories of the last 150 years with discussion of general questions about the nature of the genre itself. As much as anything else it is a class in 'reading and writing' intended to improve reading ability and to develop the capacity to understand and interpret literature.

301 Modern Poetry in English, lect.: 2 hrs. S.E. Sprott.

A study of modern poetry in English is based on the seminal poets Yeats, Stevens, Pound, and Williams; then selected developments of poetry from 1930's to the present are considered. For readers, beginning and more experienced, who wish to get their bearings in modern poetry.

Classes for the Honours Degree

(Tentative List)

0050 Bibliography, lect.: 1 hr.; (first term only), R.L. Raymond.

A departmental (i.e., non-university and non-credit) technical class for honours and graduate students. It is planned to acquaint the student with certain research tools in the library that are most frequently used by students of English (bibliographies, catalogues, indices, digests, journals, dictionaries, microfilms), many of which the student is unlikely to stumble upon himself in his own research. The class also includes instruction in the technical aspects of writing papers (planning, research methods, footnotes, bibliographies), and some discussion of the history of printing insofar as it relates to the establishment of texts, particularly older ones.

The class includes the assignment of an exercise to be done in the library.

251 Sixteenth-Century Non-Dramatic Literature, lect.: 2 hrs.; J.R. Baxter, M.G. Parks.

The poetry and prose of the English Renaissance from its

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The novels of the period from Scott and Austen to Hardy are

A close reading of the major poetry of Blake, Coleridge, Wordsworth, Byron, Shelley, and Keats. Attention is also given to their critical writings in prose, and to the intellectual

A study of Canadian fiction and poetry since the Second World War with emphasis on the changing form and content of Canadian writing. Classes consist of lectures and discus-

360C Old Norse, lect.: 1 hr.; H.E. Morgan. Prerequisite: One of English 218, 253, 351 or instructor's permission.

A broad survey of major Old Norse prose and poetic works in

452 Nineteenth-Century Prose and Thought, lect.: 2 hrs., C.I. Myers.

nineteenth century, for their intrinsic merits, with the object of exploring the ideas of the period about politics, religion, education, art and society. Instruction is chiefly by means of lectures, but there are ample opportunities for class discussion, and each student presents one seminar paper.

terests of effective debate.

A survey of Classical Greek and Latin theory, English

457 Victorian Literature, lect: 2 hrs.; M. Ross.

A study of the major Victorian poets and prose writers (other than novelists). Attention is given to the changing philosophical, scientific and social pressures of the period. The main emphasis of the class is on the poetry of Tennyson, Arnold and Browning and the prose of Carlyle, Ruskin, Newman, Arnold and Pater.

Graduate Studies

The Department offers graduate classes leading to the degrees of M.A. and Ph.D. Details relating to admission, scholarships and fellowships, requirements for the degree, classes of instruction, etc., can be found in the Calendar of the Faculty of Graduate Studies.

hrs.; S.E. Sprott.

and suggested preliminary reading.

lect.: 2 hrs.; H.D. Sproule.

literature's brilliance.

Steele, Mandeville and Shaftesbury.

351 Middle English, lect.: 2 hrs.; H.E. Morgan

M. Keen, History of Medieval Europe (Penguin).

354 Victorian Novel, lect.: 2 hrs.; S. Mendel.

lect.: 2 hrs.; J.R. Baxter, M.G. Parks.

a major part of the second term.

253 Old English, lect: 3 hrs.; R. MacG. Dawson.

beginnings up to the 1590's. The main writers studied are

More, Sidney, Spenser, and Shakespeare. There is also some

exploration of the work of a selection of other writers, such

as Elyot, Hooker, Wyatt, Surrey, Daniel, Davies, Marlowe,

Nashe. The literature studied is part of a culture very dif-

ferent from our own. Therefore some attempt is made to

understand the two main traditions, the classical and the

Christian, as they influence and even permeate the literature

of the century. As the bulk of required reading in prose and

verse is not great, there is time for some background reading

252 Shakespeare and the Drama of His Time, lect.: 2

About fifteen plays by Shakespeare, some by choice of the

class, are read in the context of representative plays by his

earlier and later contemporaries, especially Marlowe and

Jonson. Students may consult the professor for a list of plays

An introduction to the Old English language (700-1100 A.D.),

followed by a study of some of the prose and minor poems,

and, in the second term, of Beowulf. Students are also in-

troduced to some aspects of Old English art and archaeology.

Some knowledge of a classical or modern European language

(preferably German) is desirable, though not essential, and an

understanding of traditional grammatical terminology will be

helpful. This class is not recommended, except in unusual cir-

cumstances, to those who are not thoroughly fluent in

254 Restoration and Eighteenth-Century Literature,

The emphasis is on three great satirical authors (Dryden,

Pope, and Swift), on a study of Restoration drama and on ma-

jor works of Samuel Johnson. Since the literature of the

period is related closely to the men and manners of the age,

some time is spent on the contemporary climate of opinion

revealed in the works of a number of writers representative of

literary, political, social, and philosophical points of view:

Hobbes, Halifax, Pepys, Rochester, Butler, Addison and

An introduction to Middle English language and literature

through study of Chaucer's poetry and of major literary

works by Chaucer's near-contemporaries. Through his

readings, the student gains some historical sense of the

language, of the social milieu and especially of the late-

mediaeval social tensions which contributed to the

Preparatory reading: Chaucer's poetry and H.S. Bennett,

Chaucer and the Fifteenth Century (Oxford History of English

Literature, vol. II, 1); W.F. Bolton (ed.), The Middle Ages

(Sphere pbk.); J.B. Morrall, The Medieval Imprint (Penguin);

A study of the poetry and prose (excluding drama) of the later

Renaissance from about the turn of the century to the

Restoration. Among the poets, Donne and Milton are given

special emphasis; selected poems of Jonson, Herbert,

Vaughan, Marvell, Herrick, and Crashaw are also read. Prose

works are by Bacon, Donne, Burton, Browne, and Milton. The

study of Milton's poetry, in particular Paradise Lost, occupies

356 The Romantic Period, lect.: 2 hrs.; R. Tetreault.

cutlural, and historical milieu in which they worked.

357 Modern Canadian Literature lect.: 2 hrs.; A. Wain-

translation and an introduction to the comparative study of the very close relation of the early Norse and English languages and literature.

The study of representative non-fictional prose works of the

453 Twentieth-Century English Literature, lect.: 2 hrs.; J.

Primarily for honours students and for M.A. students in their make-up year. Each member of the seminar writes two papers to serve as starting-points for the class discussions. There are no examinations, but regular attendance is expected in the in-

454 Literary Criticism, lect.: 2 hrs.

criticism and some pertinent European writers and trends.

455 Modern American Literature, lect.: 2 hrs.; M.A. Klug.

In the first term, this class studies 20th-century American fiction. In the second term, modern American poetry is assessed. Classes are a combination of lectures and discussion.

352 Seventeenth-Century Non-Dramatic Literature,

French

Chairman of Department R. Runte

Professors

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H.F. Aikens, B.A. (Dal.), A.M. (Yale) R. Kocourek, State Examination, Ph.D., C.Sc., Docent (Prague)

Associate Professors

M. Bishop, B.A., B.Ed. (Manch), M.A. (Man.), Ph.D. (Kent, Canterbury) J.W. Brown, A.B. (Miami), M.A. (Middlebury), Ph.D. (Penn.) B.E. Gesner, B.A., B.Ed., M.A. (Dal.), Dr. du 3e cycle (Toulouse) W.T. Gordon, B.A., M.A., Ph.D. (Tor.) D.W. Lawrence, B.A., M.A., Ph.D. (Lond.) H.R. Runte, M.A., M.Ph., Ph.D. (Kansas) R. Runte, B.A. (S.U.N.Y.), M.A., M.Ph., Ph.D. (Kansas) M. Sandhu, Licence ès Lettres (Montpellier), Ph.D. (Yale) K. Waterson, B.A. (Long Island), M.A. (N.Y.U.), Ph.D. (C.U.N.Y.)

Assistant Professors

E. Boyd, B.A. (S.M.U.), B.Ed. (St. F.X.), M.A. (Middleburv) T.P. Carter, B.A. (Prin.), M.A., Ph.D. (Brown) I.-Cl. Choul, B.Sp., M.A., (UQAM), D.E.A. (Paris), Dr. du 3e cycle (Paris) P. DeMeo, B.A., M.A., Ph.D. (U.C.L.A.) M. Holder, B.A., M.A., Ph.D. (Tor.), Licence ès Lettres (Toulouse) N. Trèves-Gold, B.Sc. (Amer. U., Cairo), Ph.D. (Rice)

Lecturer

E. Leemann, B.A. (Ind.), M.A. (III.)

Lecturers (part-time)

H.E. Bednarski, B.A. (Lond.), M.A. (Dal.)

M.H. Ross, B.Sc. (Dal.), Licence ès Lettres (Tours), M.A. (Dal.), Dr. du

The Department of French offers students not only the opportunity to develop fluency in classes backed up by excellent laboratory facilities, but also the possibility of studying the literature and culture of France, French Canada and the other nations of the French-speaking world, and the linguistic structure and development of French.

Classes are available for beginners and for those with a background in the language who wish to improve and maintain any or all of the following skills: speaking, listening, reading, and writing. Other classes are specially designed for students who are interested in teaching, translation, or other areas of language study. The role of French in Canada and in the Maritimes is stressed in classes in Acadian and Québecois literature and civilization. The literature of France and French-speaking nations is brought to life in classes organized around a theme, a genre, or a historical period.

The Department of French urges students to practise the language as much as possible. The Maisons françaises are three houses on campus in which students may live with native speakers in a francophone environment. The French Club organizes many activities including films, French meals, parties and plays in which all students may participate. Exchanges with Québec and individual student travel and study are encouraged. Each year the Department offers at least one course off campus in a francophone environment. In the past we have offered an intensified version of French 3000B in Mayenne, France and in Saint-Pierre and Miguelon, Please consult the Department for information concerning schedule and bursaries available.

A B.A. degree in French with Honours or with Honours in French and another subject combined may lead the student to a career in education, written or oral translation, or may provide the background for careers in many fields including radio, television, law, social work, public relations, business, diplomacy, journalism and library science. Students considering French as an area of concentration in a B.A. degree course are invited to discuss the matter at any time (the earlier the better) with a member of the Department. The accent is on the particular needs and aspirations of the individual. An Honours degree is normally required for access to graduate studies and an M.A. degree may be pursued in

the Department (see the Calendar for Faculty of Graduate Studies).

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Major or honours students may, with the approval of the Department of French, take up to one year (5 full credits) of work at a University in a francophone environment and receive credit at Dalhousie.

Degree Programmes

B.A. Programme

Students should consult the Chairman or a Department Adviser about their choice of classes. The Department expects students majoring in French to form coherent programmes of four to eight full classes or equivalents beyond 1020R or 1000R/2000R. These programmes might be in one of these streams, for example: General, Language and Linguistics, Literature, Civilization, French-Canadian Studies. Students should note that:

- (1) a) All majors are normally required to take at least one full credit from 2020A/2021B and 2040A/2041B.
 - b) All majors are encouraged to take one or more full credits in their second year from: 2110A/2111B, 2200A/2201B or 2030A/2031B.
 - c) All majors are required to have a counseling session at the end of their second year (or before classes begin in the Fall of their third year). If advised at that time, they may be required to take 3040A/3041B.
 - d) All majors are normally required to take one 3000level class other than 3040A/3041B and are encouraged to take more than one class on this level.
- There is no bar to changing to an Honours Programme after the second year of studies. Students wishing to do so, or to continue in Graduate Studies, should consult the Chairman or the Honours Adviser.

B.A. with Honours in French

This programme offers systematic, comprehensive and individualized study of French language and/or literature both within and without the classroom. It is, therefore, an option which should be considered seriously by any student who, with career or personal objectives in mind, wishes to obtain a strong background in French and by those who plan to teach or earn a graduate degree in French.

Honours students are strongly encouraged to enrich their more traditional learning experience by living in one of the Maisons Françaises and by spending at least one summer in a French-speaking area. Majors or honours students may, with the approval of the Department, take up to one year (five full credits) of work at a university in a francophone environment and receive credit at Dalhousie. Please consult department for information on programmes available.

Financial support may be available. Please consult the Chairman of the Department.

Students intending to enter the Honours programme should consult the Honours Adviser to discuss their programme as early as possible. It is recommended that eleven classes be taken beyond the first year level. Normally no more than three credits at the 2000-level and no more than five credits at the 3000-level may be included. The following outline is offered as a guide.

1st year: French 1020R or 1000R and 2000R (either 1000R or 1020R might be combined with 1060R)

2nd year: Three credits chosen primarily from: 2200A/2201B. 2040A/2041B, and 2030A or 2031B, plus other 2000level classes.

3rd year: the equivalent of 4 full credits chosen from French 3000B, 3020R, 3040A/3041B, 3100R, 3200A, 3300A 3401B, 3500A, 3601B, 3700A, 3801B, 3900A, 3901B,

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4th year: the equivalent of 4 full credits chosen from French 4000R, 4010A, 4011B, 4015R, 4040A/4041B, 4300A, 4301B, 4400A, 4401B, 4500A, 4501B, 4600A, 4601B, 4700A, 4710A, 4800A, 4801B, 4811B. a research paper or a comprehensive examination.

1000R: Français pour débutants/Beginners French lect.: 3 hrs.; language lab: 3-6 hrs., according to individual need.

This class, intended for students with little or no previous instruction in French, covers a sufficient range of basic linguistic structures and high-frequency vocabulary to enable students to engage in simple, everyday communication on a variety of subjects. Classes are conducted exclusively in French, with a view to developing competence in "real-life" communication, both oral and written. Work done in the three class meetings per week will be supplemented with both oral and written exercises in the Dalhousie Learning Laboratory and with reading assignments, compositions, and written exercises to be completed outside of class. Sudents are also introduced to significant aspects of French, French-Canadian, and other francophone cultures. Upon completion of French 1000, students wishing to complete the study of basic French language structures and to increase their written and spoken fluency should enroll in French 2000.

1020R Révision de français oral et écrit/Spoken and Written French in Review, lect.: 3 hrs.; language lab: 1-2 hrs., according to need.

Designed to develop proficiency in speaking and listening skills, as well as in reading and writing. Classes are taught in French and involve much oral practice: discussions, exercises, etc. are based on a variety of reading and listening materials. Short written exercises and occasional compositions will reinforce this work. A largely self-instructional lab program is available to help improve listening and oral performance. Testing reflects the balance among the four skills.

This is the usual first-year class for those students who have studied French throughout high school. A basic knowledge of verb tenses, agreement of adjectives, placement of object pronouns, etc. is assumed, since these and other items will be dealt with as review items. Students having little or no acquaintance with such structures should take French 1000.

1060R Pratique de la lecture/French for Reading, lect.: 3 hrs.

Development of the ability to read contemporary French prose with ease and accuracy. Emphasis is on the acquisition of skills to facilitate reading. Students are encouraged to become familiar with the best French-English dictionaries and to use them judiciously, to learn large blocks of vocabulary by recognizing word families, and to grasp the meaning of unknown words from context whenever possible. Classroom work involves a grammar review, study and discussion of a wide variety of readings as well as correction of prepared translations and sight translations (from French to English only). French 1060 is given in English and is not, by itself, suitable for students who plan to major in French. It may, however, be taken by those with no prior training in French.

Note: All classes above this level are normally given in French.

2000R Français pour débutants: Niveau II/Beginners French: Level II, lect.: 3 hrs., language lab: 3-6 hrs., according to individual need. No student may enroll in French 2000 without having first completed French 1000.

This class continues the work begun in French 1000, focusing on more advanced forms of expression including the vocabulary, verb forms, and syntactic structures necessary for communication at a relatively high level of abstraction and complexity. As in French 1000, all classes will be conducted

in French, with additional practice provided through the Dalhousie Learning Laboratory and through regular reading and writing assignments. Reading selections drawn from the press and the literature of French-speaking cultures will continue to be a regular part of the work, in the interest of deepening and enriching the sudents' understanding of the people whose language they are studying. (Credit awarded for French 2000 may not be counted towards a major in French.)

2020A/2021B Etudes pratiques/Practice in Language Skills, lect.: 3 hrs.

Follows 1020 or 1000/2000. It is normally taken in the second year of study and provides the opportunity to practice and improve language skills already acquired. Sections approach language learning through different subjects (such as Acadian studies, African and Caribbean civilization, cinema, journalism, the occult, or the detective novel). All classes and assignments are entirely in French. Students must choose sections with different topics to earn credit for both A and B. However, it is not necessary to take both A and B and students may elect to study one semester only. Students should consult the current timetable, as the topics offered change each year.

2022A/2023B Etudes pratiques II/Practice in Language Skills II, lect.: 3 hrs.. For non-majors only. Permission of coordinator of French 2020 required.

This class provides the opportunity for further practice and improvement of language skills already acquired. As in 2020A/2021B, sections approach language learning through subject areas such as French Art, Technical and Commercial Vocabulary, Women in France and French Canada, etc. All classes and assignments are entirely in French. Students must choose sections with different topics to earn credit for A and B. These topics must also be different from those offered in 2020A/2021B. It is not necessary to take both A and B and students may elect to study one semester only. Students should consult the current timetable, as the topics offered change each year.

2024A/2025B Etudes pratiques III/Practice in Language Skills III, lect.: 3 hrs. For non-majors only. Permission of coordinator of French 2020 required.

This class provides the opportunity for further practice and improvement of language skills already acquired. As in 2020A/2021B, sections approach language learning through subject areas such as French Art, Technical and Commercial Vocabulary, Women in France and French Canada, etc. All classes and assignments are entirely in French. Students must choose sections with different topics to earn credit for A and B. These topics must also be different from those offered in 2020A/2021B and 2022A/2023B. It is not necessary to take both A and B and students may elect to study one semester only. Students should consult the current timetable, as the topics offered change each year.

2030A/2030B De l'orthophonie à l'intonation expressive/Corrective Phonetics and Expressive Intonation, lect.: 3 hrs., language lab, according to need. *Prerequisite*: French 1020 or equivalent.

Using widely varied texts and recordings, this class studies the basic sounds (phonemes) of French and the essential non-phonemic features of the language (rhythm, stress, intonation, etc.). It will help students master French phonemes, understand the role of non-phonemic features in oral communication and develop self-expression and audio comprehension.

2031A/2031B Interprétation/Simultaneous Transla-

tion, lect.: 3 hrs. in language laboratory, supplementary lab hrs., as necessary for individuals.

Practical introduction, given in the language lab., to oral English-French and French-English translating (interpreting) with emphasis on fluency, vocabulary building and comparative syntactico-stylistic analysis.

2040A/2041B Introduction à la stylistique du français/Introductory Composition, lect.: 3 hrs.

These classes constitute a detailed and comprehensive review of grammar by means of various exercises including dictations, translations, compositions and summaries. This class involves a study of written style and manner of expression.

2110A/2111B Civilisation du Canada français/ Civilization of French Canada, lect.: 3 hrs.

The first part concentrates on the major historical and political trends and events of French-Canadian society in recent years. An attempt is made to understand the problems facing the francophone minorities across the country, as well as those encountered by the Québecois of today. The second half examines French Canada in the light of its cultural output—such as music, theatre, painting, poetry, cinema etc. These cultural aspects are studied not as aesthetic works but rather as artistic expressions of a particular society.

2200A/2201B Introduction à la littérature/Introduction to French Literature, lect.: 3 hrs.

A survey of literature in French from the Middle Ages to the 20th century, presenting selected works of prose, poetry and theatre from France, Québec, Acadia and other francophone countries. Introduction to general notions of literary history and to the basic concepts involved in reading literary texts. Attention is paid to the development of both oral and written expression of ideas. French 2200A and 2201B may be taken consecutively. Text selection varies from semester to semester. Classes involve, principally, group discussion, often based upon short individual presentations.

3000B Cours supérieur de français oral/Advanced Oral French Workshop, lect.., 3 hrs.

Class discussions and oral presentations based on themes of contemporary concern. This class may be offered off campus in France in the summer in an intensive fashion. This class is intended to build vocabulary, perfect facility of expression (fluency) and style. Reading and research are often necessary for the oral presentations.

3010R Phonétique/Phonetics, lect.: 3 hrs. *Prerequisite:* familiarity with the spoken forms of English and at least one other language.

An introduction to the study of the sounds of language, with special reference to English and French: how these sounds are perceived and produced, their classification, practice in the use of phonetic symbols, basic phonemic theory (information on French pronunciation, but not primarily a class in remedial pronunciation).

3020R Linguistique/Linguistics, lect.: 3 hrs.

Characteristic features of the French language are examined against a general linguistic background. The topics belong to the areas of pronunciation, spelling, word formation and meaning, word inflexion, sentence structure and text analysis. These questions are presented in various ways: in the form of lectures, exercises, assignments, class reports and discussions of articles selected by the students. Emphasis is on the relation between language structure and its special uses in self-expression, communication, bilingual contact, translation, language teaching, social diversification and unification,

cognition, literature, (A possible continuation of this class is 4010A or 4011B.)

3040A/3041B Etudes pratiques de stylistique I/Intermediate Composition, lect.: 3 hrs.

These classes develop further the skills acquired in 2040/2041B. Through a variety of exercises, students are taught to express themselves in clear, accurate, idiomatic French, and to perform a number of tasks of a practical nature: writing reports, summaries, letters, etc. A good knowledge of grammar is essential.

3080R Pédagogie du français langue seconde/Methods of Teaching French, lect.: 3 hrs.

Deals with objectives, methodology, techniques, materials (including visual aids), and testing. Emphasis is on teaching strategies which enable students to use French as a tool for free self-expression, orally and in writing. Directed observation of experienced teachers and practice in the development of teaching skills are integral parts of the class. Emphasis is on the secondary level, although teaching French at the elementary level is also studied. Open only to students who have demonstrated adequate competence in French language and culture (passing a French language proficiency exam is required). Students taking this class are normally completing a B.Ed. Other students interested must consult the instructor. Evaluation is based upon class participation (microteaching, oral reports, contributions to discussions), written projects, lesson plans, and two examinations.

3100R Civilisation de la France et du Canada français/Civilization of France and French Canada, lect.: 3 hrs.

An attempt, through talks, reading and discussion, to understand and to suggest fruitful ways of studying, from an English-speaking Canadian point of view, what is essential in French and French-Canadian culture and outlook.

3200A/3200B Appréciation de la littérature/Literary Appreciation, lect.: 3 hrs.

An approach to the critical reading of various periods of French literature. The class offers discussion of representative works of major writers, centering either on genre, theme, or period and involving close textual analysis. It also includes some discussion of past and current theories of literature. See department for specific details in any given year.

3300A/3300B La littérature médiévale/Mediaeval French Literature, lect.: 3 hrs.

Textual analyses of selected works representing the major literary genres (epic, romance, theatre, poetry) from the chansons de geste to François Villon (most texts in modern French translations). The discussion of the origins and the development of a national French literature will provide a convenient introduction to critical approaches to literary texts.

3400A/3400B La littérature du seizième siècle/16th-Century French Literature, lect.: 3 hrs.

Reliving the awakening, bloom and decline of the Renaissance period in literature and language through the works of Marot, Rabelais, DuBellay, Ronsard, Montaigne and the poets of the *baroque*. The century's concern with the French language provides a convenient introduction to the study of the development of modern French.

3500A/3500B La littérature du dix-septième siècle/ 17th Century French Literature, lect.: 3 hrs.

The theatre in 17th century France: an examination of representative works by Corneille, Racine and Molière; an at-

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tempt to define these dramatists' vision of man and the world and to assess their contribution to the history of ideas and the development of French theatre.

3600A/3600B La littérature du dix-huitième siècle/ 18th-Century French Literature, lect.: 3 hrs.

An introduction to the literature of the 18th century which includes works by such authors as Voltaire, Rousseau, Diderot and Marivaux. Each year the readings and class discussions will be centred on a different theme (for example: the hero, women, love, wealth and power.)

3700A/3700B La littérature du dix-neuvième siècle/ 19th Century French Literature, lect.: 3 hrs.

An introduction to the main literary movements of the 19th century: Romanticism, Realism, Symbolism. Focus will be placed on representative authors and/or texts belonging to one or more of these trends.

3800A/3800B La littérature du vingtième siècle/20th-Century French Literature, lect.: 3 hrs.

Poetry and Theatre, 1900-1979: Study of modern poetry from Dada and Surrealism to the work of contemporary poets such as Yves Bonnefoy, Jacques Dupin and Michel Deguy; and of modern theatre from Jarry to Beckett and Ionesco.

3900A/3901B La littérature canadienne française/ French-Canadian Literature, lect.: 3 hrs.

In-depth study of a few major works of French-Canadian literature with emphasis on the period from 1945 to the present day. Each course deals with a specific genre (e.g., 3900A Poetry, 3901B Novel) and choice of genre may differ from year to year.

3910A/3910B Etudes acadiennes/Acadian Studies, lect.: 3 hrs.

Critical investigation into the historical, socio-cultural, linguistic and literary significance of past and present Acadian writing. May follow Acadian Studies (2020A/2021B).

4000R Histoire de la langue française/History of the French Language, lect.: 3 hrs.

This introduction to Old French, followed by a study of Middle and Classical French, should enable students to approach texts from any literary period. Phonetic and grammatical changes explain many so-called oddities of today's language. Attention is given to dialects, past and present, including Canadian French. Some knowledge of Latin is desirable, though not essential.

4010A Evolution de la linguistique moderne/Evolution of Modern Linguistics, lect.: 3 hrs.

French texts by great linguists of the 20th century are seen in their historical and contemporary perspective. Lectures and supervised reading alternate with discussions and reports. Possible topics: de Saussure's rejection of history; from thought to words? (Brunot), or from words to thought? (Damourette); affectivity in language (Bally); sociological school (Meillet); Dauzat and proper names; special languages of Vendryes; Bloomfield's approach to language teaching; Hjelmslev's semantic structure; Greimas's semiotics; subjectivity in language (Benveniste); Tesnière's stemmas and Chomsky's trees; Guillaume's influence in Canada; Martinet's economy and creativity. (May be combined with 4011B.)

4011B Lexicologie/Lexicology, lect.: 3 hrs.

Monday lectures deal with French word formation and meaning, major French dictionaries, and contemporary contributions to French lexicology. Wednesday classes look at lexical assignments and questions of current interest in Canada. The

Friday class is set apart for discussions of reports on topics chosen by the students.

4015R Cours supérieur de version/Advanced Translation into English, lect.: 3 hrs.

Development of awareness of the expressive resources of French by dealing with problems and techniques of translation into English. The texts of weekly translation assignments, which account for 50% of the final grade, progress from expository and descriptive prose to poetry. Topics introduced through lectures and oral class reports include categories of translation, style, context and choice, context and meaning, ambiguity, verb systems of French and English, textual redundancy, simultaneous interpretation, and translation of metaphors. Occasionally, alternate English translations of a French text are studied for revealing contrasts.

4040A/4041B Cours Avancé de stylistique litéraire/Advanced Composition, lect.: 3 hrs.

These classes present an in-depth study of style. The class has as a goal to teach students to express themselves with elegance and refinement.

4300A/4301B Le roman et la poésie courtois/Courtly Novels and Poetry, lect.: 3 hrs.

A) Le Roman courtois/The Courtly Novel

A close literary analysis of mediaeval French Arthurian romances. Texts in bilingual (Old French/ French) editions.

B) La Poésie courtoise/Courtly Poetry

A stylistic and socio-cultural study of French courtly love poetry from the 9th to the 15th centuries. Early texts in modern French translations.

4400A/4400B Poésie de la renaissance: Théorie et pratique/Renaissance Poetry: Theory and Practice, lect.: 3 brs

A seminar-style study of poetic theories and practices from the *Rhétoriqueurs* to the *Pléïade* and to Malherbe. French 3400 recommended

4401A/4401B La pensée philosophique, politique et morale de la renaissance/Philosophical, Political and Moral Thought of the Renaissance, lect.: 3 hrs.

An in-depth study of major currents of Renaissance thought: humanism, scientific awakening, the beginning of *littérature* engagée, and the emergence of the moralistes and philosophes.

4500A/4501B L'aventure intellectuelle du grand siècle/The Intellectual Adventure of French Classicism, lect.: 3 hrs.

The focus of these classes, which examine, at an advanced level, a major figure, movement, genre or theme in 17th-century French literature, will vary frequently. Please consult the professor for detailed information on the topic to be treated in any given semester.

4600A/4601B Le siècle des lumières: forme et philosophie/The Enlightenment: Form and Philosophy, lect.: 3 hrs.

An in-depth study of the French Enlightenment which treats some of the longer works by major authors and introduces the student to secondary authors whose works are also of significant literary, philosophical or historical value. The study is unified by an examination of recurring philosophical ideas: utopia, happiness and good/evil, and literary themes important to understanding the development of new genres and styles. Please consult the professor for information on the theme treated and the works to be studied in any given semester.

4700A/4701B Du romantisme au réalisme/From Romanticism to Realism, lect.: 3 hrs.

4700A La revolution romantique/The Romantic Revolution: Romanticism is viewed primarily as a rebellious and creative force which greatly contributed to reshape traditional society. The origins, main themes and trends of the movement are studied with an attempt to show Romanticism as a European movement, the impact of which was felt in fields beyond the boundaries of literature (painting, music, socialist theories etc.) Classes are conducted as seminars; students are required to do a great deal of personal research, to prepare exposés and participate in class discussions. The choice of texts depends largely on the students' previous experience; they include works by Mme de Staël, Chateaubriand, Lamartine, Hugo, Vigny, G. Sand and others.

4701B, Le Roman/The Novel: Intensive study of the work of a major novelist of the 19th century: e.g., Stendhal, Flaubert, Balzac, Zola; a study of his place in the development of the novel and of his contribution to the genre. The course will involve a considerable amount of reading and regular reports and exposés.

4710A/4710B Du symbolisme au surréalisme/From Symbolism to Surrealism, lect.: 3 hrs.

Analysis of the evolution of French literature from the various symbolist manners of Verlaine, Rimbaud, Mallarmé, Lautréamont and Laforgue, through the period of Jarry and Dada, to the aspirations and paradoxes of Surrealism viewed, principally, through the work of Breton, Eluard, Aragon and Desnos.

4800A/4801B Le théâtre et le roman modernes/ Modern Theatre and Novel, lect.: 3 hrs.

4800A) Le Théâtre de Camus et de Claudel/The Theatre of Camus and Claudel.

In all, eight plays are studied, four from each author. The works offer a contrast in philosophical content and reveal technical problems involved in their stage presentation.

4801B) Le Nouveau Roman/Anti-novels of the 20th Century. In this class we are mainly interested in fictional techniques: how the author creates his illusion. Each of the works selected for detailed study is important due to the author's rejection of conventional ideas regarding the form of the novel.

4811A/4811B La poésie francophone de Perse et Char à Senghor et Césaire/Francophone Poetry from Perse and Char to Senghor and Césaire, lect.: 3 hrs.

Discussion of the works of five or six major francophone poets of the modern period, chosen from: Perse, Reverdy, Claudel, Char, Frénaud, Senghor, Tchicays, Césaire, Glissant, Miron and others.

4994A/4995B; 4996A/4997B; 4998A/4999B Recherches indépendantes/Independent Research

May only be taken with the approval of the Chairman as well as that of the faculty member concerned.

Graduate Level Courses

Classes in the 5000 series are for graduate students who, for more detailed information, should consult the Graduate Calendar and arrange to meet the Graduate Co-ordinator. Special seminars and graduate colloquia are arranged each semester. Students may obtain current information as to topics, dates, and places, in the Departmental office.

Geology

Chairman of Department

P.E. Schenk

Undergraduate Adviser

Graduate Adviser

M. Zentilli

Professors

D.B. Clarke, B.Sc., M.A. (Tor.), Ph.D. (Edin.)
J.M. Hall, B.Sc. (Wales), Ph.D. (Lond.), D.I.C. (Lond.)
G.C. Milligan, M.Sc. (Dal.), Ph.D. (Harv.), Carnegie Professor
P.E. Schenk, B.Sc. (W.Ont.), M.Sc., Ph.D. (Wisc.)

Adjunct Professors

D.J.W. Piper, M.A., Ph.D. (Cantab.) P. Hacquebard, Ph.D. (Groningen)

Associate Professors

F. Medioli, Ph.D. (Parma)

G.K. Muecke, B.Sc., M.Sc. (Alta.), D.Phil. (Oxon.) P.H. Reynolds, B.Sc. (Tor.), Ph.D. (U.B.C.), (jointly with Physics) P.J.C. Ryall, B.Sc. (Dal.), M.Sc. (Alberta), Ph.D. (Dal.)

M. Zentilli, B.Sc. (Chile), Ph.D. (Queen's)

Assistant Professors
R. Boyd, B. Sc., Ph.D. (Sydney)
R.A. Jamieson, B.Sc. (Dal), Ph.D. (M.U.N.)
M.R. Gibling, B.A. (Oxf.), Ph.D. (Ottawa)

Instructor

P. Wallace, B.Sc., M.Sc. (McMaster)

Special Lecturer
T. Hennigar, M.Sc., (Dal.)

Research Associate

C. Beaumont (Major appointment in Oceanography Department)

Killam Professor

P.T. Robinson, B.Sc., (Mich.), Ph.D. (Calif.)

Geology is for those who wonder about the earth. How was it made? What changes it now? Where do we seek oil? Or nickel? What moves continents? Its study is of enormous economic importance to Canada - and of course to the world as a whole - and is intellectually exciting.

The Halifax-Dartmouth region is one of the best places in Canada in which to study the earth. The departments of geology, oceanography and physics at Dalhousie are all involved as are several government agencies in the region.

Classes in geology are offered for different types of students. Some will want to make a career in some aspect of the study of the earth - as geologists, geochemists, geophysicists, oceanographers or teachers. Some may need instruction in geology as an aid to other disciplines; for example, a mining engineer; or a physicist interested in X-ray diffraction spectrometry; or a chemist interested in crystallography; or a biologist interested in protozoa. Students may be interested in a geology degree before they take a professional qualification such as law or business administration. Those whose prime interest is the humanities or social sciences will find that the introductory class in geology stimulates their awareness of their surroundings, and their appreciation of the many facets of science.

Careers open to geologists are many and varied. The largest number of job opportunities is provided by industry, primarily in the search for the production of raw materials. Geologists competent in mathematics might be involved in processing and analysing data using digital computers; those interested in going to sea might work with marine institutions. The federal and provincial governments also employ geologists.

High School Preparation

Students in high schools who plan a career in sciences involv-

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ing the earth, such as geology or geophysics, should note that it is sensible to try to have the following subjects in Grades XI and XII: Grade XII mathematics, plus two of Chemistry, Physics and Biology. (The third should have been taken in Grade XI if possible). Note that these are not prerequisites, but are strongly advised. The student should aim to make up deficiencies in high school preparation in the first year at Dalhousie. Note too that at present Grade XII Geology is not counted as equivalent to a 100-level class in Geology at Dalhousie.

UNDERGRADUATE PROGRAMMES

(1) Programmes and classes for those whose major is not geology

These classes are specially designed for those who want to know something about the earth, but whose major field of study at Dalhousie will lie elsewhere: an economics student, concerned with resources; a history student, interested in the role played by Canada's geological frame in the development of transportation; a biology student whose fauna and flora inhabit the mud of the sea floor. These classes are:

(i) Geology 102, especially designed for students in the humanities and social sciences, and Geology 141A/142B, especially designed for part-time students. (ii) Two-hundred level classes taught in the evening: 240, 241B, 242A, open to all with 100, 141A/142B or good grades in 102. These particular classes are not normally suitable for students whose major is geology. (iii) For engineering students and science students in other disciplines: Biologists: 100, 223B, 240, 241B, 242A, 423A, 436B, 437; Chemists: 100, 201A, 204B, 301A, 302B, 439B, 440B; Engineers: 103B; Physicists and mathematicians: 100, 205B, 313A, 427A, 428B, 429B.

(2) General Degree Programme

Three-year programmes with a major in Geology are suitable for students who intend to take further professional training or to enter fields where they are likely to need their geological training as background, but are of little value as a qualification for a professional career in the earth sciences.

One programme recommended for students undertaking a general B.Sc. with a major in Geology is the first three years of the concentrated honours programme (see the table under (3) below). This programme may not be suitable for all students, and others can be arranged. All students intending to major in geology are required to take Geology 100. Geology 100 is normally also available in the first summer session. The core programme for a major in geology must include Geology 201A, 202A, 204B and 223B or 205B. Faculty regulations permit a student graduating with a general degree with a major in Geology to convert it to an honours degree by certificate. Note that Geology 240, 241B and 242A do not form a part of the core programme for concentrated honours in Geology and cannot count as credits towards an honours degree although they can form part of the General Degree

Students undertaking a general degree with a major in Geology must attend an approved field school, which will normally be the first of the two field schools offered by the department. It should normally be taken at the end of second vear.

(3) Honours degree programmes

An honours degree is almost essential for any professional work in earth sciences, and for graduate study. Students must take the second and third year classes of the Geology core programme listed below. The recommended programme is:

Geology 100; Mathematics 100A/101B; one class in two of Physics, Chemistry, Biology; an elective (normally selected to meet the faculty requirement for a class in which writing ability is emphasized).

Year 2

Core program: Geology 201A, 204B, 202A, and either 223B or 205B; one class in two of Physics, Chemistry, Biology, Mathematics; and an elective.

Year 3

Core program: Geology 301A, 302B, 312B, 314A, 315B and either 311A or 313A; plus one class in Physics, Chemistry, Biology, Mathematics; and an elective

Geology 420; three 400 level classes in Geology; and an elec-

A student who decides at the end of first year to take honours in Geology but has not taken Geology 100 in that year may take Geology 100 in the summer session or may take 100 and 201A/204B in Year 2, is obtained a B+ standing in Year 1. A student who has taken Geology 100, but whose program does not meet the other requirements should consult the depart-

A student must normally complete one class in each of Biology, Chemistry, Physics, and Mathematics by the end of his second year, and a second class in one of these subjects. The recommended first classes are Physics 110, Chemistry 110, Mathematics 100/101, Biology 1000 or 2000. Recommended second classes are: Biology 2000 or 3321, Chemistry 211B, 220A, 231A, 232B, Physics 220A/221B or 230A/233B. Mathematics 200, 220, 206 (or 106/107), 225/227.

Students wishing to take combined honours in geology and another subject should discuss their programme in detail with the undergraduate adviser.

Suggestions for the first three years of study are given below:

Combined honours with Biology: Students should follow the Geology honours programme in Years 1-3, including Geology 223B and 311A; but should take either a Biology class, or Geology 423A/436B, or Geology 437 in place of Geology 301A/302B. Suggested Biology classes are 1000 or 2000 in Year 1, 2040A/B and 2060A/B in Year 2, and 2000 or 3321 or 3323 in Year 3.

Combined honours with Physics (a possible geophysics programme): Students should follow the Geology honours programme in Years 1-3, including Geology 205B and 313A, but should take a Physics class in place of Geology 301A/302B. Suggested Physics classes are 110 in Year 1, 230A/233B in Year 2, and two of 220A/221B or 300A/301B or 320A/321B and 316A/317B in Year 3. Math 200 should also be taken in either Year 2 or 3.

Combined honours with Chemistry: Students should follow the Geology honours programme in Years 1-3, but should take a 300 level Chemistry class in place of Geology 312B and 311A/313A. Suggested Chemistry classes are 110 in Year 1; 220A/211B and 231A/232B or 240 in Year 2; any 300 level Chemistry in Year 3.

Students in combined honours and unconcentrated honours programmes will normally attend the field camp which is part of Geology 311A, whether or not they register for 311A. This may be taken at the end of second or third year; the second is hest

Marine Geological Resources

This proposed programme is designed for the student who plans to make a career in the rapidly expanding search for hydrocarbons and minerals on the Canadian continental shelves and the deep ocean. The degree programme will combine basic training in marine geology, marine geophysics, marine resources and the economics, politics and engineering needs of offshore work. The honours thesis will consist of a project in one of the marine related areas. It is anticipated

that formal registration for this degree programme will be possible from September 1982. Please consult the Geology Department for selection of courses.

Field Camps

Students in a concentrated honours programme must complete one field camp at the end of second year. This is an integral part of Geology 311A. The camp runs for ten days early in May in cooperation with other Maritime universities. It is held at St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish, and is designed to introduce the simpler techniques used in geological mapping. A geophysics field school runs concurrently with the first part of this geology camp. A second field camp at the beginning of the fourth year is an integral part of Geology 420. Field work elsewhere may be substituted for the third field camp, but only with departmental approval. This will normally require a letter from the field supervisor, describing the kind and variety of work done. Field excursions are a part of several classes and are conducted at appropriate times during the session. In addition, two optional field schools are held every year in foreign countries. The Joint Dalhousie-Memorial Expedition to Bermuda prepares the student for Geology 422A. The Honours Field Trip for beginning fourth-year honours students studies such areas as Italy, Scotland, Calfornia, etc. Both are subsidized by petroleum companies.

Thesis and Honours Qualifying Examination

A student in an honours degree programme may choose one of three options:

(a) A thesis as Geology 420, followed by an oral examination, based on the general subject area of the thesis. This oral examination will then count as the honours comprehensive ex-

(b) A thesis as Geology 420, and a written comprehensive examination, reflecting the content of the 300 and 400 level classes which the student has taken.

(c) An honours thesis in addition to five regular classes in the fourth year, in which case the thesis will count as the honours comprehensive examination.

Theses must be completed by the second Monday in March of the fourth year. Students who complete them after this date and before May 31, will have to graduate in the fall, not the spring. After May 31, the student must re-register for Geology 420 for the following academic year, pay the fees for that class, and graduate at the spring convocation of that academic year.

Classes Offered

† Offered only in alternate years, beginning this year 1982-83. * Offered only in alternate years, beginning next year, 1983-84.

100 Introduction to Geology, lect.: 3 hrs.; lab.: 3 hrs.; D.B. Clarke and Staff.

An introductory class for students who plan to take a degree in geology, or in another science, or in engineering. The lecture material covers the whole field of geology including the origin of the solar system, earth history, mountain formation, volcanoes, continental drift, natural resources such as metals and petroleum, and environmental pollution. The laboratory component involves work with minerals, rocks, fossils, and geological maps as well as a number of field excursions to observe local geological features. Students who wish to major in Geology but have unresolvable scheduling conflicts with Geology 100 should consult the undergraduate adviser.

102 The Earth and Man, lect.: 3 hrs.: tutorial/ lab.: 1 hr.: G.C. Milligan, F. Medioli and P.T. Robinson.

Designed for students in the social sciences and humanities. Geology 102 deals with the nature and structure of the earth

and its crust in order to provide background, but it will not involve detailed study of rocks and minerals. Its objective is to consider the influence of geological factors on man's history and upon economic, social and political decisions of the past and future. Students with good grades in this class may enter Geology 240, 241 B, 242 A.

103B Introduction to Geology, lect.: 3 hrs.; Lab.: 3 hrs.; G.C. Milligan.

A half-class designed for students in science and engineering who have taken Physics 110 (or equivalent), Mathematics 100/101 (or equivalent) and Chemistry 110. Students in civil and mining engineering are shown the principles of physical geology which apply in planning and design of mining and civil engineering works, and are introduced to historical geology. Designed as a service class for students in engineering, Geology 103B is not normally acceptable as a prerequisite for an honours programme in geology.

141A Introduction to Physical Geology, lect.-lab.: 3 hrs., one evening per week; P.E. Schenk.

An evening introductory class in physical geology that requires no previous background in geology, intended primarily for part-time and off-campus students, or for fulltime students who cannot take a regular day-time geology class because of unsolvable timetable conflicts. Geology 141A is suitable for entering Geology 142B, 240, 241A and 242B; it is not normally suitable for entering Geology 201A, 202A, 223B. 204B and 205B.

1428 Introduction to Historical Geology, lect.-lab.: 3 hrs., one evening per week; P.E. Schenk.

This is an introduction to the history of the Earth, from its formation, evolution of continents and ocean basins to its present geography. The course is best taken by part-time, offcampus, and adult students following Geology 141A. It is suitable for entering Geology 240, 241A and 242B; it is not suitable for entering Geology 201A, 202A, 223B, 204B and

201A Introduction to Mineralogy, lect.: 3 hrs.; lab.: 3 hrs.; M. Zentilli. Prerequisite: Geology 100 or equivalent.

Minerals are the crystalline building blocks of rocks, gemstones and mineral deposits. The regularity of crystals, their internal ordered structure, the mechanisms by which they grow and the environments in which they form are discussed. This leads to the understanding of how rocks are generated and altered, and of what makes some mineral concentrations economically interesting or environmentally damaging. In the laboratory, students learn systematic techniques for identifying individual mineral species and their aggregates. A brief introduction to the petrographic microscope, x-ray diffraction and radioactivity-measuring devices is included.

202A Sedimentology and Historical Geology, lect.: 3 hrs.; lab.: 3 hrs.; M.R. Gibling. Prerequisite: Geology 100 or

The class concentrates on the development of sedimentary rocks, by examining modern depositional environments, and applying this information to ancient sediments. Both ancient and modern sediments are examined on field trips. The second part examines the geological evolution of the North Atlantic region, especially Nova Scotia. Emphasis is on the interpretation of the sedimentary rock sequences.

204B Introduction to Geochemistry, lect.: 3 hrs.; lab.: 3 hrs.; G. K. Muecke. Prerequisite: Geology 201A.

Geochemistry is the study of geological phenomena involving chemical change. Ideas from elementary physics and chemistry are applied to geologic situations such as the

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crystallization of minerals from magmas, hydrothermal oreforming solutions or surface waters, the chemical changes involved in the metamorphism, alteration and weathering of rocks. The laboratories of this class concentrate on the basic skills necessary for using the petographic microscope.

205B Principles of Geophysics, lect.: 3 hrs.; lab.: 1 hr.; P. Reynolds and P.J.C. Ryall. Prerequisite: Physics 110 and a first year class in mathematics.

Geophysical methods are increasingly important in geological studies. Understanding the principles of the various techniques, (seismics, gravity, magnetics, electromagnetics) their powers, and limitations, provides a foundation for later more practical classes. Project work is included.

223B Biostratigraphy, lect.: 3 hrs.; lab.: 3 hrs.; F. Medioli. Prerequisite: Geology 100 or equivalent.

This class provides a broad picture of the fossil record with emphasis on changes through time, and on methods of interpretation of the fossil record that are useful in stratigraphy. Studies of morphology and taxonomy are at an elementary level. Geology 223B and 423 are suitable classes for Biology students if they have some background n Geology.

240 Marine Geology and Geophysics, lect., lab.: 3 hrs.; one evening per week, R. Boyd. Prerequisite: any first level class in geology.

New ideas concerning the earth that have developed in recent years, largely through studies of marine geology and geophysics are presented. The range of marine geological work, and its relevance to other fields of science, as well as engineering, economics and politics are discussed. There is one day-long cruise on a weekend. The class may not be taken by students majoring in geology; it is suitable for students who have geology as their minor; and those who would simply like a second class in geology.

241B Environmental and Resource Geology, lect., lab. and discussion: 3 hrs.; one evening per week, G.K. Muecke. Prerequisite: any first level class in geology.

Geology lies behind many of the environmental problems facing man today. In this class we consider topics such as energy and mineral resources, geological hazards such as earthquakes, landslides, and volcanic eruptions, the relevance of geology in the fields of foundation engineering, pollution and waste disposal, and the role that geology has to play in planning urban areas, especially in Nova Scotia.

242A Geomorphology, lect., lab. and discussion: 3 hrs., one evening per week, G.C. Milligan and M.R. Gibling, Prerequisite: any first level class in geology.

The surface features of the earth are undergoing constant modification, and their present form is the result of a variety of erosional and depositional processes. The development of the land-forms of Canada, the importance of the last ice age, and the erosional processes still taking place today are examined. The appearance of these land-forms in conventional, aerial, and satellite photographs, and in maps are studied in the laboratory.

301A Igneous Petrology, lect.: 3 hrs.; lab.: 3 hrs.; P.T. Robinson. Prerequisite: Geology 201A, 204B.

The study of the field relations, mineralogy, texture, and geochemistry of volcanic and plutonic rocks. Lectures discuss the classification, graphical representation, means of production, differentiation, and emplacement of igneous rocks, and their grouping into co-magmatic provinces. Labs involve using the petrographic microscope to determine the crystallization history of igneous rocks through their mineralogy and texture.

302B Metamorphic Petrology, lect.: 3 hrs.; lab.: 3 hrs.; R.A. Jamieson. Prerequisite: Geology 201A, 204B, 301A.

Metamorphic petrology is the study of the way in which preexisting igneous, sedimentary, and metamorphic rocks respond to changes in pressure, temperature, and geochemical environment. The mechanisms of metamorphic reactions and recrystallizations, the stability relations of minerals and mineral assemblages under various physical and chemical conditions, and the concept of metamorphic facies series are discussed. In the labs, microscopic mineralogy and texture are used to decipher the metamorphic history of rocks.

311A Field Methods, lect.: 3 hrs.; lab.: 3 hrs.; J.M. Hall. Prerequisite: Geology 201A, 202A.

An introduction to field techniques useful to the practising geologist. Elementary surveying techniques, map and aerial photo interpretation are among the topics covered in the first half of the class. The second half covers geochemical and geophysical exploration methods, such as gravity, magnetic, and seismic surveys. The field camp at Antigonish at the end of the second year is a part of this class.

312B Principles of Stratigraphy, lect.: 3 hrs.; lab.: 3 hrs.; P.E. Schenk. Prerequisite: Geology 202A

Stratigraphy is concerned with the interpretation of paleogeography as recorded in layered rock. This record is a complex of three dimensional rock masses to which a fourth dimension, time, must be considered for paleogeographic reconstruction. Establishment of time-surfaces within this rock is essential for interpretation of complexes of depositional environments - the paleogeography. The purpose of the class is to show how rock may be attacked for such reconstruction. The first five weeks deals with stratigraphic principles, such as vertical variability, classification and nomenclature, lateral variability, and correlation techniques. The remaining eight weeks apply these principles to the geologic record. Laboratory assignments involve statistical and stratigraphic map problems aided by the computer. Although statistics and machine-aids are introduced, some prior knowledge is helpful.

313A General Geophysics, lect.: 3 hrs.; lab.: 3 hrs; every other week, P. Reynolds and P.J.C. Ryall. Prerequisite: Geology 205B.

A second class in geophysics designed to follow Geology 205B and a prerequisite for the several 400-level geophysics classes. Topics include aspects of applied and whole earth geophysics, and physical properties of rocks.

314A Structural Geology, lect.: 3 hrs.; lab.: 3 hrs.; G.C. Milligan, Prerequisite: Geology 201A, 202A.

An introduction to the behaviour of rocks during deformation, stressing the geometrical aspects of rock structures on the scale normally encountered by the exploration geologist, and their interpretation. The laboratory exercises in the construction and interpretation of geological maps develop skill in the interpretation and graphical representation of structures in three dimensions.

315B Economic Geology, lect.: 3 hrs.; lab.: 3 hrs.; M. Zentilli. Prerequisites: Geology 201A, 204B, 202A, 30^{- -}, 314A.

An introduction to the processes leading to the cormation of different types of metallic mineral deposits, and to principles of exploration, and mining geology. The writing of geological reports is emphasized, and part of the laboratory is devoted to an exercise in petroleum exploration.

410 Research Project

This class is designed for those in the fourth year of a nonhonours programme. For details, consult the undergraduate A research project and thesis are a normal part of

the Honours B.Sc. programme and may be counted as a class under certain conditions. Special regulations govern this, and the student should consult the undergraduate adviser.

421B Siliclastic Sedimentology, lect.: 3 hrs.; lab.: 3 hrs.; R. Boyd. Prerequisite: Geology 202A.

The physical processes of transport of granular sediments, and the transport and deposition of clays are examined and the results integrated in a study of modern and ancient littoral and continental shelf sedimentation. The labaoratory covers techniques for analysing and interpreting unconsolidated sediments. (The content of this class changes substantially from year to year.)

422A Carbonate Petrology, lect: 2 hrs.; lab.: 3 hrs.; P.E. Schenk, Prerequisite: Geology 202A, Text: Bathurst, Carbonate Sediments and Diagenesis, paperback edition, 1975.

Depositional and diagenetic environments of carbonates and some other authigenics are reviewed. The class consists of four parts. Part One involves demonstrations of methods unique to carbonate petrology; Part Two is on physical chemistry of carbonates; Part Three on recent environments as Grand Bahama Bank, Bermuda, Florida and Cuba (humid environments) and the Persian Gulf and Western Australia (arid environments): Part Four on diagenesis (6 weeks). Laboratories deal with field and lab techniques, binocular logging of drill chips, and description of Schenk's collection from the Bahamas, Bermuda, Florida, Cuba, Persian Gulf and Australia. Seminars on specific topics may be planned.

*423A Invertebrate Palaeontology, lect.: 2 hrs.; lab.: 3 hrs.; F. Medioli. Prerequisite: Geology 202A and 223B or Biology 2000 and/or 3321. The class is suitable for Biology students.

This class deals with macropaleontology. Students collect fossiliferous material and prepare, identify and photograph it. A final report of publishable quality is required.

426 Hydrogeology, lect.: 3 hrs.; T. Hennigar. Prerequisite: Prior consent of the instructor.

The occurrence, movement and distribution of water, as related to earth materials, with emphasis on the exploration, development, utilization of groundwater and related environmental issues. The class work includes the principles of groundwater flow, aguifer hydraulics, water chemistry, hydrologic systems. Problems regarding the ground-water flow system and natural and artificial contaminants are discussed. The disruption of the natural groundwater flow system due to construction works is also examined. Problems, literature reviews and assignments on special topics are an integral part of the class. Reference texts and periodicals will be announced. Should enrolment in this class prove excessive, preference will be given to geology honours and graduate students.

427A Applied Geophysics, lect.: 3 hrs., P.J.C. Ryall. Prerequisites: Geology 205B, 313A, or instructor's consent.

The application of geophysical methods to petroleum and mineral exploration as introduced in 205B and 313A is here treated at a more advanced level. The contribution of geophysics to general knowledge of the earth is discussed briefly. Assignments are project-oriented and attempt to involve the student in interpretation of realistic geophysical data via computer modelling, inversion techniques, etc.

*428B Marine Geophysics, lect.: 3 hrs.; lab. and occasional sea trip to be arranged, P.J.C. Ryall. Prerequisite: Geology 205B, 313A, 427A, or instructor's consent.

The application of the various geophysical techniques to the study of the sea floor and the principal results obtained are examined. The processes involved in the creation, evolution and destruction of ocean basins and the implications of the experimental observations are also considered.

†429B Advanced Solid Earth Geophysics, lect.: 3 hrs.; C. Beaumont (Oceanography). Prerequisites: Geology 205B. 313A and 427A, or instructor's consent.

Essential for geology or physics students who intend to be geophysicists, the class covers the physical state and behaviour of the Earth as a whole. It shows how studies of geomagnetism, the Earth's electrical conductivity, earthquake seismology, the Earth's gravity field and the loss of heat from the Earth contribute to our present detailed picture of the Earth's interior. Methods of absolute age determination and other isotopic studies together with paleomagnetism allow us to follow aspects of the Earth's evolution to its pres-

430B Advanced Economic Geology, lect.: 3 hrs.: lab.: 3 hrs.; M. Zentilli and P. Hacquebard. Prerequisite: Geology

For those interested in mineral exploration. Different geological environments are associated with specific kinds of ore deposits. We discuss their empirical distribution and evaluate conceptual models proposed for their genesis. One third of the class is dedicated to the geology of coal, with emphasis on Nova Scotia resources.

†431B Marine Geology, lect.: 3 hrs.; lab and occasional trip on small boat to be arranged; Staff. Prerequisite: The equivalent of 300-level classes in Geology or instructor's per-

We study the principal techniques used by geologists working at sea, and some of the principal results obtained concerning the geology of the ocean basins.

*434A Precambrian Geology, lect.: 3 hrs.; G.C. Milligan, R.A. Jamieson. Prerequisites: Geology 302B, 314A.

The Precambrian includes 85% of earth history. The possible physical, chemical, and biological evolution of the earth from the earliest Archean to the latest Proterozoic are discussed and contrasted with Phanerozoic geology. The Precambian geology of Canada is discussed in detail, emphasizing the metamorphism, tectonics, and mineral deposits of the various structural provinces.

t435A Appalachian Geology, lect.: 3 hrs.; R.A. Jamieson, P.E. Schenk, G.C. Milligan, D.B. Clarke. Prerequisites: Geology 302B, 314A.

The physiography and resources of Atlantic Canada reflect its location at the northern end of the Appalachian Mountains. The late Precambrian to Carboniferous evolution of this orogenic belt is discussed in terms of structure, stratigraphy, metamorphism, ore deposits, and plutonic history, with emphasis on tectonic style. Plate tectonic interpretations of the Appalachians and the role of Nova Scotia in the system are also discussed in detail.

*436B Principles of Pleistocene Geology, lect. and seminar: 3 hrs.; M.R. Gibling.

The special problems involved in the interpretation of Pleistocene deposits, are covered. These include the origin, distribution and nature of snow and ice; movement in glaciers and ice caps; glacial stratigraphy; sea level fluctuations; ocean floor deposits; climatic changes evidenced in non-glaciated regions; theories of ice ages. Although a good background in geology is expected, some students with advanced standing in biology may be admitted. Reading forms a substantial part of the class.

†437 Micropalaeontology, lect.: 2 hrs.; lab.: 3 hrs.; F. Medioli. Prerequisite: Geology 223B or senior standing in Biology (with instructor's consent).

A general systematic study of the major groups of microfossils, mainly foraminifers, ostracoda and calcareous nanno-plankton. Particular emphasis is placed on recent microfauna and on the techniques for sampling and studying

438A Advanced Geochemistry, lect.: 3 hrs.; lab.: 3 hrs.; G.K. Muecke. Prerequisites: Geology 301A, 302B, 315B.

Geochemical aspects of ore formation and the exploration for economic mineral deposits are covered. How principles of crystal chemistry, isotope fractionation, thermodynamics, solution chemistry, etc., apply to the investigation of hydrothermal solutions, modes of ore deposition and redistribution, and geochemical cycles is demonstrated. Geochemical surveys, exogenic element dispersion and the origin and evaluation of geochemical anomalies are also discussed. In the laboratory the most common methods of rock and mineral analysis and the processing of geochemical data are introduced.

†439B Advanced Mineralogy and Igneous Petrology. lect.: 3 hrs.; lab.: 3 hrs.; D.B. Clarke. Prerequisites: Geology 301A, 302B.

Current topics of interest in the petrogenesis of igneous rocks. The origin of certain magma types is considered in the light of recent information from the fields of experimental petrology, geochemistry, isotope geochemistry, and geo-

*440B Advanced Mineralogy and Metamorphic Petrology, lect.: 3 hrs.; R.A. Jamieson. Prerequisites: Geology 301A, 302B.

Metamorphic rocks are considered as equilibrium systems. The role of fluids in metamorphism, metasomatism and mass transport, kinetics of metamorphic process are discussed. Laboratory projects and special topics are chosen to suit the student's interests.

Seminars

A department seminar is held on alternate weeks. Other specialized seminars are arranged on an ad hoc basis.

Graduate Classes

Some graduate classes may be suitable. Please consult the Graduate Calendar and seek advice from the Department.

German

Chairman of Department Friedrich Gaede

Professors

F.W. Gaede, Ph.D. (Freib.) P. Michelsen, Ph.D. (Gott.)

Associate Professors

H.G. Schwarz, M.A. (Munich), Ph.D. (McG.)

D. Steffen, Ph.D. (Gott.)

F. Strack, Ph.D. (Heidelberg) **Assistant Professor** A. Roulston, B.A. (Sir G. Wms.)

Lecturer G. Josenhans

German, the most widely used language in Central Europe, is spoken by approximately 100 million people as their native tongue in Austria, the two Germanies, Switzerland and some parts of Eastern Europe. The cultural, economic, and scientific role of the German-speaking countries makes the knowledge of German indispensable to the study of most academic disciplines.

The departmental programme "German Studies" is the investigation of German culture and its place in the formation of the modern world. The programme concentrates on significant aspects of the cultural tradition of the German-speaking countries. From Luther to Nietzsche, Freud, and Marx, German writers have moved men and nations to change the course of the world. The literary and intellectual development of Germany culminated around 1800 in the epoch of Classicism. The authors of this epoch (Lessing, Herder, Hegel, Goethe, Schiller) founded their writings on a thorough knowledge of the cultural tradition of Europe, especially of the Greek culture. As scientists, historians, and politicians they described in their literary works problems and questions of a universal nature. They became the first historians of literature and created the discipline of aesthetics. The universality of the authors of German classicism explains their present actuality and makes the study of German important and attractive.

Major or honours students may, with the approval of the Department of German, take up to one year (5 full credits) of work at a University in a German-speaking country and receive credit at Dalhousie.

Degree Programmes

Students concentrating on German should take a minimum of four German classes beyond the 100 level.

B.A. with Honours in German

Students considering an honours course are advised to consult the Department of German.

Combined Honours

It is possible for a student to take an honours degree combining German with another subject. Any student intending to take such a combined honours degree should consult with the two respective departments to arrange the details of such a programme.

Programme for Future Teachers of German.

The Department also offers a special one-year programme in conjunction with the Department of Education for third-year students of German. All courses under this programme must be taken as a unit. Any student desiring to pursue this programme should consult with the Department.

- 1. Prerequisite: Successful completion of an intermediate German Class (such as German 200) or equivalent.
- 2. Structure of Programme.
- a) intensive language training
- b) philology and linguistics

c) teaching methods d) work in German civilization Classes marked * are not offered every year. Please consult the timetable on registration to determine if this class is offered.

German Language Studies

german

Introductory Classes Offered

100 German for Beginners, lect.: 3 hrs.; G. Josenhans, A. Roulston.

German 100 is a seminar class for beginners, and no previous knowledge is required. Its equivalent is two years of German in high school with a final mark of 75% or better. The class emphasizes the spoken language, and provides the student with a thorough knowledge of basic grammar, Language laboratory work and attendance of small conversation groups are required. The class fulfills the writing requirement for first-year students. German 100 or its equivalent is a prerequisite for all classes on the 200 level.

101 German for Beginners, lect.: 3 hrs.; G. Josenhans, A.

An introductory language class, using the same methods and goals as German 100. This class does not fulfill the writing requirement for beginning students.

105 German Reading Course for Beginners, lect.: 3 hrs.; A. Roulston.

The students will acquire a knowledge of basic vocabulary and grammatical structure sufficient to understand newspapers and texts in the humanities and sciences. No previous knowledge of German is required. The class is taught in English. For purposes of admission to advanced classes in German it is equivalent to German 100.

106 German Reading Course for Beginners, lect.: 3 hrs.;

An introductory reading class using the same methods and goals as G 105. This class does not fulfill the writing requirement for beginning students.

100/105 Intensified German, lect.: 5 hrs.; lab.: 2 hrs.

The combination of G100 and 105 is recommended to students who desire rapid progress in the German language.

110 German Art and Literature, lect.: 3 hrs.; H.G. Schwarz.

This class gives an introduction to modern German Art and Literature and their interrelationship. The class will be taught in English.

Intermediate Classes Offered

Intermediate classes are based on German 100, high school German Grade 10, 11, 12 or an equivalent basic knowledge.

A combination of German 200 and German 202 serves as an accelerated Intermediate German course and is designed for students who want to make rapid progress in the language.

200 Intermediate German, lect.: 3 hrs.; G. Josenhans, H.G. Schwarz, A. Roulston.

The main aim is to develop a certain degree of speaking fluency as well as reading and writing skills. Language Laboratory work is required. Small conversation classes once a week as an aid to speaking fluency are compulsory.

201 Scientific German, lect.: 3 hrs.: A. Roulston, Prerequisite: German 100 or equivalent.

Primarily a reading and translation class designed to enable science students to read scientific papers, reports, and articles in scientific journals in the original language. A reading knowledge of German is a prerequisite for many Ph.D.

*202 Exercises in Translation and Composition, lect.: 2 hrs.; G. Josenhans. Prerequisite: German 100 or equivalent.

English and German texts from various periods of different types will be translated. These translations lead to the discussion of specific difficulties of grammar and construction. Students must prepare translations or compositions for each class. Dictations are given once a week. The class is conducted mainly in German.

Advanced Classes Offered

203 Advanced German, lect. 3 hrs.; D. Steffen. Prereguisite: German 200 or equivalent.

Readings, essays and discussions will promote fluency in the language on the advanced level.

Study of German Literature and Culture

*215 Goethe's Faust, lect.: 2 hrs.

German 220 Introduction to German Literature, lect.: 2 hrs.; H.G. Schwarz.

A study of texts representing major periods of German Literature since the 18th century. Special emphasis is on the interaction between literature, society and the other forms of art. The class, taught in German, also serves as an introduction to literary criticism.

230 In Pursuit of Freedom from Luther to Nietzsche. lect : 2 hrs

235 Germanic and Greek Mythology, lect.: 2 hrs.

245 Kant and the History of German Idealism, Sem.: 2

A study of Kant's relation to modern Rationalism and Empiricism, and an inquiry into the principles of Idealism.

305 History and Theory of the German Novel, Sem.: 2 hrs.; F. Gaede.

Representative works from the Baroque Age to the 20th Century are studied and the principles of the genre discussed.

*310 German Literature and Thought from Reformation to Enlightenment, lect.: 2 hrs.; F. Gaede.

A study of German literature between the 16th and 18th centuries as a direct reflection of the important religious, social and philosophical developments after the Reformation and during Absolutism.

*315 Goethe and the Enlightenment, lect.: 2 hrs.; D. Stef-

A study is of German literature and thought of the time which preceded and witnessed the great revolutions of the 18th cen-

- *320 Goethe and Romanticism, lect.: 2 hrs.; D. Steffen.
- *324 Literature of the 19th Century, lect.: 2 hrs.; F.

*325 Modern German Literature, lect.: 2 hrs.; F. Gaede.

A study of plays of B. Brecht and selected prose texts of Fr. Kafka, Th. Mann, and G. Grass.

*335 Hegel's Aesthetics and the Ancients, Sem.: 2 hrs.;

*340 Heidegger and German Idealism, Sem.: 2 hrs.

A lecture and seminar class in which Heidegger's philosophy and views on the history of philosophy will be closely considered in relation to the phenomenon of German Idealism.

345 Hegel's Philosophy of Nature, J.A. Doull.

Hegel's Philosophy of Nature and its relation to ancient physics and modern science. The class will endeavour to discover in what sense a thinking of nature in essential continuity with ancient physics is currently possible or in what sense modern natural science constitutes a philosophy of nature.

*410 Aesthetic Theory, Sem.: 2 hrs.; F. Gaede.

A historical study of the development of literary theory.

*420 Seminar on Hegel's Phenomenology of Spirit, 2 hrs.; D. Steffen.

The Phenomenology of Spirit, published in 1807, was Hegel's first major work. He intended to write an introduction to philosophy by demonstrating the necessity of the advance from the most immediate form of knowledge to absolute knowledge. To achieve this he had to write the Phenomenology as an introduction to his own philosophy.

*425 Studies in German Idealism.

Graduate Studies

The department offers a graduate programme leading to the M.A. degree. Details of the M.A. programme are given in the Calendar of the Faculty of Graduate Studies.

Health Education

HE412 Human Sexuality and Educating About It, lect. and discussion: 3 credit hrs.; normally Fall; E. Belzer, Prereguisite: Permission of the instructor.

This class is concerned with basic knowledge and understandings regarding biomedical, psychosocial, historical, legal, religious, semantic and comparative cultural aspects of human sexuality from conception to senility. Consideration is given to adjustment needs and problems of children and adults in contemporary Canadian society and to educational efforts to help with them.

History

Chairman of Department

P. Burroughs, B.A., Ph.D. (Lond.), F.R. Hist.S. M.S. Cross, B.A., M.A., Ph.D. (Tor.) J. Fingard, B.A. (Dal.), M.Phil., Ph.D. (Lond.) J.E. Flint, M.A. (Cantab.), Ph.D. (Lond.), F.R. Hist.S. F.R.S.C. P. Fraser, B.A. (Cantab.), Ph.D. (Lond.), F.R. Hist.S. H.S. Granter, B.A. (Dal.), A.M. (Harv.) R.M. Haines, M.A., M.Litt. (Durh.), D.Phil (Oxon.), F.R. Hist. S., F.S.A. P.D. Pillav, B.A. (S. Africa), Ph.D. (Lond.) P.B. Waite, M.A. (U.B.C.), Ph.D. (Tor.), F.R.S.C. J.B.Webster, M.A. (U.B.C.), Ph.D. (Lond.)

Associate Professors

J.E. Crowley, A.B. (Princ.), M.A. (Mich.), Ph.D. (Johns Hopkins) J.F. Godfrey, B.A. (Tor.), B.Phil., D.Phil. (Oxon.) N.G.O. Pereira, B.A. (Williams), M.A., Ph.D. (U.C. Berkeley) L.D. Stokes, B.A. (Tor.), M.A., Ph.D. (Johns Hopkins) D. Sutherland, B.A. (Mt.A.), M.A. (Dal.), Ph.D. (Tor.) G.D. Taylor, B.A., Ph.D. (Penn.) M. Turner, B.A., M.A. (Manc.), Ph.D. (Lond.)

Assistant Professors

J.T. O'Brien, Jr., B.A. (Wisconsin), M.A., Ph.D. (Rochester)

Killam Research Associate

B. Tucker, B.A. (Tor.), M.A., Ph.D. (Brown)

History as a Subject for Study at University

A sense of history is a primitive need felt by individuals and by groups, Just as a person needs to know who he (or she) is and how he arrived where he is, groups, races, classes, states and nations need a sense of their own past as part of their

The academic study of history, therefore, is concerned to discover as much as possible of the reality of the past and to interpret human behaviour in its changes through time. It is a unique subject, scientific in the way it uses evidence, but still an art because the reconstruction of the past requires a disciplined imagination and an effective rhetoric for the communication of meaning.

The contemporary world is one of intensive specialization, in which the varieties of human knowledge have increased well beyond the capacity of any individual to command them all. These developments have reinforced the role of history as the foundation of a person's education, because history can never draw frontiers around itself to exclude any branch of human knowledge, although individual historians will want to select that portion of it especially relevant for them. History's field of study will always be the whole of human experience.

Aims of Teaching and Study

The subject of history does not have a monolithic body of knowledge. Historical understanding is a matter of interpretation, of offering explanations for events and movements which are subject to constant revision by scholars. Arguments, scepticism and controversy are thus the very stuff of history. The history student does not merely acquire a particular mass of information: the student learns to think independently.

Degree Programmes

Classes in history are set out below. There are several levels of study. 1000-level classes are primarily for first-year students; 2000-level classes treat broad geographical areas over specified periods; and 3000/4000-level classes provide opportunity for specialized study and advanced work for the undergraduate.

1. Bachelor's Degree Programmes

Students who wish to major in history choose a 1000-level

class and at least five or six and no more than eight upperlevel classes, of which two or three should be at the 3000level. First-year students may take two 1000-level classes in

Students who wish to build up a greater specialization in history than the minimum requirements may do so by taking classes of an historical nature given by the Departments of Classics, Economics, Music, Philosophy, Political Science, Theatre, etc.

2. Interdisciplinary Programmes Mediaeval Studies Programme.

African Studies Programme Canadian Studies Programme.

history

3. Honours Degree Programmes

Students may choose from several honours programmes: European, North American, British Imperial/African or General. For details consult the History Honours Coordinator.

Note: Classes marked * are not offered every year. Please consult the timetable and History Calendar Supplement on registration to determine if this class is offered

Classes Offered at the 1000 Level

1000 Europe from Medieval Times to the Present, lecture/tutorial, 3 hrs; R.M. Haines, I.E. Crowley, N.G.O. Pereira, L.D. Stokes

An introduction to the history of Europe from the beginning of the Middle Ages to the period since the end of World War II, divided into four equal periods of differing chronological length: medieval times; the Renaissance, Reformation and early modern era; the 19th century (from the French Revolution to the out-break of World War I); and the 20th century. The lectures, supplemented by tutorials, highlight a select number of themes and problems with which Europe has been confronted and which particularly characterized its develop-

1050 History and the Modern World, lecture, 3 hrs; J.F. Godfrey, G.D. Taylor.

Open your morning paper or tune in the evening news. Crises leap at you like djinn from a bottle. Where do these seemingly inexplicable problems originate? Are they random events or do they interrelate in a systematic or sinister fashion? Do they portend the collapse of the industrial society on which we have become so dependent? History cannot foretell the future, but historians seek to determine the origins of the problems that confront us today, and provide a perspective for people today to consider how their ancestors coped with their world. This class relates current events to broader trends of political, economic and social developments in the modern industrial world.

1200 History of Canada, lecture, 3 hrs; P.B. Waite

The development of Canada from prehistoric Indian cultures to Pierre Trudeau. It has a central core of social and political history, but ranges across economic history as well as Canadian literature.

*1300 United States History, 3 hrs; Staff

This class investigates the political, social and cultural development of the American colonies and the United States by addressing such fundamental matters as the coexistence of slavery with egalitarian principles, the conflict of sections over territorial expansion, the interplay of immigration with industrialization and urbanization, and the growth of the federal government's involvement in domestic and foreign

1400 Europe and the Third World, lecture/tutorial, 3 hrs; J.E. Flint, J.B.Webster.

An introduction to university level work in history. This class also provides training in study habits, analysis of problems, and essay writing by examining six "units of study" in turn. These are: 1) The origins of European imperialism 2) Slavery and Empire 3) Penetration and annexation in the Tropics - India and Africa 4) Escape artists - Japan 5) Escape artists - Iran (Persia) and 6) Decolonisation - India and Africa. For each unit there are lectures and tutorials, and students write an essay each month in class time on each unit. The written work is then discussed in tutorials designed to improve the quality of the analysis and writing.

1990 Problems of Historical Study and Writing, seminar, 2 hrs.

An introduction to the problems of historical study, including the nature of historical evidence, analysis and causation. No lectures take place; instead, each student registers for a section dealing with a type of history of interest. The sections are limited to fifteen students and meet once a week. Each student must write an essay per month. The general techniques of study and writing are thus acquired by consideration of particular problems in a field of special interest to the stu-

Some of the sections that may be offered:

- (1) The Atlantic World, and Colonization of The Americas, 1500-1800 (Crowley)
- Medieval Life and Thought. (Haines)
- Fascism and Nazism (Stokes)
- Canadian Development in the 19th and 20th Centuries. (Sutherland)
- The Fight against Slavery in the United States. (O'Brien)
- European Intellectual History, (Pereira) (19)
 - The Canadian Rebellions. (Burroughs)

Classes offered at the 2000 level

European History

2000 Mediaeval Europe, lecture/discussion, 2 hrs; R.M.

A survey of the thousand years between the end of the classical world and the beginnings of modern Europe. Original source materials in translation are carefully studied to understand the mediaeval world-view and the ways in which mediaeval history is written, and students are introduced to a wide range of topics including the intellectual, artistic and social history of the Middle Ages. Particular attention is paid to developing an appreciation of the richness of an age usually characterized as dark and unknowable.

2011A Renaissance and Reformation Europe, 1450-1650, lecture/tutorial, 2 hrs; J.E. Crowley

An investigation of major changes in Western Europe from the late medieval depression to the crisis of centralized rule and economic growth in the seventeenth century. Among the topics are the development of humanism in fifteenth-century Italy and religious reform movements in transalpine Europe, the loss of Mediterranean predominance in European commerce, the centralization of authority by national monarchies and the rebellions lodged against them, and the subjection of urban culture and commerce to court dominance.

2012B Absolutist and Revolutionary Europe, 1650-1800, lecture/tutorial, 2 hrs; J.E. Crowley

A study of Western Europe during the rise of absolutist states as agencies shaping economic and social structures. The class gauges the state's effectiveness in this role against Enlightenment writings on social and economic reform. Topics include the court of Louis XIV, peasant revolts and urban popular protest, the seigneurial regime, and autocratic

African and Third World History

The last hundred years of the activities of the imperial powers, their impact on the world, their rivalries among themselves and the resistance they provoked on every continent. Different forms of conquest are discussed and illustrated: the shifting power balance among the imperial powers is traced and the growth of national resistance movements and their ideologies investigated. The class gives particular emphasis to the United States as the most important imperial power of the period, to its role in Latin America and to the ideologies which inform resistance movements.

*2370 Age of Imperialism 1870-1970, seminar, 2 hrs; M.

*2380 Latin America: Independence and After, lecture/discussion, 2 hrs; M. Turner

The countries of Latin America achieved political independence early in the nineteenth century but the continent continues today in the grip of American imperialism. This class investigates the processes which have led to this situation. Attention is paid to the independence movements, the role of British and American capital in the nineteenth and twentieth centuries and the political responses of Latin American countries, in particular Argentina, Brazil and Chile.

2400 History of Tropical Africa, lecture/tutorial, 2 hrs; J.B. Webster

A study of some of the major themes of African pre-colonial and post-colonial history through an examination of the internal politics and development of African states and societies such as the Yoruba empire, Ashanti and Dahomey in West Africa, and states in East, Central and Southern Africa. The theme of cultural contact and its effects is prominent in considering Islamic and Christian penetration. This is followed by an examination of the impact of European colonial rule, the partition of Africa and African responses which culminated in the emergence of independent African states.

2500 History of the Middle East in the 20th Century, lecture/tutorial, 2 hrs; J.E. Flint

Students are first introduced to the basic elements of the Islamic religion and its political aspects. Introductory sessions also survey the main currents of change in the 19th-century Turkish emprie and the stress and strains of "modernisation". But the major emphasis is on events since the 1st World War: the Turkish revolution, the creation of Arab kingdoms, British and French colonial and quasicolonial influences, the emergence of Arab and Egyptian nationalism, Zionism, and Iran. The development of the oil industry is considered in some detail, with its effects on Soviet, British and U.S. policies.

Classes offered at the 3000 level

European History

3000 Mediaeval Civilization: Sources and Literature, seminar, 2 hrs; R.M. Haines

History 2000 provides the appropriate background for this class. Each year a number of topics are chosen, wide enough to be used as central themes in the context of which mediaeval civilization can be studied; for this instance monasticism, universities, papal government, and architecture. Such topics are studied in depth, with the help of available original documents (in translation) and using periodical literature. Students master the basic work in certain areas, and are also encouraged to develop special interests of their own. Class discussions are used to unravel more difficult aspects and all students contribute in this way

and in the writing of a small number of well argued and documented papers. Some general books should be read before starting the class. Suggestions of this kind, with a list of the topics and appropriate explanation and bibliography are available well in advance.

3031A The Weimar Republic, seminar, 2 hrs

3032B The Third Reich, seminar, 2 hrs; L.D. Stokes

A detailed examination of the history of Germany between 1918 and 1945, through a study of the principal problems and historiography of Weimar and Nazi Germany. While the focus is upon political and social developments, in particular the collapse of parliamentary democracy and the establishment of a totalitarian dictatorship, intellectual, cultural and other aspects of the "German problem" are also treated. A reading knowledge of German is useful but not necessary. Evaluation in each class is based upon a written research paper and optional examination, class attendance and participation in discussion.

*3040 French Intellectuals in the 20th Century, seminar, 2 hrs, J.F. Godfrey

In France, political life and intellectual life are inseparable. This class will examine the intellectual careers of Block, Maritain, Bernanos, Saint-Exupéry, Malraux, DeGaulle, Sartre, Camus, Teilhard de Chardin and Lévi-Strauss in the context of the political history of France in the twentieth century.

*3070 The History of Science, lecture/discussion, 2 hrs; J. Farley

For class description see Biology 3400.

3090A Contemporary Soviet Society, seminar, 2 hrs

3091B Topics in Soviet History, seminar, 2 hrs; N.G.O. Pereira

The basic institutions of contemporary Soviet society are considered both in terms of their own historical antecedents and useful comparisons with European counterparts. Topics may include the role of official culture, party machinery, the individual in society, relations with the West, science and technology, and the economy.

English History

3104 England Under the Tudors and Stuarts, seminar with occasional lectures, 2 hrs; Staff

Topics such as the religious reformation in England; the rise of the gentry; the age of Elizabeth; the agrarian revolution; Anglican, Catholic and Puritan; the Civil War and the restoration of the establishment; parliamentary monarchy and the rule of law, and the growth of individual liberty.

3106 The Victorian Age, England 1815 to 1870, seminar with occasional lectures, 2 hrs; H.S. Granter

An exmination of English society in the age of English dominance after Waterloo, before the advent of rampant imperialism in the 1870's. The seminars are planned to portray the characteristic features: aristocratic, industrial, fiscal, liberal, of the Early and mid-Victorian period. Each seminar discusses a major theme illustrating the unique character of this period in English history, and indeed, in world history. Contemporary papers, pamphlets and other writing, including fiction, and, where possible, recent films are used.

3110 Late Victorian and Edwardian England, seminar, 2 hrs; P. Fraser

An examinatioan of selected aspects of political, social and intellectual history, such as the transformation of the Liberal party from Gladstone to Asquith, Labour and Socialist movements, or the ideals, theories and practices of im-

reform in Spain and central Europe. Particular attention is given to the characteristic sources of social conflict in France's Old Regime and their relation to the course of the Revolution.

2020 Modern Russia, lecture/tutorial, 3 hrs, N.G.O. Pereira

A survey of the last two centuries of modern Russia, from 1801 to the present, with particular attention to factors which contributed to the decline and fall of the Romanov dynasty and the formation of the Soviet state. Readings will include representative samplings of contemporary opinion as well as the most recent scholarship. No prior knowledge of Russian history is presumed.

2031A Germany in the 19th Century, discussion/tutorial, 2 hrs; L.D. Stokes

2032B Germany in the 20th Century, discussion/tutorial, 2 hrs; L.D. Stokes

Selected topics in the history of Germany during the past two centuries, including the growth of nationalism and liberalism, the role of Prussia, industrialization, Bismarck and the political parties, civil-military relations and the rise and destruction of Nazism. A reading knowledge of German is not necessary. Evaluation is based upon a written essay and optional examination, class attendance and participation in discussion.

2040 Modern France: From the Fall of the Bastille to the Rise of De Gaulle, lecture 3 hrs.; I.F. Godfrey.

Selected topics in French political, military, economic and cultural history from the Revolution of 1789 to the end of the Second World War.

*2050 Europe in Two World Wars, lecture/tutorial, 3 hrs; L.D. Stokes.

British and British Imperial History

2100 History of England to 1763, lecture/tutorial, 3 hrs; Staff

Introduction to the history of England before the industrial revolution. Certain broad themes are stressed in the lectures: the Anglo-Saxon foundations of England; the Norman Conquest; the foundations of the Common Law and of Parliament; the Elizabethan age; the religious and constitutional struggles of the sixteenth and seventeenth centuries leading to Protestantism and liberal government; command of the seas and the founding of empire; the rich agricultural and commercial economy and society of the eighteenth century.

2110 Modern Britain, lecture/tutorial, 3 hrs; P. Fraser

Six themes, chosen to reveal some of the forces which have created the modern world. They are: (1) The emergence of parliamentary government from Wilkes to the Reform Act of 1832; (2) The rise of Britain to industrial preeminence from Robert Owen to the Great Exhibition of 1851; (3) The formation of the British working class from Tom Paine to the first Labour government; (4) The development of the popular press and modern modes of publicity and agitation; (5) The expansion of England and the meaning of empire in its heyday and (6) The experience of Britain in two world wars.

2130 British Empire and Commonwealth, lecture/ tutorial, 3 hrs; P. Burroughs

Topics and themes, chosen principally in the period from the American Revolution to the present, to illustrate the character and motivation of British expansion overseas. Changing British attitudes and policies towards the empire, problems created by the contact of white settlers and indigenous populations, colonial revolts and independence movements are discussed.

North American History

2210 The Social History of Canada, seminar, 2 hrs.; D.A. Sutherland

This evening session surveys the development of Canadian society from the beginnings to the present. Among the themes considered will be social classes, the role of women, how people worked and how they lived, conflicts such as rioting and rebellions, and specific case studies such as Indian-white relations, the Winnipeg general strike and the troubles of industrial Cape Breton.

2230 Canada in the Twentieth Century, 3 hrs; lecture/tutorial, 3 hrs.; M.S. Cross, P.B. Waite

A survey of the roots of contemporary Canada, this class will study the origins of our current issues and problems. Attention will be focussed on Canadian political developments, as well as on economic and social structures, French-English relations and provincial and regional disparities.

2240 French Canada, 1867 to 1967, lecture/tutorial, 3 hrs; P.B. Waite. *Prerequisite*: It is helpful to have had a general course in Canadian History.

Given in English, for English-speaking students, although French-speaking students are welcome, this class examines French-Canadian society at the time of Confederation with brief reference to the events from 1760 to 1837. In the main deals with the development of French Canadian political and social life from 1867 to the "Quiet Revolution" of the 1960's, including both federal and provincial aspects as well as French-Canadian developments in the West, Ontario and the Maritimes.

2270 The Atlantic Provinces, lecture/tutorials, 3 hrs; D. Sutherland, J. Fingard

A survey of Maritime and Newfoundland history from the beginnings of European penetration to the "triumph of Canadianization". Attention is given to the interaction of environment and culture which has given rise to a durable but nevertheless vulnerable regional character. The class seeks to define internal patterns of social change and social conflict while simultaneously placing regional development within a broader national and international context.

2330 The United States: A Political and Economic History, seminar, 2 hrs; G.D. Taylor

American history features many colourful personalities and episodes from the Boston Tea Party to Watergate. Underlying these events are broad patterns of change: population movements, religious and ethnic conflict, economic development, the organization of political parties and interest groups, and unheralded but enduring shifts in the law and public opinion. This class examines public life in America from the time of Benjamin Franklin to Jimmy Carter in the context of these general processes of social, economic, and cultural development.

*2340 Social History of the United States, seminar, 2 hrs; J.T. O'Brien

A survey of the major social and economic forces which transformed the United States from an agrarian republic to an industrial nation. Attention is drawn to the process of industrialization and such allied topics as urban growth, immigration, the rise of the corporation, the changing nature of work, and the role of government in fostering economic growth. We also look at the history of labour organizations, protest movements, and business groups that sponsored new forms of economic activity in the period from the founding of the Republic to the Great Depression. Attendance and class participation in seminar discussion are required. Students sit two one-hour examinations and write two short papers.

perialism in the palmy years of the Empire. Topics for selective study include Irish Home Rule, social theories, reform movements, electioneering, journalism, party organisation, the monarchy and the constitution, and naval and military reoranganisation under the committee of Imperial Defence.

3111 Britain in Two World Wars, seminar, 2 hrs; P. Fraser

Special problems of wartime Britain—political leadership, military direction, social adaptation, morale and censorship, controls and compulsion, all related to the varying fortunes of the country at war. The central figures are Asquith, Kitchener and Lloyd George, Chamberlain, Churchill and Attlee. Attention is concentrated on the important episodes, both political and military or diplomatic.

North American History

*3230 Canadian Working Class History I, 1850-1914, seminar, 2 hrs; Staff

The transition to industrial capitalist society in Canada and the creation of a working class are the general themes of this course. Topics include pre-industrial work, the development of trade unions, strikes, immigration, poverty, violence, women at work, working class culture, labour in politics, and the emergence of socialism. Students write research papers based on primary sources. There are no formal prerequisites but History 2230 or 2270 would be helpful.

*3231 Canadian Working Class History II, The Twentieth Century Experience, seminar, 2 hrs; Staff

The development of the Canadian working class movement from 1896 to the present. Topics include the degradation of work, the question of international unions, labour in politics, women and trade unions, the role of the state in industrial relations, and working class culture in mass society. Students write research papers based on primary sources. There are no formal prerequisites but History 2230 or 2270 would be helpful.

3240 Violence and Order in Canada, 1815-1939, tutorial 2 hrs. M.S. Cross

There has been a running theme of violence in Canadian life—revolutions, riots, strikes, crime, Saturday night brawls. This class attempts to uncover the causes of violence, to analyze its types and forms, and to assess the responses of authority to different kinds of disorder. Original documents are employed as well as more conventional sources. Useful preparatory reading is Hugh Davis Graham and Ted Robert Gurr, ed., Violence in America: Historical and Comparative Perspectives (New York, 1969).

3250 Canada within the Empire, 1760-1914, seminar, 2 hrs; P. Burroughs

An examination of the political, commercial and cultural relations of Canada with Britain from conquest to nationhood, the changing attitudes of Canadians and Englishmen to the development empire, and the interplay of imperial policies and colonial conditions.

3270 Nova Scotian Society, 1790-1945, seminar, 2 hrs; J. Fingard

Major themes in the social, economic and political evolution of provincial society are explored in an effort to identify the major forces which, since the mid 18th century, have worked to shape the Nova Scotian identity. Discussion involves both existing historical literature and original student research. No prerequisites exist but participants should have some familiarity with Canadian history.

3280 Disreputable Pleasures: Popular Diversions and Common Vices in Canada, lecture/tutorial, 3 hrs; M.S. Cross

Popular diversions, whether sports and games or social drinking, tell much about the character and values of society. This class explores the significance of sports, popular music, rioting, prostitution, drinking and other pleasures. As well, it considers the response of the respectable to these activities. Topics considered include: the temperance movement and industrial discipline; religious revivals; the invention of sport; changing attitudes to prostitution; and contemporary technological diversions. Grading is based on essays and class participation.

3285 The Urban Experience in Canada, seminar, 2 hrs.; D.A. Sutherland.

The rise of the city and the evolution of urban society constitute a major theme in Canada's history. It is now recognized that the nation's past has been influenced decisively by its urban component, from the beginnings of settlement, through the growth of the staples trade, to the emergence of an industrial order. This class draws upon a rapidly expanding body of historical literature to offer a general overview of the economic, social and political forces at work in shaping our urban experience.

3330 The United States, Canada and the World, seminar, 2 hrs; G.D. Taylor

During the past century both nations of North America evolved from sparsely settled agricultural societies to complex industrial nations with increasing influence on, and dependence upon, developments throughout the rest of the world. This class traces the rise of the United States in global political and economic affairs, and reviews the role of the United States in the transformation of Canada since the early 19th century. The class focuses on diplomatic affairs, military conflict and cooperation, the rise of multinational enterprise, and the impact of technology in shaping America's relations with Canada and the world.

*3340 Popular Culture in the United States, 1750-1930, seminar, 2 hrs.; E.B. Tucker.

Selected themes in the history of popular culture in the United States from 1750-1930. Beginning with pre-industrial forms of popular consciousness, the class explores such topics as religious revivalism, food riots, sport, leisure, popular journalism, and music. In the second half, students assess the impact of industrialisation and urbanisation on popular culture to discover how men and women coped with the industrial revolution. The class concludes with an examination of the emergence of mass culture in the form of radio, advertising, and film in the early decades of the twentieth century.

3341B Revolutionary America, 1760-1815, seminar, 2 hrs.; J.E. Crowley.

The origins of the American revolution in colonial society and politics and the alterations of social, economic and political life resulting from the crises. Themes of particular interest are the popularization of politics, the social conflicts resulting in Loyalism, the development of a national political economy and constitutional tradition, and the cultural changes associated with republican government and egalitarian ideology.

3350B Family and Community in America, 1600-1900, seminar, 2 hrs; J.E. Crowley

The family in American history from the period when the family was a model for social relations to the time when it was seen as a private refuge from society at large. Among the topics considered are the role of the family in rural and urban communities; the demographic transition from high fertility and mortality; the constriction of the family's responsibilities

in economic life and education; the role of ideology in shaping sex roles and childrearing; and the relations of family and community according to ethnic group, class and economic setting.

*3360 Enslavement and Emancipation: Afro-Americans in the U.S. South to 1900, seminar, 2 hrs; J.T. O'Brien

This class begins with English colonization of the south Atlantic coast in the 17th century, the gradual evolution of a system of racial enslavement, and the quickening pace of the traffic in slaves that brought increasingly large numbers of Africans to the colonies. It continues through the American Revolution, which brought independence for some without loosening the slaves' chains, to the Civil War. We examine slavery as a system of racial subordination and economic exploitation. We look closely at the social, familial, and cultural life of the slaves. We also inquire into the role of slavery in shaping southern nationalism and national racial beliefs. Finally, we examine and assess northern efforts to reconstruct the South after the Civil War, the part blacks played in this process, and the responses of white southerners to such changes.

*3390 Empire and Revolution in the Caribbean, seminar, 2 hrs; M. Turner

The Caribbean islands have always produced wealth; sugar, bananas and bauxite have made fortunes for the few. Consequently the Caribbean has always been an area where imperial powers have struggled with one another. But most of the people in most of the islands have remained poor most of the time. This class investigates why this situation developed and what efforts have been made to alter it. Special attention is given to the struggles of the slaves to overthrow slavery, the efforts of the people to achieve independence and, in the case of Cuba, to make a socialist revolution.

African and Third World History

3440 African History from Oral Tradition, seminar, 2 hrs.; J.B. Webster.

For those students who have a keen interest in African history, the class concentrates upon a restricted geographic area and considers myths of origin, allegory and symbolism in oral traditions, how political leaders become national deities through ancestor worship and how feminist movements of the past have been handled by male chroniclers. In addition the class concentrates upon dating oral traditions through genealogies, eclipse-references, famines and cross referencing.

3450 South Africa since 1806, seminar, 2 hrs; P.D. Pillay

The class examines not only political changes and race relations in South Africa but also the effects of mining capital on rural and urban societies. The main themes considered are: the Mfecane and its effects on Southern Africa, the economic transformation of South Africa and its impact on political and social developments in the region, the imperial factor, the growth of African and Union Afrikaaner nationalisms and the development of apartheid, South Africa and the wider world.

Other classes

3610A Women in Capitalist Society: the North American Experience, seminar, 2 hrs; J. Fingard

3612B Women in Socialist Society: Soviet, Cuban and Chinese Experiences, seminar, 2 hrs; M. Turner

*3980A/5980A Canadian Historiography, seminar, 2 hrs; M.S. Cross

The history of English-Canadian historical writing. Historians under consideration include Frank Underhill, Harold Innis, Donald Creighton, Arthur Lower, and W.L. Morton. Other topics include Canadian regional traditions and the development of new historical approaches. This course is primarily for M.A. students in Canadian history and for honour students in North American history. Others interested should see the instructor.

*4000A/B Directed Readings, Staff. This class is open to 4th year honours students and honours certificate students only.

4990 Honours Essay, Staff

All history honours students and those in combined honours courses in which history is their principal subject, must write a substantial essay on a topic to be chosen in consultation with the Undergraduate Committee. The essay is related to one of their 3000 or 4000 level classes and is supervised by the appropriate staff member.

Graduate Studies

M.A. and Ph.D. programmes in history are offered. For details of these programmes, see the Calendar of the Faculty of Graduate Studies.

Humanistic Studies in Science

Attention is drawn to the following classes, offered in several departments. All of these classes are concerned with the humanistic aspects of scientific thought and its development.

Classes marked * are not offered every year. Please consult the timetable on registration to determine if these classes are offered.

History of the Sciences

- * Biology 3400/ Physics 340/ History 3050, The History of Science, J. Farley (Biology), R. Ravindra (Physics).
- * Biology 3401A, A History of the Biological Sciences, J. Farley.

Psychology 458, History of Psychology, J.W. Clark.

Philosophy of the Sciences

- * Philosophy 241A, Philosophy and Psychology, T. Vinci.
- * Philosophy 242B, Philosophy and the Biological Sciences, T. Vinci.
- * Psychology 353A or B, Philosophy of Science and Experimental Psychology, W.K. Honig.

Biology 3410B, Man in Nature, K.E. von Maltzahn.

* Religion 351, Religion and Science, R. Ravindra.

Linguistics

Various departments offer classes in linguistics or in some aspect of linguistic study in the broad sense: French (3020 Linguistics, 4010A Evolution of Modern Linguistics, 4000 History of the French Language, 3010 Phonetics, 4015 Advanced Translation into English, 4011B Lexicology), English (201 The English Language, 202 History of the English Language, 253 Old English, 351 Middle English), Philosophy (215 Language and Reasoning, 330B Philosophy of Language, 451 Topics in the Philosophy of Language), Sociology and Social Anthropology (227 Language and Culture), Psychology (319 Psychology of Language), German (various classes), Russian (400 The Structure of Contemporary Standard Russian), Classics (several classes in Greek, Latin, Hebrew, Coptic, Syriac), Spanish (404A Advanced Style and Syntax). Further information about these classes will be found under the departmental listing.

Marine Biology

The Biology Department offers an Honours Degree in Marine Biology. See *Biology* for details.

Marine Geological Resources

The Geology Department offers an Honours Programme with specialization in Marine Geological Resources. See *Geology* for details.

Mathematics, Statistics and Computing Science

Chairman of the Department

A.C. Thompson

Professors

E. Blum, M.A. (Czernowitz) M. Edelstein, M.Sc., (Jerusalem), D.Sc. (Technion-Haifa)

P.A. Fillmore, M.Sc., Ph.D. (Minnesota), F.R.S.C.

R.P. Gupta, M.Sc. (Agra), Ph.D. (Delhi) H. Radjavi, M.A., Ph.D. (Minnesota)

H.J. Thiebaux, M.A. (Oregon), Ph.D. (Stanford)

A.J. Tingley, M.A., Ph.D. (Minnesota)

A.C. Thompson, Ph.D. (Newcastle upon Tyne)

Associate Professors

J. Borwein, M.Sc., Ph.D. (Oxford)

J.C. Clements, M.A. (U.B.C.), Ph.D., (Tor.)

K.A. Dunn, M.Sc., Ph.D. (Tor.) C.A. Field, M.Sc., Ph.D. (North Western)

J.B. Garner, M.Sc., Ph.D. (Nottingham)

L.A. Grünenfelder, Ph.D., (E.T.H. Zurich)

C.S. Hartzman, M.S. (Purdue), Ph.D. (Colorado)

L.L. Keener, M.Sc., Ph.D. (Rensselaer)
I. Macleod, M.Sc., Ph.D. (Queen's Belfast)

R. Paré, M.Sc., Ph.D. (McGill)

J. Phillips, M.A., Ph.D. (Oregon)

P.N. Stewart, M.A. (Berkeley), Ph.D. (U.B.C.)

W.R.S. Sutherland, M.Sc., Ph.D. (Brown)

S. Swaminathan, M.A., M.Sc., Ph.D. (Madras)

K.K. Tan, Ph.D. (U.B.C.)

Assistant Professors

P. Borwein, M.Sc., Ph.D. (U.B.C.)

G. Gabor, M.Sc., Ph.D. (Eotvos)

J. Gribble, Ph.D. (St. Andrews)

D. Hamilton, M.A., Ph.D. (Queens)

R.D. Holmes, M.S. (Princeton), Ph.D. (Dal.)

K. Johnson, M.Sc. (Tor.), Ph.D. (Brandeis)

R.J. Nowakowski, M.Sc., Ph.D. (Calgary) C.C.A. Sastri, M.Sc. (Andhra), Ph.D. (New York)

A. Sedgwick, Ph.D. (Tor.)

D. Skillikorn, Ph.D. (Manitoba)

R. Wood, M.Sc. (McMaster), Ph.D. (Dal.)
Research Associates

Learning Centre Director

P. Stevens, M.Sc. (Delft)

P. Lim G. Murphy

W. Phillips

Degree Programmes

One full credit in mathematics other than Mathematics 102 and 110 is required for a B.Sc. degree.

Mathematics as an area of concentration.

Students who plan to major in Mathematics should arrange a programme in consultation with the department.

Majors in Mathematics are required to obtain at least four Mathematics credits beyond the 100 level. Amongst these, the following are required: Mathematics 200 (or 250 or 220), 203-204 (or 213), and at least one credit beyond the 200 level.

Students wishing to concentrate in Applied Mathematics, Pure Mathematics or Statistics are advised to consider modelling their programme on the first three years of the suggested Honours programmes (see below), after possibly replacing 213R with 203A and 204B, 250R with 220R or 200R, and 350R with 309A and 310B.

Those students who wish to arrange inter-disciplinary programmes (with such fields as Physics, Chemistry, Biology, Engineering, Psychology and Economics) are invited to discuss their interests with the department.

Honours in Mathematics

The following programme will normally be followed by students who plan to take honours in mathematics.

Entering students who have a strong interest or background in mathematics, or who contemplate taking honours, should enroll in a special section of Math 100 and 101.

computing science

mathematics, statistics and

Year II

Mathematics 213 and 250. Mathematics 213 may be taken in Year I by well-qualified students with the consent of the instructor, in which case another class may be selected in Year

Year III and Year IV

Mathematics 303, Mathematics 350 and five additional classes at least two of which will be numbered 400 or above.

Students may choose programmes with a concentration in Applied Mathematics, Computing Science, Pure Mathematics or Statistics. Students wishing to concentrate in Computing Science should consider Combined Honours in Mathematics and Computing Science, and examine the separate Calendar entry for Computing Science.

All honours programmes must be approved by the Chairman.

Those students wishing to take an Honours degree concentrating in Applied Mathematics are advised to consider a programme similar to the following:

1st year: 100A; 101B; CS140A; CS141B; 3 elective classes.

2nd year: 250R; 213R; 207A; 208B; 227B; (Coop Seminar) and 1-1/2 elective classes.

3rd year: 350R; 303R; 311A; two of 321A, 330A, 326B, 337B; 11/2 elective classes.

4th year: Either 440 or 441; the remaining two of 321A, 330A, 326B, 337B; one and a half other classes at 400 level; 2 elective classes.

Those students wishing to take an Honours degree concentrating in Pure Mathematics are advised to consider a programme similar to the following:

1st year: 100A; 101B; CS140A; CS141B; 3 elective classes.

2nd year: 250R; 213R; another full mathematics class; 2 elective classes.

3rd year: 350R; 303R; another full mathematics class; 2 elective classes.

4th year: 401A; 414A; three other full mathematics classes, at least one of which is at the 400 level; 1 elective class.

It is recommended that the additional mathematics classes include a statistics class, an applied class and a class in algebra, topology or complex variables.

Those students wishing to take an Honours degree concentrating in Statistics are advised to consider a programme similar to the following:

1st year: 100A; 101B; CS140A; CS141B; 3 elective classes.

2nd year: 250R; 213R; 207A; 208B; 2 elective classes

3rd year: 350R; 303R; 334A; 336A; 337B or 338B or 339B; 1 1/2 elective classes.

4th year: 406R; 462A; an additional 1/2 class at the 400 level; 3 elective classes.

Honours Comprehensive Examination

The Honours Comprehensive Examination consists of a written paper of about 20-30 pages researched and prepared by the student during the spring term. The topic is decided on in conjunction with the supervisor of the Honours seminar. The papers are also presented to the seminar.

Combined Honours

Students interested in taking honours in mathematics and another subject as a combined programme should consult the chairman of the department through whom a suitable course of study can be arranged.

A combined honours programme may be appropriate for

many. Students contemplating a combined honours course in mathematics and another subject should, however, bear in mind that the work in either subject would probably be insufficient for admission to a regular graduate programme. A qualifying year would usually be necessary.

Co-operative Education Programme in Mathematics

The Co-operative education programme in mathematics integrates the usual honours programme of 8 academic terms with 4 work terms of relevant industrial/laboratory employment. The work terms each of 4 months duration, are spent in industrial and laboratory positions primarily in the Maritime region. The work experience helps students see the applicability of their training in mathematics and computing science and helps them make intelligent career choices. Upon successful completion of the programme the student receives the Honours Degree in Mathematics and the University transcript indicates that the programme was a cooperative one.

Eligibility

Normally students entering their second year of study, who have taken Math 100A/101B and preferably CS 140A/141B, may apply for admission to the programme. However, interested first-year students are strongly urged to contact the Programme Director for advice on course selection. Such students are allowed to attend the special Co-op seminars.

Work Terms

It is ultimately the responsibility of the student to arrange the work term. The Programme Director will serve to co-ordinate the contacts between student and employer. Students are remunerated according to the employer's policies regarding permanent employees of similar training and education. At the end of each work term, each student must submit an acceptable work report.

Two work term-academic term sequences are available:

Year	1	П	111	IV	V
	F W S	F W S	F W S	F W S	F
Sequence 1	A A	AAW	AAW	WAW	Α
Sequence 2	A A	AAW	A A W	AWW	Α
A = academi	c term	W = v	vork term.		

Academic Requirements

Although the Co-operative Programme leads to the Honours Degree, the academic requirements are somewhat different from those for the normal degree. Co-op students are required to take Mathematics 207-208, 250 and 213 and Computing Science 245 and 261 in year II. Mathematics 213 may be replaced by Mathematics 203-204 in which case Mathematics 227 must be included in the student's programme. In the final four terms of the programme, the student must take Mathematics 303 or 350 and at least five additional full-year Mathematics classes numbered above 200, or the equivalent in full and half classes. Of these, two full classes or the equivalent must be numbered 400 or above. Since this is an Honours programme, the Honours Comprehensive Examination requirement must be satisfied. Also, second year Co-op students must attend a special non-credit seminar.

Co-operative Education Programme in Mathematics and Computing Science Combined

A combined Honours degree in Mathematics and Computing Science is offered. The programme is very similar to the Coop programme in Mathematics, differing only in the academic requirements. In addition to the courses specified for the Co-op Mathematics degree, the student must take Computing Science 369 and 370. One full class or equivalent in

Mathematics or Computing Science numbered 400 or above is required. The student must attend the Co-op seminar in year II, must satisfy the Honours Comprehensive Examination requirement and must satisfy all Faculty requirements for a combined degree. It is recommended that Mathematics 303 be included in such a combined programme.

Additional Information

For additional information, contact the Programme Director, Co-operative Education Programme in Mathematics, Department of Mathematics, Statistics, and Computing Science, Dalhousie University, Halifax, Nova Scotia B3H 4H8.

Classes Offered

The listed prerequisites indicate the mathematical background expected of students entering any class but may be waived with the consent of the instructor.

Class descriptions for Computing Science can be found in the calendar under Computing Science.

Classes marked * are not offered every year. Please consult the timetable on registration to determine if the classes are offered.

001R Fundamentals of Mathematics, lect: 3 hrs. (noncredit class).

May be offered in place of senior matriculation mathematics as a prerequisite for first-year classes at the University. Normally, junior matriculation mathematics as taught in Grade XI in Nova Scotia is expected as a background but mature students or others who are well motivated are able to cope with this class. After a review of elementary algebra, functions (exponential, logarithmic and trigonometric) and analytic geometry are studied. In addition to preparing students for the calculus, the class is useful for those wishing to build up their knowledge of the fundamentals of mathematics for other reasons.

The following two classes, Mathematics 100 and Mathematics 101, introduce the basic ideas of the calculus and together constitute a solid foundation for study in the Sciences (Physics, Chemistry, Biology, etc.), as well as for further study in Mathematics. These two half-classes are offered in both terms.

100A/B Differential and Integral Calculus, lect.: 3 hrs.; tut.: 1 hr. *Prerequisite*: Nova Scotia Mathematics 012 or equivalent. Credit will be given for only one of Mathematics 100.110, 112, and 128.

A self-contained introduction to differential and integral calculus. The topics include: functions, limits, differentiation of polynomial, trigonometric, exponential and logarithmic functions, product, quotient and chain rules, applications of differentiation, antiderivatives and definite integrals, integration by substitution. A sequel to this class is Mathematics 101

101A/B Differential and Integral Calculus, lect.: 3 hrs.; tut.: 1 hr. *Prerequisite*: Mathematics 100.

A continuation of the study of calculus with topics including: techniques of integration, elementary differential equations and applications, Riemann sums, parametric equations and polar coordinates, sequences and series, Taylor series.

Credit can be given for only one of Mathematics 101 and 129.

*102R Mathematics for Liberal Arts Students, lect.: 3 hrs. Prerequisite: Nova Scotia Mathematics 012 or equivalent.

For students who wish to become acquainted with mathematics as an art rather than as a tool for the sciences. It discusses some of the more elementary yet interesting aspects of the subject with an emphasis on the historical origins of the various topics. Topics include elementary

number theory; finite and infinite sets; graph theory; colouring problems; elementary topology; topics from geometry.

This class may not be used to satisfy the requirement that B.Sc. students must have at least one full university class in mathematics.

106A/B Introductory Statistics for Non-Mathematicians, (Same as Economics 1106) lect.: 3 hrs. *Prerequisite*: Nova Scotia Mathematics 012 or equivalent.

Through extensive use of illustrative real-life examples drawn from a wide variety of disciplines, the student is introduced to the basic concepts of statistics: data reduction, estimation, and hypothesis testing. The emphasis is on statistical concepts, rather than mathematical manipulations. The principal aim is to enable students to identify and formulate the statistical aspects of real-life problems and to become familiar with the statistical vocabulary most commonly used in scientific journals. The student requiring a more extensive exposure to the statistical methods of scientific experimentation are encouraged to follow this class with Mathematics 107. Topics include descriptive statistics, elementary probability and distributions, estimation, hypotheses testing and regression.

Mathematics 107 is a natural sequel for this class.

107A/B Statistical Techniques of Scientific Experimentation, (Same as Economics 1107) lect.: 3 hrs. *Prerequisite*: Mathematics 106.

A continuation of 106 and includes collection of techniques widely used in the experimental sciences. Topics include regression and correlation analysis, analysis of variance, and curve fitting techniques. The presentation of these topics includes consideration of the statistical aspects of experimental design. The objectives are: 1) to explain what information can be obtained from experiments through use of these techniques; 2) to explain the assumptions that must be satisfied before these techniques can be applied; 3) to illustrate the nature and methods of the necessary computations. Not more than one credit will be given for Mathematics 106-107, 206, and Economics 2222/2223. Students planning to take higher level statistics classes are strongly advised to take Mathematics 207/208 instead of 106-107. However, students with a B standing in Mathematics 107 plus Mathematics 100 may then take Mathematics 334, 335, 338

108A Introductory Statistics for Pharmacy Students, lect.: 3 hrs. *Prerequisite*: Nova Scotia Mathematics 012 or equivalent.

Designed primarily to fit the specifications of the College of Pharmacy. Most of the class is devoted to a study of elementary statistics with applications to the Health Sciences. Topics include descriptive statistics, estimation, hypothesis testing, regression and analysis of variance. The last 20% of the class is intended to prepare students for Mathematics 112B. Topics include functions and graphs, linear and quadratic equations, exponential and logarithmic functions. Credit can be given for only one of Mathematics 106, 108.

110R Mathematics for Commerce and Economics, lect.: 3 hrs. *Prerequisite*: Nova Scotia Mathematics 012 or equivalent.

A survey of mathematical techniques useful in analyzing mathematical models in economics and management. The material covered in the class is similar to that presented in Mathematics 100 together with an introduction to matrix algebra, the simplex method, maximization of functions of two variables and Lagrange multipliers. This survey class is intended for students who are not going to take further work in mathematics. Students who are going to take other mathematics.

matics classes should take Mathematics 100/101 rather than Mathematics 110. This class may not be used to satisfy the requirement that B.Sc. students must have at least one full university class in mathematics.

mathematics, statistics and

computing science

112B Introductory Calculus for Pharmacy Students, lect.: 3 hrs. Prerequisite: Mathematics 108.

This sequel to Mathematics 108 is designed primarily for Pharmacy students. Calculus is introduced and computational techniques stressed. The techniques are applied to commonly occurring functions in pharmacy: namely power, exponential, logarithmic, and S-shaped functions. Basic topics include limits and continuity, the derivative, and the definite integral. At the end of the class elementary differential equations and their application to pharmacokinetics are discussed. Credit can be given for only one of Mathematics 100, 112.

128A/129B Differential and Integral Calculus for the Engineering Programme. *Prerequisite:* Nova Scotia Mathematics 012 or equivalent.

Mathematics 128A includes a review of precalculus mathematics, functions, limits, continuity, differentiation and integration of polynomials, exponential, logarithmic and trigonometric functions. Applications to finding areas, graphing, maximum-minimum problems and related rate problems. Mathematics 129B includes vector algebra, techniques of integration, numerical integration, lengths of curves, vectors, lines and planes in three dimensions, surfaces of revolution, parametric equations and polar coordinates. 128A is a prerequisite for 129B.

200R Intermediate Calculus, lect.: 3 hrs. *Prerequisite*: Mathematics 101.

Topics include: continuous functions and their fundamental properties, partial derivatives and applications, multiple integrals, geometry of Euclidean vector spaces with emphasis on three dimensions, elementary differential equations. Credit can not be given for more than one of Mathematics 200, 220, 248-249 and 250.

***202R Logic, Sets and Number Systems,** lect.: 3 hrs. *Prerequisite:* Mathematics 101.

Basic concepts from set theory and logic form the basis of this class. Symbolic logic is introduced and a working knowledge of the logical connectives, including the universal and existential quantifiers, achieved and used to make precise certain statements in mathematics. The concepts of a tautology and a proof are studied. The number systems are constructed from a Peano System and sufficient abstract algebra is introduced to make these constructions self contained.

203A/B Matrix Theory, lect.: 3 hrs. *Prerequisite*: Nova Scotia Mathematics 012 or equivalent.

Topics include the following: solutions of systems of linear equations, matrices and matrix algebra, equivalence, rank, inversion, determinants, and applications of matrix techniques to other branches of mathematics as well as to social sciences and other disciplines.

204B Linear Algebra, lect.: 3 hrs. *Prerequisite*: Mathematics 203.

Topics include the following: vector spaces, bases, dimension, linear transformations, representation of linear transformations by matrices. Not more than one credit can be given for Mathematics 203-204 and 213.

*205R Problems in Geometry, lect.: 3 hrs. Prerequisite: Mathematics 101.

This class is organized around a sequence of stimulating geometrical problems. A set of approximately 20 challenging problems is given to the students at the beginning of the year. The students are expected to attempt these problems throughout the year. Good students should be able to do some of these problems and are encouraged to present their solutions to the class for extra credit on the final grade. These problems are chosen so that their solutions use a wide variety of geometrical ideas (from Combinatorial, Projective, Inversive, Transformational, Topological, Differential and Non-Euclidean Geometry). These ideas and some of the theory to go along with them are discussed week by week with successive problems.

207A Introduction to Probability and Statistics I, lect.: 3 hrs. *Prerequisite*: Mathematics 100.

A basic introduction to the concepts of probability and statistics. The subject matter is developed systematically with an emphasis on results of an important practical nature. The class is well suited for any student with a knowledge of calculus who wants a basic understanding of statistical procedures and tests. *Topics include:* descriptive statistics, counting techniques, combining elementary probabilities, normal theory estimation and inference for one and two samples, one way analysis of variance and simple linear regression.

208B Introduction to Probability and Statistics II, lect.: 3 hrs. *Prerequisite:* Mathematics 207A.

A continuation of 207A, this class deals with commonly used data analysis techniques and related topics in probability theory and mathematical statistics. *Topics include*: discrete and continuous random variables, sampling distributions, central limit theorem, multiple regression analysis, analysis of variance, inference of binomial data, contingency tables. Natural sequels for this class are Mathematics 334, 335, 338 and 339. Not more than one credit can be given for Mathematics 106-107, 207-208, and the previous class 206.

209A Intermediate Statistics for Non-Mathematicians. (Same as Nursing 5020A). *Prerequisite:* Mathematics 106

This class is designed so that students will be able to select appropriate statistical methods to analyse categorical, ordinal and measurement data and to carry out the analysis on the computer using the MINITAB and GLIM statistical languages. Topics to be covered include least squares methods and F-test in multiple regression and analysis of variance via regression, analysis of crossed and nested designs, rank methods, analysis of count or frequency data with log linear models, power of a test. This class is intended primarily for students in the Master of Nursing programme and is NOT available for credit in the Faculty of Arts and Science.

213R Linear Algebra, lect.: 3 hrs. Prerequisite: Mathematics 101.

For students who are interested in a broader and more basic understanding of the theory and techniques of linear algebra than is provided by 203 and 204. Topics include: the material of 203 and 204, canonical forms including the Rational Form and Jordan Form, inner product spaces including the Spectral Theorem for normal operators on finite dimensional vector spaces, linear programming and further topics in pure and applied linear algebra. This class provides an excellent background for further study in Mathematics. Not more than one credit can be given for Mathematics 203-204 and 213.

220R Applied Intermediate Calculus, lect.: 3 hrs. *Prerequisite*: Mathematics 101.

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Designed with the needs of science and engineering students in mind. It includes the topics: functions of several variables, vector analysis, line and surface integrals, integral theorems, differential equations and series of functions of two and three variables. Credit can not be given for more than one of Mathematics 200, 220, 248-249 and 250.

227B Introduction to Numerical Linear Algebra (Same as Computing Science 227B) lect.: 3 hrs. *Prerequisites:* Mathematics 101, 203 and Computing Science 141.

We begin by examining the floating point number system and its arithmetic. Next, we investigate the numerical solution of systems of linear equations, examining Gaussian Elimination and some iterative methods. The idea of condition numbers, both of a problem and an algorithm, is introduced, together with some techniques of estimating the condition number of a matrix. The Singular Value Decomposition of a matrix and generalized inverses is also examined. The Modified Gram Schmidt process, the solution of underdetermined linear systems, and overdetermined linear systems using a least squares approach, are discussed. Reference is also made to various software libraries available, including LINPACK. Time permitting, interpolation is also discussed.

230B Introduction to Models of Applied Mathematics, lect.: 3 hrs. *Prerequisite:* Mathematics 101 and Computing Science 140.

An introduction to the application of mathematics in the social and life sciences. About six problems are analyzed by developing and solving mathematical models. Deterministic, axiomatic, probabilistic, and simulation models will be covered. Areas from which the problems are drawn include assignment and transportation problems, measurement theory, social choice, conflict resolution, inventory management, queuing, epidemiology, and resource management.

248A/249B Intermediate Calculus for the Engineering Programme. Prerequisite: Mathematics 129 or 101.

The topics for these two half classes include functions of several variables, partial derivatives, multiple integrals, indeterminant forms, improper integrals, infinite series, power series, Taylor and MacLaurin series, matrices, determinants, systems of linear equations, complex numbers, elementary ordinary differential equations. Students who take Math 248/249 may not also receive credit for 203, 200 or 220.

250R Introductory Analysis, lect.: 3 hrs. *Prerequisites*: Good standing in Mathematics 101 and concurrent registration in Mathematics 213.

For honours students and other serious students of mathematics. This class forms the first half of a 2-year sequence in analysis and advanced calculus; Mathematics 350 completes the sequence. Topics include: real and complex numbers, set theory, elementary topology of Euclidean space, limits and continuity, differentiation of functions of several variables, the Riemann integral, line and surface integrals, Green's, Gauss' and Stokes' theorems, power series. Credit can not be given for more than one of Mathematics 200, 220, 248-249 and 250.

*254B Basic Set Theory, lect.: 3 hrs. Prerequisite: Mathematics 100.

A simplified introduction into basic topics of set theory. Matters discussed include: sets and relations, countable and uncountable sets, cardinality in general; partial order, maximal and minimal elements; functions and operations on them; elementary topology of the real line, continuity and related topics.

*260B Theory of Interest, lect.: 3 hrs. Prerequisite: Mathematics 101 or 110.

A detailed examination of the theory of simple and compound interest. The syllabus includes the material on which the theory of interest portion of Examination 4 in the Society of Actuaries examination series is based. Some of the topics are: nominal and effective rates of interest and discount, force of interest, annuities, perpetuities, price of bonds, callable bonds, special topics. This class should appeal to students in mathematics, economics and commerce. Students interested in an actuarial career should take this class and are urged to consult the department for guidance in class selection and additional information.

280A Applied Mathematics for the Life Sciences, lect.: 3 hrs. Prerequisite: Mathematics 100. Recommended: Biology 1000

A preparation for the mathematical aspects of advanced courses in ecology, genetics, and physiology. Topics include: complex numbers, vector spaces, discrete mathematics and linear algebra, and differential equations. Students are introduced to each area through examples drawn from various areas of biology. Mathematics majors may not apply credit for Mathematics 280 towards the major requirements, although they may take Mathematics 280 as an elective.

*301A Mathematical Logic, lect.: 3 hrs. Prerequisite: Mathematics 200 and 204.

Symbolic logic is introduced first so that students who have not had any previous experience handling connectives, quantifiers and tautologies have an opportunity to practice using them. Next propositional logic is studied. This system of mathematical logic affords the opportunity of studying a formal language which is quantifier-free and so introduces, in a relatively uncomplicated setting, the background for predicate logic. The work is carried as far as Henkin's Extended Completeness Theorem.

*302A Set Theory and Foundations of Analysis, lect.: 3 hrs. Prerequisites: Mathematics 200 and 213 (or 204).

This class concerns the basic objects of mathematics and the proper way of dealing with "infinity". It is essential for a clear understanding of most modern aspects of mathematics. The topics include: operations with sets, countable and uncountable sets, cardinal numbers, ordered sets, well-ordering, ordinal numbers, the axiom of choice and its equivalents, and axiomatics in set theory.

303R Abstract Algebra, lect.: 3 hrs. *Prerequisite*: Mathematics 204 or 213.

In this first class in abstract algebra the following topics are treated: groups, sub-groups, factor groups, homomorphisms, rings, ideals, Euclidean domains, polynomial rings, fields, unique factorization, irreducible polynomials, Sylow theorems, solvability of polynomial equations, Galois theory, and the lordan canonical form.

304B Metric Spaces and Elementary Topology, lect.: 3 hrs. *Prerequisites:* Mathematics 200 and 213 (or 204).

Topics include: metric spaces—bounded, totally bounded, compact and complete sets in metric spaces; Lipschitz and contraction mappings; topological spaces; open and closed sets, bases; continuity, compactness, connectedness.

*305R Differential Geometry and Tensor Analysis, lect.: 3 hrs. *Prerequisites:* Mathematics 200 and 213 (or 204).

The material consists of two parts. The first part discusses the theory of curves and surfaces in three-dimensional Euclidean space. Topics include: theory of curves, surfaces, first and second fundamental forms, Gaussian and mean curvature, formulae of Weingarten and Gauss, geodesic curvature and geodesics. The second part consists of an introduction to

Riemannian geometry and, if time permits, an introduction to general relativity as an application of Riemannian geometry. Topics include: foundations of tensor calculus, differentiable manifolds, foundations of Riemannian geometry, absolute differentiation and connexions.

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*307B Theory of Numbers, lect.: 3 hrs. Prerequisite: Mathematics 204

The following topics are discussed: congruences and residues; elementary properties of congruences; linear congruences; theorems of Fermat, Euler and Wilson; Chinese remainder theorem; quadratic residues; law of quadratic reciprocity; Legendre, Jacobi and Kronecker symbols, arithmetic functions; algebraic fields; algebraic numbers and integers; uniqueness of factorization, definition and elementary properties of ideals; ideal classes and class number.

308A Introduction to Complex Variables, lect.: 3 hrs. *Prerequisite*: Mathematics 200.

An introduction to the basic elements of complex analysis. Topics include: complex numbers, functions, differentiation and integration in the complex plane, some special mappings, series in general, Taylor and Laurent Series, residues, some principles of conformal mapping theory.

309A Advanced Calculus I, lect.: 3 hrs. *Prerequisites:* Mathematics 200 or 220 and 203.

An introduction to Fourier Series. Topics covered include half range expansions, expansions on other intervals, convergence theorems, differentiation and integration of Fourier Series and the Complex form of Fourier Series. Also an introduction to special functions, including Gamma and Beta functions and orthogonal polynomials and some of their properties is given. Additional topics covered include some implicit function theorems, some implicit function theorems, some implicit functions and an introduction to transformations.

310B Advanced Calculus II, lect.: 3 hrs. *Prerequisite:* Mathematics 309.

Topics covered include some properties of functions defined by integrals - differentiation under the integral sign, tests for convergence of improper integrals, improper multiple integrals and functions defined by improper integrals. Also considered is the Fourier integral and various other integral transforms, a review of multiple integrals and vector field theory. Green's, Stokes' and the divergence theorems and related matters are also considered. Note: Not more than one credit can be given for Mathematics 350, 309A, 310B and the previous class 300.

311A Differential Equations, lect.: 3 hrs. *Prerequisite:* Mathematics 200.

One of the aims is to give the student the ability to analyze and solve a number of different types of differential equations. Wherever possible, applications are drawn from the fields of physics, chemistry, biology, and other areas. The class is intended mainly for mathematics students interested in applications and for science students who wish to be able to solve problems arising in their major area of interest.

312B Differential Equations, lect.: 3 hrs. *Prerequisite*: Mathematics 311.

The topics discussed are of great importance to any student interested in applied mathematics. Areas include Euclidean spaces, Fourier series, orthogonal polynomials, Sturm-Liouville problems, the classical partial differential equations, and some applications to physics, chemistry and engineering.

321A Introduction to Numerical Analysis (Same as Computing Science 321A, and previously part of 320R) lect.: 3 hrs. *Prerequisites:* Mathematics 227, 200 (or 220, 250).

Some more advanced aspects of numerical linear algebra, including the Power Method and the QR Algorithm are examined. Various acceleration procedures for iterative processes are examined. Several forms of interpolating polynomials, Newton, Lagrange and Hermite are considered. Finite differences are also introduced. Numerical differentiation and integration is examined. In particular, interpolatory, Gaussian, Romberg and adaptive quadrature are discussed, and error estimates considered. Polynomial splines and some of their properties are introduced. Methods for solving nonlinear equations including the Newton Raphson method are considered. Special attention is paid to finding the roots of a polynomial. Throughout, the difficulties of implementing the various methods will be discussed, and illustrated via assignments. Finally, some indication of the difficulties involved in multidimensional numerical analysis is

*322B Numerical Solutions of Ordinary Differential Equations (Same as Computing Science 322B), lect.: 3 hrs. *Prerequisites:* Mathematics 311, 321, 309 (or concurrent registration in 350).

Initial Value Problems are considered. Various methods, including Runge-Kutta and Predictor-Corrector are examined. The convergence and stability of the numerical methods is investigated and propagated error bounds and estimates sought. Also considered are starting techniques, variable order and/or variable step length strategies and automatic error control. Systems of equations and Stiff equations are discussed. Various methods for solving Boundary Value Problems, (for example, shooting methods and collocation) are also discussed. Throughout, the difficulties of implementing various methods are discussed and illustrated via assignments and the use of various computer packages. A brief introduction to the numerical solution of Partial Differential Equations may also be included.

*323B Applied Approximation Theory, lect.: 3 hrs. *Pre-requisites*: Mathematics 321, 309 (or concurrent registration in 350).

A review of orthogonal polynomials and their properties is given, and basic concepts, function norms, and orthogonal systems introduced. The best approximation to a function in the Euclidean norm is obtained. The Weierstrass Approximation Theorem is given and Runge's phenomenon discussed. We also consider characterizing the best approximation in the uniform norm and methods for obtaining this best approximation. Economization of power series is also discussed. Fourier approximation is discussed, and the Fast Fourier Transform is examined. An introduction to Rational and Padé approximation is given and these techniques are compared with polynomial approximation techniques. Throughout, the difficulties of implementing the various methods will be discussed, and illustrated via assignments.

326B Foundations of Applied Mathematics, lect.: 3 hrs. *Prerequisite:* Mathematics 311.

This one-term class surveys some of the powerful techniques employed by the applied mathematician to handle realistic problems in an analytical fashion. Asymptotic and perturbation methods form the central theme for the course, but some time is spent on differential equation theory and also on the study of a number of successful mathematical models that illustrate the various techniques. *Topics include:* superposition, heatflow, Fourier analysis, Sturm-Liouville Systems, generalized harmonic analysis, dimensional analysis and scaling, regular and singular perturbation theory, asymptotic expansions.

330A Linear and Integer Programming, lect.: 3 hrs. *Prerequisite*: Mathematics 200, 203.

Linear programming consists of a procedure for finding the optimal allocation of scarce resources. It is perhaps the most widely used technique in Operations Research and has been applied to a wide range of problems. The mathematical structure of the LP model is studied and several solution methods developed. The duality theorem and its uses are emphasized. An economic interpretation of LP models is presented using activity analysis concepts (or possibly game theory). The efficiency of several solution methods will be compared by using computerized packages on certain applied problems. Finally the cutting-plane method is developed for the all-integer problem.

331B Discrete and Dynamic Programming, lect.: 3 hrs. *Prerequisite*: Mathematics 330.

This class extends the variety of optimization models of Mathematics 330. Initially the study of integer LP problems is continued with the assignment and transportation models. This leads into the general network problems and to matching problems in graph theory. The basic theory of convex programming and the method of Lagrange multipliers is presented. This is followed by an introduction to models of dynamic and Markovian programming. Finally some special methods for large scale problems are considered. In each topic, applications are presented. These include capital budgeting decisions, production scheduling and multi-period planning models.

*332A Applied Group Theory, lect.: 3 hrs. Prerequisites: Mathematics 200, 203.

This interdisciplinary half-class is intended for third and fourth-year undergraduate and first-year graduate students in Chemistry, Mathematics and Physics. With some additional reading in Physics, it is equivalent to Physics 448A. Topics include: review of matrices, fundamentals of groups, normal subgroups, homomorphisms, representations, character, orthogonality, symmetry groups in crystallography, role of symmetry groups in quantum physics and chemistry, normal modes and molecular vibrations.

*333B Graph Theory and Combinatorics, lect.: 3 hrs. Prerequisites: Mathematics 200, 204.

The following topics are discussed: elements of graph theory, paths and cycles, Eulerian graphs, trees, planar graphs and the Euler polyhedral formula, Hamiltonian graphs, chromatic numbers, the five-colour theorems; items to be selected from the following topics to suit class: graphs and matrices, graphs and groups, extremal problems, and enumeration problems.

*334A Regression and Analysis of Variance, lect.: 3 hrs. *Prerequisite*: Mathematics 100, 207-208 or 106/107 with a grade of B or better. Some knowledge of matrices will also be assumed.

An introduction to regression with emphasis on the practical rather than the theoretical aspects. Topics include: fitting a straight line in matrix terms and fitting of general linear models, analysis of residuals, transformation of data, correlation, multiple and polynomial regression, weighted least squares, indicator variables, selecting the best regression equation, analysis of variance models and an introduction to non-linear least squares. This class makes extensive use of computer packages.

*335B Applied Multivariate Analysis, lect.: 3 hrs. Prerequisite: Mathematics 100, 207-208 or 106/107 with a grade of B or better.

The class deals with stochastic behavior of several variables in systems where their interdependence is the object of analysis. Greater emphasis is placed on practical application than on mathematical refinement. Topics include classification, cluster analysis, categorized data, analysis of in-

terdependence, structural simplification by transformation or modeling, and hypothesis construction and testing.

*336A Probability, lect.: 3 hrs. Prerequisites: Mathematics 200 and 207-208.

An introduction to the basic concepts of probability to illustrate the great variety of practical applications of probability in science and industry. Topics include: (a) fundamentals; (b) the classical models: binomial and hypergeometric, the multinomial, the Poisson, exponential, and the uniform distributions; (c) definitions of random variables, independence, functions of random variables, and distributions of sums of independent random variables, and conditional events and their probabilities; their uses; (e) laws of large numbers and the Central Limit Theorem. Examples illustrating the applicability of probabilistic formulations are taken from the natural and physical sciences.

*337B Stochastic Processes, lect.: 3 hrs. Prerequisite: Mathematics 336

A development of the concepts of: (a) Markov chains and continuous time Markov processes, (b) vector independence and the multivariate normal distribution, (c) stationary time series. Emphasis is on practical applications. The ability to translate from a physical context into the language of a probability model is stressed. This class is a natural sequel to Mathematics 336. Here, the notions of time and space indexing of probability models are introduced, and conditional probability techniques are developed to deal with models of natural phenomena.

*338B Sample Survey Methods, lect.: 3 hrs. Prerequisite: Mathematics 100, 207-208 or 106/107 with a grade of B or better.

The development of design and analysis techniques for sample surveys. Topics include simple, stratified and systematic random sampling, ratio and regression estimation, subsampling with units of equal and unequal size, double, multistage and multiphase sampling, non-sampling errors and non-respondents, etc.

*339B Time Series and Forecasting, lect.: 3 hrs. Prerequisite: Mathematics 207-208.

Basic concepts and forecasting by regression analysis. Forecasting time series described by trend and irregular components. Handling time series with no trend, linear trend and quadratic trend - the exponential smoothing. Forecasting seasonal time series. The Multiplicative decomposition method. Winter's Method of exponential smoothing. Forecasting time series with additive seasonal variation. The BoxJenkins method. Moving-average, autoregressive and mixed models.

*350R Intermediate Anslysis, lect.: 3 hrs. Prerequisite: Mathematics 213, 250.

Mathematics 350 continues the analysis sequence begun in Mathematics 250. *Topics include:* number systems, metric spaces, compactness, continuous functions on metric spaces, Stone-Weierstrass theorem, Arzela-Ascoli theorem, sequences and series of functions and their properties, inverse and implicit function theorems, extrema, co-ordinate transformations. Credit can be given for only one of Mathematics 309A, 310B, 328 and 350.

401A Introduction to Measure Theory and Integration, lect.: 3 hrs. *Prerequisite:* Mathematics 350.

A discussion of Lebesgue's theory of measure and integration on the real line. The topics include: the extended real number system and its basic properties; the definition of measurable sets, Lebesgue measure and the existence of non-measurable

sets; the Lebesgue integral; differentiation of monotonic functions (e.g. the Cantor function), absolute continuity, the classical LP spaces, Fourier series.

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402B Analytic Function Theory, lect.: 3 hrs. *Prerequisites*: Mathematics 308 and either 310B or 350.

A second half-class in complex function theory. Topics include: review of analytic complex functions including topological properties of the plane, Möbius mappings, exponential, logarithmic, trigonometric and related functions, integration and the Cauchy theorem. Cauchy's integral formula, residues, harmonic functions, analytic continuation, entire and meromorphic functions, some results of conformal mapping; including the Riemann mapping theorem.

403R Advanced Abstract Algebra, lect.: 3 hrs. Prerequisite: Mathematics 303.

This second class in abstract algebra deals with the structure of groups, rings, fields and modules. Topics which may be discussed include Sylow theorems, tensor products, Ext and Tor, modules over a principal ideal domain and Galois Theory.

*405R Introduction to Algebraic Geometry, lect.: 3 hrs. Prerequisite: Mathematics 303.

An introduction to the basic concepts of algebraic geometry. Topics include: irreducible algebraic sets, the Zariski topology, affine varieties, pre-varieties, dimension, spec, affine schemes, pre-schemes.

406R Statistical Inference, lect.: 3 hrs. *Prerequisites:* Mathematics 200 and 207-208.

It is the purpose of this class to describe methods which lead to valid inferences from sample data and to calculation of the risk of error in those inferences. Tests of hypothesis are also derived regarding these inferences. Treatment is of a mathematical nature, and the applicability of the results is stressed. The topics include the following: point estimation, consistent, sufficient, efficient and unbiased parameters, method of maximum likelihood, method of least squares, method of moments, method of minimum chi-square, minimum variance unbiased estimation, interval estimation, minimax and Bayes' estimation, Neyman-Pearson Lemma, composite hypotheses, goodness-of-fit tests, likelihood ratio tests, critical region, locally most powerful tests, non-parametric tests.

*408B Statistical Analysis of Spatially Coherent Systems, lect.: 3 hrs. For Math majors the recommended prerequisite is Mathematics 337. For students in physical science, the natural prerequisite is Physics 454A.

Techniques for the analysis of modelling of statistical relationships within a spatially coherent system will be studied. Practical constraints in the construction of models and of estimation and prediction schemes for natural processes will be illustrated with examples from weather and climate studies.

*410B Statistical Decision Theory, lect.: 3 hrs. Prerequisites: Mathematics 203, 207-208, and consent of instructor.

Statistics may be formulated as the science of decision making under uncertainty. Decision theory applies to statistical problems the principle that a statistical procedure should be evaluated by its consequence in various circumstances.

The central ideas of statistical decision making models are studied in this class: general decision problems, Bayes and minimax solution of decision problems, admissibility, invariance, sequential decision rules, testing as a decision problem empirical Bayes rules.

*414A Introduction to Functional Analysis, lect.: 3 hrs. Prerequisites: Mathematics 213 and 304.

An introduction to the basic principles of functional analysis including the following topics: infinite dimensional vector spaces, normed spaces, inner-product spaces, Banach and Hilbert spaces, linear and continuous linear functionals, the Hahn-Banach Theorem, the principle of uniform boundedness, dual spaces, weak topology, weak* topology and the Alaoglu theorem, the open mapping and closed graph theorems, and consequences and applications.

*415B Functional Analysis, lect.: 3 hrs. Prerequisite: Mathematics 414.

Topics include: topological vector spaces, locally convex spaces, normability, function spaces, strict convexity, uniform convexity, reflexive spaces, support functionals, geometry of convex sets and other topics.

*416B Operator Theory, lect.: 3 hrs. Prerequisites: Mathematics 401 and 414.

An introduction to the theory and applications of continuous linear operators on Hilbert spaces, culminating with the spectral theorem, and including such topics as spectrum; adjoint; symmetric, self-adjoint, unitary, and normal operators; polar decomposition; differential and integral operators; C* algebras; Gelfand Theorem; and the spectral theorem.

*417A Introduction to General Topology, lect.: 3 hrs. *Prerequisite*: Mathematics 304.

An introduction to topological spaces and includes the following topics: classification in terms of cardinality of bases, separation, etc., product spaces, Tychonoff theorem, compactness, compactifications, Tychonoff spaces, metrization.

*418B Introduction to Algebraic Topology, lect.: 3 hrs. Prerequisite: Mathematics 417.

An introduction to algebraic topology and including the following topics: homotopy type and the fundamental group, geometry of simplicial complexes, homology theory of complexes, chain complexes, homology groups for complexes, subdivision, induced homomorphisms, axioms for algebraic topology, singular homology, the singular complex, properties of cell complexes.

*419A Differential Equations, lect.: 3 hrs. *Prerequisite*: Mathematics 350 (309 and 310) and 203/204 and 213. Mathematics 312 is recommended.

Topics covered include existence and uniqueness theorems, continuity of solutions, Floquet theory, autonomous differential equations and their relation to dynamical systems and flows, periodic solutions and the Poincaré-Bendixson theorem.

*420B Differential Equations - Qualitative Theory, lect.: 3 hrs. *Prerequisite:* Mathematics 419.

Qualitative theory is concerned with what can be determined about the phase-portrait and the general behaviour of solutions of differential equations even though those solutions are not explicitly exhibited. Topics are selected from Liapunov stability theory, stable and unstable manifolds of singular points and periodic solutions, classification of plane singular points, structural stability, differential equations on manifolds and Hamiltonian systems. Various equations occurring in applications are qualitatively analysed. The precise topics and equations covered depend on the specific interests of the instructor and the students.

*422A Introduction to Partial Differential Equations, lect.: 3 hrs. Prerequisite: Mathematics 311.

This class is the first half of a two term sequence designed to introduce the student to the theoretical and numerical aspects of partial differential equations. Topics to be covered include: review of the theory of ordinary differential equations, classification of partial differential equations, solution of first order equations, the diffusion equation and random walk, Fourier Series and transforms, generalized functions, eigenfunction expansions.

*423B Partial Differential Equations, lect.: 3 hrs. Prerequisite: Mathematics 422.

This class continues the study of partial differential equations begun in 422A. Topics to be covered include: The Rayleigh-Ritz method, Green's Functions, finite difference methods of solution, an introduction to the finite element method.

*430A Optimal Control Theory and Applications, lect.: 3 hrs. *Prerequisites:* Mathematics 300.

Initially the classical calculus of variations is studied and the sufficiency conditions emphasized. A constructive solution of the Euler equations is presented. Then the modern theory of optimal control is developed using techniques of mathematical programming. This approach is applied to a variety of problems such as economic growth theory, inventory control and regulator problems. Numerical methods are also presented.

*431B Nonlinear Programming, lect.: 3 hrs. Prerequisite: Mathematics 300.

A complete treatment of the mathematical theory which underlies the general problem of optimization of a real-valued function subject to a system of constraints. Examples and exercises of an Operations Research nature are used to illustrate the theory. The material studied in this class is a basic prerequisite for understanding and contributing to recent developments in mathematical programming.

*440A/B Modelling in Applied Mathematics I, lect.: 3 hrs. Prerequisites: Mathematics 321, 310 or 350, 311 and 330.

It is intended that this class be team taught by those teaching 311 and 330. Problems from the domain of these prerequisites are examined in some detail. For each problem, the instructor describes the problem in context, abstracts it so that a model can be obtained, supervises the implementation of the model by the students and then discusses the results and criticizes the model in the context of the original problem. The choice of problems varies from year to year depending upon the instructors and their current interests. The importance of obtaining the model from the original problem and interpreting the results obtained in the context of the original problem is emphasized.

*441A/B Modelling in Applied Mathematics II, lect.: 3 hrs. Prerequisites: Mathematics 310 or 350, 321, 326, and 337.

It is intended that this class be team taught by those teaching Mathematics 326 and 337. Problems from the domain of the prerequisites are examined in some detail, using the same approach as in Mathematics 440.

*462B Data Analysis, lect.: 3 hrs. Prerequisites: Statistical techniques useful as background for this class would include any techniques covered in Mathematics 207-208, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338 or 339 although it is not necessary to have taken all of these prerequisites. Admission to the class is by consent of the instructor. A problem-oriented approach to statistical analysis. The problems discussed are based on real life data. Students are encouraged to develop novel approaches for data analysis problems of case studies. Some general techniques which arise in non traditional data analysis are

presented in the class. Students are required to make a formal presentation of their work, which may involve data analysis of the case studies, or it may be mathematical development motivated by the case studies.

*.466A/B Automata and Computability Same as Computing Science 466) lect.: 3 hrs. Prerequisites: Computing Science 41. Corequisite: Mathematics 303.

For description see Computing Science 466.

mediaeval studies Mediaeval Studies

The period commonly called the Middle Ages (approximately A.D. 400-1500) offers a unique opportunity to study Western culture as a whole. Indeed, any attempt to study a part of this period in isolation leads to a conviction that such an investigation can never be satisfying and that the walls between disciplines must be broken down and the literature seen in relation to the philosophy, the philosophy in relation to the history, and the history in relation to the languages. No matter what the vernacular tongue of any geographical area, there was one common language throughout Europe and one church, and the study of these leads inevitably to a consideration of paleography, art, architecture and music.

The field is a very large one and could become a fascinating and rewarding area for a certain type of student — the one who likes to immerse himself in his work and who feels that university studies need not involve storing knowledge in separate pigeon-holes because his language course has nothing in common with the social science he is required to take.

The *legulations for the Honours degree permit a structured programme to be set up in Mediaeval Studies which cuts across traditional departmental lines while allowing considerable freedom in choice of classes.

The professors currently involved in this programme are: R. Crouse, J. Doull, E. Segelberg (Classics); R. Dawson, H. Morgan (English); H. Runte (French); R. Haines (History); J. Aitchison (Political Science). A student who is interested in entering the programme in Mediaeval Studies should speak to one of these faculty members, who will then refer him to the Administrative Committee for the planning of his course.

Structure

The Honours degree in Mediaeval Studies must have a major field consisting of 9 classes, selected from those with Mediaeval Studies numbers, which will include at least one in each of: a literature, history, philosophy and Latin. Other classes will depend on the individual student's interests, but all four disciplines must be represented. The minor field may be varied to suit the taste of the student: he may wish to continue into later periods in his favourite discipline or he may wish to acquire another language to help him in his work. No class in the minor field may be from the Mediaeval Studies group. The four classes not in the major field may be widely scattered: one or more of them may be 100-level prerequisites which may be necessary for later mediaeval work, e.g., introductory German or Latin or Political Science.

Some sample programmes which might be followed are:

Literary: English. Major: Med. Stud. 201, 202, 203, 204, 211, 301, 302, 401, 261. Minor: 2 classes in English, possibly English 251 and 252. Four additional classes: possibly Philosophy in Literature (Phil. 270), History of England (Hist. 210), German for Beginners (German 100), and Intermediate German (German 200).

Literary: non-English. Major: Med. Stud. 211, 212, 214, 204, 301, 303, 210, 402. Minor: 2 additional classes, possibly in French or German. Four additional classes: possibly Latin 100, Philosophy 100, plus another Latin and another Philosophy.

Historical: Major: Med. Stud. 301, 302, 303, 304, 311, 401, 414, 202, 201. Minor: History 210, and 314. Four additional classes: possibly introductory and intermediate Latin and two French.

Philosophical: Major: Med. Stud. 401, 402, 403, 414, 301, 302, 204, 211, 201. Minor: possibly two classes in the earlier or later history of philosophy. Four additional classes.

Classes

The classes available from which a mediaeval grouping may be formed are given below. Some of them are on an *ad hoc* basis, depending on the needs of students in any given year. Staffing problems may require the omission of certain classes from time to time: students are referred to the Mediaeval studies prospectus at the time of registration. The numbering of the classes reflects subject and department, rather than order of difficulty or of priority.

201 History of the English Language (English 202)

202 Old English (English 253)

203 Mediaeval Literature (English 218)

204 Middle English (English 351)

210 Introduction to Mediaeval French (French 3300A)

211 History of the French Language (French 4000)

212 French Mediaeval Literature (French 4300A/4301B)

214 Arthurian Romances (Comparative Literature 214)

301 Mediaeval Life and Thought (History 1990/5)

302 Mediaeval Europe (History 2000)

303 Mediaeval Civilization (History 3000)

304 Roman History: The Cultural History of the Roman World (Classics 223)

306 The Mediaeval Church (History 3020)

311 Paleography (History 4000)

401 Mediaeval Philosophy (Classics/ Philosophy 338)

402 Latin Philosophical Texts (Latin 204)

403 Seminar on the Philosophy of the Church Fathers (Classics 440/570)

404 Western Religious Experience (Religion 201)

414 Political Philosophy from the Stoics to the End of the Fifteenth Century (Poli. Science 2405)

Microbiology

Head of Department

K.R. Rozee

Professor Emeritus

C.W. van Rooyen, D.Sc. (Edin.), M.D., Ch.B., F.R.C.P., F.R.C.P.(C), F.R.C. Path (Lond.) - (Virology)

Professors

K.B. Easterbrook, Ph.D. (A.N.U.) - (Structure and Function in Microorganisms: Bacterial Spines)

J.A. Embil, M.D. (Havana), Ph.D. (Dal.) - *Pediatrics* (Clinical Virology; Herpes, Cytomegalovirus)

L.S. Kind, Ph.D. (Yale) - (Immunology, Reaginic Antibody Synthesis)
C.E. van Rooyen, D.Sc. (Edin.), M.D., Ch.B., F.R.C.P., F.R.C.P.(C),
F.R.C. Path (Lond.) - (Virology)

D.E. Mahony, Ph.D. (McG.) - (Bacteriology; Bacteriocins and L-Forms of Clostridia)

K.R. Rozee, Ph.D. (Dal.), Dip. Bact. (Tor.) - (Viral Pathogenesis; Epidemiology)

Associate Professors

T. Ghose, Ph.D. (Calc.) - Pathology (Immunopathology; Cancer Immunotherapy)

G.C. Johnston, Ph.D. (York) - *Graduate Studies Coordinator* (Genetic Control of Cell Division)

S.H.S. Lee, Ph.D. (Dal.) - (Virology; Interferon)

E.S. McFarlane, Ph.D. (Dal.) - (Microbial Chemistry; Cancer Viruses)
D.B. Stoltz, Ph.D. (McM.) - (Electron Microscopy; Insect Viruses; Insect Tissue Culture)

C. Stuttard, Ph.D. (Dublin) - (Microbial Genetics)

Assistant Professors

R. Rajaraman, Ph.D. (Dal.) - (Cancer Cell Biology, Fibronectin)

Lecture

G. Faulkner, Ph.D. (Dal.) - Ultrastructure

Postdoctoral Fellow

C.L.Y. Lee, Ph.D. (Dal.)

The field of Microbiology includes the activities of such organisms as bacteria, viruses, fungi and algae. The Microbiology programme is designed to provide the student with an understanding of microorganisms-their structure, function, diversity, and contribution to the biosphere, and attempts to give a basic training which may serve as preparation for graduate or professional work in microbiology as it relates to Medicine, Dentistry, the Health Professions, the Food Industry, Agriculture and Environmental Management. The Department of Microbiology is located in the Sir Charles Tupper Medical Building and offers microbiology programmes in the Faculties of Medicine, Health Professions, Arts and Science and Graduate Studies. Its members take part in teaching in all faculties and the research done by the faculty members is relevant to both general and special fields of Microbiology.

Degree Programmes

The Department, in conjunction with the Biology Department, offers both a coordinated 2-year programme and a combined honours programme in Microbiology. These programmes are designed for students entering their second year of study and lead, respectively, to the general B.Sc. and the honours B.Sc. degree. Combined Biology/Microbiology honours students doing thesis work in the Microbiology Department will participate with graduate students in a special seminar program in lieu of the Biology Department Honours Seminar series. Where possible, such students are also expected to attend the weekly Microbiology Department seminar program (Mondays, 1-2 p.m.). Students intending to specialize in microbiology are urged to consult the departments concerned at their earliest opportunity; faculty advisors are: D.B. Stoltz (Microbiology Department) and G.S. Hicks (Biology Department).

As a general rule, students will have previously taken a com-

prehensive class in introductory biology (Biology 1000) prior to embarking upon any programme in Microbiology. It should also be noted regarding the class offerings listed below that Microbiology 2100 is a prerequisite for all classes given in this Department except Microbiology 302 and 3023A. Except for 302, all Microbiology classes listed in this calendar are cross-listed with the Biology Department, which means that students can register in 2100, e.g., as either Microbiology 2100 or Biology 2100.

A number of classes offered by the Biology Department have been approved as part of the joint Biology/Microbiology undergraduate programme in Microbiology. These are:

Biology 3111B Microbial Activities in Nature

Biology 3113A, Bacterial Physiology

Biology 3116R, Mycology

Biology 4100A, Marine Microbiology

Class descriptions for these will be found in the Biology Department listings in the calendar:

Classes Offered

N.B. Students wishing to do advanced work in Microbiology are advised that in some instances a grade of C or better in specific 2-3000 level courses may be specified as prerequisite to particular 3-4000 level courses. Several classes have a limited enrollment of 30 or less. Consult with relevant faculty or course coordinators.

2100 A/B: Introductory Microbiology; lect., 2 hrs.; labs, 3 hrs. D.B. Stoltz (course coordinator), R.G. Brown, G.C. Johnston, J.A. Novitsky, C. Stuttard. *Prerequisite*: Biology 1000.

An introduction to the basic concepts of microbiology through lectures, laboratory sessions, and demonstrations. Topics include the structure, ecology, growth, genetics and physiology of microorganisms, as well as basic immunology. This course is a prerequisite for all the other microbiology classes listed below, with the exception of 302 and 3023A. For the convenience of all concerned, no student will be registered into 2100 after the first laboratory session. It should be noted that students wishing to acquire extra experience in microbiology could take 2100A followed by either Biology 3111B or Microbiology 3118B in the same academic year.

302: General Microbiology; lect., 2 hrs.; labs, 3 hrs. S.H.S. Lee. *Prerequisite*: Biology 1000 or permission of the instructor

Intended to provide a general knowledge of microbiology at an introductory level for students in the Health Sciences, this class is *not* considered to be part of the Biology/Microbiology combined honours programme. The lecture topics are divided into three sections. The first introduces the microbial world, the basic concepts and facts of structure and function, growth, genetics, and immunology. The second comprises a systematic survey of the medically important groups of microorganisms, with special emphasis on host-parasite relationships. The third section is concerned with the application of microbiology in health sciences, industry and ecology. Laboratory work is designed to complement the lecture materials and to provide experience in the isolation, identification, cultivation and control of microorganisms.

3023A: Biological Ultrastructure; lect., 2 hrs.; labs, 3 hrs. K.B. Easterbrook, D.B. Stoltz, M. Willison (course coordinator). *Prerequisite*: Biology 2015, or 2020, or 2100.

Designed to teach fundamental aspects of the architecture of biological entities (including viruses, bacteria, protists, fungi, plants and animals) at the "ultrastructural" level. Ultrastruc-

ture is considered to include both intracellular and extracellular organization in the size range lying between macromolecules and whole cells. The relationship between structure and function is a recurrent theme, and special emphasis is placed on selected organisms of general importance. Laboratories are designed primarily to familiarize students with the interpretation of micrographs. Techniques used in ultrastructure research are explained and demonstrated. Students wishing to be trained in particular techniques should subsequently register in Biology/Microbiology

microbiology

3033A: Microbial Genetics; lect., 2 hrs.; labs, 3 hrs. C. Stuttard and G.C. Johnston. *Prerequisites:* Microbiology 2100 and Biology 2030.

The study of heredity in microorganisms - especially bacteria and their viruses. Although there is some discussion of the chemical basis of mutation, DNA replication, recombination and repair, the main emphasis is on mechanisms of gene transfer in microbes, gene mapping and the use of microbes as model systems for the study of general genetic phenomena.

3114A Virology; lect., 2 hrs.; labs, 3 hrs. E.S. McFarlane. *Prerequisite*: 2100 or 302.

Provides an introduction to Virology, and to some extent discusses all kinds of viruses - animal, bacterial, insect and plant. Important concepts relating to the isolation, biophysical characterization, classification and replication of viruses are considered.

3115A Immunology; lect., 2 hrs.; labs, 3 hrs. L.S. Kind. *Prerequisite*: 2100 or 302.

The structure, synthesis, regulation of production, detection and measurement of antibodies. Also to be discussed are topics in the fields of transplantation, tolerance, hypersensitivity, tumour immunology, complement and the genetics of the immune response.

3118B: Systematic Bacteriology; lect., 2 hrs.; labs, 3 hrs. D.E. Mahony. *Prerequisite*: Grade of B- or better in 2100 or 302.

A survey of several bacterial groups with particular attention devoted to bacteria of medical interest. Attention is given to those criteria which are regarded as important in the classification of bacteria, and to the techniques used to identify particular species.

4022 A/B: Microbial Ultrastructure Project; K.B. Easterbrook, D.B. Stoltz, G.T. Faulkner. *Prerequisites:* 3023A and 4024B.

A research project using one or more of the skills acquired in Biology/Microbiology 4024B, selected by the student in consultation with the instructor.

4024B: Microscopy; lect., 2 hrs.; labs, 3 hrs. K.B. Easterbrook, D.B. Stoltz, G.T. Faulkner and M. Willison (course coordinator). *Prerequisite:* A grade of B- or better in 3023A.

This class is a corollary to Biology 3023A. Instead of considering biological ultrastructure, the class deals with some of the principal methods involved in the study of cell structure. Both light and electron microscopy, including ancillary techniques, are considered in depth. The importance of a proper understanding of the physical and/or chemical principles governing technical procedures is emphasized. During laboratory periods students have the opportunity to practise, or to watch demonstrations of, some of the techniques covered in the lectures.

4033B Advanced Microbial Genetics, lect., 2 hrs. C. Stuttard, G.C. Johnston. *Prerequisite:* Microbiology/Biology 3033A.

Selected topics in microbial and molecular genetics including plasmids, gene cloning, eukaryotic gene organization, specialized gene mapping techniques, genetics of industrial microorganisms.

4038B: Control of Cell Division; lect./seminars, 2 hrs. G.C. Johnston. *Prerequisite*: 3033A.

The physiology and genetics of cell division of both prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells are discussed. The major purpose is to increase our overall understanding of how cells divide and how this division is regulated. Emphasis is on experimental support for various models of how cells integrate and coordinate their overall growth, DNA replication and division. Topics include: coordination of seemingly unrelated processes in division; regulation of cell size; sequencing of gene activity; relationship between cell cycle control and cancer; intercellular communication; and growth control.

4025R The Mammalian Cell as a Microorganism; lect.: 2 hrs.; lab.: 3 hrs.; R. Rajaraman. *Prerequisite*: Biol. 2020, or 2015 and 2030, or permission of instructor.

An in-depth analysis of recent advances in cellular and molecular biology in relation to the mammalian cell viewed as a microorganism. Various aspects of experimental cell biology including life span, cell cycle, cytogenetics, mutagenesis, somatic cell genetics, immunology by cell culture, radiation cell biology, cell transformation by radiation, chemicals and viruses, reverse transformation and chemo-prevention of carcinogenesis, genetics and cytogenetics of cancer, differentiation and aging will be discussed. Laboratory exercises and projects, if given, will include general principles of cell culture, cell cycle analysis, cytogenetics, cell fusion, premature chromosome condensation, protease assay, monoclonal antibody production, cell transformation and detection of cellular antigens by immunofluorescence.

4114B: Topics in Virology; lect., 2 hrs.; labs, 3 hrs. E.S. McFarlane. *Prerequisite*: 3114A. Grade of B- or better in 3114A.

A class for advanced students in virology. Several aspects of virology are discussed in detail; e.g., virus structure and replication, viruses and cancer, viral genetics, virus-cell interaction, etc.

4115B: Topics in Immunology; lect., 2 hrs.; L.S. Kind. *Prerequisite*: 3115A.

Students will read and be prepared to discuss articles from the current immunological literature. While all major areas of immunology are included, the emphasis is on topics previously studied in 3115A.

4700: Special Topics

Consult department.

4900: Honours Research and Thesis.

Music

Chairman of Department

Associate Professors

R.D. Byham, B.M., M.M. (III. Wesleyan), (History and Keyboard

P. Djokic, B.Mus., M.Mus. (Juilliard) (Violin)

D.M. Farrell, B.A. (St. Norbert Coll.), M.Mus., Ph.D. (Wisc.), (Theory) E. Gonnella-Welch, Dipl. of Art (Dundee Coll. of Art), L.R.A.M. (Roy. Acad. Lond.) (Voice)

J. Morris, B.A. (DePauw), (Voice)

P.A. Perron, B.Mus. (McGill), M.Mus.Ed. (Holy Names College) (Music

L. Stodola, B.Mus. (Chic.), M.Mus. (Juilliard) (Piano)

J.S. Tittle, B.S. (Kent State), M.M., D.M.A. (Wisc.), (Theory and Composition)

W. Valleau. (Cello)

C. van Feggelen, (Guitar and Lute)

D.F. Wilson, B.F.A. (Carn. Inst. Tech.), M.Mus. (Roch.), Ph.D. (Casc. W.R.), (History)

Assistant Professor

D.P. Schroeder, A.Mus., B.A., M.A. (Western Ontario) (Theory &

T. Zonneveld, Dipl. (Teach.), Dipl. (School Mus.), Dipl. (Performance), (Royal Conservatory, The Hague), (Piano)

Part-Time Faculty Music Education Lecturers

H. Schoales J. Armitage N. Babineau

Applied Skills Instructors

E. DuBois (flute) P. Evans (recorder) J. Faraday (percussion)

S. Piercey (voice) J. Rapson (clarinet)

F. Graham (organ) M. Graham (harpsichord) A. Krabill (oboe)

J. Riedel (trombone) B. Robinson (double bass) R. Starr (French horn) J. Stern (trumpet)

D: Krabill (bassoon) D. Palmer (saxophone)

Special lecturers and Musicians

A. Tillev

W Tritt

The resources of the Music Department provide a thorough discipline to those whose demonstrated talent and specific pre-university training qualify them for specialization in music studies. Certain classes and ensembles are available to the non-specialist student who wishes to increase both musical awareness and involvement.

In the Bachelor of Music Programme, the Department offers training to the prospective professional musician: performer, composer, theorist, historian or critic. Future teachers instructing in the elementary and secondary school classroom are provided with methods, skills and field experience in the Bachelor of Music Education Programme. In our society today there are many vocations in which a working knowledge of various aspects of music is a desirable part: librarianship. media programming and production, arts management, recreational and therapeutic work, to name only a few. A carefully chosen B.A. (General) or combined Honours programme could furnish a basic equipment for further studies in preparation for such professions. The truly contemporary listener, too, must acquire style-specific tools, if there is to be an informed response to the musical experience.

Thus the University's Music Department must be ready to serve many needs within a general standard of excellence. Crafts and skills, history and practice must be presented in an equilibrium flexible enough to be useful to each student's identity as a musical person.

Degree Programmes in Music

Admission

Students wishing to enrol in a degree programme offered by the Department of Music must fulfil the following admission

- a) satisfy the requirements for admission to the Faculty of Arts and Science
- b) demonstrate their proficiency as instrumental or vocal performers in an audition-interview.
- c) demonstrate knowledge of the basic rudiments of music theory (equivalent to Grade II Theory of the Royal Conservatory of Music of Toronto) in a written diagnostic test, to be arranged to coincide with the

Applicants failing to demonstrate a satisfactory proficiency in the audition could qualify for enrolment in Music 0100 during their first year, with the understanding that this might delay the completion of their degree programme for one

Applicants failing their written rudiments test would be required to take preparatory lessons in music theory before entering a university music programme and/or be placed in a remedial section of Music 1200.

When making application for admission to the University, prospective music students should request the supplementary application form for the Department of Music.

Applications to the Department should be received by the end of April; audition procedures should be completed by the end of June to ensure admission and scholarship considera-

Students wishing to transfer from another institution into the Second or Third Year of their chosen Music programme must take validation examinations in history, theory, aural and keyboard skills before transfer of credits can be considered. Failure to pass an examination will necessitate enrolment in the appropriate First or Second Year class.

Bachelor of Music (B. Mus.)

The B. Mus. is a four-year programme with sixteen out of twenty classes in music, plus graduation requirement. Upon successful completion of the second year, students may choose to concentrate in performance, music history and literature, or composition.

Common Curriculum

First Year

1100R Applied Skills

1300R Survey of Music Literature

1200R Theory 1

1270C Aural Perception I

1271C Keyboard Skills I

Arts and Science Elective, one full credit (Writing Course Elective)

Second Year

2100R Applied Skills

2300R History of Music I

2200R Theory II

2270C Aural Perception II

2271C Keyboard Skills II Arts and Science Elective, one full credit

Concentration in Performance

Third Year

3100R Applied Skills

3300R History of Music II

3280C Counterpoint

3282C Orchestration

Music Elective, one full credit

Arts and Science Elective, one full credit

music

Fourth Year

4100R Applied Skills

4300R Contemporary Scene

4280C Advanced Harmony and Counterpoint

4281C Form and Analysis

Music Elective, one full credit

Arts and Science Elective, one full credit

4199R Graduation Recital

Concentration in Composition

Third Year

3100R Applied Skills

3300R History of Music II

3280C Counterpoint

3282C Orchestration

3210R Composition

Arts and Science Elective, one full credit

Fourth Year

4300R Contemporary Scene

4280C Advanced Harmony and Counterpoint

4281C Form and Analysis

4210R Composition

Music Elective, one full credit

Arts and Science Elective, one full credit

4299R Graduation Composition

Concentration in History and Literature

Third Year

3100R Applied Skills

3300R History of Music

3280C Counterpoint

3282C Orchestration

3310R Music in Canada

Arts and Science Elective, one full credit

Fourth Year

4300R Contemporary Scene

4280C Advanced Harmony and Counterpoint

4281C Form and Analysis

4368A & 4369B Special Studies

Music Elective, one full credit

Arts and Science Elective, one full credit

4399R Graduation Thesis

Standards:

- 1. a) All students wishing to enter the third year of the B.Mus. programme must achieve an overall average of B- in the music classes of the first and second years, including a minimum standing of C in both Music 1200 and 2200 and a minimum of B- in Music 2100.
- b) Students wishing to enter the concentration in performance must achieve an average of B+ in Music 1100 and 2100; in history and literature, an average of B+ in Music 1300 and 2300, and demonstrate acceptable writing ability; in composition, submit one or more original pieces for assessment by the composition faculty.
- 2. a) Students in the B.Mus. programme are expected to maintain a minimum standing of B- in each of the music classes of the third and fourth years.
 - b) Students who at the end of the third year have not obtained at least five credits of B or better in their music classes above the 1000 level will not be admitted to the fourth year without the explicit recommendation of the Department and the prior approval of the Committee on Studies. c) Students must achieve a minimum standing of C in
 - each of their Arts and Science electives.

Bachelor of Music Education (B.Mus.Ed.)

The B.Mus.Ed. is a four-year course combining instrumental

or vocal instruction, basic theoretical aural and keyboard skills, historical knowledge, and the methods, techniques and repertoires needed by the teacher in the elementary and/or secondary school. Observation and practice in community classroom settings constitute an important part of the programme. Students entering third year choose between curricula in Classroom Music and Instrumental Music. The B.Mus.Ed. leads to certification by the Nova Scotia Department of Education.

Common Curriculum

First Year

1100R Applied Skills

1300R Survey of Music Literature

1200R Theory I

1270C Aural Perception

1271C Keyboard Skills

Arts and Science Elective, one full credit (Writing Course Flective)

Second Year

2100R Applied Skills

2200R Theory II

2270C Aural Perception II

2271C Keyboard Skills II 2300R History of Music I

Education 4340R Developmental Psychology

Classroom Music

Third Year

3101R Applied Skills

3400R Elementary Methods

3470C Field Experience

4460A Choral Conducting and Literature

3300R History of Music II One half-credit elective in Music Education

The equivalent of one half credit elective in Music or Music

Fourth Year

4101R Applied Skills

4400R Secondary Methods

4470C Field Experience One-half credit elective in Music Education

4300R Contemporary Scene

The equivalent of one full-credit elective in Music or Music Education.

Instrumental Music

Third Year

3101R Applied Skills

3282C Orchestration

3300R History of Music II

3480 C Band Instruments, or 3481C String Instruments

3400R Elementary Methods

3470C Elementary Field Experience 4400R Secondary Methods

4470C Secondary Field Experience The equivalent of one half-credit elective in Music or Music

Education.

Fourth Year 4101R Applied Skills

4300R Contemporary Scene

4482C Choral, Band and Orchestral Arranging

Either 4450A Band Teaching Methods

4451B Band Field Experience

4453A String Teaching Methods 4454B String Field Experience

One half-credit elective in Music Education The equivalent of one full-credit elective in Music or Music

Education.

Standards

- All students wishing to enter the third year of the B.Mus.Ed. programme must achieve an overall average of B- in the music classes of the first and second years, including a minimum standing of C in both Music 1200 and 2200, and a minimum of B- in Music 2100.
- 2. See Arts and Science General Faculty Regulations (Item 3).

Other Requirements, B.Mus. and B.Mus. Ed.:

- All students enrolled in Applied Skills classes perform before a jury at the conclusion of the academic year; students enrolled at the 1000 level also must perform a jury exam at the end of the first term.
- With special permission, a student in the B.Mus.Ed. programme may give a graduation recital instead of a final jury exam.
- 3. With the permission of the Department, a student in the B.Mus.Ed. programme may enroll in additional Education classes to the maximum equivalent of one full credit elective.
- 4. All students in the four years of the B.Mus. and B.Mus.Ed. programme are required to participate on a regular basis in an ensemble (Chorale, Chamber Choir, Brass Ensemble, Concert Band, Jazz Band, Guitar Ensemble, other instrumental chamber ensembles, Musica Antiqua).

One Year Certification Programme

Students with an appropriate undergraduate degree may apply to take a one-year course leading to certification by the Nova Scotia Department of Education. Details are available from the Music Department.

Bachelor of Arts (Major in Music)

The B.A. (General) with a major in music is a three year course, subject to the regulations described in the section Arts and Science: General Faculty Regulations (Item 3) and Degree Programmes (Item 5). Students are required to complete Music 1100R, 1300R, 1200R, 1270C and 1271C before entering the third year. Other classes, to a maximum total of 6 full credit classes, may be selected in consultation with the Department to suit a student's individual needs and interests. Music Education classes are not considered applicable to this degree. Students in the B.A. (General) programme enrolled in Applied Skills courses are required to pass jury examinations.

Students wishing to transfer from another institution into this course may be required to enrol in an Applied Skills Class at the First-Year level, depending upon the standard of their performance proficiency demonstrated in the audition-interview.

Classes for Non-Majors

Classes offered as arts electives for non-majors are as follows:

1000R Man and His Music

2007R Guitar and Lute

2088C Electronic Composition

2089C Experimental Music 2010R Music of Non-Western Cultures

2011R History of Opera

2012R Music and Psychology

2013R The Evolution of Jazz

2014R The Contemporary Scene

Applied Skills classes are open to non-majors only with special permission of the Department, are subject to enrolment quotas, and require the successful completion of an audition-interview.

Classes Offered

Classes marked * are not offered every year. Please consult the timetable on registration to determine if this class is offered.

A. History and Literature of Music

1.) History:

1300 Survey of Music Literature, lect.: 3 hrs.; D.Wilson. *Prerequisite*: A basic knowledge of musical notation and terminology equivalent to Grade II Conservatory.

An introduction to the styles and forms of Western music, from Gregorian Chant to the present.

2300 History of Music I, lect: 3 hrs.; D. Wilson. *Prerequisite*: 1200, 1300.

A detailed study of the early development of Western music, Medieval, Renaissance and Baroque, with emphasis on the development of style and performance practices. Introduction to research techniques.

3300 History of Music II, lect: 3 hrs.; R. Byham. *Prerequisite*: 2300, or permission of the Department

A study of the history, literature, craft and practice of music after 1750, the age of tonality; Classicism and Romanticism in music.

*3310 Music in Canada, lect: 3 hrs. Prerequisite: 1300, or permission of the Department

An historical survey of music in Canada with emphasis on the socio-economic factors essential to the successful transplantation and growth of European musical culture in Canada. The class gives students practical experience in research skills as they pertain to the specialized area of Canadian music. Students are required to research and compose reports on both historical and contemporary topics.

*3311 History of Opera, lect: 3 hrs.; W.H. Kemp. Prerequisite: permission of the Department.

An historical and analytical survey of operatic compositions from 1600 to the present day; opera as drama; changing tastes in operatic productions; operetta and musical comedy.

*2310 Music in non-Western Cultures, lect: 3 hrs. Prerequisite: permission of the Department.

The functions and styles of traditional musics outside the Western traditional repertoire of composed music.

*3312 Music and Psychology, lect: 3 hrs.; W.H. Kemp. Prerequisite: permission of the Department.

The interrelationship of music and psychology, as it relates to and informs the listener, student, educator and professional musician. Topics include: a) the perception of tones as a foundation for the appreciation of musical experiences, music as passing time and as information; b) musical taste and aesthetics from a psychological point of view; c) the social psychology of music; d) theories of learning and of behaviour as appropriate to musical training and performance; e) the diagnostic and evaluative testing of musical aptitude and ability; f) the function of music in therapy and in special education.

A working knowledge of musical notation is a prerequisite to this study; no previous classes in Psychology are necessary.

*3313 The Evolution of Jazz, lect: 3 hrs.; D. Palmer.

A survey of the historical and social background of jazz and its musicians. The evolution of jazz styles will be illustrated in live performances as well as on recordings. A knowledge of musical notation is not a prerequisite to this class.

4300 The Contemporary Scene, lect: 3 hrs.; S. Tittle. *Prerequisite*: permission of the Department and an interview with the instructor.

The main trends in 20th century "serious" music, with par-

ticular emphasis on "new" musical practices. The class also may include opportunities for performance/composition-oriented activities in contemporary styles.

4368A & 4369B Special Studies. Prerequisite: 2300 and 3300

Individually directed research and writing under the supervision of an appropriate member of the Department.

4399 Graduation Thesis

2.) Literature Studies

The purpose of these classes is to enable students to study in depth the history and repertoire of a specific performance idiom. During the classes, the student is encouraged to apply his own skill as a performer.

Each class is 2 hours, with permission of the Department as a prerequisite.

- *3350A Keyboard Music to 1750
- *3351B Piano Literature, 19th and 20th Centuries
- *3352A Chamber Music, to 1800
- *3353B Chamber Music, 19th and 20th Centuries
- *4370C The Organ and its Literature
- B. Theory and Composition
- 1.) Theory and Related Skills

1200 Music Theory I, lect: 3 hrs.; D.M. Farrell. *Prerequisites*: permission of the Department; a basic knowledge of music notation and terminology equivalent to Grade II Conservatory. *Normal Co-requisites*: 1270C, 1271C

A thorough knowledge of musical rudiments is presumed. The class begins with a survey of musical phenomena in general, subsequently of tonal music in particular. The material in this survey is immediately applied to two- and three-part writing, stressing both the harmonic and contrapuntal dimensions. In the second term, there is a concentration upon a complete grounding in the traditional four-part writing skills. This culminates in the study of the dominant seventh and elementary modulation.

1270C Aural Perception I, lab: 3 hrs.; D.M. Farrell. *Prerequisite*: permission of Department. *Normal Co-requisites*: 1200R, 1271C

A class designed to correlate with 1200 and 1271C. Melodic, Harmonic, Rhythmic, Textural and Stylistic factors are visualized, performed and dictated systematically. Labwork in ear-training and sight-singing is done three times per week. Each student is a member of a small working section.

1271C Keyboard Skills I, lab: 2 hrs.; R. Byham. *Pre-requisite:* permission of Department, *Normal Co-requisites:* 1200R, 1270C

The development of basic skills in sight reading, score reading and harmonized accompaniment at the keyboard.

2200 Music Theory II, lect: 3 hrs. *Prerequisites*: 1200, 1270C, 1271C

A continuation of 1200, covering the study of a complex modulation, altered chords and chromatic harmony. Emphasis is placed upon concepts of functional tonality by means of both written exercises in four-part harmony and analysis of Classic and Romantic compositions.

2270C Aural Perception II, lab: 2 hrs. *Prerequisites*: 1200, 1270C, 1271C

This class provides the student with further practice in

melodic and harmonic dictation and sight-singing; it correlates with 2200. A special component deals with solmization skills in sight reading.

2271C Keyboard Skills II, lab: 3 hrs.; R. Byham. *Prerequisites*: 1200, 1270C, 1271C

A continuation of 1271C.

3280C Counterpoint, lect: 2 hrs.; D. Farrell. Prerequisite: 2200

The development of skills in polyphonic architecture in twoand three-voice 16th century contrapuntal style using canonic techniques. An introduction to 18th-century counterpoint: inventions, canons, and fugal expositions, etc.

3282C Orchestration, lect: 2 hrs.; S. Tittle. Prerequisite: 2200

A survey of the development of the orchestra and the orchestral instruments with an introduction to acoustics. Technique in the deployment of instrumental combinations is emphasized through practical exercises in scoring for a medium-sized orchestra common in the 20th century.

4280C Advanced Harmony and Counterpoint, lect: 2 hrs. *Prerequisites*: 2200 and 3280C

The application of acquired harmonic and contrapuntal technique to various instrumental and vocal textures and forms; chorale prelude and fugue.

4281C Form and Analysis, lect: 2 hrs.; R. Byham. Prerequisites: 2200, 3280C, 3300.

Analytic study of the form and content of selected compositions in various styles and idioms.

2.) Composition

3210, 4210 Composition I, II, S. Tittle. *Prerequisites:* permission of the Department, an interview with the instructor, and the submission of a folio of original compositions for assessment by the composition faculty.

Particular works are analysed to serve as a springboard for original composition by the student. Students' works are evaluated in small group discussions and in individual tutorial sessions.

2088C Fundamentals of Electronic Composition, lab: 2 hrs.; S. Tittle. *Prerequisite*: personal interview with instructor. *Normal co-requisite*: 2089C

Introduction to the Experimental Sound Studio. Recording, mixing and tape manipulation techniques; analysis and composition of tape music. Voltage control concepts, synthesizer theory and practice; composition and live performance with electronics.

2089C Experimental Music, lab: 2 hrs.; S. Tittle. *Prerequisite*: personal interview with instructor. *Normal co-requisite*: 2088C

Historical background and aural analysis. Group improvisation and composition with both Studio and personal resources. Design and execution of live performance situations, which may include verbal, visual and other theatrical elements.

*4271C Advanced Improvisation and Keyboard Harmony. Prerequisite: permission of the Department and an interview with the instructor.

Intended for keyboard students, the class involves the development of skills in transposition, score reading, and continuo realization.

4282C Choral, Band and Orchestral Arranging

See 4482C, Music Education

4299 Graduation Composition

C. Performance

Note: 1. The various levels of applied study indicate the year of study in the Department and are not intended solely as an indication of relative standard. Term gradings are based upon progress as well as upon the actual performing standard displayed in the jury examination.

2. In addition to the one-hour lesson, and appropriate to the idiom, group instruction in technique and repertoire is a required part of all sequences of Applied Skills classes.

0100 Probational Applied Skills

A non-credit class restricted to students proposing to complete the first year of a degree programme in music but who in their audition-interview did not demonstrate standards of performance sufficient to enrol in an Applied Skills class at the 1000 level. Through a jury examination at the completion of the class, or with special permission of the instructor, at the end of the first term, the student must satisfy the admission standards of Department in order to qualify for enrolment in the sequence of Applied Skills courses.

This class may be taken only once.

1100, 2100, 3100, 3101, 4100, 4101, Applied Skills

Offered in all band and orchestral instruments, guitar and lute, piano, organ, harpsichord, recorder, voice.

Normally all students receive one hour weekly individual lesson in their major performance idiom.

1102, 2102, 3102, 4102 Second Applied Skill

With special permission of the Department, a student enrolled in a music degree programme may study a second performance idiom. Required standards of entrance and achievement are the same as those for the major applied skill.

1170C, 2170C, 3170C, 4170C Partial Applied Skill

As above, but with individual lessons the equivalent of one hour every two weeks.

3150A, 3151B, 4150A, 4151B Opera Workshop, lab: 4 hrs. *Prerequisites*: permission of the Department; concurrent vocal studies.

Study and performance of selected opera scenes. Students have the opportunity to experience basic principles of stagecraft and to participate in stage productions.

4199 Graduation Recital

D. Music Education

Prerequisites for all classes: permission of the Department, and an interview with the designated member of the Music Education faculty.

1.) Core Classes

3400 Elementary Classroom Teaching Methods, lect: 4 brs

Exploration of different methods of teaching music in class with emphasis on the elementary school. Work will include creativity, Orff and Kodaly methods, song material and presentation and the integration of music with other subject

3470C Classroom Field Experience

Practical application in elementary schools of skills explored in 3400, including observation.

3480C Band Instruments, lab: 2 hrs.; staff.

A practical introduction to the principal band instruments. Group instruction is offered in flute, oboe or bassoon, sax-ophone, trumpet or French horn, trombone and tuba, and percussion. This class normally is restricted to students majoring in wind, brass or percussion instruments.

3481C String Instruments, lab: 2 hrs.; staff

A practical introduction in group lessons to the instruments of the string orchestra. This class normally is restricted to students majoring in a string instrument.

4400 Secondary Classroom Teaching Methods, lect: 3 hrs.

Exploration of different methods of teaching the various facets of music in the secondary school.

4470C Classroom Field Experience

Practical application in secondary schools of skills explored in 4400, including observation.

4450A Band Teaching Methods, lect: 2 hrs.; J. Armitage.

A survey of the principles of conducting, rehearsal methods, literature, purchase and maintenance of band instruments; specific band methods for schools.

4451B Band Field Experience

Three weeks of supervised band leadership practice in the school setting.

4453A String Teaching Methods, lab: 2 hrs. *Prerequisite:* Music 3481C or permission of the Department.

A survey of the principles of conducting, rehearsal methods, literature, purchase and maintenance of string instruments, specific string methods for schools.

4454B String Field Experience

Three weeks of supervised string teaching practice in the school setting.

2.) Electives

4460A Classroom Choral Methods and Literature, 2 hrs.: K. Pottie.

Basic principles of choral conducting and voice production; a survey of repertoire suitable for the school setting.

4461B Classroom and Recreational Instruments, lab: 2 hrs.; J. Wood.

Basic techniques, methods, maintenance and literature of various portable instruments suitable to their creative application in school and recreational settings.

4471C Field Projects

Under supervision, students design a project that results in an in-depth study of the theoretical and practical aspects of a particular area of music education. The project entails library research as well as working with specialists in the field.

*4473C Contemporary Music in the Classroom, lect: 2 hrs.; A. Tilley.

A study of certain specific 20th-century works and trends; active music making in the classroom; survey of the literature related to the use of contemporary music materials in the classroom (Schafer, Self, Paynter, etc.).

*4474C The Recorder in the Classroom, lab: 2 hrs.; P. Evans.

 $\label{thm:condition} Technique, methods, and literature of the recorder family \ \mbox{as} \ applied in the school setting.$

4482C Choral, Band and Orchestral Arranging, lect: 2 hrs.; D.M. Farrell, H. Schoales. *Prerequisite*: 3282C

Arranging for the school choral and instrumental ensemble.

Classes Available to Non-Majors

1000 Man and His Music, lect: 2 hrs.; W.H. Kemp.

Designed for the interested listener who desires to acquire an informed response to musical experiences. A knowledge of musical notation and terminology is not a prerequisite. The class includes a survey of the evolution of music from primitive cultures to the modern age; music in contemporary society; music in non-Western civilizations; music and image; music and the related arts; the art and psychology of listening.

2007 Guitar and Lute, class: 2 hrs., ensemble; C. van Feggelen. Prerequisite: personal interview with instructor.

For students with a serious interest in classical guitar playing and for whom it is not possible to provide individual instruction. Basic playing technique and the history of fretted instruments

The following classes, previously described are also available:

2088C = 2288C Electronic Composition

2089C = 2289C Experimental Music

*2010 = 2310 Music of Non-Western Cultures *2012 = 3312 Music and Psychology

*2012 = 3312 Music and Psychology *2013 = 3313 The Evolution of Jazz

*2013 = 3313 The Evolution of Jazz 2014 = 4300 Contemporary Scene

Ensembles

music

The Dalhousie Chorale, directed by Walter H. Kemp, meets on Monday evenings and performs at least two concerts a year with orchestra. Membership to the choir is open to the University and civic community by audition.

Other ensembles sponsored by the Department include the Dalhousie Concert Band (Director, Brian March), the Dalhousie Brass Ensemble (Director, Jeffrey Stern), the Dalhousie Chamber Orchestra (Director, Philippe Djokic), the Dalhousie Jazz Band (Director, Don Palmer), the Musica Antiqua (Director, David Wilson), the Opera Theatre, and several instrumental chamber ensembles such as a woodwind quintet and saxophone quartet.

Oceanography

Oceanography is an inter-disciplinary science that includes studies of tides and currents, the chemistry of sea water, plants and animals that live in the sea, and ocean bottom sediments and underlying crustal structures. Career oceanographers are employed in Canada in a few universities, in various federal laboratories that are engaged in both basic research and applied problems which meet a national need, such as fisheries investigations, exploration for offshore mineral resources, and studies of ice in navigable waters, and in a number of private companies interested in marine environmental protection or exploration.

A good background in basic science is a necessary prerequisite to entering the department. Properly prepared undergraduates are permitted to take one or more graduate classes as electives. There are graduate introductory classes which survey the entire field and advanced classes in each of the major specialties — physical, chemical, geological and biological oceanography, and fisheries biology.

In addition, several undergraduate classes are offered.

1850R Introduction to Oceanography, lect.: 3 hrs., R.O. Fournier. *Prerequisite*: Restricted to second year, or more advanced students.

A general survey of Oceanography showing how the oceans, which account for more than 70% of the earth's surface, function as a dominant environmental force. Consideration also is given to man's impact on this ecological system. Designed to give the student a background or feeling for the ocean, what oceanography is, and what oceanographers do. It is not a good "background to science" class, since little feeling will be obtained for scientific techniques which would otherwise be acquired in a laboratory class. Most of the material covered is descriptive rather than basic, inasmuch as it is impossible in the time allowed and the material covered to also teach the basic required sciences.

4160B Fisheries Oceanography, lect.: 3 hrs.; J.A. Koslow. *Prerequisite*: Biology 2060B or 2046R. Familiarity with calculus and statistical concepts helpful but not required. Permission of instructor is required.

The ecology of fisheries with emphasis on the factors affecting their production and stability. Topics to be covered include the seasonal and life cycles of commercially important fishes; their characteristics of feeding, growth, and reproduction; predator-prey and competitive interactions within fisheries communities; factors affecting recruitment success; and the impacts of commercial exploitation and climate change upon fish populations.

4170B Introductory Physical and Chemical Oceanography.

A class restricted to third- and fourth-year students registered in the Marine Biology Honours Programme.

The following classes are offered to graduate students in the Oceanography Department, but also form part of the B.Sc. degree in Physics for those students intending to meet the educational prerequisite for a career in Meteorology, as established by the Atmospheric Environment Service. For further information, interested students should consult the Physics Department.

4120A Introductory Physical Oceanography, lect: 3 hrs; Staff. *Prerequisite*: Permission of the instructor.

This class explores some of the physical forces driving the oceans, and describes the responses of ocean water to these forces. Scales of ocean motion discussed range from currents of oceanic dimensions, like the Gulf Stream, through tides

and waves, right down to very small-scale random movements of water known as turbulence. The class also includes a brief introduction to practical aspects of physical oceanography.

4210B Time Series Analysis in Oceanography, lect: 3 hrs; D.A. Huntley and C. Beaumont, Prerequisite: Permission of the instructor.

Much of the data collected in oceanography and other earth sciences are in the form of a time series; a measurement of a variable as it changes with time or place. Usually the simplest way of interpreting a time series is to divide it up into variations occurring in different ranges of frequencies. This class outlines some of the techniques for analysing time series with particular emphasis on spectral analysis and filtering.

4410R Dynamic Meteorology, lect: 3 hrs; Staff. Prerequisites: Physics 4310R and Permission of the instructor.

The basic laws of fluid dynamics are applied to studies of atmospheric motion, including the planetary boundary layer, synoptic scale disturbances (the familiar highs and lows on weather maps), fronts and global circulation. Emphasis will be placed on the blend of mathematical theory and physical reasoning which leads to the best understanding of the dominant physical mechanisms. The class includes an introduction to numerical techniques and their use in weather forecasting models and studies of climate.

Philosophy

Professors

D. Braybrooke, B.A. (Harv.), M.A., Ph.D. (Corn.), F.R.S.C., Also in Political Science

R.M. Campbell, B.A. (Harv.), Ph.D. (Corn.)

W.F. Hare, B.A. (Lond.), M.A. (Leic.), Ph.D. (Tor.), (Major appointment in Education Dept.)

F.H. Page, M.A. (Tor.), D.D. (Pine Hill)

R.P. Puccetti, B.A. (III.), M.A. (Tor.), Docteur de l'Université de Paris

S.A.M. Burns, B.A. (Acad.), M.A. (Alta.), Ph.D. (Lond.)

R.M. Martin, B.A. (Col.), M.A., Ph.D. (Mich.)

P.K. Schotch, Ph.D. (Wat.)

S. Sherwin, B.A. (York), Ph.D. (Stan.)

T. Tomkow, B.A. (S.F.U.), Ph.D. (Cantab.)

N.C. Brett, B.A. (New Hampshire), M.A., Ph.D. (Waterloo)

T. Vinci, B.A. (Tor.), M.A., Ph.D. (Pitts.)

Beginning in Philosophy

Everything people do or think about has a philosophical aspect, so there are many different ways of beginning in philosophy. Students new to philosophy can begin with any Exploratory Class.

First-Year Students are encouraged to take classes at the 100level. These exploratory classes are:

Philosophical Problems

102 Great Philosophers

103 Death and the Mind

104 Great Philosophers (half-year)

105 Great Philosophers (half-year)

106 Science in Today's World

107 Justice, Law, and Morality

Ethics in the World of Business

These classes will share some meetings with corresponding classes in the 200-level, but students who take them at the 100-level may receive different assignments, may meet in tutorials for special attention and advice, and are graded by standards appropriate to a first-year class. Some of these classes fulfill the Faculty "Writing Requirement". (Check with the Department.)

All Students in any year may begin with any Exploratory Class in the 200-level. These classes have no prerequisite, and are appropriate for students who have taken no philosophy as well as for students who have already done other Exploratory Classes, provided that they have not taken and will not take the corresponding class at the 100-level. The 200-level Exploratory Classes are:

Philosophical Problems

Great Philosophers 202

Death and the Mind

204 Great Philosophers (half-year)

Great Philosophers (half-year) 205

206 Science in Today's World

207 Justice, Law, and Morality

208 Ethics in the World of Business 211 Symbolic Logic

212 Philosophical Analysis

213 & 214 — Principles of Logic (half-year)

Language and Reasoning (half-year)

216 Philosophical Issues of Feminism (half-year)

217 Existentialism

Philosophy of Education (half-year) 218

220 Philosophy of Religion

225 Religion and Human Behaviour

Philosophy of Art (half-year)

Philosophy of Psychology (half-year)

Philosophy of Biology (half-year)

Does History Make Sense? (half-year)

The Marxist Approach to Historical Change (half-year) 255

Chance and Choice (half-year) 266

Philosophy in Literature 270 Existentialism (half-year)

271 Right or Wrong

Ethics and Medicine

Going On in Philosophy

Any of the classes in the Exploratory group provides the student with a good introduction to philosophy. Students who wish to take more philosophy may take additional Exploratory Classes, or they may choose to take Core and Specialized Classes. Further Exploratory Classes will broaden the student's acquaintance with topics and issues in philosophy. Classes in Core and Specialized groups will deepen knowledge of particular topics, and develop skill in philosophical thinking.

Core Classes deal with issues that are fundamental to understanding philosophy. They allow students to pursue, in depth, issues raised in Exploratory Classes. The Core Classes

305 Theory of Knowledge

306 (half-year) & 309 (full-year) - Intermediate Logic

310 Ethics

Self-Deception (half-year) 315

321 Philosophy of Law

Philosophy of Language (half-year) 330

335 & 337 — Ancient Philosophy (half-year classes)

Personal Identity

Philosophy of the Social Sciences (half-year) 351

The Rationalists (half-year) 361

The Empiricists (half-year) 362

363 Kant (half-year)

Metaphysics 385

Most Core Classes have the prerequisite of any Exploratory Class (see individual class descriptions below for particulars).

Specialized Classes are for advanced students; the usual prerequisite is at least one Core Class (but consult individual class descriptions below). The Specialized Classes are:

Ancient Philosophy from Beginnings to VI Century A.D.

History of Mediaeval Philosophy

Seminar in Exact Philosophy (half-year) 408

Theories of Ethics and Mind

Topics in the History of Philosophy (half-year)

Seminar on Game Theory (half-year)

445 (full-year) & 453 (half-year) - Theory of Action

446 Mind and Brain

447, 448 & 449 - Philosophy, Politics, & Economics

Seminars (half-year classes) Topics in the Philosophy of Language

Contemporary Theories of Religion

465 (full-year) & 467 (half-year) - Philosophy of Science 498 (half-year) & 499 (full-year) - Directed Reading

Degree Programmes

B.A. with Major in Philosophy Students must take at least five* classes in philosophy including at least two* Core Classes, or one* Core Class and one* Logic Class (211, 213, 214, 215, 266, 306, 309, and 408 are the Logic Classes). All students planning to take a general degree in philosophy should talk to an undergraduate adviser in the department.

B.A. with Honours in Philosophy Students wishing to specialize in philosophy should take an honours course. It is the normal preparation for graduate study in philosophy. Its requirements are at least ten* classes in philosophy, in-

cluding: at least one* Logic Class (211, 213, 214, 215, 266, 306, 309, and 408 are the Logic Classes), plus three* Core Classes, plus two* further Core or Specialized Classes.

*Note Classes in the department are either full- or half-year (i.e., full- or half-credit). When a number of classes is indicated in these requirements, that means the number of fullyear classes, or the equivalent if some are half-year. Thus the requirement for two Core Classes may be filled by two fullyear, or one full-year plus two half-year, or four half-year Core Classes.

Class Descriptions Exploratory Classes

101 Philosophical Problems, Staff.

An introduction to some of the important problems that have concerned philosophers.

102 Great Philosophers, Staff.

An introduction to the history of philosophy, examining some of the writings of great philosophers from ancient times to the present.

103 Death and the Mind, R.P. Puccetti.

An enquiry into the nature of death, the possibility of survival, immortality and reincarnation, and the relevance of belief in an afterlife to the way we live our lives.

104 Great Philosophers (half-year)

Same as first half of 102, above.

105 Great Philosophers (half-year)

Same as second half of 102, above. May be taken independently.

106 Science in Today's World, Staff.

The nature and philosophical implications of modern

107 Justice, Law, and Morality, D. Braybrooke.

An introduction to political philosophy and ethics. Plato, Hobbes, and other authors are considered to help answer questions such as: What is justice? What is its role in society?

108 Ethics in the World of Business, D. Braybrooke.

Business practices are sometimes in accord with moral principles, sometimes at odds with them. Where in business is it easiest to be scrupulous? Where is it hardest? Could things be changed for the better, and if so, what would be involved?

201 Philosophical Problems, Staff.

See description for 101, above.

202 Great Philosophers, Staff.

See description for 103, above.

See description for 102, above.

203 Death and the Mind, R.P. Puccetti.

204 Great Philosophers (half-year)

Same as first half of 202, above. May be taken independently.

205 Great Philosophers (half-year)

Same as second half of 202, above. May be taken independently.

206 Science in Today's World

See description for 106, above.

207 Justice, Law, and Morality, D. Braybrooke.

See description for 107, above.

208 Ethics in the World of Business, D. Braybrooke.

See description for 108, above

The Exploratory Logic Classes (211, 213, 214, 215 and 266)

Logic is the science of reasoning, and like any science, may be studied in a variety of ways. There are three introductory logic classes which treat the subject from the viewpoint of pure science (211); a mixture of pure and applied science (213, 214, 266), and almost entirely from the viewpoint of application (215).

211 Symbolic Logic, R.M. Martin.

An introduction to an artificial language constructed so as to make the operations of reasoning more precise.

212 Philosophical Analysis, N. Brett.

An introduction to philosophy through applying the techniques of modern philosophical analysis to some of the great issues, such as freedom of the will, the immortality of the soul, the justification of ethical and theological beliefs. Since this class will be conducted as a seminar, enrolment is limited.

213 and 214 Principles of Logic, (half-year classes) R.M. Campbell and P.K. Schotch.

Students cover the same material as in 211, while also devoting considerable attention to the relation between artificial languages and ordinary English, and to philosophical problems arising from the study of reasoning.

215 Language and Reasoning, (half-year) T. Tomkow.

Attention is devoted primarily to the study of reasoning in the English language.

216 Philosophical Issues of Feminism, (half-year) S. Sherwin.

An examination of arguments for and against feminism, and of practical and theoretic issues associated with feminism, such as abortion and preferential hiring. Concepts to be studied include equality, justice, rights, freedom, and discrimination

217 Existentialism, N. Brett.

A general introduction to existentialist themes and authors, including Kierkegaard, Nietzsche, Sartre, and Camus.

218 Philosophy of Education, (half-year) W. Hare.

An introduction to the philosophical problems of education: What is education? What ought to be its goals? Who should decide what should be taught? (Cross-listed in Education Department)

220 Philosophy of Religion, F.H. Page.

An introduction to the philosophy of religion, examining such questions as: Why is religion so difficult to define? Is it rational to believe in a divine being? Can religious experiences be validated?

225 Religion and Human Behaviour, F.H. Page.

A study of religion as a form of human experience and behaviour. Topics include: naturalistic theories of religion, the personal development of religion, religious conversion, meditation, and mysticism.

226 Philosophy of Art, (half-year) S.A.M. Burns.

Examines questions such as: What is art? Are judgements of artistic value absolute or relative? By what standards should works of art be judged?

241 Philosophy of Psychology, (half-year) T. Tomkow.

What are the philosophical presuppositions of the scientific study of the mind?

242 Philosophy of Biology, (half-year) R. Campbell.

What are the philosophical presuppositions of biology?

254 Does History Make Sense?, (half-year) D. Braybrooke.

Can the study of history be scientific? Are there any historical laws? Is history working toward some discernible goal?

255 Marxist Theory, (half-year) D. Braybrooke.

This class will discuss the origins, development, and varied fate of Marxism both as philosophy and as social science. (Same as Pol. Sci. 2455B)

266 Chance and Choice, (half-year) Staff.

An introduction to the principles by which we can make scientific predictions and choose, logically, between different courses of action. The class will examine the workings of chance, or probability, and the theory of games.

270 Philosophy in Literature, R.M. Martin.

A study of some philosophical themes in modern literature. All readings will be literary works.

271 Existentialism (half-year)

See description under 217.

275 Right or Wrong, Staff.

How can one solve moral problems that arise from situations like suicide, abortion, sexual exploitation, violence, discrimination, and unfair business tactics?

280 Ethics and Medicine, S. Sherwin.

Modern medicine generates moral problems which cannot be settled on the basis of medical knowledge alone but need to be considered in the light of moral philosophy. Among these problems, to be considered in this class, are: abortion, euthanasia, informed consent, confidentiality, paternalism, coercion, and the allocation of scarce resources.

Core Classes

305 Theory of Knowledge, T. Vinci. *Prerequisite*: Any Exploratory Class.

A study of fundamental issues in the theory of knowledge. The class examines Skepticism, Rationalism, and Empiricism, and investigates the nature of knowledge, belief, meaning, evidence, and truth. Questions are raised about perception and memory and their relation to knowledge, as well as about our knowledge of ourselves and other people. Attention is given to ancient and modern authors.

306 (half-year) & **309** Intermediate Logic, P.K. Schotch. *Prerequisite*: Phil 213 or permission of instructor.

Devoted primarily to the study of formal semantics and its relation to symbolic logic.

310 Ethics, R.M. Campbell. *Prerequisite*: Any Exploratory Class.

The main questions in this class are: Can an ethical theory have a rational basis? Can it ever provide a rational solution to practical ethical dilemmas? Readings from Hume, Mill, Kant, and contemporary authors.

315 Self-Deception, (half-year) S.A.M. Burns. *Prerequisite:* Any Exploratory Class.

A study of the moral and conceptual issues surrounding the idea of self-deception. How is it possible? Is it a moral failing? Why is self-knowledge difficult?

321 Philosophy of Law, N. Brett. Prerequisite: Any Exploratory Class.

philosophy

A study of normative and conceptual issues arising from reflection on our legal system. Abstract legal principles and concepts are dealt with in the context of specific statutes and judicial decisions, e.g., the Narcotics Control Act, the Morgentaler case.

330 Philosophy of Language, (half-year) R.M. Martin. *prerequisite*: Any Exploratory Class.

What does it mean to say that the elements of language have meaning?

335 & 337 Ancient Philosophy, (half-year classes) S.A.M. Burns. Prerequisite: Any Exploratory Class.

The beginnings of Western philosophy are studied in the writings of Plato, Aristotle, and their predecessors.

344 Personal Identity, R.P. Puccetti. *Prerequisite*: Any Exploratory Class.

A consideration of what it is to be one and the same person through time, of the roles of memory and bodily continuity in this, and of the concept of a person.

351 Philosophy of the Social Sciences, (half-year) D. Braybrooke. *Prerequisite*: Any Exploratory Class.

An examination of the philosophical questions about the presupposition, aims, and methods of the social sciences, for example, whether the quantitative methods of the natural sciences are appropriate in the social sciences. Cross-listed with political science.

361 The Rationalists, (half-year) S.A.M. Burns. *Prerequisite:* Any Exploratory Class.

Descartes, Spinoza, and Leibniz.

362 The Empiricists, (half-year) S.A.M. Burns. *Prerequisite:* Any Exploratory Class.

Locke, Berkeley, and Hume.

363 Kant, (half-year) T. Tomkow. *Prerequisite*: Phil 361 or 362, or permission of the instructor.

Special attention will be paid to Kant's metaphysics.

385 Metaphysics, (half-year) Staff. *Prerequisite*: Any Exploratory Class.

A study of topics such as the nature of substance and change, body and mind, cause and effect, and the concept of existence.

Specialized Classes

336 Ancient Philosophy from its Beginnings to the VI Century A.D., A.H. Armstrong.

Special attention is given to Plato and Aristotle, and to the Greek Philosophy of the first centuries A.D. and its influence on developing Christian thought. (Same as Classics 336)

338 History of Mediaeval Philosophy, R. Crouse.

Anselm, Aquinas, Ockham, some XIII Century Augustinians and Averroists and late Mediaeval mystics are studied most closely; attention is given to related political, literary, and theological concerns. (Same as Classics 338)

408 Seminar in Exact Philosophy, (half-year) P.K. Schotch.

Application of the techniques of formal logic to philosophical issues. Principal subjects: ethics (Deontic logic), philosophy of science (logic of empirical theories), logic of possibility and necessity.

411 Theories of Ethics and Mind, R. Campbell and R. Martin Prerequisite: Consult instructor.

This class examines the relation between ethics and various theories of psychology, of the mind/body connection, and of human identity.

419 Topics in the History of Philosophy, (half-year) Staff. *Prerequisite*: Any Core Class.

Subject will change from year to year.

443 The Theory of Games as an Approach to the Foundations of Ethics and Politics, (half-year) D. Braybrooke.

(Seminar in Philosophy, Politics and Economics) Cross-listed with political science. For class description see Political Science 4485B/5485B.

445 Theory of Action, S. Sherwin. *Prerequisite*: Any Core Class or permission of instructor.

An investigation of the nature of action, seeking criteria for individuating, describing, and explaining actions. Subjects include: causation and action and the roles of volitions, intentions, motives, and reasons; theories of the mental-physical relation; responsibility for actions, and the concept of free actions.

446 Mind and Brain, R.P. Puccetti.

An interdisciplinary approach, combining philosophical analysis and neuroscientific data, to current controversies about the relation between brain function and conscious experience such as why consciousness evolved and how it is organized in the normal human brain.

447 Utilitarianism, Classical Liberalism, and Democracy, (half-year) D. Braybrooke. *Prerequisite:* Normally, classes in philosophy or political science or economics: consult instructor.

(Seminar in Philosophy, Politics, and Economics) The study of two beliefs characteristic of classical liberalism: that good government is strictly limited government, and that there is no standard for social policy beyond the combination of personal preferences. Cross-listed with economics and political

448 Social Choice Theory, (half-year) D. Braybrooke. *Prerequisite:* See 447.

(Seminar in Philosophy, Politics, and Economics) Arrow's theorem brings together the theory of voting and welfare economics, and evidently leads both (and the theory of democracy as well) to ruin. This class will consider how to cope with the problem. Cross-listed with economics and political science.

449 The Logic of Questions, Policy Analysis, and Issue Processing, (half-year) D. Braybrooke. Prerequisite: See 447.

(Seminar in Philosophy, Politics, and Economics) With the help of the logic of norms and the logic of questions, this class considers how political systems process issues and transform them (for better or worse) during processing. Crosslisted with economics and political science.

451 Topics in the Philosophy of Language, T. Tomkow. *Prerequisite:* Phil 330 or permission of instructor.

The examination of recent work in the philosophy of language and semantics including writings by Frege, Russell, Ouine, Davidson, Stalnaker, Lewis, and Kripke.

453 Theory of Action (half-year)

See description under 445.

460 Contemporary Theories of Religion, F.H. Page. Prerequisite: Phil 220 or permission of instructor

Present-day discussions of religion by well-known philosophers are studied.

465 (full-year) & 467 (half-year) Topics in the Philosophy of Science, T. Vinci. Prerequisite: Any Core Class.

Induction, probability, and explanation are studied, with special attention to the recent rationalist challenges to the objectivity of science from Kuhn and Feverbend.

498 (half-year) & 499 (full-year) Directed Reading, Staff. Prerequisite: Permission of instructor. Consult department for details.

Individual classes to suit special interests can be developed jointly by a student and an instructor.

Changes and Additions

As the Calendar goes to press before plans for the next academic year are completed, there may be significant changes in the classes listed above. Students should consult the Department for names of instructors and revisions.

Graduate Studies

The Department offers graduate classes leading to the M.A. Details can be found in the Calendar of the Faculty of Graduate Studies, and by consulting the Department's Coordinator of Graduate Admissions.

Physics

Chairman of Department

D.B.I. Kiang

Professor Emeritus

W.J. Archibald, M.A. (Dal.), Ph.D. (Virg.), D.Sc. (U.N.B.), D.Sc. (Dal.) F.R.S.C.

Professors

D.D. Betts, M.Sc. (Dal.), Ph.D. (McGill)

M.G. Calkin, M.Sc. (Dal.), Ph.D. (U.B.C.) D.J.W. Geldart, B.Sc. (Acadia), Ph.D. (McM) C.K. Hoyt, M.Sc. (Dal.), Ph.D. (M.I.T.) M.H. Jericho, M.Sc. (Dal.), Ph.D. (Cantab.), (George Munro Professor of Physics) D.B.I. Kiang, B.Sc. (Mt.A.), M.Sc., Ph.D. (McM.) G.F.O. Langstroth, B.Sc. (Alta.), M.Sc. (Dal.), Ph.D. (Lond.)

Associate Professors

B.L. Blackford, B.Sc. (Acad.), M.Sc. (M.I.T.), Ph.D. (Dal.) J.G. Cordes, M.Sc. (Dal.), Ph.D. (Cantab.) D.F. Goble, B.Sc., M.Sc. (Atla.), Ph.D. (Tor.) B.E. Paton, B.Sc., M.Sc. (Waterloo), Ph.D. (McG.) P.H. Reynolds, B.Sc. (Tor.), Ph.D. (U.B.C.) A.M. Simpson, B.A. (Cantab.), M.Sc., Ph.D. (Dal.) C.G. White, M.Sc. (Dal.)

R.H. March, B.Sc., M.Sc. (Dal.), D.Phil. (Oxon.)

Assistant Professors

R.A. Dunlap, B.Sc. (Worcester), A.M. (Dart.), Ph.D. (Clark) G. Stroink, Ph.D. (Mc.G.) D.A. Tindall, B.A., Ph.D. (Cantab.)

Adjunct Professors

A.D.J. O'Neill, M.Sc. (McGill), Ph.D. (Sask.) R. Ravindra, B.Sc. (Kharapur), M.A., Ph.D. (Tor.)

MacGregor Research Associates T.T. Chia, Ph.D. (Queens's)

J.T. Folinsbee, Ph.D. (III.) H. Nakajima, D.Sc. (Kyoto)

Senior Instructor

F.M. Fyfe, M.Sc. (Dal.) Instructor

T. Dyer, B.Sc. (Dal.)

Engineering-Physics

H.W. Jones, B.Sc., Ph.D. (Lond.), F. Inst. P., P. Eng. - Director of Engineering-Physics Programme H.W. King, B.Sc., Ph.D. (Birm.), D.I.C. (Lond.), F.R.S.A., F. Inst. P., F.I.M., C. Eng., P. Eng.

Associate Professor

S.T. Nugent, B.Sc. (Mem.), B.E. (N.S.T.C.), M.A.Sc. (Tor.), Ph.D. (U.N.B.),

Physics is the study of the fundamental properties of energy and matter, and of the space in which they are found. It seeks to describe and explain the great diversity of nature with the fewest and siimplest hypotheses, and to show the underlying similarities of seemingly diverse phenomena. It requires imagination disciplined by logic, and its success is judged by whether or not nature confirms its predictions when tested by experiment. An understanding of physics must be built on a good foundation. The various programmes are arranged to do this in an orderly, efficient way.

First-Year Classes

There are three first-year classes. They all give a general introduction to physics, but each has its own particular approach and selection of topics. Only one of them may be used for credit towards a degree.

Physics 1000 is a survey class offering a wide range of topics in both classical and modern physics.

Physics 1100 is intended for students intending to make a study of enginering or a physical science. Previous background in physics is desirable.

Physics 1300 is an introductory physics class which is oriented towards the health sciences.

Degree Programmes

Bachelor's Degree/Major in Physics

physics

Students intending to major in physics should include Physics 1100 and Mathematics 100A and 101B in their first-year programme. (Physics 1000 and 1300 will not normally be included in a 'Major'.) Physics 2450, 3400, 4020B may not be included in a 'Major' to satisfy requirement 5.2.1.1 (c). At least two 3000-level classes must be included, but in any one year, no student in a degree programme may take only Physics 3000A/3010B and Physics 3340A/3350B.

B.Sc. Major in Physics (example only, other possibilities exist):

Year I, 1100 (Math 100A & 101B), science, arts, elective. Year II, 2200A, 2210B, 2300A, 2330B (Math 200 or 220), science, elective.

Year III, Two 3000-level Physics classes; one additional Physics class is recommended; electives.

B.Sc. Major in Physics, with Diploma in Engineering.

The physics content of this programme might be as follows: Year I, Physics 1100

Year II, Physics 2200A, 2210B 2300A, 2330B Year III, Physics 3160A, 3170B, 3340A, 3350B

Other possibilities exist.

For the remainder of the programme, consult the Engineering Department.

Geophysics

For those interested in Geophysics, refer to classes 205B, 313A, 427A, 428B, and 429B, listed under Geology.

B.Sc. with Honours in Physics

All students who intend to take a B.Sc. with Honours in Physics are encouraged to discuss their programme with staff members of the department and to consult with the Chairman of the Department at the beginning of the second year.

The following classes will normally be taken.

- 1.- Chemistry 110.
- 2. Mathematics 100A & 101B.
- 3. Physics 1100.
- 4. Arts or Science elective.
- 5. Arts elective.

Year II

6 Science elective.

7-8. Two mathematics classes. 9-10. Physics 2110 and 2120.

11. Arts or Science elective.

12. Mathematics 311A, 312B.

13-15. Three Physics classes, including 3000A, 3010B, 3140A, 3200A, 3210B.

Year IV

16. Arts, science or mathematics elective.

17-20. Four physics classes at the 4000 level including 4000B, 4090A, 4100B, 4160A, 4150A, 4230B. A thesis and a comprehensive examination are also required.

Students with special interests will wish to pick electives carefully. The following suggestions may serve as a guide.

Applied Physics Option: Physics 3340B, 3350A, 3440B, 4200A, 4210A, 4220B, 4300A, 4330A, 4350B.

Theoretical Physics Option: Physics 4170B, 4180A/B, 4480A, 4650A/4660B: Mathematics 364B, 305, 332A, 414A.

Programme in Engineering-Physics

Engineering-Physics is the study of physics oriented towards

its application to engineering problems. The area is interdisciplinary and the study is suitable for students whose interests involve experimental work in the physical sciences or who contemplate research or development work in industry or resource development. The mathematical content of the course is similar to that of physics with, however, special emphasis on applications. The physics content is identical with that of honours physics in the first two years, but has special requirements in the last two years dealing with system design, information and control theory, materials science, instrumentation and measurement techniques. The course leads to the degree of Bachelor of Science in Engineering-Physics, which has honours standing.

Completion of the course is excellent preparation for industrial research or graduate studies in applied sciences.

B.Sc. in Engineering-Physics

Year I

- 1. Physics 1100
- 2. Mathematics 100A, 101B
- 3. Chemistry 110
- 4. Engineering 100A, Computer Science 140B
- 5. Elective (chosen to meet writing requirement)

6.-7. Physics 2110 and 2120

8-9. Mathematics 203A, 204B, 220 (or 200)

10. Engineering 120A, 331B

Year III

11-14. Physics 3000A, 3010B, 3050A, 3140A, 3150B, 3340B, 3350A, Computing Science 227B

- 15. Mathematics 311A, 312B
- 16. Engineering 340A, 341B

17-20. Physics 3440B, 4000B, 4200A, 3810B, 4300A, 4330A, 4350B, 4800B

21. Physics 4000-level class.

Combined Honours

Students interested in both Physics and another science may wish to take a B.Sc. with Honours in Physics and the other subject combined.

Students contemplating such a programme should in any case consult the Departments before the beginning of their second year of study.

Co-operative Education Programme in Physics and Engineering Physics

The co-operative programmes provide physics students with an integrated pattern of academic study and supervised work terms in industry, government laboratories and institutes, etc. The programmes enable students to obtain a better appreciation of the practical problems they will face in their physics careers upon leaving the University. The work term experience gives students an opportunity to orient themselves at an early stage towards the practical application of their newly acquired knowledge, and adds to their motivation for academic study

Eligibility

Students entering their second year of an honours programme in physics or combined honours programme at Dalhousie are eligible for admission.

The Work-Study Programme

The programme consists of 8 academic terms and 4 supervised work terms. The academic programme and required classes are the same as for the B.Sc. degree with Honours in Physics. In addition, in year 2, Co-op students are required to participate in the non-credit course and lecture series "Scien tific Methods"

Further Information

For further information contact the Programme Director, Cooperative Employment Programme in Physics, Department of Physics, Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S. B3H 3J5.

Classes marked * are not offered every year. Please consult the timetable on registration to determine if this class is offered.

1000 Survey of Physics, lect.: 3 hrs.; lab./tutorial: 1 hr.; P.H. Reynolds.

A survey requiring no previous preparation in physics. It will not normally be accepted as a prerequisite to advanced classes in physics. It is designed for students in arts and science (and possibly also pre-medicine and pre-dentistry) who want to be exposed to a wide range of topics in physics.

Topics covered include: motion, force, momentum, energy, heat, electricity and magnetism, waves, light, relativity, quantum theory and atomic radiations, the atomic nucleus and nuclear reactions, astrophysics and cosmology. Mathematics will be used as a language for expressing the basic ideas of physics, but normally this will not be more advanced than high school algebra and trigonometry.

Problem sets will be assigned on a regular basis. Help with these can be obtained at the afternoon tutorial hour or through the Physics Resource Centre. Two or three times each term the tutorial time will be used to carry out some simple laboratory experiments.

Text: J.B. Marion, *Physics in the Modern World*, 2nd ed., Academic Press.

1100 Introduction to Physics, lect.: 3 hrs. (3 sections); lab.: 3 hrs., every 3rd week; M.G. Calkin, C.K. Hoyt, R.H. March.

Primarily for students interested in the physical sciences. Students beginning this class should be familiar with algebra, graphs and trigonometry, and should be taking Calculus (Math 100/101) concurrently. Previous work in physics is helpful but not essential.

This class concentrates on three main areas: mechanics, oscillations and waves, and electricity and magnetism. In as far as possible, the basic ideas are introduced through inclass demonstrations, enabling students to relate the verbal and mathematical descriptions to events in the real world. In addition, students are able to explore the physical world via labs every third week.

Quizzes given every third week enable students to assess their progress.

Text: Halliday and Resnick, Fundamentals of Physics, 2nd ed.

1300 Physics In and Around You, lect.: 3 hrs., tutorial: 2 hrs., D. Kiang.

An introduction to physics for students in biology, premedicine, pre-dentistry and allied health sciences. It will not normally be accepted as a prerequisite to advanced classes in physics. After introducing basic concepts in physics, every opportunity is used to apply these concepts by using realistic biological examples, e.g., forces and torques are directly related to muscle action, fluids to blood circulation, sound to hearing. Every third week there is a laboratory experiment; the experiments stress the importance of basic concepts in physics to phenomena in biology and medicine. Students beginning this class should be familiar with trigonometry, solving algebraic equations, and should be prepared to study some basic algebraic functions.

Text: M.L. Warren, Introductory Physics, Freeman.

2110/2120.

These two classes are intended to be complementary, and for second-year honours students. Unless the circumstances are unusual, they should be taken together. The classes have a common laboratory, i.e. work done in the laboratory periods is included in the grade for both classes.

Prerequisites are also common: Physics 1100 and Mathematics 100A & 101B. (Statistics have shown that a student with less than a "B" grade in Physics 1100 can be expected to have difficulty with 2110 and 2120).

2110 Mechanics, lect.: 3 hrs.; lab.: 3 hrs.; C.G. White

The first part deals with basic vector mathematics, Newton's laws of motion, motion in unaccelerated reference frames, the two principles of special relativity and their use in describing space and time intervals in unaccelerated reference frames, conservation of energy and momentum from both the classical and relativistic view point, and harmonic oscillations. The second part deals with wave motion in mechanics, electromagnetism, quantum theory. Fourier analysis of wave packets and pulses will be included.

Text: Berkeley Physics Course, Vol. 1 Mechanics, McGraw-Hill, 1965; Berkeley Physics Course, Vol. 3 Waves and Oscillations, McGraw-Hill, 1965.

2120 Electricity, lect.: 3 hrs.; lab.: 3 hrs.; B.L. Blackford.

The class begins by studying electrostatics, including the concepts of electric field and electric potential as physical quantities. Next, the motion of charge in conducting materials is discussed leading to the solution of circuit problems involving capacitance and inductance. By considering the electric field of a moving charge in the light of the theory of relativity, the nature of the magnetic field is introduced and its properties discussed. Electric and magnetic fields in matter are also discussed. The laboratory work is designed to illustrate the physical principles discussed in the lectures and simultaneously to introduce students to the use of electronic apparatus and to the design of some simple circuits.

Text: Berkeley Physics Course, Vol. 2 Electricity and Magnetism, McGraw-Hill, 1965.

2200A/2210B

Applied Physics is designed to acquaint students with the wide range of physical principles at play in the world around us. These principles are discussed in class but the major emphasis is on the practical aspects of physics. In the lab, you will learn to apply principles of physics and modern measuring techniques in the solution of practical problems found in the world of science and technology.

2200A Waves and Vibrations, lect.: 3 hrs.; lab.: 3 hrs.; G. Stroink. *Prerequisite*: a first-year class in physics.

Subject material: theory of measurements, mechanical vibrations, synthesis of waves, acoustics, resonance, interference.

Text: French, A.P., Vibration and Waves, Norton.

2210B Electromagnetic Waves, lect.: 3 hrs.; lab: 3 hrs.; G Stroink. *Prerequisite*: 2200A.

Subject material: Electromagnetic spectrum, geometric optics, interference, diffraction, matter waves, theory of solids, semiconductors.

Text: D. Halliday and R. Resnick Physics, Part 2, Wiley, 1978.

2220A* Radiation Physics, lect: 2 hrs.; G.F.O. Langstroth. Offered in alternate years beginning in 1978-79. Enrollment is limited. *Prerequisite*: First-year physics or approval of instructors.

Contents include: nature of radiation, particularly gammaand x-rays; interaction of radiation with matter (tissue); applications in the medical field; radiation protection; some medical instruments; a visit to a Radiology or Nuclear Medicine department of a local hospital.

2230B* Radiation Physics, Applications, lect: 2 hrs.; G.F.O. Langstroth. Offered in alternate years beginning in 1978-79. Enrollment is limited. *Prerequisite*: Preference given to students who have taken 2220A.

The class follows on the background obtained in Physics 2220A. It discusses the detection of radiation and its application in the health sciences. It then continues to treat the physical principles of several instruments commonly used in the life sciences. This may include optical instruments and electronic instrumentation. Topics vary according to the interest of the students.

· 2300A/2330B

physics

For second-year science and engineering students who wish to take a second class in physics, in addition to Physics 2200, 2210 or who for some reason are unable to take that class. Students may take third-year physics classes if they have taken this class and Physics 2200, 2210.

2300A Mechanics, lect.: 3 hrs.; C.G. White. *Prerequisites:* Physics 1100, Mathematics 100A and 101B.

The basic laws of classical mechanics. It covers similar material to that of Physics 1100 but with a more advanced mathematical treatment which allows for more detailed application of the basic laws to specific physical examples, e.g., examples involving rotation and planetary orbits.

Text: Kleppner and Kolenkow, An Introduction to Mechanics, McGraw-Hill, 1973.

2330B Electricity and Magnetism, lect.: 3 hrs.; C.G. White. Prerequisite: Physics 2300A.

The basic laws of classical electricity and magnetism and the application of these laws to the analysis of electric and magnetic fields in solids. The discussion of fields in solids leads to some reference to quantum effects. A brief treatment of some common electrical circuits is also included.

Text: Tipler, Physics, Vol. 2, Worth.

2450 Astronomy, lect.: 3 hrs.; D.A. Tindall. *Prerequisite*: One first-year science class.

An introduction to Astronomy for the general science student, **not** the physics specialist.

Topics discussed include: the observation and exploration of the planets, the origin and evolution of stars (including white dwarfs, pulsars, quasars, black holes), the structure of galaxies, and cosmology.

Text: Pasachoff and Kutner, University Astronomy, Saunders, 1978.

2500* Astronomy and Introductory Astrophysics, lect.: 3 hrs.; D.A. Tindall. Offered in alternate years, beginning in 1979-80. *Prerequisite:* Physics 1100 or Physics 1000.

This is a basic class designed primarily for students who may wish to pursue more advanced studies in astronomy or in astrophysics. It is appropriate for a physics major or an honours physics student.

Mathematics and the laws of physics are applied to show how quantitative information follows from observational data, and how a consistent picture emerges of the structure and evolution of the universe.

Text: Pasachoff and Kutner, University Astronomy, Saunders.

3000A/3010B Experimental Physics, lab.: 6 hrs.; lect.: 1 hr. *Prerequisites*: For honours students, Physics 2110, 2120. For major students, Physics 2300A, 2330B, 2200A, 2210B. Exceptions have been made.

Designed to give students a chance to do non-set experiments and thereby encounter and solve on their own the problems of experimentation. As the number of experiments is small (four to six), students should achieve a real understanding of a few physical phenomena. Topics cover a wide range of fields such as atomic physics, nuclear physics, solid state physics and electronics. A measurement of one of the fundamental constants such as c, G or e is required. Other than this the student is free to choose the field of experimental study.

3050A Electromagnetic Theory, lect.: 3 hrs., S.T. Nugent. *Prerequisite*: Physics 2120.

Topics include a review of electric and magnetic fields emphasizing the solution to Laplace's and Poisson's equations. Maxwell's equations are discussed and are used to explain plane waves in infinite media, reflection and refraction, guided waves, resonators, radiation and antennas.

Text: Reitz, Milford and Christie, Foundations of Electromagnetic Theory, 3rd Ed., Addison Wesley.

3140A Introduction to Quantum Physics, lect.: 3 hrs., J.G. Cordes, *Prerequisite*: Mathematics 200 or its equivalent.

This introduction to quantum physics first analyses difficulties of classical physics (black body radiation, radiation from accelerated charges and atomic spectra). The experimental basis of the wave-particle duality of light is discussed and the existence of diffraction patterns for particles is used to motivate the construction of wave equations for particles. The determination and interpretation of solutions of Schrödinger's equation is illustrated by simple examples. A comprehensive study is made of the quasistationary states and transition rates of hydrogen.

Text: Eisberg and Resnick, Quantum Physics, etc.

3150B Modern Physics, lect.: 3 hrs., A.M. Simpson *Prerequisite*: Physics 3140A.

Provides further application of the basic quantum mechanical principles presented in 3140A to topics in atomic, nuclear and solid state physics.

Text: Eisberg and Resnick, Quantum Physics, etc.

3160A Topics in Physics, lect.: 3 hrs., G.F.O. Langstroth. *Prerequisite*: at least one second-year level physics class.

This class is designed to extend the range of topics available to students enrolled in the three-year major programme. The first part of the class will be an introduction to nuclear physics, including an overview of nuclear reactors. Basic thermodynamics will be presented in about the last third of the term.

3170B Topics in Physics, lect.: 3 hrs., G.F.O. Langstroth. *Prerequisite*: At least one second-year level physics class.

This is complementary to 3160A. Topics will include statistical mechanics and optics.

3200A Thermodynamics, lect.: 3 hrs., M.H. Jericho. *Prerequisite*: Some knowledge of partial derivatives; Mathematics 200, or its equivalent, which may be taken concurrently with the class.

An introduction to the laws and basic concepts in classical thermodynamics. Topics include equations of state, heat engines, thermodynamic functions, and phase equilibriums.

Text: Sears and Schlinger, Thermodynamics, etc.

3210B Statistical Mechanics, lect.: 3 hrs., D.D. Betts. *Prerequisite:* Physics 3200A, or its equivalent; Mathematics 200, or its equivalent.

In this class the tools are developed to link the physical laws of the microscopic world to those of the macroscopic world, and the underlying atomic processes of the laws of thermodynamics are explored.

3340A Electronics, lect.: 3 hrs., H.W. Jones. *Prerequisites:* Physics 2120 or 2300A/2330B; Mathematics 220 or 200 or 248A/249B.

Topics include: carrier transport in semiconductors, properties of diodes and transistors, amplifiers, oscillators, modulation, demodulation and rectification, operational amplifiers, linear and nonlinear analog systems.

Text: Seidman and Weintraub, Electronics.

3350B Networks, Lines and Filters, lect.: 3 hrs., H.W. Jones. *Prerequisite*: Physics 2120 or 2300A/2330B, Mathematics 220 or 200 or 248A/249B.

Topics include: network reduction, the 4-terminal network and solution by matrix methods, properties of distributed constant transmission lines, active and passive filters.

Text: Papoulis, Circuits and Systems.

3400* History of Science, lect.: 2 hrs.; tutorial: 1 hr.; R. Ravindra (Physics), J. Farley (Biology). (Same as Biology 3400 and History 3070. Class description to be found under Biology 3400.)

3440B Optics, lect.: 3 hrs.; C.K. Hoyt. *Prerequisite*: Physics 2300A/2330B, or Physics 2120, or Physics 2210B and Mathematics 220.

Topics are selected from areas such as the radiation from accelerated charges, the statistical properties of the fields from assemblies of radiators, interference, diffraction, and the application of Fourier transforms to the structure of images, the resolving power of instruments and the characterization of coherence.

The students should be familiar with vector analysis, Maxwell's equations and the use of complex exponential functions.

3810B Micro-Computers and the Real World, lect.: 3 hrs.; computer programming 1 hr.; B.E. Paton. *Prerequisite*: Physics 2210B or 3000A/3010B.

Subject material: measurement theory; modern sensors; microcomputer architecture; simple chip computers; software simulation of digital electronic circuits; machine language programming; assembly language programming; interfacing techniques; development of "intelligent" instruments.

Text: Southern, The 6800 Microprocessor.

4000B Advanced Lab., lab.: 6 hrs.; M.H. Jericho. *Prerequisite*: Fourth-year standing in physics or engineering-physics or permission from the instructor.

This is a physics and engineering-physics laboratory class in which students in groups of two work largely on their own initiative. The student may select experiments from the fields of optics, acoustics, solid state devices and low temperature physics. Detailed laboratory reports on the experiments are required and students are expected to demonstrate a good grasp of underlying physical principles.

4020B* Special Topics in the History and Philosophy of Science, seminar: 3 hrs.; R. Ravindra.

4090A Advanced Classical Mechanics, lect.: 3 hrs.; A.M. Simpson.

Topics include the principle of least action, Lagrange's equation, Hamilton's equation, Caronical transformations, Hamilton-Jacobi equation.

Text: Goldstein, Classical Mechanics, 2nd ed.

4100B Electrodynamics, lect.: 3 hrs.; J.G. Cordes.

Topics include: electromagnetic waves, radiation from moving charges, energy loss of charged particles passing through matter, plasma physics.

Text: T.B.A.

4150A Quantum Mechanics, lect.: 3 hrs.; D.A. Tindall. *Prerequisite*: Physics 3140A.

Topics discussed include: concepts and formulation of quantum mechanics, harmonic oscillator, angular momentum, the central force problem and approximation methods.

Text: R.H. Dicke and J.P. Wittke, Introduction to Quantum Mechanics, Addison-Wesley.

4160A Mathematical Methods of Physics, lect.: 3 hrs., D.J.W. Geldart. *Prerequisite*: Mathematics 311A/312B or permission of the instructor.

Topics discussed include: complex variable theory, Fourier and Laplace transform techniques, special functions, partial differential equations.

Text: Arfken, Mathematical Methods for Physicists (2nd ed.), Academic.

4170B Topics in Mathematical Physics, lect.: 3 hrs., D.-J.W. Geldart. *Prerequisite*: Physics 4160A.

This class is a continuation of Physics 4160A and deals with special topics in mathematical physics, such as the Green's function technique for solving ordinary and partial differential equations, scattering theory and phase shift analysis, diffraction theory, tensor analysis.

Text: Arfken, Mathematical Methods for Physicists (2nd ed.), Academic.

4180A/B* Nuclear Physics, lect.: 3 hrs.; D. Kiang. *Prerequisite*: Physics 3140A.

This is an introductory class. Topics discussed include: nucleon-nucleon interactions, nuclear structure, gamma transitions, alpha decay, beta decay and nuclear reactions. In any one year, only one of 4180A and 4180B will be given.

Text: Segre: Nuclei and Particles; 2nd ed.

4200A Signals, Spectra and Information Theory, lect.: 3 hrs.; S.T. Nugent. *Prerequisites:* Mathematics 311A, 312B.

Topics discussed include: discrete and continuous spectra, energy density spectra, sampling theory and approximations, discrete probability theory, continuous random variables, statistically independent random variables, probability density functions, density functions of sums, density functions with discrete components, ergodic processes, autocorrelation functions, networks and random inputs, autocorrelation input-output relationships, optimum systems, and basic information theory.

4220A Microcomputer Based Instrumentation, lect.: 2 hrs.; lab.: 3 hrs.; B.E. Paton. *Prerequisite*: Physics 3810B.

Subject material: instrument design; analog to digital and digital to analog techniques; custom interfacing to sensors; algorithms; parallel and serial output data links; software testing and debugging; hardware testing and debugging; research project.

Text: Zaks: Microcomputer Interfacing.

4230B Introduction to Solid State Physics, lect.: 3 hrs.; A.M. Simpson. *Prerequisite*: Physics 4150A, or permission of the instructor.

An introduction to the basic concepts of solid state physics which are related to the periodic nature of the crystalline lattice. Topics include crystal structure, X-ray diffraction, phonons and lattice vibrations, the free electron theory of metals, and energy bands.

Text: Ashcroft and Mormin, Solid State Physics.

4300A Applied Acoustics, lect.: 3 hrs., H.W. Jones. Prerequisite: At least one class in Physics, beyond first-year level.

Three areas of acoustics are discussed as separate topics so that the needs of students from different disciplines can be catered for. The instruction is by guided reading, supplemented with a small number of general and introductory lectures, together with a limited series of specialised lectures related to each of the particular topics.

The three topics are (i) physical acoustics for psychologists, (ii) ultrasonics and underwater acoustics, and (iii) physical acoustics allied to noise control, architectural and building acoustics and sound recording and reproduction.

Text: Kinsler and Frey, Fundamentals of Acoustics.

4310 Fluid Mechanics

physics

This class is a cross-listing for Oceanography 5310 and is accepted as a physics class.

4330A Physical Properties of Materials, lect.: 3 hrs.; H.W. King. *Prerequisite*: Physics 3150B.

The principles of solid state physics are applied to the study of materials. Physical properties are shown to have intrinsic symmetry which interacts with the symmetry of the crystal structure of the material, thereby defining the number of coefficients necessary to describe the property. Although solid state properties such as electron transport, magnetism, semiconductivity, superconductivity and the optical properties of dielectrics and semiconductors owe their existence to the quantum properties of electrons, it is shown that the magnitude of these properties is strongly influenced by microstructural effects such as solid solution alloying, crystal defects, grain boundaries, textures and plastic deformation.

Text: Nye, Physical Properties of Crystals, Oxford Univ. Press, 1969

4350B Energy, Sources and Conversion, lect.: 3 hrs.; H.W. King. *Prerequisites:* Physics 3140A, 3150B, Engineering 340A.

Topics discussed include: extent and use of world energy supplies, thermodynamics of heat engines, thermojunction generators and refrigerators, solar generators, thermionic generators, fuel cells and related devices, chemical primary and secondary cells, magnetohydrodynamics, nuclear fission processes, and breeder reactors.

Text: Angrist, Direct Energy Conversion, or Ketani, Direct Energy Conversion.

4400B* Laser Optics, lect.: 3 hrs.; S.T. Nugent.

Topics discussed include: electromagnetic theory, the propagation of rays and optical beams, optical resonators, interaction of radiation and atomic systems, theory of laser oscillations, some specific laser systems, second-harmonic generation, parametric oscillation, electro-optic modulation and optical detectors.

Text: Yariv, Introduction to Optical Electronics, Holt, Rinehart Winston.

4460A/B* Optics, lect.: 3 hrs.; C.K. Hoyt. *Prerequisite*: Physics 3440B. Registration requires prior Departmental consent

A continuation of Physics 3440B dealing with coherence, polarization, scattering by matter, the electromagnetic properties of matter, including crystals, reflection, refraction and double refraction. In any given year, only one of 4460A and 4460B will be offered.

4480A Applied Group Theory, lect.: 3hrs.

This is cross-listed with Mathematics 332A, but for students in Physics 4480A, additional reading will be required.

Offered in alternate years beginning in 1979-80.

4500A Atmospheric Physics I, lect.: 3 hrs.; Staff. Prerequisite: at least one third-year level physics class.

Main topics covered in this class are atmospheric thermodynamics and atmospheric radiation.

Reference: J.V. Iribarne and W.L. Gosdon, Atmospheric Thermodynamics, Reidel; G.J. Haltinev and F.L. Martin, Dynamic and Physical Meteorology, McGraw-Hill.

4510B Atmospheric Physics II, lect.: 3 hrs.; Staff. Prerequisite: Physics 4500A.

The major topic covered in this class is cloud physics. Other topics include atmospheric optics, atmospheric acoustics, lightning, and radar techniques.

Reference: R.R. Rogers, A Short Course in Cloud Physics, Pergamon; J. Battan, Radar Observation of the Atmosphere, U. of Chicago Press; Atmospheric Physics, Readings from Scientific American, Freeman.

4520A General Meteorology I, lect.: 3 hrs.; A.D.J. O'Neill. *Prerequisite:* at least one third-year level physics class.

This class provides students with an understanding of the origin and composition of the atmosphere, its thermal structure, the general circulation, airmass and frontal theory, weather-generating physical processes and their consequences

Texts: S. Petterssen, Introduction to Meteorology, McGraw-Hill. S. Petterssen, Weather Analysis and Forecasting, Vol. 1, McGraw-Hill.

4530B General Meteorology II, lect.: 3 hrs.; A.D.J. O'Neill. *Prerequisite*: Physics 4520A.

This class expands on knowledge acquired in 4520A. Topics studied include hydrostatic stability and instability, heat, moisture and momentum transfer, clouds, fog and precipitation, meso and micro-scale phenomena, local wind systems, controls on weather and climate.

Students are exposed to applications of metorological knowledge and theory to problems in air pollution control, hydrology, agriculture and other fields.

Text: S. Petterssen, Weather Analysis and Forecasting, Vol. II, McGraw-Hill. Other selective reading will be assigned.

4540A Synoptic Meteorology I, lect.: 2 hrs.; tutorial and laboratory: 3 hrs., A.D.J. O'Neill. *Prerequisite*: at least one third-year level physics class.

This class introduces principles and techniques of meteorological analysis, diagnosis of weather systems and prognosis of system motion and development. A brief review is presented of meteorological instrumentation, observational procedures, codes and analysis techniques, essential to the study of the main subject matter. The class includes a weekly three-hour tutorial-laboratory period during which graphical and computer methods are applied to the examination of real atmospheric systems.

This class extends the analysis and diagnosis of atmospheric dynamics and weather processes introduced in Physics 4540A. Modern statistical and computer methods and satellite techniques are discussed. The class includes a weekly three-hour tutorial-laboratory period during which case studies of atmospheric systems and processes are carried out.

4650A/4660B Relativity and Cosmology, lect. and tutorials: 3 hrs.; Staff. Offered in alternate years, beginning in 1980-81. *Prerequisites:* Physics 2110 and 2120, Mathematics 311A and 312B, or the consent of the instructor.

An introduction to both the theoretical and observational basis of modern physical cosmology. The first half is devoted to the development of the 4-vector formalism for the Special and the General theories of Relativity. Einstein's field equations are developed and some realistic cosmological models, based on these equations, are discussed. The emphasis is on intuitive and physical insight rather than mathematical rigour. The second half is devoted to understanding available observational data in cosmology in the light of previously developed theory. In addition to solving regularly assigned problems, each student makes a departmental presentation towards the end of the year concerning the latest developments in a topic of his/her choice, such as 'black holes', 'age of the universe', or 'primordial radiation'.

4800B Modern Control Theory, lect.: 3 hrs.; S.T. Nugent. *Prerequisite:* Mathematics 311A, 312B.

Topics discussed include: transfer functions, the signal flow diagram, state space concepts, the transition matrix, characteristic control system responses, sensitivity, accuracy, transient response, performance indices, Routh-Hurwitz stability method, Nyquist stability criterion, Bode diagram method, Root locus method, compensation, introduction to optimal control, controllability and observability, calculus of variations, dynamic programming, Pontryagin's maximum principle

Text: Shinners, Modern Control System Theory and Application, 2nd Ed., Addison Wesley.

8700 Co-op 2nd year Seminar (non-credit)

8701 Co-op Work Term I 8702 Co-op Work Term II 8703 Co-op Work Term III 8704 Co-op Work Term IV

Graduate Studies

The Department of Physics provides courses of study leading to the advanced degrees of M.Sc. and Ph.D. Areas of research undertaken at Dalhousie include: solid state, geophysics, low energy nuclear physics, low temperature, theoretical physics, and oceanography. Further details are given in the Calendar of the Faculty of Graduate Studies.

Political Science

Chairman of Department D.W. Stairs

Professor Emeritus

J.M. Beck, M.A. (Acadia), M.A., Ph.D. (Tor.), F.R.S.C.

Professors

J.H. Aitchison, B.A., B.Ed. (Sask.), B.Sc. (Lond.), Ph.D. (Tor.)
P.C. Aucoin, B.A. (S.M.U.), M.A. (Dal.), Ph.D. (Queen's)
E.M. Borgese (Professor of International Ocean Affairs)
D. Braybrooke, B.A. (Harv.), M.A., Ph.D. (Corn.), F.R.S.C.
D.M. Cameron, B.A. (Queen's), M.A., Phil.M., Ph.D. (Tor.)
J.G. Eayrs, B.A. (Tor.), A.M., Ph.D. (Col.), F.R.S.C.
(Eric Dennis Memorial Professor of Government and Political Science)
G. Grant, B.A. (Queen's), D.Phil. (Oxon.), LL.D. (Trent), D. Lit.
(Mt.A.), LL.D. (Dal.), LL.D. (Tor.), F.R.S.C.

K.A. Heard, B.A., M.A., Ph.D. (Natal)
P. Pross, B.A., M.A. (Queen's), Ph.D. (Tor.)
D.W. Stairs, B.A. (Dal.), M.A. (Oxon.), Ph.D. (Tor.), F.R.S.C.

G.R. Winham, B.A. (Bowdoin), Dip. in Int. Law (Manc.), Ph.D. (N.Car.)-(Director, Centre for Foreign Policy Studies)

Associate Professors

R. Boardman, B.Sc., Ph.D. (London)

R.L. Dial, B.A. (U. of Calif., Santa Barbara), M.A., Ph.D. (U. Calif.-Berkeley)

D.W. Middlemiss, B.A., M.A., Ph.D. (Tor.)

D.J. Munton, B.A., M.A. (U.B.C.), Ph.D. (Ohio State)
D.H. Poel, B.A. (Calvin), M.A. (West Michigan), Ph.D. (Iowa)

T.M. Shaw, B.A. (Sussex), M.A. (Prin., East Africa), Ph.D. (Prin.)

Assistant Professors

H. Bakvis, B.A. (Hons.) (Queen's), M.A., Ph.D. (U.B.C.) P. Brown, B.A. (Mt.A.), M.A. (Dal.)

R. Eden, B.A. (U. Calif.-Berkeley), Ph.D. (Harv.)

S.K. Holloway, B.A., M.A., Ph.D. (Ohio State)
J. Smith, B.A. (McMaster), M.A., Ph.D. (Dal.)

Adjunct Professor

M.K. MccGwire, B.Sc. (Wales)

H. Silverstein, B.A. (Wisc.), M.A., Ph.D. (Graduate School of International Studies, Denver)

Research Associate

W.L. Dowdy III, B.A. (Duke), M.A.,

Research Assistant

R.G. Purver, B.A., M.A. (U.B.C.), A.M. (Stanford)

"Politics: Who Gets What, When, How!" is a definiton which captures what is commonly regarded as the essence of politics, and suggests a large part of what political scientists are trying to find out, with varying interests and methods. In pursuit of answers to fundamental questions, political scientists investigate a variety of political problems, whether in one country or compared amongst several. The variety of political science questions is endless.

Attention can be focussed more narrowly on the "policy machine", on international politics where the origins and conduct of the foreign policies of particular states is examined, or on the exercise of power within the nation state.

The emphasis in these various political science pursuits is on the study of politics as actually practised in the world around us. But many political scientists would agree that this is only a first step, and that we should also address ourselves to questions having to do with how politics ought to be. Issues of this sort have been debated by reflective men for thousands of years without easy answers. To consider these sorts of questions is the principal task of political philosophy, which lies at the core of political studies, and of political life.

Students interested in these various fields of inquiry within the discipline of Political Science will find all of them represented in the class offerings and programmes outlined below. Some will wish to specialize, while others may want to pursue interests in a number of different areas. In either case, the members of the Department will be happy to offer whatever advice and assistance they can in the development of any student's personal programme of studies.

Degree Programmes

political science

Students concentrating in Political Science may take a major programme or honours programme. The specific classes to be taken in each individual programme are chosen in consultation with a faculty adviser from the Department in accordance with the general requirements listed below. Undergraduate programmes may emphasize one of the subfields of Political Science or may consist of a general selection of classes from the Department's offerings.

Requirements - Major Programme

In order to meet the requirements of a major programme, a student must take at least four, but no more than eight, classes in political science in addition to an introductory class. All major students should take at least two full classes from among the second-year level offerings and these classes should be selected from at least two sub-fields. A minimum of two additional classes should be taken from third-year level offerings, and will be chosen in consultation with the faculty. Professor K.A. Heard is the Departmental Coordinator for Major Programmes and will happily assist students in the planning of their programmes in Political Science.

Honours Programme

An honours programme will normally consist of a first year level class and not less than nine nor more than eleven additional classes in Political Science. Although nine to eleven classes represents the range allowed under the general university regulations, the Department recommends quite strongly that the normal honours programme consist of nine classes past the first-year class, including the honours essay. The intent of this recommendation is to encourage our honours students to take supporting class work in related disciplines.

For the purposes of the honours programme the Department has designated five second-year classes as honours core classes. Four of these core classes represent the political science sub-fields of Canadian politics, comparative politics, political philosophy and international politics and the fifth represents the methodological basis for each of the subfields. The five core classes by area are as follows:

Canadian politics: P.S. 2200R Canadian Government and Politics

Comparative politics: P.S. 2300R Comparative Politics Political philosophy: P.S. 2400 Justice, Law and Morality International politics: P.S. 2500 World Politics Methodology: P.S. 2494 Introduction to Political Inquiry

An honours programme in political science will include: (i) at least three core classes, two of which must be P.S. 2400 Justice, Law and Morality and P.S. 2494 Introduction to Political Inquiry; (ii) at least four advanced classes at the third and/or fourth year level, including the honours essay.

The core class requirements are designed (1) to give breadth to the honours programme, (2) to provide all honours students with a grounding in the normative questions of the discipline as well as the foundations of empirical inquiry, and (3) to expose prospective honours students to the various sub-fields that may be chosen for emphasis in individual programmes. Overall, these requirements leave a minimum of two optional credits, which may be taken at the second, third or fourth-year levels.

In the exceptional case of students who have delayed their decision to enrol in an honours programme until late in their third year, or who have decided at the end of their general programme to pursue an Honours Certificate, third-year or higher level classes may be substituted on occasion for one or more of the core classes. Such substitutions, however, must reflect the same distribution of sub-fields within the discipline as is specified by the core-class requirement, and they must have the approval of the Honours Supervisor. Students who think they may eventually pursue an honours degree or certificate are strongly advised to complete their core-class requirements as early in their undergraduate careers as possible.

The honours essay is counted as one credit. It is prepared during the fourth year under the supervision of a faculty member. The essay will show the student's ability to develop a systematic argument with reference to pertinent literature and other such data or analytical materials as may be appropriate. The credit number for the honours essay is P.S. 4600. Informal arrangements are usually made for honours students in the last year to meet with some regularity to discuss and ultimately present the work represented in their essay. A guide for preparing the honours essay is available from the Department office.

Combined Honours

Several of the more common honours programmes are: Political Science and Philosophy; Political Science and History; Political Science and Economics; Political Science and Sociology. Students interested in taking any of these combined honours programmes or in discussing other possible programmes should consult with the Chairman of the Department or his deputy.

Graduate Studies

The Department offers M.A. and Ph.D. programmes in Political Science, details of which are given in the Calendar of the Faculty of Graduate Studies.

Undergraduate Advisory System

The advisory system in the Department of Political Science is intended to assist students in designing a specific programme in accordance with their interests and the requirements of the Department. Professor J. Smith is the over-all Coordinator of Major Programmes and is assisted by other Departmental members acting as general advisers.

Selection: A student wishing to have a member of the Political Science Department as undergraduate adviser must be either: (a) enrolled in a first-year level class and contemplating a Programme in Political Science (in which case the adviser will normally be the instructor of that class) or (b) registered for a programme in Political Science. Upon entering the programme a student may indicate a choice of adviser. Normally the adviser will be a faculty member teaching in the student's sub-fields of concentration (if any). The student's choice will be respected unless the member chosen is unable to serve in this capacity. For the student who has no preference, or whose choice cannot be honoured, the Department's Undergraduate Studies Committee will assign an adviser.

The advisory relationship may be ended by the student at any time and for any reason. One faculty member may continue to advise the same student throughout his programme.

Role of the Adviser: To be available to the student throughout the year as a consultant on broad academic matters. The adviser is not a tutor with regard to specific classes. Students should consult their advisers with regard to the general structure of their programmes and any proposed course changes.

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Classes Offered

Numbering System for Classes

Class descriptions are listed by four-digit numbers under headings

- 1 Introductory
- 2 Canadian Government and Politics
- 3 Comparative Government and Politics
- 4 Political Theory and Methodology
- 5 International Politics and Foreign Policy

The first digit of each class number thus indicates year, or level, of class. Except for 1000-level classes, the second digit denotes the sub-field within which the class is listed. Thus P.S. 3540B/5540B is a class open to third-year level and graduate students, in the sub-field International Politics and Foreign Policy, offered during the second term of the academic year.

No student may take more than one first-year level class but some second-year level classes require no prerequisite. The prerequisites listed with each class are intended to show the sort of preparation the instructor anticipates. If no prerequisite is stated for a class, none is required. Admission to classes at and above the third-year level is at the discretion of the instructor who retains the right to judge the suitability of each prospective student's qualifications for the successful completion of the class and his contribution to it.

Classes marked * are not offered every year. Please consult the timetable on registration to determine if these classes are offered.

1. Introductory

1101

Section 1, Introduction to International Politics and Foreign Policy, lect. and discussion: 3 hrs.; J. Eayrs.

Intended to provide a framework for analysis and understanding of contemporary international events, this class deals with the variety of "actors" in world politics, examines the significance of basic concepts used in analytical discussion of international affairs, and explores techniques of statecraft. 1101 is recommended for students planning to take 2500, Section 2, in their second year.

1103

Section 1, Introduction to Political Science, lect.: 3 hrs.; R. Boardman.

Various aspects of politics in Canada, the United States, and the Soviet Union are introduced, and three major fields of political science are explored: comparative politics, political philosophy, and international relations. These fields are introduced through a series of topics approached with a mixture of lectures, discussions, talks by guest speakers, simulation exercises, and other methods.

1103

Section 2, Introduction to Political Science, lect. and discussion: 3 hrs.; J.H. Aitchison.

A comparative study of the institutions, processes, and problems of government in western democracies. Attention is paid mainly, but not exclusively, to the political systems of Great Britain, Canada, and the United States, with emphasis on Canada. This is a writing class.

Section 3, Introduction to Political Observation, lect.: 3 hrs.; R.L. Dial.

Politics learned through direct observation of the immediate political environment (as distinct from a distant perspective from textbooks). The observation process is guided by political science concepts and propositions developed in the weekly lectures.

Section 4, **Democratic Government and Politics**, lect.: 3 hrs.; K.A. Heard.

Some insight into topics covered in the three main areas of political science, viz. political philosophy, political institutions and international relations is provided. The method chosen is more akin to smapling than to comprehensive coverage.

2. Canadian Government and Politics

2200 Canadian Government and Politics, lect.: 3 hrs.; multiple sections, one in the evening; P. Brown, J. Smith. *Prerequisite:* An introductory political science class or instructor's permission.

The sections have the same central focus with only minor differences in content. Major topics relating to national politics, the provincial, and municipal political arenas are examined and discussed. The class is not concerned exclusively with "government" but encompasses all aspects of politics including "non-governmental" groups and processes.

2228B The State and the Economy in Canada, lect. and discussion: 2 hrs.; H. Bakvis. *Prerequisite*: P.S. 1101 or 1103, or instructor's permission.

The aim of this class is to explore the interaction between business and government in Canada and, more generally, the role of government in economic life. The objectives are to introduce students to the policy instruments deployed by governments to promote and regulate business activities in a market economy; the political values and interests which pertain to such promotion and regulation; and the manner in which the private sector seeks to affect the formulation and implementation of government policy. The class is of interest to Commerce and other students not majoring in political science since many of the topics will be approached with a view to their practical importance.

2250 Introduction to Public Administration: Managing the Public Sector, lect. and discussion: 3 hrs.; A.P. Pross.

Today's governments depend on complex organizational machinery to develop policy and to deliver the many services the public requires. This class studies that machinery: how it is built; how it works; how it relates to people, both employees and clients; how it uses different kinds of resources and, above all, how it influences the making of government policy. The principal focus of the class is on the management of Canadian government but comparative material from other Western countries is used frequently.

3204/5204 The Politics, Government and Constitution of Canada, seminar: 2 hrs.; J. Smith. *Prerequisite:* P.S. 2200 or its equivalent with second class standing, or in exceptional circumstances, those with high standing in P.S. 1100, and instructor's permission.

A seminar class in which the students' papers explore the background, nature, and significance of current problems in the politics, government and constitution of Canada. The relation of the political culture, and especially environmental, institutional and personal factors to these problems, are examined in detail.

3208/5208 Canadian Provincial Politics, lect. and seminar: 2 hrs.; D.H. Poel.* *Prerequisite*: P.S. 2200.

An emphasis on cross provincial, empirical research is combined with an interest in the value context of provincial policy. Primary class goals are (1) to stimulate enough interest in provincial politics to develop evaluation research questions and (2) to provide sufficient research skills to permit successful participation in the annual programme evaluation project which is undertaken by the class as a whole.

3212B/5212B The Politics and Government of Nova Scotia, seminar: 2 hrs.; P.C. Aucoin.* Prerequisite: Political Science 1100 or its equivalent.

political science

The work of the first term consists of a detailed examination of the Nova Scotian political process since Confederation. In the second term research papers prepared by the class form the basis for analyzing and appraising the functioning of Nova Scotian political institutions. Some time is devoted to federal-Nova Scotia relations. Special attention is paid to the political culture of the province and its effect on the general character of Nova Scotian politics.

3216A/5216A Local and Regional Government, seminar: 2 hrs.; D.M. Cameron. (Open to graduate and senior undergraduate students.)

The development, organization and operation, and the present legal and fiscal positions of various forms of local and regional government in Canada. Special attention will be paid to the city manager system, to the reform of local government, to the special problems of metropolitan government, and to the reliance on special purpose boards and commissions.

3220A/5220A Intergovernmental Relations in Canada, seminar: 2 hrs.; H. Bakvis. *Prerequisite*: permission of the instructor.

A number of topics concerning the territorial division of political power and the relations that have developed between governments are considered.

3221B/5221B Case Studies in Intergovernmental Relations, seminar: 2 hrs.; D.M. Cameron.* *Prerequisite:* P.S. 3220A/5220A or P.S. 3204.

Building on the foundations established in 3220A/5220A, we explore in depth one or several case studies involving relations between governments in Canada. The selection of cases is made at the conclusion of the first term, attempting to accommodate the interests of students as well as taking account of the availability of literature. Students present and defend one or more seminar papers.

3224B/5224B Canadian Political Parties, lect. and discussion: 3 hrs.; H. Bakvis.*

The Canadian party system, viewed as an integral part of the entire political system, presents a number of interesting questions for exploration.

3226A/5226A Pressure Group Politics, seminar: 2 hrs.; A.P. Pross. *Prerequisite*: An introductory class in political science and a class in Canadian government. Otherwise with the special permission of the instructor.

This class attempts a systematic examination of pressure group politics in Canada and other western countries. It begins by considering the functions pressure groups perform in political systems and then explores the ways in which their structures and behaviour patterns vary across those systems. That discussion leads into an examination of the role of pressure groups in policy processes and, finally, of the relationship between that role and the prospects for democracy in western politics.

4240/5240 Policy Formulation in Canada, seminar: 2 hrs.; P. Brown.

A comprehensive examination of the three critical questions in the study of policy formulation in Canada: 1. The function of the state; 2. The question of why governments develop policies in these areas; and 3. The means by which governments authoritatively develop policies. The discussion links these variables with a macro level analysis of the scholarly

approach to decision-making. The emergence of tension resulting from the development of superindustrial society and from regionalism in the Canadian community provides policy problems on which the general theoretical analysis is hinged.

4242B/5242B Science Policy in Canada, seminar: 2 hrs.; P.C. Aucoin. *

4243B/5243B Health Care Policy in Canada, seminar: 2 hrs.; P.C. Aucoin.* *Prerequisite*: P.S. 2200 or 3250 or equivalent classes in Canadian government and public policy.

The policies of Canadian governments for the delivery of health care are studied in terms of the roles of the health professions and governmental structures in their formulation and administration. Special attention is given to the process of intergovernmental relations in this policy field and the increasing politicization of health care delivery.

4245B/5245B Urban Policy in Canada, seminar: 2 hrs.; D.M. Cameron. *

4254B/5254B Canadian Public Administration, seminar: 2 hrs.; A.P. Pross.* *Prerequisite*: P.S. 2200 or 3250 or another class in Canadian Government.

The organization of the Government of Canada with particular reference to the administrative process, the structure of the bureaucracy, and its relationship to the political executive are studied in detail.

4258A/5258A Problems in Provincial Public Administration, Seminar: 2 hrs.; R. Johnson.* *Prerequisites*: P.S. 2200, 3250 or another class in Canadian Government.

An appreciation of the questions of structure, organization and public policy at the provincial level is developed, using both established literature in the areas and theoretical notions derived elsewhere. An analysis, on a case study basis, of the organization and public policies of provincial governments provides the important appreciation of both the substance and theoretical underpinnings of provincial government activities and organization.

4266A/5266A Natural Resource Administration in Canada, seminar: 2 hrs.; A.P. Pross.* *Prerequisite*: P.S. 2200 or 4240 or permission of the instructor.

The formulation and administration of natural resource policies in Canada are examined with attention to renewable natural resources and a focus on Eastern Canada.

3. Comparative Government and Politics

2300 Comparative Politics, lect.: 2 hrs.; K.A. Heard.* Prerequisite: P.S. 1100.

The methodology and scope of comparative politics, including a comparative analysis of culture, behavior, and institutions.

2305 European Comparative Politics, lect. and discussion: 2 hrs.; R. Boardman.

Emphasis is on the three major western countries - France, West Germany and Britain. The political life of other countries is also investigated; the choice from among these depending on available time and the student interest. Students specializing in comparative politics and students of one or more European languages who are attracted to the study of Europe for other reasons form the intended audience.

2320 Political Behaviour, lect. and discussion: 2 hrs.; D.H. Poel *

How individuals gather information about, form general orientations toward, and learn to participate (or not to par-

political science

preferences and points on which the preferences of different persons agree

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ticipate) in the polity. Research methods used in analyzing political behavior form an important secondary considera-

2330 Politics Through Literature, lect. and discussion: 2 hrs.; R. Dial. (not restricted to Political Science majors)

What is suggested by THROUGH is a notion that literature is a 'medium' for political understanding or explanation and political learning. During the first term we use a variety of fictional works to dissect key political concepts. In the second term we isolate within literature explanatory theories of complex political situations.

3301B/5301B Comparative Analysis, seminar: 2 hrs.; R. Boardman and D. Poel. Prerequisite: Open to senior undergraduates with instructor's permission.

The epistemological and methodological questions in the field of comparative politics are examined using several classification schemes for political institutions and behaviour, to ascertain whether comparative analysis can make good a claim to be "scientific". The class is recommended for graduate and honours students.

3303B/5303B Human Rights and Politics, lect. and discussion: 2 hrs.; K.A. Heard. Prerequisites: P.S. 1100 or 1103 and, preferably, P.S. 2300, P.S. 2305 or P.S. 2400; or with the permission of the instructor.

Issues arising from the claim to rights and from alleged infractions of rights which continue to arouse a great deal of public controversy within individual states and also within the international community are examined by type and by the bases of the claims to such rights. The approach is comparative, and students undertake case studies relating to the general topics.

3304A/5304A Comparative Federalism, seminar: 2 hrs.; H. Bakvis.*

3315A/5315A African Politics, seminar: 2 hrs.; T.M. Shaw. (Intended for students in African Studies and Political Science and can be matched with Political Science 3540B on the Foreign Policies of African States.)

The political economies of several black African states are analysed focussing on the elusiveness of independence and development, examining the variety of responses to the problems of dependence and underdevelopment. Although the concentration is on the countries of eastern Africa, its investigation of several characteristic African phenomena constitutes a general introduction to African government.

3340A/5340A Problems of Development: The Politics of New States, discussion and seminar: 2 hrs.; K.A. Heard.*

Concepts of development and underdevelopment; cultural cleavages in developing nations; the impact of colonial regimes on political and economic development; industrialization; urbanization, class formation and socialization; communication, ideology and nation-building; economic problems and planning policies; the role of the military; stability and instability of political systems are

3345A/5345A South Africa: The Dynamics of Political Groups and Group Domination, seminar: 2 hrs.; K.A. Heard.* (Intended for students in comparative politics, in African Studies, or in political behaviour, and matches P.S. 3315A.)

An understanding of South African politics is sought together with hypotheses formulation concerning the formation, persistence and behaviour of political groups.

3357A/5357A Chinese Politics: Domestic, seminar: 2 hrs.; R.L. Dial.

The various dimensions of the Chinese political process since 1949 are dealt with.

3370/5370 The Theory and Practice of Government in the United States, lect. and discussion: 3 hrs.; J. Aitchison.

Among the themes given special attention are the role of the judiciary and the centralization of authority in the United

4. Political Theory and Methodology

2400 Justice, Law and Morality, seminar: 2 hrs.; D. Braybrooke. (Same as Phil. 107/207.)

An introduction to the history of political philosophy; and also to philosophical ethics. In the first term, the classical view of justice confronts the savage realism of Hobbes' Leviathan. The concept of justice has had a mixed career since Hobbes' time, having often only a limited and subordinate role. Sometimes it has appeared redundant, even when firm foundations for choosing social institutions have been claimed. In our own time, a major effort has been made by John Rawls to restore justice to a central place in ethics. His theory is considered, after examining a general view of the current state of ethics, and a contemporary account of the extent to which law must be moral to be genuine.

2402 Representative Government in Theory and Practice, lec. and discussion: 3 hrs.; R. Eden.

Hamilton pointed out that the science of representative government is a modern discovery from which many of our institutions, and indeed our modern forms of government in general, are derived. In this class we try to recover this science, reconsidering achievements in practice.

2440 The Question of Good in the Technological Age, lect. and discussion: 3 hrs., G. Grant. (Same as Religion 240.)

The interlocking theoretical and practical issues arising from complex public and private moral decisions in modern technological society are discussed. The conception of "good" expressed in leading political ideologies of the twentieth century is compared with older western conceptions of good prior to the age of progress, and this study is related to specific issues of moral concern.

2455A Marxist Theory and Its Upshot in the Modern World, seminar: 2 hrs.: S.A.M. Burns, Prerequisite: A class in Philosophy or a class in Political Science.

After identifying the chief ingredients of Marx's teaching, the class considers various attempts to accommodate Marxist theory to economic and political developments that Marx himself did not anticipate. Finally, the official creed of the Soviet Union and a representative expression of contemporary Western Marxism outside the Communist Party are

2494 Introduction to Political Inquiry, lect. and discussion: 3 hrs.; H. Bakvis.

A variety of methods employed in contemporary political analysis to explain political events are analysed critically, including consideration of the general question of the requirements of explanation in political science. Causal explanation and problems in the development and verification of social scientific theory are emphasized. A particular substantive issue unifies discussion of the various methods of explanation and a research project in that substantive issue permits the use of some of the tools of analysis discussed in connection with social scientific theory.

3410/5410 Man. Society and Politics: the Concept of Community, seminar: 3 hrs.; staff.*

2430C/5430C The Political Philosophy of Plato, seminar: 2 hrs.; R. Eden.*

3435A/5435A Machiavellian Politics, seminar: 2 hrs.; R.

This seminar explores Machiavelli's contribution to modern politics and political science.

3438B/5438B Rousseau and the Founding of Modern Democracy, seminar: 2 hrs.; R. Eden.*

The origins of modern democracy are explored through a study of Rousseau's political philosophy. Attention is given to Rousseau's defense of democracy against earlier critics, and to his understanding of the founding of a democratic society. Seminar participation constitutes part of the grade.

3451A/5451A The Critique of Democracy in Modern Political Philosophy, lect. and seminar: 3 hrs.; R. Eden.*

An introduction for citizens who wish to reflect critically on the character of representative government, on liberal democracy, and on the kind of commercial republic in which we live in North America, using the works of Montesquieu (who defended the commercial republic) and Nietzsche (who attacked it).

3470B/5470B Futurology and Politics, seminar: 2 hrs.; D. Munton.*

3495/5495 Research Methods and Data Analysis, seminar: 2 hrs.; S.K. Holloway.

A broad, non-technical introduction to the assumptions, procedures, and problems of empirical investigation in political science. The five major stages common to all such research are explored using substantive readings from various subfields of the discipline. The major assignment in the class is a research project of the student's own choice and design. A background in statistics or computer programming is un-

3496A/5496A Philosophy of the Social Sciences, seminar: 2 hrs.; R. Eden. Prerequisites: A class in research methods or political behaviour and a class in philosophy; or instructor's permission.

A number of philosophers have challenged the application in the social sciences and history of the methods, quantitative and otherwise, used in the natural sciences. The challengers hold that in the study of man and society, different methods are suitable. The extent to which this view rightly calls attention to an important non-quantitative branch of social inguiry is established. The relationship between this branch and the branch or branches of social inquiry in which the example of the natural sciences can be followed is worked out.

4479B/5479B Classical Liberalism, and Democracy (Seminar in Philosophy, Politics and Economics), 2 hrs.; first term, J. Smith. (Same as Phil. 447A/547A and Econ. 446A/547A.) Prerequisites: Previous classes in all three subjects or an advanced undergraduate level in at least one of them. Students taking the class for a credit in philosophy should have had a class in logic (200 or 201 or 202) and one in ethics (310); students taking the class for a credit in political science should have had at least one 3000-level class in political science; students taking the class for credit in economics should have had at least one 330-level class in that subject.

The impact on political philosophy of two leading beliefs characteristic of classical liberalism is covered: first, the belief that good government is strictly limited government; and second, the belief that there is no standard of personal welfare, or of the common good, beyond personal

4480A/5480A Social Choice Theory (Seminar in Philosophy, Politics and Economics), 2 hrs.; first term, D. Braybrooke.* (Same as Phil. 448A/548A and Econ. 448A/548A.) Prerequisites: The same as for P.S. 4479A/5479A.

Kenneth Arrow's Nobel Prize winning theorem, to the effect that no device of social choice meets an apparently minimal set of weak standards, has seemed to lead two traditions of thought to ruin. One is the theory of voting. The other is welfare economics. After tracing the two traditions that converge in Arrow's theorem, we study the theorem itself and then consider the continuing disarray into which formal social choice theory (and hence the basic theory of democracy) has been thrown by the theorem.

4485B/5485B The Theory of Games as an Approach to the Foundations of Ethics and Politics (Seminar in Philosophy, Politics and Economics), 2 hrs.; spring term, D. Braybrooke.*

The most innovative recent work in ethical theory has applied the theory of games to the perennial problem of the social contract. To what extent can any organized society to which people freely adhere be represented as constituted by rules arrived at by rational agents trying each to arrive at the best bargain about rules with the other agents present? These rules can be regarded simultaneously as the foundation of political organization and as elementary rules of ethics, and a study of this topic forms the basis of the class.

4490B/5490B The Logic of Questions, Policy Analysis and Issue Processing (Seminar in Philosophy, Politics, and Economics), 2 hrs.; spring term, D. Braybrooke.* (Same as Econ. 449B/549B and Phil. 449B/549B.)

4495B/5495B Problems of Quantification, seminar: 2

Attention is given to the theoretical foundations of social enquiry, with concentration where possible upon social indicators, and students engage in computer analysis of a small data set, to gain some facility in interpreting statistics to result in a major paper from student's work in either of the two streams.

5. International Politics and Foreign Policy

2500 World Politics

Section 1: lect.: 2 hrs.; S.K. Holloway.

In analysing the development and future of international politics, theories of international relations and the variety of actors in the international system are considered.

Section 2: lect. and discussion: 2 hrs.; J.G. Eayrs.

A continuation of 1101, this class focuses on the systems of constraints upon individual state action devised to protect members of the international community from harm, and examines the prospects for world order and justice afforded by law, arms control, neutralism and non-alignment, "functionalism", peacekeeping and world public opinion. 2500 (02) is recommended for students who have taken 1101 in their first year.

2505 International Politics in the Post-War World, lect. and discussion: 3 hrs.; D.W. Stairs.*

A survey of international politics since World War II with emphasis on politicosecurity issues. Attention is on identifying alternative explanations for these phenomena, which explain issues, and to showing how they are related to different theoretical premises about the nature of international politics and to the kinds of prescriptive remedies that often result

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B.A. or BSc.

Students enrolled in the bachelor's (i.e., three-year) pro-

gramme must take at least four and no more than eight full

credits beyond the introductory level in their area of concen-

tration. Required classes for students who intend to major in

Psychology are listed below. Although there is considerable

freedom of choice, it is important for the prospective major

to plan ahead carefully. If you need advice planning your

programme, see Dr. J. Clark, Dr. R. Brown, or Dr. R. Rudolph.

4. At least two more credits in Psychology from 300 level

B.A. or B.Sc. with Honours in Psychology (Major Programme).

Students enrolled in the major honours programme must take

at least nine and no more than eleven full credits beyond the

introductory level in their area of concentration. Re-

quirements for the Honours Degree in Psychology are listed

It is recommended that students in this programme take 200A

and 210B and as many classes from the core programme (see

requirement 3 below) as possible in the second year. Honours

students are advised to complete Psychology 357 prior to the

fourth year. 400 level seminars may be taken in the third and

fourth years. 200 or 300 level classes may be taken at any

time provided that the student meets the necessary prereq-

Although there is considerable flexibility for the student, it is

important to plan carefully (this is especially true for those

considering graduate work in Psychology). If you need advice

in planning your programme, see Dr. J.W. Clark, Dr. R.

Requirements for a bachelor's degree:

1. Psychology 100 or Psychology 101.

3. At least three more 200-level classes.

2. Psychology 200A

classes.

2510 Canadian External Relations, lect. and discussion: 2 hrs.: D.W. Stairs.

A general survey of Canadian foreign and defence policies and of the processes by which these policies are made. Some of the persistent pressures and constraints which Canadian policy makers are forced to take into account are examined.

3520/5520 Theories of International Relations, lect. and discussion: 2 hrs.; Staff. (Open to undergraduates wishing to pursue international relations theory more extensively.)

A brief survey of the discipline of international relations is presented. Three problems of international relations: conflict and war; the nature of economic disparities and imperialism; and the organization and interaction of nation-states are focussed upon. The class is a study in politics, but course readings are multidisciplinary. Students read the work of historians, economists, social psychologists and the work of political scientists. Students participate regularly in seminars and write a series of essays during the year.

3531A/5531A The United Nations in World Politics, seminar: 2 hrs.; R. Boardman.

The evolution of the United Nations from its early concentration on problems of collective security, through the period of preventive diplomacy and anti-colonialism, to its present role as a forum for the aspirations and demands of the Less Developed Countries is reviewed. The more distant future, and the continuing relevance of the United Nations in world politics, and how its role and objectives should be determined are considered.

3535A/5535A Towards a New World Order, seminar: 2 hrs.; E. Borgese.*

Progress towards, and the elusiveness of, a new world order is described, analysed, and explained. The demands for, and responses to, change in international politics, economics, society and norms are examined. Normative as well as analytic problems are concentrated upon. An advanced class in international politics which requires a concern with, and awareness of, global issues, which is attractive to students of international economics, society and history or with a familiarity with Third World states and problems.

3540B/5540B Foreign Policies of African States, lect. and seminar: 2 hrs.: T.M. Shaw

The foreign policies of several African states are reviewed. A survey of the issues and case studies of African foreign policies comprise the class coverage. Students concentrating in International Politics or in African Politics find that this class fits into their programmes.

3544B/5544B Conflict and Cooperation in Southern Africa, lect. and seminar: 2 hrs.; staff.*

An introduction to the international relations of Southern Africa, which provides a study of regional political economy with both empirical and theoretical significance. The primary focus is on regional conflict and integration, especially on the liberation movements and regional coalitions

3570/5570 Canadian Foreign Policy, seminar: 2 hrs.; D.W. Middlemiss.

This seminar focuses on the recent history and contemporary problems of Canadian foreign policy in three parts: 1. An analysis of major developments and situations in Canada's post war relations. 2. A more analytical approach to the factors that underlie Canadian policy using the historical cases as illustration, considering the influence of external factors and domestic factors, and. 3. Some policy prescriptive questions will be considered.

3571/5571 Strategy and Canadian Defence Policy, seminar: 2 hrs.; D.W. Middlemiss.

This class examines the broad subject of military strategy from the narrower perspective of Canadian defence policy, The class is organized into five parts and is designed to acquaint students with the determinants, substance, processes. and recurring themes of Canada's post-World War II defence

3572/5572 American Foreign Policy, seminar: 2 hrs.:

Why Americans make the kind of foreign policy they do and the decision process and relevant methodologies for examining decision strategy are examined. Students develop an ability to explain foreign policy decisions of the United States. The class is a seminar with regular readings, discussions, and class reports of ancillary readings. One research paper for the year is presented orally in class, and a short essay near the end of each term.

3574B/5574B Chinese Foreign Relations, seminar: 2 hrs.; R.L. Dial.

China's international behaviour and the policy process shaping that behaviour will be explored through the proposition: "A nation's foreign policy is a device for maximizing external sovereignty and controlling internal interests with external consequences." Prior classes on Chinese politics are not required for this class.

3590/5590 The Politics of the Sea, evening seminar: 3 hrs.; E.M. Borgese.

The major issues involved in the Law of the Sea, the differing interests of different countries, the developing legal framework, and the political process of the on-going negotiations are covered. There is a great deal of ground to be covered so preference is given to graduates although mature students from other relevant disciplines are welcome.

3595/5595 Theories of War and Peace, seminar: 2 hrs.,

3601/5601 Readings in Political Science, Staff.

A full-year reading class, taught only by special arrangement between individual students and individual instructors.

3602A/5602A Readings in Political Science, Staff.

A first-term reading class, taught only by special arrangement between individual students and individual instructors.

3602B/5602B Readings in Political Science, Staff.

A second-term reading class, taught only by special arrangement between individual students and individual instructors.

4600 Honours Essay

Psychology Chairman of Department R.S. Rodger

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Professors

M. Cynader, B.Sc. (McG.), Ph.D. (M.I.T.) P.J. Dunham, M.A., Ph.D. (Missouri) I.C. Fentress, B.A. (Amherst), Ph.D. (Cantab.)

G.V. Goddard, B.A., M.A. (Sask.), Ph.D. (McG.)

D.O. Hebb, B.A. (Dal.), M.A. (McG.), Ph.D. (Harvard), D.Sc., D.H.L.,

L.L.D., Emeritus Professor

W.K. Honig, B.A. (Swarthmore), Ph.D. (Duke) P.H.R. James, B.A. (Cantab.), Ph.D. (Lond.)

V.M. LoLordo, A.B. (Brown), Ph.D. (Penn.) - Graduate Studies

Coordinator J.A. McNulty, M.A., Ph.D. (Tor.)

D.E. Mitchell, B.Sc., M.App.Sc. (Melb.), Ph.D. (Berkeley)

S. Nakajima, B.A. (Chiba), M.A. (Wash.), Ph.D. (McG.)

D.M. Regan, B.Sc., M.Sc., Ph.D., D.I.C., D.Sc. (Lond.) (Honourary Professor and Director of Centre for Research in Sensory Psychology and Medical Physics)

K.E. Renner, B.S. (Penn), M.A. Ph.D. (Northwest.)

R.S. Rodger, M.A. (Edin.), Ph.D. (Belf.)

M.G. Yoon, B.S. (Seoul), Ph.D. (Berkeley)

Associate Professors

J. Barresi, B.Sc. (Brown), M.A. (S. Calif), Ph.D. (Wisconsin)

K. Bloom, B.Sc. (Loyola), M.A., Ph.D. (N.Car.)

J.W. Clark, M.A. (McG.), Ph.D. (Qu.) B. Earhard, B.A., M.A., Ph.D. (Tor.)

P.W. Jusczyk, B.A. (Brown), M.A., Ph.D. (Penn.)

R. Klein, B.A. (S.U.N.Y.), M.A., Ph.D. (Oregon)

I.A. Meinertzhagen, B.Sc. (Aberdeen), Ph.D. (St. Andrews)

B.R. Moore, A.B. (Emory), Ph.D. (Stan.)

M. Ozier, M.A., Ph.D. (Tor.)

R.L. Rudolph, M.A. (DePauw), Ph.D. (N.Car.)

B. Rusak, B.A. (Tor.), Ph.D. (Berkeley) S.R. Shaw, B.Sc. (Lond.), Ph.D. (St. Andrews)

Assistant Professors

R.E. Brown, B.Sc. (Victoria), M.A., Ph.D. (Dal.)

S. Bryson, B.A. (Guelph), Ph.D. (McG.)

D.L. Forrest, B.A. (Wilfred Laurier), M.A. (Guelph), Ph.D. (Waterloo) J. Mates, A.B. (Berkeley), Ph.D. (Oregon)

Postdoctoral Fellows

Research Associates I. Gardner P. Dodd A. Fröhlich

L. Machlis 1. Matsurbara

T. Minor

C. Shaw

others

M. Kave

those who want to be told what to believe.

Psychology is an experimental science; its purpose is to

discover the conditions which control the activities of

animals and people, to measure these conditions and the

responses they produce, and to use this knowledge to invent

ways of predicting behaviour and changing it. It is a subject

for inventive but also scientifically rigorous people; better

suited to those who want to find out for themselves than to

Psychology at Dalhousie treats behaviour as a natural

phenomenon, and in that sense shares much with the other

life sciences. Today, for example, the boundary that histor-

ically has separated psychology from zoology, physiology, or

even cellular biology has begun to blur. On the other hand,

important ties are being made to such disciplines as anthro-

pology and sociology. The student will find that the diverse

subject matter includes three major levels of analysis, the

organism, the organism's biological machinery, and the

broader social-environmental context in which particular

behaviour patterns are expressed. Meaningful integration of

these diverse levels and forms of analysis is an intellectual

challenge of major proportions. Similarly, the time perspec-

tives of immediate causation, development, evolution, and

function all contribute to the modern approach to behavioural science; each must be evaluated in relation to the

Instructor L. White

R. Hoffman

Senior Instructor

5. At least two full credit laboratory classes at the 300 level (Psychology 300 may substitute for one of these classes). 6. Psychology 465 (Honours Thesis).

7. At least one full credit of 400 level seminars.

Brown, Dr. I. Meinertzhagen, or Dr. R. Rudolph

1. Psychology 100 or Psychology 101.

3. At least four more 200-level classes.

2. Psychology 200A and Psychology 210B.

Requirements for an Honours Degree in Psychology:

8. At least one more full credit of Psychology at or beyond the 300 level.

Combined Honours

4. Psychology 357.

It is possible for students to take an honours degree combining psychology with a related arts or science subject. In such a combined honours programme the student must take eleven full credits beyond the 100-level in his two areas of specialization, with not more than seven full credits in either area. The student in the combined honours programme normally writes a thesis (or the equivalent) in the area that he elects as his major and in which he takes the majority of his classes. Any student intending to take a combined honours degree should consult with the two respective departments to arrange the details of his programme.

Other Programmes

A variety of other programmes are available in cooperation with other departments. These programmes are designed to meet the needs of students whose specific interests may lie in areas other than those covered by the major and honours programmes offered by the department. Interested students should contact Dr. R. Rudolph for further information.

Financial Aids

Teaching assistantships and Research Assistantships and

NSERC Summer Student Fellowships are available, during both the academic term and the summer vacation, to students who are taking an honours degree in psychology. Details of these assistantships, and of the stipends may be obtained from Dr. R. Brown or Dr. R. Rudolph

Classes marked * are not offered every year. Please consult the current timetable on registration to determine if this class is offered.

100 Introduction to Psychology, lect.: 3 hrs.; Staff.

Students interested in the biological and social bases of behaviour in both men and animals may expect to complete the class with an understanding of how the senses work and of how, for instance, we learn to see; of the different kinds of memory in man, how they operate, and how they are affected by disorders of the brain; of the way in which hereditary and environmental factors interlock to produce those complex sequences of behaviour which distinguish one species from another; of the way in which children learn their native language; of how the form of an animal society can be predicted from a knowledge of a limited number of ecological facts. Psychology 100 meets three hours a week for lectures. The grade is based on a number of examinations given at intervals throughout the year.

101 Introduction to Psychology, tutorials: 3 hrs.; Staff.

The content of Psychology 101 is similar to that of Psychology 100 but the manner of teaching differs. In Psychology 101 there is neither a fixed pace for covering the content of the class, nor regularly scheduled lectures although lectures, films and demonstrations are offered sporadically. Instead, students work through the readings at their own pace, and, when they think that they have mastered a unit of the readings, attend an individual tutorial. The tutorial consists of a brief test on the readings followed by a review of the test and a discussion with the tutor. If the tutor judges the student's understanding of the unit to be inadequate, the student returns for another tutorial on the unit after additional preparation. Tests on a unit of work may be re-written until understanding is achieved and demonstrated. The grade for the class is based on the number of units passed by the end of the year.

200A Methods in Experimental Psychology, lect.: 2 hrs.; lab.: 2 hrs.; P. Dunham and other members of the department. *Prerequisite:* Psychology 100 or 101.

An introduction to the methodological tools which have been developed by research psychologists to study behaviour. In lectures, we proceed from a discussion of the general problem of applying the scientific method to the study of behaviour to more specific procedures used by psychologists in studying various aspects of animal and human behaviour. The laboratory work consists of a series of projects illustrating some of the more important techniques used by psychologists in the study of humans and various other animals.

201A or B Clinical Psychology, lect.: 3 hrs.; S. Bryson. *Prerequisite*: Psychology 100 or 101. *Restriction*: This class may **not** be taken concurrently with Psychology 312.

Different approaches taken in the field of clinical psychology, both theoretical and applied are introduced. As the primary focus of clinical psychology is abnormal human behaviour, considerable time is devoted to the problem of defining the concepts of "mental illness," "psychopathology," and "abnormal" behaviour. A broad overview of intervention programmes ("therapies") is provided.

202A or B Psychological Aspects of Social Issues, lect.: 3 hrs.; K.E. Renner. *Prerequisite*: Psychology 100 or 101.

Most of the important social issues of our time have implications for human adjustment, for the forms of our social institutions, and for the relationships between people and between people and their institutions. Topics vary according to current issues but may include pornography, drugs, religion, abortion, law and order, and similar topics. Selected topics are examined in greater detail to provide a context for formulating general psychological concepts and theoretical issues. The logical implications of the analysis for prescriptions for the future are pursued.

203 Psychological Measurement, lect.: 3 hrs., R.S. Rodger. *Prerequisite*: Psychology 100 or 101.

After some of the abstract properties of measurement systems are described, aspects of psychophysical measurement are discussed. Further elaboration of measurement procedures in Psychology requires a knowledge of statistical theory. The required amount of this theory is given and used in the context of signal detection theory and the analysis of data from paired comparison experiments. The course ends with consideration of mental test technology. Class notes have been prepared by the instructor. Exercises are scheduled regularly for students to do out of class. A knowledge of higher mathematics is not required: high school arithmetic and algebra is generally sufficient.

207 Introduction to Neurosciences, lect.: 3 fhrs.; I.A. Meinertzhagen. *Prerequisite*: Psychology 100 or 101 or with consent of the instructor. For those not having Psychology 100 or 101, Biology 1000 and 2020 would be advantageous.

In this class the structure and functions of the brain are covered. Neurosciences is a newly evolving interdisciplinary field which aims to integrate new findings in many diverse areas of brain research into a single systematic framework. The class introduces five main aspects in this effort: (1) Structural organization of the nervous system; (2) The basic unit of the nervous system; (3) The principal language of the nervous system; (4) Embryonic development of the nervous system; and (5) Specificity and plasticity of the nervous system.

* 208A or B Social Psychology, lect.: 3 hrs.; Staff. Prerequisite: Psychology 100 or 101.

A general introduction to the field of social psychology, taking interpersonal relationships as the frame of reference. Social context plays an important role in defining a person as well as providing roles and models. The operation of social processes is considered with respect to substantive topics (e.g., prejudice, attitudes, conformity) selected from the current research literature. Various theoretical perspectives proposed for the integration and organization of the subject matter are introduced.

209A or B Developmental Psychology, lect.: 3 hrs.; Staff. *Prerequisite*: Psychology 100 or 101.

The origins and subsequent growth and development of psychological processes are covered. A number of attempts by important theorists to describe and explain the developmental process are reviewed. While emphasis is on human development, examples and parallels are also drawn from research with other organisms.

210B Contemporary Research Problems in Psychology, lab.: 3 hrs.; P. Dunham. *Prerequisite*: Psychology 100 or 101 and 200A.

Primarily for honours students as a continuation of Psychology 200A. It consists of working through a research problem with the instructor on a one to one basis. At the end of the year, the student completes an independent experiment and submits a written report of the data. Students other than honours students may take the class with the permission of the instructor.

213A or B Information Processing, lect.: 3 hrs.; R. Klein. Prerequisite: Psychology 100 or 101.

Many psychologists have adopted the language and concepts of computer science to help them understand human cognitive processes: perception, memory, thinking, action. The view that the mind of man, like the computer, is an information processing device is introduced. Although we begin with an analogy between brains and computers, we quickly move into the area of psychological research, because knowledge about human information processing comes from laboratory studies of humans performing carefully designed tasks.

214A or B Learning, lect.: 3 hrs.; V. LoLordo. Prerequisite: Psychology 100 or 101.

Traces the experimental study of learning from the turn-ofthe-century research of Pavlov and Thorndike to the present. Development of the field of animal learning is described in terms of the ways in which particular conceptions of the learning process have guided experimentation, and have in turn been revised on the basis of the outcomes on that experimentation. Some important concepts discussed are: association, attention, biological constraints on learning, classical conditioning, discrimination, expectancies, law of effect, learning-performance distinction, operant conditioning, S-S and S-R bonds, and stimulus control. The value of various approaches is discussed with respect to several goals: (1) providing general principles of learning; (2) understanding the behaviour of particular species; (3) direct application to human problems. Emphasis is on understanding why researchers in animal learning do what they are currently doing (given the goals and the historical context), rather than on learning a number of facts about animal learning.

215A or B Perceptual Processes, lect.: 3 hrs.; J. McNulty. *Prerequisite:* Psychology 100 or 101.

Perception deals with the way in which our senses provide us with information about our environment. This class focusses on the process by which sensory experiences are coded and interpreted by the nervous system. What properties of the nervous system determine how we interpret information that stimulates our senses? How do we perceive patterns, colours, shapes, and sounds? How does experience influence and modify perception?

216A or B Animal Behaviour, lect.: 3 hrs.; B.R. Moore. *Prerequisite*: Psychology 100 or 101 or Biology 1000.

An examination of the natural and, to a lesser extent, the laboratory behaviour of several intensively-studied groups of animals Foraging and communication, predation and defense, sex and aggression, homing and migration are studied as they occur in such organisms as bees and ants, moths, bats, chimpanzees and various birds.

217A or B Hormones and Behaviour, lect.: 3 hrs.; R.E. Brown. *Prerequisite*: Psychology 100 or 101 or Biology 1000.

Endocrinological basis of mammalian social behaviour. Emphasis is on the mechanisms by which the hormones of the hypothalamus, pituitary gland, gonads and adrenal gland control sexual, aggressive and maternal behaviour. Other topics covered are: hormone receptors in the brain; the menstrual cycle and human reproduction; puberty; sex differences in the brain; the pineal gland; neuro-transmitters; pheromones: crowding and social stress.

227A or B Human Neuropsychology, lect.: 3 hrs., Staff. *Prerequisite*: Psychology 100 or 101.

This class deals with the scientific information resulting from studies of patients with various types of brain damage, including surgical, or other sources of brain abnormality. Concepts to be stressed include aphasia, agnosia, alexia, apraxia, epilepsy and, to some extent, the action of neuroleptic drugs.

300 Independent Research in Modern Psychology, seminar and lab.: 4 hrs.; staff. *Prerequisites:* Previous or concurrent enrollment in two other 300-level classes; and the prior consent of the instructor.

Primarily for students who wish to gain further experience and understanding of psychological research. A student who enrolls in the class chooses a member of staff who serves as his class adviser throughout the academic year under whose supervision independent research is conducted.

301 Advanced General Psychology, 3 hrs. with additional meetings with the instructor; J.W. Clark, R. Rudolph. *Prerequisites*: The consent of the instructor, Psychology 200, and at least concurrent registration in other 300-level psychology classes.

For the advanced student, a review of general psychology with the aim of consolidating the student's knowledge of the foundation. The method is unconventional. With the assistance of the instructors, the student prepares the material assigned to Psychology 101 at a level which enables him to instruct introductory students in individual tutorials. The grade is based on two examinations and an essay. Students are advised to consult with the instructors in the spring in order to begin preparation before classes start in the fall.

.304 Learning and Motivation, lect.: 2 hrs, lab.: 2 hrs.; B.R. Moore. *Prerequisite*: Psychology 200 and 214.

An examination in detail of a few selected topics within the field of learning and conditioning. The emphasis is on identification and clarification of fundamental processes, their boundaries, biological significance and evolutionary history. Conventional wisdom is accepted only as a last resort. We work from original papers and monographs rather than secondary sources. After suitable preparation, students move toward guided original research on questions arising from readings and discussion. The first half of the course, approximately, is treated as a seminar; the remainder is given entirely to research.

305 Perception, lect.: 2 hrs.; lab.: 3 hrs.; D.E. Mitchell. *Prerequisite*: Psychology 200.

Psychology 305 considers the way in which information about the world is provided by the senses and how we use this information in our behaviour. The material falls into four sections. 1. The methodological and theoretical problems peculiar to the study of sensation and perception; 2. The transformation of physical stimulus energy into neural energy; 3. The psychological analysis of sensations and their relation to sensory physiology; 4. The effects of higher processes on the way in which sensations determine how we perceive the world. The experimental work has been selected for its importance in the theoretical understanding of perceptual processes, and the student organizes his work around theoretical rather than factual questions. The lab work consists of a general introduction to the apparatus and methods used in perceptual research, followed by experimental studies designed and carried out by each student individually.

307 Physiological Psychology, lect.: 2 hrs.; lab.: 3 hrs.; S. Nakajima. *Prerequisite*: Psychology 200 and at least one class in Biology or Psychology 207, or the permission of the instructor.

Physiological psychology is concerned with the biological explanation of psychological phenomena such as perception, motivation, learning and memory. Students should have a working knowledge both of the basic biological properties of the central nervous system and of concepts and methods in experimental psychology. Emphasis is on psychological issues with the answers sought in physiological terms. As an alternative to the laboratory section, students may elect to

write an extensive review paper on a topic to be agreed upon by the instructor.

308 Experimental Social Psychology, lect.: 3 hrs.; J. Barresi. *Prerequisite*: Psychology 200.

The study of individual behaviour as a function of social stimuli with emphasis on extensive student research projects and class presentations. The class develops from discussion of research designs and methods to the study of basic processes such as person perception, social comparison, and social influence, including behaviour within groups and the relations between them.

*309 Early Development, lect.: 2 hrs.; "field work" or lab.: 2 hrs.; K. Bloom. *Prerequisites*: Psychology 200.

A study of the biological and behavioural basis for the development of human behaviour. We consider the concepts of development, evolution, and genetics as they apply to the understanding of our species' heritage. We study human gametogenesis, fertilization, embryonic and fetal development while considering prenatal environmental influences which together describe the development of the unborn infant as characteristic of its species and its individuality. For survival, the young human's environment includes a caregiver and is, therefore, a "social" environment. An infant's first social relationship, i.e., mother-infant interaction, may serve as a prototype of later social behavioural "styles." Developmental changes in processes are discussed with reference to the influences of the infant's social environment.

312 Issues in Clinical Psychology, lect.: 2 hrs.; seminars and labs.: 2 hrs.; S. Bryson. *Prerequisite*: Psychology 201, or permission of instructor.

As with most areas of any science sacred cows roam at large in the field of clinical psychology. The purpose of this class is to sit on the horns of the dilemmas and slaughter the beasts. A second goal is to learn how to present, listen, and participate in seminars. The issues include such topics as altered states of consciousness, concepts of intelligence, approaches to psychological testing, theories of schizophrenia, theories of therapies, women and madness, death.

313 Cognitive Processes, lect.: 3 hrs.; B. Earhard. *Prerequisites:* Psychology 200, 213 or consent of instructor.

A child enters this world without a memory, thought or language—with only the requirement that certain basic needs be satisfied. Within two years, a child has a well-developed memory for people, events, and words, as well as the capacity to communicate verbally with others. Cognitive psychology is not concerned with providing a description of the developmental process, but rather with ascertaining the character of mechanisms that must underlie such human abilities. Cognitive psychology is concerned with developing explanations and mechanisms to account for thought and language in the human organism.

319 Psychology of Language, lect.: 3 hrs.; lab.: 1 hr. *Prerequisite*: Psychology 100 or 101, and some background in information processing is suggested. Enrollment is limited to 3rd and 4th year students or by special permission of the instructor.

What is a grammar and why is it important to us? What do words "mean"? Can chimpanzees really learn language? How do we understand sentences? Is language really the royal road to the mind? These questions and many others are considered in the context of this class, which provides a basic introduction to how psychologists study language and provides a foundation for those interested in the study of language, thought and language development.

322 Community Psychology, lect.: 1 hr.; lab.: 2 hrs.; K.E. Renner. *Prerequisites*: Psychology 100 or 101 and 202 or 208 or 308.

A cooperative relationship is established with local community and social action groups in which current issues or problems become the focal point for a field laboratory course. Topics vary from year to year but may include police relations with the public, social re-entry support for female offenders, diversion of youthful offenders from the criminal justice system, problems and issues in reducing rape. Classroom work centres on concepts of community psychology and in teaching field research skills and techniques.

336A or B Human Sociobiology, lect.: 3 hrs.; H.R. James.

Some differences in behaviour may be heritable, just as some physical differences (such as sex, or eye colour) are. Insofar as this is true, these behavioural differences are subject to both natural and sexual selection. Sociobiology aims to understand how the behaviour of animals and men has evolved in response to these selective pressures. An introduction to the central questions of sociobiology: the ways in which sexual reproduction has influenced the evolution of differences in social behaviour; the effects of both natural and sexual selection on competition and courtship; the nature of kin selection and the problems associated with trying to understand altruism; and the relevance of ideas based on neo-Darwinian principles to an understanding of the nature of man.

350A or B Developmental Neuroscience, Lect.: 3 hrs.; M. Yoon. *Prerequisite*: Psychology 207 (Introduction to Neuroscience), or consent of the Instructor.

For those interested in the development of the structures and functions of the nervous systems. The class introduces three main aspects: (1) Embryonic development of the nervous system; primary morphogenetic movements of cells, birth of neurones and neuroglial cells, and migration of neurones to specific places in the nervous systems. (2) Formation of functional interconnections among neural elements; synaptogenesis, topographic patterns of neural connections, synaptic organizations of various parts of the nervous systems. (3) Specificity and plasticity in regeneration or reorganization on the neural connections following various experimental manipulations of the nervous system.

351 Neuroscience Laboratory, One 3 hr. labs/wk.; Staff. *Prerequisite*: Psychology 200A and 207 or 350A.

An introduction to basic knowledge and techniques in formulating research projects in neuroscience. Each student is encouraged to make a research proposal and carry out his chosen project under close supervision by applying various techniques including behavioural tests, electrophysiological stimulation and recording, neurosurgery, and various histological staining and autoradiographic methods.

357 Statistical Methods in Psychology, lect.: 2 hrs.; practicum: 2 hrs.; M. Ozier. *Prerequisite*: This class is primarily intended for honours students, but other students are admitted with the consent of the instructor.

The object is to familiarize the student with the logic and application of the descriptive and inductive statistical methods that are commonly used in the analysis of data in experimental psychology. A variety of statistical methods are introduced by reasoning through the ideas underlying the topic, then discussing the method of attacking the questions asked of the data, and finally working through specific problems in class. The classes are conducted as a combination of lectures and labs. Psychology 357 is required for honours psychology students and qualifying graduate students. Although mathe-

matical sophistication beyond the principles of elementary algebra is not required, those who are weak in arithmetic and hasic algebra should consult the instructor during the sum-

360A or B Biological Rhythms, lect.: 3 hrs.; B. Rusak. *Prerequisite*: Psychology 100 or 101 or Biology 1000.

Virtually all physiological and behavioural parameters in animals and humans are rhythmic. Rhythms of critical interest are those that correspond to major geophysical cycles: daily rhythms (sleep-wakefulness, feeding, body temperature, performance); lunar rhythms (tidal activity rhythms); and annual rhythms (hibernation, seasonal reproduction). Research in this area ranges from studies of cell biochemistry to studies of star-map orientation; the aim is to present a broad introduction to this highly interdisciplinary subject.

364 Ethology, lect.: 2 hrs.; lab.: 2 hrs. *Prerequisites*: Psychology 100 or 101 and 200A or B or Biology 1000.

Ethology is the biological study of behaviour. It uses psychology, genetics, physiology, ecology and evolutionary theory to solve problems in the development, function and causation of behaviour across all animal species. These diverse approaches to the study of animal behaviour in naturalistic and experimental situations are presented. In laboratory exercises qualitative and quantitative records of behaviour are made in the field and in the laboratory. There are two examinations (Xmas and final), several group research projects (first term) and an individual research project (second term).

400 Level Seminars:

These seminars (400-464) are intended for 3rd and 4th year honours students (others may enroll in these classes only with special permission of the instructor). The topics covered in these classes vary from year to year. Consult the department for the specific course descriptions.

400 Senior Seminar; 2 hrs.; Staff.

- * 404A or B Applications of Conditioning and Learning, 2 hrs.; V.M. LoLordo.
- * 405 A or B Topics in Perception, 2 hrs.; D. Mitchell.
- * 408A or B Topics in Social Psychology, 2 hrs.; J. Barresi.
- * 409A or B Development of Social Behaviour, 2 hrs.; K. Bloom.
- * 413A or B Topics in Human Information Processing, 2 hrs.: R. Klein.
- * 416 Animal Learning Topics, 2 hrs.; B.M. Moore.
- * 417 A or B Topics in Behavioral Biology, 2 hrs.; J. Fentress.
- * 423A or B Human Performance Topics, 2 hrs.; J. McNulty.
- * 432A or B Topics in Clinical Psychology, 2 hrs.; Staff.
- * 440A or B Theories of Brain Function, 2 hrs.; Staff.
- * 444A or B Topics in Cognitive Development, 2 hrs.; D.L. Forrest.

458 History of Psychology, seminar: 2 hrs.; J.W. Clark. *Prerequisites*: Restricted to honours students. *Preparatory reading*: It would be advantageous to read E.G. Boring's *History of Experimental Psychology* before the class starts.

The evolution of thought about some psychological issues that have been of central concern throughout man's intellec-

tual history: the control of movement, the perception of space, the location of mind, the association of ideas, the nature of aberrant behaviour, the development of children, the behaviour of animals. The understanding of such issues is traced in the writings of the major contributors from antiquity to the emergence of experimental psychology in the nineteenth century, and their development is examined in the work of psychologists in the early years of this century.

465 Honours Thesis, Members of the Department. *Prerequisite:* Restricted to honours students in their graduating year.

To acquaint the student with current experimental problems and research procedures in experimental psychology. Each student is assigned to a staff member who advises the student about research in his major area of interest, and closely supervises an original research project which is carried out by the student. Each student must submit a formal report of the completed research before the first of May. The final grade is based upon the originality and skill displayed in designing the project and upon the submitted report.

Professor

R. Ravindra. B.Sc., M.Tech., (I.I.T.), M.A., (Dal.), M.Sc., Ph.D. (Tor.) (Acting Chairman)

Associate Professor

C.T. Sinclair-Faulkner, B.A. (Tor.), M.Th., M.A., Ph.D. (Chic.), (Chairman)

Adjunct Professor

W.C. Smith (Harvard)

The University study of religion aims at an intellectual understanding of this more than intellectual reality. Religion is a phenomenon virtually universal in human society and history; some have held that it is central to the human condition. Understanding involves grasping simultaneously both the meaning of faith in the lives of participants, and the critical analysis of outside observers. Both the student who wishes to enhance his or her understanding of religion as an historical and social and human fact, and the student who wishes to wrestle with problems arising in academic reflection concerning the relation between the personal and the objective, will find material to engage them in the courses described below.

R.A

Students wishing to major in Religion must successfully complete Religion 100 or 101, and at least four classes in Religion beyond the 100 level. This will provide them with a broad introduction to both Eastern and Western religious life, and to the various ways in which religion may be studied. In the light of their specific interests, Religion majors will be encouraged to enrol in related classes offered by other Departments. Programmes should be planned in consultation with the undergraduate adviser, Dr. C.T. Sinclair-Faulkner.

Please consult the current timetable on registration to determine if this class is offered.

100/200 Love, Death and Religions, lecture and seminar: 3 hrs.; R. Ravindra and C.T. Sinclair-Faulkner

What is love? Why is something so universal and important also so problematic? What is death? What meaning can life have in the face of the inevitability of death? In the form of a dialogue between the great religious traditions of the East and the West this class explores how people deal with love and death. For instance, does individual identity come to a complete end with death or does one continue existence in some form, as some religions assert? Besides serving as an introduction to the academic study of religion the class deals directly with the problem of religious pluralism. A detailed syllabus is available from the Department of Religion.

101 Introduction to the Study of Religion, lecture: 2 hrs.; section meeting 1 hr.; C.T. Sinclair-Faulkner

Religion is: a way of life? an encounter with God? a neurosis? the essential human trait? an epiphenomenon? The possibilities are explored by using the insights of modern social scientists, humanists, and theologians to study Canadian life. This class fulfills the first-year Writing Requirement. A detailed syllabus is available from the Department of Religion.

201 Western Religious Experience, lecture and seminar: 2 hrs.; C.T. Sinclair-Faulkner

The Western world has known many different ways to be religious: personal, mystical, political, rational, sensual. Original accounts of Jewish, Christian, Muslim and pagan religious experience are studied in their historical context. Each student undertakes a guided study of some twentieth-century religious experience of his or her choice. A detailed syllabus is available from the Department of Religion.

202 Religion and Culture in India, lecture and seminar: 3 hrs.; R. Ravindra

An introduction to the rich variety of spiritual and religious expressions in the vast culture of India. Some of the major ideas, practices and gods are discussed; their continuity as well as radical departure from them in the development of Buddhism, and in their encounter with Islam and later with Christianity in India will be examined. The second term is devoted to an intensive study of the *Bhagavad Gita* and its relevance to modern life.

203 Religion in Story, lecture and seminar: 3 hrs.; C.T. Sinclair-Faulkner

When religious people seek answers to ultimate questions or try to come to grips with the mystifying phenomenon of the Holy, they turn to stories. Modern novels and short stories, particularly Canadian works, are the primary reading assignments in this class. They are set in the context of related material from the broader western culture, including the Jewish scriptures and *The Pilgrim's Progress*. A detailed syllabus is available from the Department of Religion.

204 Introduction to Comparative Religion, lecture and tutorial: 3 hrs.; R. Ravindra

The task of the comparativist is difficult and challenging, demanding integrity, empathy and self-critical awareness. It is also a radical task, calling into question the very roots of other traditions as well as of one's own. The first half of the class asks fundamental general questions: What materials in different traditions are comparable? What psychological and intellectual attitudes are required for such a study? The second half is devoted to a comparative study of the *Bhagavad Cita* and the four gospels, particularly around the themes of love, knowledge and action.

211 Myths and Symbols of India, lecture and seminar: 3 hrs.; R. Ravindra

It is difficult to understand Indian culture, particularly religions and visual arts, without some familiarity with the myths and symbols of India where mythology has been a major vehicle of spiritual truths and psychological insights. This class introduces students to some of the important myths and symbols of the Hindus and the Buddhists after a general discussion of the nature of the mythic and symbolic understanding. Presentation of visual material based on important works of art is stressed.

221 Religion in Canada, lecture and seminar: 3 hrs. C.T. Sinclair-Faulkner

When Canadians have built cities, gone to war, founded economic empires, fallen in love, designed school systems, and elected governments, religion has often been a decisive factor. Sometimes religion has been the decisive factor. What is "religion" in Canada? In the course of this extensive historical study of life in Canada from the sixteenth century to the present, a variety of answers will be explored. A detailed syllabus is available from the Department of Religion.

240 The Question of Good in the Technological Age, lecture and seminar: 3 hrs.; George P. Grant. (Same as Political Science 2440.)

Technology has introduced many novel, practical situations into our society; it has also fundamentally put in question what we mean by such words as "good", "just", etc. In this class we discuss how we come to clarity among these interlocking theoretical and practical issues.

251 Mystical Consciousness and Modern Science, Seminar: 2 hrs.; R. Ravindra. *Prerequisite*: A class in Religion or in Science (preferably both).

religion

Yoga, Zen, Prayer of the Heart, Sufism and other spiritual disciplines have gathered an enormous amount of experiential and theoretical material about human consciousness and its many levels, from the ordinary to the mystical and cosmic. The first term is devoted to developing a typology of human consciousness based on these disciplines. The second term is devoted to a critical examination of this typology in the light of modern scientific discoveries, and of the fundamental presuppositions of modern science in the light of the universal experience and knowledge of the many levels of considerables.

351/551 Modes of Knowing, Seminar: 2 hrs.; R. Ravindra. *Prerequisite:* Third year or higher level experience or instructor's permission.

An historical and critical study of the interrelationship of the three primary modes of empirical knowing: namely, science, art, and religion. All three proceed by a combination of theory, observation, and experience, but they utilise and interpret them differently owing to their different purposes and divergent metaphysical assumptions which encourage different psychological tendencies and attitudes. Readings are taken mostly from the acknowledged masters in one or the other of these three ways of approaching reality.

Russian

Professor

Y.Y. Glazov, Ph.D. (Oriental Inst.), F, (Moscow), (Chairman)

Associate Professor N.G.O. Pereira, M.A., Ph.D. (Calif.) Assistant Professors J. A. Barnstead, B.A. (Oakland), A.M. (Harv.)

J. A. Barnstead, B.A. (Oakland), A.M. (Harv.)
I. Vitins, B.A. (Mich.), Ph.D. (Calif.)

The Russian Department offers classes in Russian language, literature, and culture. Since the Soviet Union plays a crucial role in today's world and makes important contributions in a wide variety of scientific, technical, and humanistic fields, knowledge of its linguistic and cultural background can prove advantageous in many areas of study. Students in the sciences and mathematics will find Russian especially useful, as it can give them a lead of six months to a year over those who must wait for journals to be translated.

In the language classes emphasis is placed on gaining a thorough grasp of Russian grammar and an extensive speaking, reading, and writing vocabulary. Late afternoon classes are offered in some courses to accomodate students who are unable to attend lectures in the day-time.

One of the richest areas of Russian life is its literature. Dostoevsky, Tolstoy, Chekhov, Pasternak, Solzhenitsyn and many other Russian writers have made fascinating contributions to world culture. Classes in Russian literature are generally offered in English and in Russian in order to give as many students as possible the opportunity to become acquainted with its masterpieces.

Classes in Russian culture and civilization are intended to introduce students to art, architecture, music, religion, and other areas of Russian life which are necessary to understand the language and literature. Films, guest speakers, and evenings of Russian poetry, are scheduled periodically.

Major or honours students may, with the approval of the Department of Russian, take up to one year (5 full credits) of work at a University in a Russian-speaking country and receive credit at Dalhousie.

There are two parallel Russian programmes:

- (1) Study of the Russian language from the introductory level (Russian 100), intermediate Russian (Russian 200), to advanced Russian (Russian 300, 302, 310A and 315A) and honours Russian (Russian 400, 410, 420, 430, and 499).
- (2) Study of Russian literature and culture (Russian 202A-Russian Literature, Culture and Art of the 19th Century; Russian 205 - Survey of Russian Literature; Russian 207-Russian Literature and Culture after Stalin's Death; Russian 222A-Slavic Fantasy and Science Fiction; Russian 224B-Theories of Literature; Russian 234A - Russian Modernism: Russian 245B - Pasternak and Solzhenitsyn; Russian 250A-Tolstoy; Russian 252B-Chekhov and Turgenev; Russian 260B-Russian Satire and Humour; Russian 275A - Dostoevsky and the Russian Idea; 276A - Dostoevsky and Western Literature; Russian 309A-Soviet Society Today; Russian 312A-Russian Prose and Poetry; Russian 315A-Russian Society, Literature, and Arts (conducted in Russian); Russian 325A-Literature of the Russian Revolution; Russian 327B—The Russian Heroine; Russian 333B—The Russian Short Story; Russian 410—Russian Classical Literature of the XIX Century; Russian 420-Russian Literature of the XX Century; Russian 430 - Russian Poetry).

Degree Programmes:

Classes in the Russian Department are open to students either (1) as electives in any degree programme

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- (2) as constituents of a major or honours degree in Russian or
- (3) with classes in another foreign language forming parts of a combined honours degree.

Classes Offered

100 Elementary Russian, lect.: 3 hrs.; J.A. Barnstead, I. Vitins, Y.Y. Glazov. No prerequisites.

For students who have little or no previous knowledge of the Russian language. Equal emphasis is placed on developing oral and reading skills with a sound grammatical basis.

200 Intermediate Russian, lect.: 3 hrs.; J.A. Barnstead, I. Vitins, Y.Y. Glazov. *Prerequisite*: Russian 100 or equivalent.

A continuation of Russian 100. Oral and reading skills and a further knowledge of grammar are developed through the study of Russian texts.

202A Russian Literature and Culture lect. and discussion: 2 hrs.; Y.Y. Glazov. No prerequisites.

Conducted in English.

The class aims to trace developments in classical Russian literature, as well as in the Russian arts: painting, sculpture, theatre, and music. Religious and secular ideas of 19th century Russia will also be discussed.

205 Survey of Russian Literature, lect.: 2 hrs.; Y.Y. Glazov, I. Vitins. No prerequisites.

Conducted in English.

The first half of this class concentrates on the outstanding writers of the nineteenth century, including Pushkin, Gogol, Dostoevsky, Turgenev, and Tolstoy. The second half of the class is devoted to the study of such authors as Chekhov, Gorky, and such leading post-revolutionary writers and poets as Mayakovsky, Sholokhov, Pasternak, and Solzhenitsyn.

207B Russian Literature and Culture after Stalin's Death, lect. and discussion: 2 hrs.; Y.Y. Glazov. No prerequisites.

Conducted in English.

The literary, cultural, and political history of Russia after Stalin's death in 1953. Among the major issues considered are the sig ificance of Stalin's death, the "Thaw" and de-Stalinization, Pasternak, Solzhenitsyn, Nadezhda Mandelstam and Sakharov. Revival of the intelligentsia and religious trends. Relationships of Russia and the West. Official and non-official culture.

222A Slavic Fantasy and Science Fiction, lect. and discussion: 2 hrs.; J.A. Barnstead. No prerequisites.

Conducted in English.

Fantasy and science fiction as genres. Their roots in Slavic folklore. The structure of the fairy tale. Utopian and anti-Utopian Russian literature. A.N. Tolstoy (Aelita, The Deathray of Engineer Garin), M. Bulgakov (The Fatal Eggs, Heart of a Dog). Contemporary Soviet science fiction (the Strugatsky brothers and others). Polish science fiition (Stanislaw Lem); Ukrainian science fiction (Vladko, Berdnyk); Bulgarian science fiction.

224B Theories of Literature, lect. and discussion: 2 hrs.; J.A. Barnstead. No prerequisites.

Conducted in English.

This class surveys Russian thought about literature from medieval times to the end of the nineteenth century, then concentrates on a more detailed study of twentieth century theories. Particular emphasis is laid on the complex interrelationships of modern Russian theories of literature with their Western counterparts, e.g. Formalism and American "New Criticism". Topics treated include formalism, early Marxist criticism, Socialist Realism, post-Stalin Marxist criticism, Structuralism, and Tartu School of semiotics.

Student discussions and papers will apply the principles of a given school to practical criticism of works of their choice, demonstrating the strengths and weaknesses of each theory.

234A Russian Modernism, lect. and discussion: 2 hrs.; I. Vitins/J.A. Barnstead. No prerequisites.

Conducted in English.

A study of trends in literature and the arts at the turn of the century. Known as "The Silver Age," this is one of the most innovative and dynamic periods in Russian culture.

245B Pasternak and Solzhenitsyn, lect. and discussion: 2 hrs.; Y.Y. Glazov. No prerequisites.

Conducted in English.

The class traces the dramatic biographies of these two giants of Russian literature and their creative activities. Doctor Zhivago by Pasternak (1890-1960) and One Day in the Life of Ivan Denisovich by Solzhenitsyn (1918-), as well as his Cancer Ward and The First Circle are examined. Their sources in the Russian spirit. The world of their heroes and heroines and their search for truth. Their creative methods and spirituality. Their relationships with writers of the nineteenth century.

250A Tolstoy, lect. and discussion: 2 hrs.; I. Vitins. No prerequisites.

Conducted in English.

An introduction to the work of this enigmatic spiritual giant of Russian literature; the impact of his philosophy and writing on world literature and thought. Reading will include the epic War and Peace, Anna Karenina, and the controversial Kreutzer Sonata.

252B Chekhov and Turgenev, lect. and discussion: 2 hrs.; I. Vitins. No prerequisites.

Conducted in English.

Close analysis and discussion of the major work of Turgenev, sensitive portrayer of socio-political and psychological issues of the second half of the nineteenth century in Russian, and Chekhov, unequaled short-story writer and radical innovator in modern theatre. Reading will include: First Love, Fathers and Sons, In the Ravine, Ward No. 6, and Cherry Orchard.

260B Russian Satire and Humour, lect. and discussion: 2 hrs.; Y.Y. Glazov. No prerequisites.

Conducted in English.

Russian satirical and humorous literature written within the last two centuries. Russian satire and humour have made a great contribution to the world's treasures in this genre. Students read masterpieces by Gogol (Dead Souls) and Dostoevsky (The Devils). Lectures cover some of the immortal comedies of Russian literature and the early humorous stories of Chekhov. For the period after the 1917 Revolution stories by Soviet satirists, including Zoshchenko and Bulgakov, are discussed as well.

275A Dostoevsky and the Russian Idea, lect. and discussion: 3 hrs.; Y.Y. Glazov. No prerequisites.

Conducted in English

Dostoevsky's novels are of the highest importance in understanding the fate of Russia and the thoughts of other

great Russian authors and thinkers. Crime and Punishment and The Brothers Karamazov are taken as the basis for discussion. The works of I. Turgenev and Lev Tolstoy are discussed together with the ideas of great Russian philosophers, like V. Solovyev and N. Berdyaev.

276B Dostoevsky and Western Literature, lect. and discussion: 3 hrs.; Y.Y. Glazov. No prerequisites.

Conducted in English.

With all his love for Russia Dostoevsky treasured the West and its literature. It is impossible to understand Dostoevsky and his main novels, including *The Idiot* and *The Devils*, without *Hamlet* by Shakespeare, *Don Quixote* by Cervantes, *Faust* by Goethe, some plays by F. Schiller, etc. The class aims to trace the influence of Western ideas on Dostoevsky and his influence on some Western thinkers, like Nietzsche and Freud.

300 Advanced Russian, lect.: 3 hrs.; J.A. Barnstead. Prerequisite: Russian 200 or equivalent.

Conducted in Russian.

Following a thorough review this class concentrates on expanding all aspects of the students' knowledge of Russian. Grammatical topics treated include systematization of the verb, aspect and voice, word formation, punctuation, and elements of stylistics. Soviet and emigre texts are read extensively and intensively. Discussions and compositions are based on the assigned readings and on conversational materials drawn from Soviet universities.

302 Russian Prose and Poetry, lect.: 3 hrs.; Y.Y. Glazov. *Prerequisite*: Russian 200 or equivalent.

Conducted primarily in Russian.

Students read, translate, and critically interpret a series of the best short stories of such great Russian authors as Pushkin, Tolstoy, and Chekhov, and poems by Lermontov, Mayakovsky, Mandelstam and Pasternak. Original texts are supplied with vocabularies and grammatical notes. Texts are chosen according to the level of students' knowledge.

309A Soviet Society Today, N.G.O. Pereira.

(See History 3090A)

301B Grammar

(See listing under Russian Studies Programme.)

303B Conversation

(See listing under Russian Studies Programme.)

305A Vocabulary Building

(See listing under Russian Studies Programme.)

308B Phonetics

(See listing under Russian Studies Programme.)

310A Intensive Russian Grammar

(See listing under Russian Studies Programme.)

312A Intensive Russian Prose and Poetry

(See listing under Russian Studies Programme.)

315A Russian Society, Literature and Arts, lect. and discussion: 2 hrs.: Staff.

Conducted in Russian.

The course, read in Russian by various faculty members, aims to provide students with necessary knowledge of Russian literature, history, fine arts, religious and philosophical ideas.

325A Literature of Revolution: The 1920's in Russian Literature, lect. and discussion: 2 hrs.; I. Vitins. No prerequisites

Conducted in English.

A study of experiment and submission during one of the most exciting, diverse, and frustrating periods in Russian letters. "Socialist realism" was not yet official doctrine; innovation in literature was tolerated. Writers openly pondered the role of the individual, of culture, in the new collective society. Close reading and discussion of texts by Pasternak, Babel, Zamyatin, Olesha, Pilnyak, Zoshchenko, and Bulgakov.

327B The Russian "Heroine", lect. and discussion: 2 hrs.; I. Vitins. No prerequisites.

Conducted in English.

The strong spiritual and moral force which Russian women have exerted on their society is richly reflected in literature. The class will focus on the portrayal of several literary heroines and will discuss their impact on both the literary imagination and society. Their number will include Pushkin's Tatyana, Dostoevsky's Sonya Marmeladova and Nastasya Filippovna, Tolstoy's Anna Karenina, Gorky's Mother and Bulgakov's Margarita.

333B The Russian Short Story, lect. and discussion: 2 hrs.; Y.Y. Glazov. No prerequisites.

Conducted in English.

On the basis of ten to twelve Russian masterpieces in the short story genre, students will have a chance to trace the development in this field from Pushkin and Gogol, throughout Turgenev, Tolstoy, Dostoevsky to the best short stories of post-revolutionary writers, including I. Babel, M. Zoshchenko, B. Pilnyak, A. Platonov.

400 The Structure of Contemporary Standard Russian, lect. and discussion; J.A. Barnstead. *Prerequisite:* Russian 300 or permission of the instructor.

Conducted in Russian.

Systematic study of the structure of Russian: analysis of special problems in phonology, morphology, syntax, and stylistics. Tailored to the individual needs of the student, with emphasis on practical applications of linguistic insights.

410 Russian Classical Literature of the XIX Century, lect. and discussion; Y.Y. Glazov. *Prerequisite:* permission of the instructor.

Conducted in Russian.

Problems in nineteenth-century Russian literature from Pushkin and Gogol to Turgenev and Tolstoy. Analysis and discussion in Russian of topics chosen to fit the needs of the students.

420 Russian Literature of the XX Century. lect. and discussion; I. Vitins. *Prerequisite:* permission of the instructor.

Conducted in Russian.

Problems in twentieth-century Russian literature, from Chekhov and Gorky up to Bulgakov and Pasternak. Analysis of trends and schools based on representative works chosen to fit the needs and interests of the individual student.

430 Russian Poetry, lect. and discussion; J.A. Barnstead/I. Vitins. *Prerequisite*: permission of the instructor.

Conducted in Russian.

A combination of an introduction to the theory of poetry with close analysis of masterpieces of nineteenth and twentieth-century Russian poetry chosen to fit the interests of the individual student.

499 Russian Special Topics, staff. Prerequisite: permission of the Department.

Conducted in Russian.

Offers the student an opportunity to work with an advisor in researching subjects which are not regularly taught in the Department. These may include literary, linguistic or other topics related to Russian studies. Students who wish to register for a specific programme should consult the chairman of the Department.

Russian Studies Programme

Participating Faculty:

Yuri Glazov (Professor of Russian)

Norman Pereira (Associate Professor of History and of Rus-

Ieva Vitins (Assistant Professor of Russian, Coordinator of the Programme)

John A. Barnstead (Assistant Professor of Russian, Coordinator of the Progamme)

The Russian Studies Programme, the only one of its kind in Canada, is a special inter-disciplinary course of instruction whose purpose is to allow Dalhousie students (as well as students from other Canadian universities) to undertake intensive study of the Russian language, both here and in the Soviet Union. In order to participate, students must be able to demonstrate competence in the Russian language equivalent to two years of university classes (at Dalhousie these are Russian 100 and Russian 200) with a mark of "B" or better. The duration of the programme is one academic year, the first half of which is at Dalhousie or some other Canadian university, the second half of which is at the Pushkin Institute in Moscow, USSR. Enquiries and applications should be addressed to the Coordinator of the Programme.

Classes at Dalhousie, September to December

309A Soviet Society Today, N.G.O. Pereira.

Conducted in Russian.

See History 3090A.

310A Intensive Russian Grammar, lect.; 10 hrs.; Soviet language specialist.

Conducted in Russian.

Approximately one-half of class time is devoted to grammar and reading. The remaining time is devoted to conversation and pronunciation. The class meets for five two-hour sessions each week. There is one written composition per week of 2-3 pages. The instructor works closely with individual students. This is a six-credit-hour course.

312A Russian Prose and Poetry, lect. and discussion: 5 hrs?; I. Vitins/Y.Y. Glazov.

Conducted in Russian.

The students read, translate and critically interpret a number of the best short stories of such great Russian authors as Pushkin, Tolstoy, and Chekhov, and poems by Lermontov. Mayakovsky, Mandelstam, and Pasternak. Original texts are supplied with vocabularies and grammatical notes. This is a six-credit-hour course.

315A Russian Society, Literature and Arts, lect. and discussion: 2 hrs.; Staff.

Conducted in Russian.

The course, read in Russian by various faculty members, aims to provide students with necessary knowledge of Russian literature, history, fine arts, religious and philosophical ideas.

Classes at the Pushkin Institute, Moscow, January to May

301B Grammar

Intensive study of the finer points of Russian grammar. Topics include verbs of motion, aspect, impersonal constructions, government and agreement, and other themes. Six

303B Conversation

Systematic development of conversational ability on everyday themes: transport, city services, theatre, sport, shopping the library, the Soviet educational system, the structure of the Soviet government, etc. Three credit hours.

305B Vocabulary Building

Extensive and systematic study of the Russian lexicon: differentiation of synonyms; stylistic differences. Three credit

308B Phonetics

Comprehensive study of Russian pronunciation: language laboratory training and techniques of correcting pronunciation. Three credit hours.

Sociology and Social Anthropology

Chairman of Department Robert C. Kaill

Professors

J.H. Barkow, A.B. (Brooklyn), A.M., Ph.D. (Chi.) D.H. Clairmont, B.A., M.A. (McM.), Ph.D. (Wash. U.) L. Kasdan, M.A., Ph.D. (Chic.)

I.J. Mangalam, Ph.D. (Corn.) W.N. Stephens, A.B. (Colo.), M.A. (Bost.), Ed.D. (Harv.)

Associate Professors

P.M. Butler, B.A., M.A., Ph.D. (Univ. of Tor.) D.H. Elliott, B.A. (Yale), Ph.D. (Pitt.) J.L. Elliott, B.A. (Wells), M.A. (Kan.), Ph.D. (Pitt.) H.V. Gamberg, B.A. (Brandeis), A.M., Ph.D. (Princ.) R.C. Kaill, B.A. (Dal.), B.D., M.A. (Tor.), Ph.D. (McG.) V.P. Miller, B.A. (Univ. of California-Berkley), M.A., Ph.D. (U.C.L.A.

I.G. Morgan, B.A. (Nott.), M.A. (McM.), D.Phil. (Oxon.) I. Stolzman, B.A. (Ore.), M.S. (Fla.), Ph.D. (Ore.) V. Thiessen, B.A. (Man.), M.A., Ph.D. (Wis.)

Assistant Professors

R. Apostle, B.A. (Simon Fraser Univ.), M.A., Ph.D. (Berkeley) M.E. Binkley, B.A., M.A., Ph.D. (Univ. of Tor.) P.G. Clark, B.A., M.A. (McM.), Ph.D. (Univ. of B.C.) B.I. Fox, A.B., M.U.P. (Mich.), Ph.D. (Alberta) N.W. Jabbra, B.A. (Univ. of Calif.), M.A. (Ind.), Ph.D. (Catholic)

Honourary Assistant Professor A. Roadburg, B.A. (U.B.C.), Ph.D. (Edinburgh)

Lecturer

A. Davis, B.A. (S.M.U.), M.A. (Man.)

Visiting Professor

J.S. Frideres, B.Sc. (Montana), M.A., Ph.D. (Wash. State)

Research Associate

B. Raymond, M.A. (Berkeley), Ph.D. (Chicago) F.C. Wien, B.A. (Queen's), M.A., Ph.D. (Corn.)

Sociology and Social Anthropology

This Department offers courses and programmes of study in the related disciplines of sociology and social anthropology.

Sociology

As a social science, sociology seeks to apply the scientific method to human behaviour. In doing so, it makes two assumptions - that human social life exhibits regularity and recurrent patterns, and that people are essentially social animals. The sociological enterprise focusses upon social relationships, social institutions and processes of social change. No single approach to these complex phenomena has been found adequate. As a result, a wide range of explanatory models and perspectives has evolved.

Sociology provides a context within which students learn to think critically about their social environment; become aware of the impact of social forces on their lives and the lives of others; and develop skills of analysis useful in understanding and management of their social environment. Many students find a sociology major helpful in preparing for social work, nursing, personnel management and other occupations dealing directly with people.

Social Anthropology

Anthropology is a diverse discipline whose branches study the human species in all of its physical, cultural and linguistic diversity in both space and time. It consists of four subdisciplines: Archaeology, Linguistics, Physical Anthropology, and Social or Cultural Anthropology. As a joint department of Sociology and Social Anthropology this department is committed to a program which stresses the areas of convergence between the two disciplines. The major focus therefore is upon courses in Social Anthropology, although courses in other areas may be offered.

Social Anthropology shares many theoretical and substantive interests with Sociology. It adds a strongly comparative dimension by its concerns with the complete range of human societies and cultures in all historical and geographic settings. Its primary emphasis is upon preindustrial societies and the non-industrial sectors of more complex societies. Its concern is with all levels of social and cultural integration from the family, through the band, the chiefdom, and the state. It aims at generalization by comparing structures and processes in major institutions within societies (kinship, political, economic, and religious), as well as between societies. A well-trained social anthropologist will be acquainted with overlapping areas in Sociology, just as a well-trained sociologist will be acquainted with Social Anthropology.

Career Options

Career possibilities in sociology and social anthropology include research and managerial positions in government, industry, or university, and teaching at the high school or university levels.

Degree Programmes and Course Offerings

Degree Programmes

The department offers a major in Sociology and Social Anthropology leading to the general B.A. degree. It offers honours B.A. degrees in Sociology, in Anthropology, and in Sociology/Social Anthropology.

B.A. Degree

Students enrolled in the bachelor's (i.e. three-year) degree programme must take at least four and no more than eight classes beyond the introductory level in their areas of concentration. Required classes for students majoring in Sociology and Social Anthropology include:

One of SSA 1000, 1100, or 1200; either 2010A/B or 3410; and either 2240A/B or 2250B. In addition, at least one class (either 2 half-courses or a full-year course) must be a third year seminar. Any one of the three introductory classes is an acceptable prerequisite for any of the department's offerings. However, no student may take more than one introductory level class in Sociology and Social Anthropology.

Recommended Course Structure

Year I

SSA 1000, 1100 or 1200.

At least one introductory class in Economics, Political Science, Psychology, History or Biology.

3-5. Three other classes chosen from fields other than Sociology and Social Anthropology.

Year II

SSA 2010A or B or 3410 and 2240A or B or 2250B.

7-8. Two other classes in Sociology and Social Anthropology.

9-10. Two electives.

Year III

At least one third year seminar in Sociology and Social 11. Anthropology.

12-13. Two other classes in Sociology and Social Anthropology.

14-15. Two electives.

Honours B.A. Programme

Students may choose from three honours programmes: Anthropology, Sociology, and Comparative Sociology/Social Anthropology. An honours degree is recommended and frequently required preparation for advanced study in both Sociology and Social Anthropology. These programmes nor-

mally consist of not less than nine nor more than eleven classes in Sociology and Social Anthropology beyond the introductory level. Each programme consists of 4 1/2 required courses and an honours thesis.

Required Core Courses

A. Anthropology Programme

2250B Introduction to Social Anthropological Theory

2370 or 2380 Peoples and Cultures of the World

3410 Social Statistics

4000 Seminar in Social Anthropology

4590 Honours Seminar in Social Anthropology

B. Sociology Programme

2240A or 2240B Introduction to Sociological Theory

3100 Research Methods

3401A History of Sociological Thought

3405B Contemporary Sociological Theory

3410 Social Statistics

4500 Honours Seminar in Sociology

C. Comparative Sociology/SocialAnthropology Programme

2240A or 2240B Introduction to Sociological Theory OR

2250B Introduction to Social Anthropological Theory 2020 Comparative Sociology/Social Anthropology 2010A or 2010B Social Research

3410 Social Statistics

3405B Contemporary Sociological Theory OR

4000 Seminar in Social Anthropology

4500 or 4590 Honours Seminar

The Seminar paper produced in 4500 or 4590 is examined as an honours thesis. This fulfills the university requirement that a comprehensive examination covering a student's honours work be passed in order to receive an honours degree. Interested students should contact the chairperson of the department's Undergraduate Education Committee, Professor R. Apostle. The Committee chairperson and the student select an honours adviser. Normally the adviser is a faculty member teaching in the student's subfields of concentration.

Combined and Unconcentrated Honours

Combined honours programmes can be arranged between sociology and social anthropology, and economics, history philosophy, political science, and psychology. Combined honours involving other disciplines than those listed may be arranged, if the departments concerned agree. Students wishing to arrange combined or unconcentrated honours programmes are advised to seek the counsel of the departments involved as early as possible.

Canadian Studies Programme

The Department is cooperating with several other departments in offering a Canadian Studies Programme. Interested students should contact Professor P. Clark.

African Studies Programme

The Department is cooperating with several other departments in the African Studies Programme. Interested students should contact Professor J. Barkow.

Sociology and Social Anthropology Classes Offered 1000 Culture and Society

An introduction to the comparative study of human society from the parallel perspectives of Sociology and Social Anthropology. The principal focus is on continuity and change in a variety of societies ranging from simple hunting and gathering societies to highly complex industrial societies.

1100 Introduction to Anthropology

This class introduces students to all subfields of anthropology while emphasizing the social-cultural. Topics considered include: the variety of human cultures and societies and how they are organized and function; the relationship between ecology and culture; human evolution; nonhuman primate behaviour; principles of archaeology; and the study of languages around the world as they relate to the cultures of which they are part.

1200 Introduction to Sociology

This class introduces students to basic sociological concepts, the logic of social inquiry and major theoretical and methodological issues in the field. Substantive course contents include the study of culture, socialization, deviance, social organizations, institutions, social roles and demography. Emphasis is on the study of modern industrial societies with special attention given to Canadian society.

SSA 1000, 1100, or 1200 are all acceptable as a prerequisite for all upper level classes.

2000 Archaeology: An Introduction

This class covers the following topics: archaeology and its relationship to history and prehistory; the origins and growth of the discipline of archaeology; the application of archaeological techniques in the field of prehistory; the excavation of a site; the establishment of a chronological framework; the reconstruction of the historical past, an outline of the prehistory of Eastern North America; and the prehistory of Nova Scotia

2010A & B Social Research

Acquaints students with the skills used by sociologists to analyze social phenomena. A variety of quantitative and qualitative methods are introduced which enable the student to understand and evaluate fact-finding and problem-solving studies of social phenomena which are routinely carried out by sociologists, and by practitioners in such fields as business, government, social work, health, and education. The class begins with a consideration of the selection and formulation of the research problem and ultimately includes discussion of the techniques of data preparation and analysis.

2020 Comparative Sociology/Social Anthropology

The starting point is the vision of the founding fathers of sociology that the discipline was to be a comprehensive and comparative science of society. Modern sociologists view comparative studies primarily in large scale cross-societal terms, while modern social anthropologists (equally the intellectual descendants of the founding fathers) tend to be more interested, in addition to a comparative approach, in the natural history of smaller societies, and in applying the methods learned in these to more complex societies.

The first part is devoted to a treatment of several topics from the social anthropological perspective. The second part treats the major figures and ideas in social anthropology and general sociology from an historical perspective. Student field projects are an important part of the learning process in addition to the more usual kinds of student assignments.

2030 Deviance and Social Control

Groups make formal and informal rules in an attempt to regulate and make predictable the behavior of their members. Violations of these rules occur in many different ways and stem from various causes. This class examines both the processes by which groups make rules and the reasons why these rules are violated. Specific issues such as crime, delinquency, narcotic addiction, alcoholism, prostitution, suicide, and minority group relations are discussed in this context.

2040 Social Stratification

Aspects of social inequality in modern, industrial society. The formation of classes, status groups and the organized political expressions are considered. Questions of the distribution of power and wealth in society, the existence of power elites or governing classes, the impact of bureaucracy on class relations, the extent to which major economic inequalities have been reduced in this century, problems of the mobility of individuals and the groups through the stratification system and the impact on social structure are dealt with. Theoretical discussions in the class are largely concerned with the ideas of Karl Marx and Max Weber, but attention is also paid to contemporary theoretical approaches to stratification.

2050 Sociology of Religion

The relations between religious beliefs and human behavior and social structure. Major themes include: the impact of social structure on the development of belief systems; the question of whether beliefs guide and direct human behavior; the formal organization of the religious institution, social psychological considerations of religious behavior. The primary focus is on current religious movements in Canada.

2060 Social Gerontology

A general introduction to social gerontology, in which emphasis will be placed upon the historical and philosophical development of the study of aging in Canada, theories of aging, current social and economic programmes for the elderly both in Canada and to some extent cross-culturally, and various pertinent social-psychological aspects of the aging process. The primary purpose of this class is to familiarize students with some of the problems people experience as a consequence of aging in Canadian society and to provide a basic understanding of the socio-economic factors relevant to these problems.

2070 Socialization

Socialization is the process by which a society's values and customs are perpetuated, passed along to the younger generation. This is seen as the function of certain institutions, such as the family, the churches, and the schools. These, however, require support from the larger social milieu. Our own rapidly changing society appears to be at a point of crisis in this regard. Recent social changes have undermined traditional means by which children acquire a sense of allegiance to their elders, and take to themselves the society's major values. This change will be described, along with the situation of modern parents, who must train their children in the absence of certain traditional supports. This class is designed primarily for parents, for people who are working with children and youth in such fields as teaching, recreation, the social services, and medical fields, and for persons who otherwise have experience in child-care. Problems in training children for responsibility, in a modern-urban milieu, will be dealt with in some detail.

2080 Communities

An examination of a wide variety of territorially based

residential groupings such as the large metropolitan centre, the rural village and the intentional community. Major themes include: evolution of the modern city, urbanization, rural depopulation, ecology of the city, neighbourhood social networks, behaviour in public places, minority subcommunities and urban planning.

2090 Youth Organizations

Based on a comprehensive survey of those organized activities for teenagers in North America which attempt to give substantial socialization experiences to the youth who participate. Organizations which offer leadership training, highschool clubs and extra-curricular activities, youth programmes by the churches, programmes of volunteer work and paid employment, junior auxiliaries of political parties and military reserve units, hobby groups, cities' recreation departments, sports programmes, summer camps and travel programmes, wilderness and environmentalist groups are reviewed, along with such organizations as the Y, the Scouts, 4-H, and Junior Achievement. Cities' information offices, voluntary action centres, learning exchanges, and other systems for disseminating information about youth programmes are also reviewed. Certain towns and cities are compared with respect to their offerings for teenagers. Persons who have had experience in youth work, or as teachers or parents, are especially invited to enroll.

2100 Ecology and Culture

It is clear that the ecology (meaning the natural environment) is affected by the way people live. It is clear how the way people live is affected by their ecology or environment. This class deals with the way in which different environments affect how people live, relate to one another, think and organize themselves. The major focus is on how cultural choices are influenced and constrained by the relationship among ecology, technology, and how people are making a living. Examples of hunter-gatherer, horticulturalist, rancher and farmer cultures are used as illustrations. Classes are a combination of lecture and seminar sessions, and two term papers are required.

2110 Canadian Society

An analysis of selected aspects of Canadian society employing theoretical perspectives and empirical materials. The aim is to develop a composite view of the society as a whole through an understanding of the interrelationships between its parts. Major foci include the integration and surgival of Canadian society, structural change, and the management and consequences of inequality. Prospects for the future of Canada are discussed in terms of these characteristics.

2120 Minority Groups

The social status of minority groups is examined in the light of contemporary theories of prejudice and discrimination. The societal consequences of discrimination are considered with respect to their effect on both minority and majority groups. Special emphasis is on an analysis of Canadian minorities.

2130 Formal Organizations

This class makes a critical study, from the comparative point of view, of theoretical models for the analysis of bureaucratic organizations. Students examine the classical, structural-functionalist, and management-science approaches to organizations. The class entails a systematic survey of the sociological literature on this subject, with special concentration on organizational structure, strategy and decision-making.

2140 Industrial Sociology

studies done and on social-psychological interpretations or

The social relations of industry at both the micro- and macrosociological levels of analysis. The class deals primarily with the productive system and attendant industrial institutions of advanced capitalist society. Major topics for investigation include the industrialization process, the social structure of industry, the development of trade unionism, and the sociology of work relationships.

2150 Mass Society

The origin of modern, post-industrial "mass society". Problems associated with industrialization, cybernation, leisure, technology, and environmental degradation are examined in detail. Various attempts at solution of these problems are analyzed. The rise of the "expert" and of counter-cultural movements are given particular attention. Theoretical and methodological innovations for "future forecasting" are in-

2160 Sociology of Occupations

Sociological views of the occupational structure, and of the constraints and influences that bear upon persons in various occupations. During one half of the class, the student is helped with his own career plans.

2170A Political Sociology

Introduces students to the major concepts and theories which inform the sociological study of politics. In addition to this general orientation particular attention is devoted to the role of power and ideology in Western society, the interplay between economy and polity in contemporary North America, and political transformation as a social process.

2190 Sex Roles in Cross-Cultural Perspectives

What difference does sex make socially? And why? Are our sex roles made for us by biological inheritance or by sociocultural traditions, or do we make them ourselves? Or is some combination of these factors involved? What are the variations and similarities in the ways human beings have treated sex differences throughout the many human societies about which we know? Why do we have Women's Liberation and the conservative backlash? Where do we go from here? These are the main questions to be explored in this class. Taking a broad comparative framework, we examine sex roles in the contexts of daily life, of economics, politics, kinship, social stratification, religion and values, and socialization. With these data as background, we then look at sex roles in Canada and in Nova Scotia. Students of both sexes are invited to take this class.

2200 Sociology of the Family

Family in one form or another is an aspect of all societies. It is the most important agent of early socialization and personality formation. The first part is devoted to a consideration of some of the cross-societal characteristics of family in general, and of the extended family as found in traditional societies, in particular. The second term is devoted to a consideration of family characteristics in urban-industrial societies, concentrating on nuclear family with particular reference to the Canadian scene. An attempt is made to understand the processes by which family's structures and functions have changed through time as societies evolved from a traditional to an urban-industrial social organization.

2220 Social Psychology

Groups influence individuals and individuals react (resist, adapt to, cooperate with, or use to their own advantage) to these influences. The processes involved in such persongroup relationships are explored in a number of different settings, such as the family, mental hospitals, and universities. The class will focus on both a critical review of the actual "theories" of these findings.

2230 Psychological Anthropology, Prerequisite: either SSA 1000, 1100, or 1200, or Psychology 100.

The areas of overlap between psychology and anthropology Topics include: culture and personality, culture and mental health; psychiatry in other cultures; cross-cultural differences in learning; and the evolution of human psychological characteristics. A paper is required.

2240A & B Introduction to Sociological Theory

A systematic introduction into major topics in sociological theory. Classical theorists up to 1920 are treated (Saint-Simon, Marx, Weber, Durkheim, Pareto, etc.).

2250B Introduction to Social Anthropological Theory

The foundations and development of social anthropology, The growth of theory in social anthropology is stressed, with special attention paid major schools of thought and the work of prominent individuals within those schools, including Cultural Evolution and Morgan; American School and Boas; Functionalism and Malinowski and Radcliffe-Brown; Culture and Personality; Ethnoscience; and the directions in which contemporary social anthropology points. Special efforts are made to expose students to the original writings of prominent anthropologists.

2260 Culture and Political Behaviour

Political systems examined comparatively. Relation between political and other social institutions and analysis of the organization of conflict in non-Western societies. The relation to tribal and peasant politics to national politics in developing countries seen in a comparative framework.

2270 Language and Culture

An introduction to aspects of linguistics which relate to anthropology. The history of anthropological linguistics is reviewed, with particular attention paid North American workers in the field, including Boas, Sapir, and Kroeber, Current areas of study in anthropological linguistics, such as sociolinguistics, ethnoscience, and language change will be examined. The relation of language to culture is considered, drawing on examples from primitive and complex societies. Students also learn to record sounds phonetically, and to analyze the sounds and words of a language into meaningful units for the speakers of that language.

2290A Belief Systems

The study of non-Western belief systems. Emphasis is on the religion of small-scale societies, treated from the perspective of religion as a system of symbols giving meaning to the universe and one's place in it. Topics will include religion as a biological phenomenon, the nature of ritual, religion and healing, religion and altered states of consciousness, sorcery and witchcraft, religion and culture change.

2310 Ethnohistory of North American Indians

The history of Indian-White relations in North America, including the United States and Canada, from the time of the Indians' first contact with Europeans and Asians to the present. Emphasis is on presenting this history from the natives' point of view.

2350A Native Peoples of Canada

A general introduction to native cultures of Canada. Following a review of prehistory, it first considers the geographic "culture areas" in Canada and representative tribes in them, then considers Canadian native ethnohistory, and concludes with a consideration of contemporary native peoples.

sociology and social anthropology 2360B Native Peoples of The United States

A general introduction to native cultures in the United States. Following a review of prehistory, it considers the geographic "culture areas" in the United States and representative tribes in them, then considers United States native ethnohistory, and concludes with a consideration of contemporary native

2370 Peoples and Cultures of the World I

Each year, the Peoples class surveys the peoples of a specific geographic area (Oceania, Africa, South Asia, East Asia, Latin America, Europe). The class includes background material on geography, climate, and history. Its focus is on the people themselves, their social organization and political, economic and kinship systems and their problems of modernization and development. Consult the department to find which regions are to be offered in the near future.

2380 Peoples and Cultures of the World II

See class description above.

2400 Medicine and Health Across Cultures, Prerequisite: Either an introductory class in anthropology or in sociology.

Every culture has its own concepts of health and nutrition, its own treatments and practices. The strengths and weaknesses of our own system grow clearer when medical anthropologists compare it with that of other societies. This class's specific topics vary from year to year but always include: native theories of the etiology of illness; transcultural vs. culture-specific disease syndromes; pregnancy and childbirth in other cultures and our own; senescence and death viewed cross-culturally; the conflict between traditional medical systems and the Western physician and hospital; patients' expectations and the medical subculture; the physician as secular priest; and food and nutrition across cultures. Special attention is paid to Canada's native and immigrant peoples.

3010A/5010A Sociology of Work Roles

Examination of structure and dynamics of managementemployee relationships from sociological perspective. There will also be consideration of horizontal relationships among workers at various status levels. Organizations to be studied include both small and large-scale work structures. Consideration of the implications of collective bargaining procedures on work roles is also included.

3020B/5020B Comparative Economic Organizations

Critical examination of the nature of economic organizations. Emphasis is on how economic activities are organized in various cultures, from primitive to modern, with particular focus on developmental trends. Consideration is also given to alternative and futuristic models.

3030 Social Problems and Social Policy

This seminar focuses on the policy implication of research into various social problems. It addresses the issue of moving from delineation of a social problem, to doing the necessary research, to the development of policy relevant to the problem and considers issues in problems of implementation of

3060B Modernization and Development

Change, modernization, and development as distinct but related notions. Beyond examining the meanings and implications of these terms, an attempt is made to outline some of the complex processes involved in planning for national development of traditional societies. For purposes of concrete illustrations, the class will focus on the problems of South Asia, and appropriate areas of Canada.

3070 Human Nature and Anthropology, Prerequisite: An introductory class in sociology or anthropology, or in psychology or biology.

Can anthropologists explain why we feel sexual jealousy or why we tend to follow a dominant leader in times of stress? Can the evolutionary theories explaining why we have fingerprints and flat nails explain our behavioral traits? This class reviews the fossil record of human evolution and recent developments in the theories which deal with it, in order to examine critically biological explanations of human sex differences, culture, infant behavior, racial prejudice, altruism, aggression, and other topics.

3090 Population and Society

An analysis of the interrelationships of population and social structure. The class examines changes in size, structure, and distribution of world population in terms of the three major demographic factors: fertility, morality, and migration, with emphasis on their social, economic, and political causes and consequences.

3100 Research Methods

A detailed survey of the basic methods of social research. The topics discussed include the construction of theory, the formulation of research problems, research designs, measurement, methods of data collection, and analytic theory testing. Special attention is given to the sample survey as one of the main methods of social science research. Practical experience in survey methods is proved through a class project.

3120 Social Conflict

Introduces students to the various analytical perspectives sociologists have employed to understand the patterning and consequences of conflict in society. In this regard particular attention is devoted to the functional, coercion, and Marxian theories of conflict. This class is also concerned with conflict in contemporary society, with special reference to patterns of conflict and change in Canada.

3130 Sociology of Health and !llness

The social organization of medicine and the politics of health are examined. Particular attention is paid to environmental and occupational health issues in light of technological and social change. Epidemiological patterns of morbidity and mortality are assessed. Students are responsibile for seminar presentations in areas of interest.

3140 Sociology of Mental Disorders, Prerequisite: SSA 100 or permission of the instructor.

Mental disorders as both a social and sociological problem. Social factors in the definition, incidence, etiology, and treatment of mental disorders are examined. Societal views toward, and responses to so-called mental illness are reviewed and analyzed from a sociological perspective. Other topics include the social role of mental patient and the development of mental health policy in Canada. The class adopts a seminar formal and evaluation is based primarily on essays or a term paper.

3150 Sociology of Education

The nature of human learning within its cultural context. Analysis of social learning mechanisms and processes receive major consideration.

3160 Dawn of Civilization, Prerequisite: Permission of instructor.

The first civilizations came into being in Mesopotamia, Egypt, the Indus Valley and China in the Old World. We examine the problem of the origin of these civilizations in the light of the latest archaeological research. Did they all develop from one centre and the process of civilization take place once, and once only, in human history, or did it occur independently in different parts of the world? This class involves extensive use of slide materials.

3180B Issues in the Study of Society

This seminar consists of an intensive examination of a selected substantive issue within Sociology and Anthropology. Since the specific topic or research problem which receives special treatment will differ from year to year, students are advised to consult the department prior to registration.

3190 Social Movements

The general topics of unstructured group activity encompasses phenomena traditionally classified as collective behavior incidents, as well as reformist and revolutionary social movements. Although there is considerable overlap, the collective behavior literature tends to focus on relatively brief and spontaneous activities, like panics, disasters, and crazes, while work on social movements examines relatively more organized and enduring group activities which still fall outside the realm of normal institutions. This class investigates problems emerging from both areas of concern. Emphasis is given to relevant Canadian materials.

3200B Comparative Social Organization

The ways in which human beings organize themselves in common purpose. Examples of such ways include kinship structures, voluntary associations, role structures, class and caste systems, and networks. We emphasize pre-industrial societies and non-industrial sectors of industrial societies, placing them in a comparative framework.

3210 Peasant Society and Culture

A comparative examination of the way of life of the majority of mankind. Problems of defining salient characteristics which distinguish peasant from other types of societies are dealt with. Various models for describing and analyzing the behavior of peasants (economic, political, religious, psychological, etc.) are examined. Their applicability to traditional Canadian fishing communities, and to French Canada, are examined. The role of peasants in modern social change is a major focus.

3220B/5220B Coastal Communities (Same as ES 5180B)

Coastal Communities as a social/ecological type are examined as populations, social structures (territorial, economic, occupational, political) as they have developed in response to particular ecological and social circumstances. Various perspectives which have been applied to coastal communities are examined with regard to the contribution they may make to understanding the dynamics of these communities. Major (though not exclusive) emphasis is on North Atlantic communities.

3240 Criminology

Crime as a form of social deviance. The significance of official crime rates is analyzed, and the various forms of criminal structure and behavior are examined. The second part of the class deals primarily with societal response to offenders, tracing the judicial and correctional processes in Canada.

3250 Sociology of Science and Ideas

In the attempt to understand the reciprocal interaction between science and society we stress a comparative approach, examining science in different cultural groups and different historical periods. Various modern scientific disciplines are compared in different countries, including developing and

developed countries, with differing economic and political organizations. Students are encouraged to examine the interplay between science and society *in Canada* compared with other societies.

The social organization of science is investigated through the application of micro-sociological analysis (e.g. small groups and organizational sociology theory). In particular, we focus upon tensions and conflicts within the scientific community which are understandable in sociological terms. We examine innovation and change within the scientific community, including the processes by which new fields emerge and new ideas are evaluated. The impact of technological change upon the organization of scientific is investigated giving particular attention to the impact of electronic technology upon science.

We make some attempts to forecast future directions of science and technology.

Class evaluation is based upon a combination of short written assignments, examinations, and a term paper.

3260A The Development of Sociology as a Discipline

The "Sociology of Sociology". Main concern will be the manner in which sociology came to be a distinct field of enquiry in the late nineteenth century, and why it took the forms it did. Special attention is given to the divergent paths of Sociology in the United States, Great Britain, Germany, and France in order to analyze the relationship between the sociological enterprise and its social context. It will be an advantage to have taken prior classes in the history of sociological thought and in the sociology of knowledge.

3270/5270 Sociology of Careers

Careers in the humanitarian, social service, working-with-people area will receive especial emphasis, as will sociological studies of the unemployed. This is a seminar for graduate students and advanced undergraduates, with individualized research projects.

3280 Juvenile Delinguency

Juvenile delinquency as a form of social deviance. Current issues in delinquency are defined and analyzed from a sociological perspective. Substantively, the class focusses on etiologies of delinquency, the juvenile justice system and sentencing alternatives.

3300 Cross-Cultural Study of Socialization, *Prerequisite:* Sociology and Social Anthropology or permission of the instructor.

In this class the student will (1) be introduced to the cross-cultural research method, i.e. the testing of general hypotheses on large samples of ethnographic cases, with the analysis, in lectures and in readings, of selected cross-cultural studies of socialization; and (2) become expert on the ethnographic literature on one of the world's major culture areas (Latin America, Europe, Middle East, Africa, Southeast Asis, or whatever) as it treats a problem. The student will write at least one major paper, and participate in one or more (probably two) cross-cultural investigations.

3310 Time and Society

The organization and utilization of time in human societies. We examine several attempts by social scientists to develop theories (and perhaps revise them) through the empirical examination of patterns and correlates of time use in different societies and cultures. We study both preliterate and developed societies and utilize both "anthropological" (e.g. ethnographies) and "sociological" data (e.g. surveys).

The class is conducted as a seminar with discussion of as-

signed readings and class reports dealing with ancillary readings. Students are expected to participate regularly in the seminar and make oral presentations of their research papers. One or two short research paper(s) will be required in the first half year, with a major paper being due in the spring. Topics for these papers are developed in consultation with the instructor. The final class grade is based on the following criteria: Seminar presentations and discussion (25%), short paper(s) (25%), and a major paper (50%).

3401A History of Sociological Thought

Selected theorists in the history of sociological thought. Students make one oral presentation and present a written report at the end of the term.

3405B Contemporary Sociological Theory

A number of recent theoretical developments in sociology are critically examined. The choice of specific theoretical topics is left up to the instructor.

3410 Social Statistics

The logic behind a statistical approach to the solving of problems is emphasized in this class. A step-by-step unfolding of statistical reasoning is presented in the lectures. Students then apply these steps to an analysis of some sociological data. The resulting analysis will be written in several drafts of the same paper. An appreciation of the interplay between methods, theory, and statistics is emphasized. A grasp of Grade 9 algebra is assumed.

4000 Seminar in Social Anthropology

Offered sporadically, this seminar is designed to allow small groups of students to pursue a particular area in social anthropology for which no regular course is offered. The topic and requirements for the class are jointly decided by the students and the professor involved.

4500 Honours Seminar in Sociology

Oral presentation on selected theoretical and research topics will be made in seminar and finally completed as written papers. Topics are selected to fit the specific needs of individual student's honours programmes.

4590 Honours Seminar in Anthropology

This class carries two credits. The student writes an honours thesis under the supervision of his principal adviser.

4510A Readings in Sociology

4520B Readings in Sociology, *Prerequisite*: Written permission of instructor.

In a reading class the student is assigned to a member of staff for regular meetings to discuss readings in a selected area. Papers and research projects will be expected.

Spanish

Chairman of the Department

A. Ruiz Salvador

Professors

S.F. Jones, B.A. (Benn.), M.A. (Calif.-Berkeley), Ph.D. (Harv.)
A. Ruiz Salvador, B.A. (Brandeis), A.M., Ph.D. (Harv.)

Associate Professor

J.E. Holloway, B.A. (Colo.), M.A. (Wyoming), Ph.D. (Duke)

Assistant Professor

J.M. Kirk, B.A. (Sheff.), M.A. (Queens), Ph.D. (U.B.C.)

After Chinese and English, Spanish is the most widely spoken language in the world. It is the native tongue of well over 300 million people living in 22 countries. Spanish is, therefore, of tremendous social, political, and economic importance.

Spanish-speaking nations are making international headlines and students of political science, economics, commerce, sociology-anthropology, psychology, literature, history, and other academic disciplines will feel increasingly interested in this area of the world. Students from these departments are welcome to take our classes on Spanish and Latin American culture, civilization, history, and politics. These classes are conducted in English, the reading is in translation, and there are no prerequisites.

Knowledge of the Spanish language will be useful to all Canadians seeking careers as members of the foreign service, businessmen, interpreters, translators, teachers, professors, critics, editors, journalists, and many others. Our beginning language course especially emphasizes conversational Spanish.

It is also a widely recognized fact that some of the best novels and poetry are coming out of Latin America today, providing stimulating and challenging material for many of our literature classes.

If your tastes and abilities lie in the direction of Spanish or Latin American studies, you should consider the possibility of taking Spanish as an area of concentration in a General Bachelor's degree course, a Bachelor's degree with Honours in Spanish, or with Honours in Spanish and another subject combined. An undergraduate concentration in Spanish, followed by training at the Masters level in Administrative Studies, for example, could lead to a variety of possible careers in the Spanish-speaking world in international business and public service.

Major or honours students may, with the approval of the Department of Spanish, take up to one full year of work at a University in a Spanish-speaking country and obtain credit at Dalhousie.

The Salamanca Programme at the Colegio de España

The Salamanca Programme is a special inter-disciplinary course of instruction designed to allow Dalhousie students to undertake both an intensive study of the Spanish language and courses in Hispanic culture. In order to participate, students must normally have completed Spanish 201B with at least a standing of 'B'. The programme takes place during the fall, lasts for one term, and is offered at the Colegio de España in Salamanca, Spain. Dalhousie University will grant 2-1/2 credits to those students who successfully complete their courses in Spain. Enquiries and applications should be addressed to the Coordinator of the Programme.

Spanish Studies to be taken at the Colegio de España

panish	310	Α	Advance	ed Gr	ammar	(1 cı	redit)
	312	A = {	Spanish	Art		(1/2)	credit
	314	Α	Spanish	Litera	ature	(1/2)	credit
	316	Α	Spanish	Histo	rv	(1/2)	credit

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Spanish Degree Programmes

Bachelor's Degree

Course should consist of at least four full-credit upper level classes taken in the second and third year, four of which must be conducted in Spanish. Any student who wishes to deviate from these basic requirements should consult the Department Chairman.

Bachelor of Arts with Honours in SpanishCourse should include:

Year I

- 1. Spanish 100, 101.
- 2. Spanish 110, 111.
- 3-5. Electives.

Vear II

- 6--8. Spanish 200, 201, 250, 251, plus two other 200 level classes.
- 9. Class in the minor subject.
- 10. Elective.

Year III

- 11-13. Spanish 302, 303, plus two other 300 level classes.
- 14. Class in the minor subject.
- 15. Elective in a subject other than 10.

Year I

16-18. Three Spanish classes to be chosen from the upper-level programme.

19-20. Two electives (May be Spanish).

In addition, students are required to write an Honours essay, in Spanish, supervised by a member of the Department.

Bachelor of Arts with Combined Honours in Spanish and Another Subject.

Programmes may be arranged by consultation (as early as possible) with the departments concerned.

Votes

- (1) the "other" classes chosen as electives in the programmes outlined above must satisfy general degree requirements.
- (2) Combinations of classes other than those set forth above may be chosen after consultation with the Department Chairman.
- (3) A student may, with the permission of the Department be admitted to a Spanish course at an advanced point because of prior knowledge of the language. Such a student, however, (except as he may be granted transfer credits in the usual way), must normally take the same total number of classes as other students in the same course.

Classes Offered

Classes marked * are not offered every year. Please consult the timetable on registration to determine if this class is offered.

100A Beginning Spanish, Staff. Discussion and conversation, 3 hrs.; Language Lab.: as needed. For students with no knowledge or only a slight knowledge of Spanish.

For students wishing to achieve proficiency in spoken and written Spanish. Spanish One, a textbook written and taught by members of the Department avoids the usual chalk-and-blackboard dialogues often used in the classroom. Instead, it deals with the kinds of topical and controversial subjects that people in Spanish-speaking countries are likely to discuss: the pros and cons of going to university, the success and failure of marriage, the generation gap, women's lib, the population and pollution crises, and other items of human and social interest.

101B Beginning Spanish, Staff. *Prerequisite*: 100A or permission of Instructor.

110A Spanish Culture and Civilization, Ruiz Salvador, Lecture and discussion, 2 hrs. Conducted in English. No prerequisites. Open to students in all departments. No knowledge of Spanish necessary.

Although it may sound self-evident to Canadian students, this class deals with Spain and the Spaniards. What Spain is and who the Spaniards are, however, may not be that clear-cut for Spaniards themselves. This class is a search for Spain throughout her history (Roman, Arab, Jewish, and Christian Spain), with continuous reference to her art, literature, sciences, and customs. The goal of the class is to gain a clear picture of one of the most perplexing components of Western Civilization.

111B Latin American Civilization, Kirk. Lecture and discussion, 2 hrs. Conducted in English. No prerequisites. Open to students in all departments. No knowledge of Spanish necessary.

The aim of this class is to provide the non-specialist with a basic understanding of this complex—and fascinating—world area. The first half of the class will examine the development of Latin America from pre-Columbian times to the Mexican Revolution. In the second half, by means of a careful study of selected texts, the class examines the way in which the reality of Latin America has shaped a continental cultural identity, producing one of the most dynamic, "readable" world literatures.

200A Intermediate Spanish, Staff. Discussion and conversation, 3 hrs.; Language Lab.: as needed.

This class continues the work done in *Spanish One*. Supplementary reading as necessary.

201B Reading and Conversation, Staff. Discussion and conversation, 2 hrs.

Emphasis is on perfecting conversational skills as the reading material is discussed in class.

*207B Area Studies on Mexico and Central America, Kirk. Conducted in English. No prerequisites. Open to students in all departments. No knowledge of Spanish necessary.

Following an examination of the Indian heritage, and the colonial legacy of the conquistadores, the class deals principally with the contemporary period, examining the Mexican Revolution and its aftermath, Petroleum Power, the Somoza dynasty, Nicaragua under the Sandinistas, the U.S. role in the region, the human rights situation in Central America, the current El Salvador crisis, and probable developments in the region. The class is designed to provide an understanding of the contemporary reality of this volatile region, in many ways a microcosm of the crucial situation of Latin America as a whole.

*208B The History of Modern Spain, Ruiz Salvador. Lecture and discussion, 2 hrs. Conducted in English. Open to students in all departments. No prerequisites. No knowledge of Spanish necessary.

A study of the major historical forces and ideas shaping the evolution of the modern Spanish nation from the reign of Charles III (1759) to the present.

*209A Women in Latin America, Jones. Lecture and discussion, 2 hrs. Conducted in English. No prerequisites. Open to all students in all departments.

This class has four main objectives: 1) to examine critically assumptions about women held by the major academic disciplines; 2) to test these assumptions in the perspective of current research and individual experience; 3) to study traditional and changing sex roles in Latin America, with par-

ticular emphasis on Cuba; 4) to explore new alternatives for men and women in our society.

spanish

*211B The Cuban Cultural Revolution, Kirk. Lecture and discussion, 2 hrs. Conducted in English. Open to students in all departments. No prerequisites. No knowledge of Spanish necessary.

Cuba, the only Communist society in the Western Hemisphere, has undergone a dramatic political and economic transformation. The Revolution has also brought about changes in education, the arts, the role of women, race relations, and athletics. The class focuses on the problems and achievements of the Revolution, the peculiarities of Communism in a Caribbean society, and its effect on literature and the arts.

*212B The Spanish Inquisition and its Challengers, Jones. Lecture and discussion, 2 hrs. Conducted in English. Open to students in all departments. No prerequisites. No knowledge of Spanish necessary.

During the time of the Reformation, many Spanish thinkers came to believe that the Church had long since failed to interpret correctly and teach effectively Christ's message. The Church had become a powerful institution, and viewed the criticism as an attack on its authority. It responded by persecuting the dissenters and organizing a movement later known as the Counter Reformation. This class attempts to examine the process by which ideas eventually may become distorted when they are institutionalized, and the methods by which progress and change can come about in spite of the efforts of the establishment to repress dissension.

*213B Latin American Dictators: In the Novel, Kirk. Lecture and discussion, 2 hrs. Conducted in English. Open to students in all departments. No prerequisites. No knowledge of Spanish necessary.

The history of Latin America since Independence has been characterized by the rise to power of countless dictators. Some of the best Latin American novels portray these almost mythical figures who to this day wield absolute power in many countries. The class examines the literature and history of this phenomenon with particular attention to the twentieth century, and attempts to discover its roots in militarism, underdevelopment, and imperialism.

*220B Literature of the Spanish Civil War, Ruiz Salvador. Lecture and discussion, 2 hrs. Conducted in English. Open to students in all departments. No prerequisites. No knowledge of Spanish necessary.

The Spanish Civil War, probably more than any other war in history, compelled the leading writers of the era to take a stand. As a rallying point for various ideologies—COM—MUNISM, Anarchism, and Fascism—it clearly defined the issue of freedom versus tyranny. No war before or since has provoked so many words and so much action from so many writers.

*221A The Novel of the Mexican Revolution, Kirk. Lecture and discussion, 2 hrs. Conducted in English. Open to students in all departments. No prerequisites. No knowledge of Spanish necessary.

The Mexican Revolution (1910-1917) is the first people's revolution of the twentieth century. The prerevolutionary situation, the war, and its aftermath resulted in some of the finest Latin American novels. This class views these works against the historical and social background of contemporary Mexico.

*222B Masterpieces of Spanish Theatre, Jones. Lecture and discussion, 2 hrs. Conducted in English.

*223B Contemporary Latin American Prose, Holloway. Lecture and discussion, 2 hrs. Conducted in English. Open to students in all departments. No prerequisites. No knowledge of Spanish necessary.

This class samples short stories and novels of contemporary prosists from throughout Latin America. Included are works by such outstanding experimental writers as Julio Cortazar, Juan Rulfo, Carlo Fuentes, Alejo Carpentier, Garcia Marquez and Jose Donoso—authors whose vigorous narrative, technical innovation and synthesis of surrealism, myth, and magical realism evidence not only a "new consciousness" in Latin America, but perhaps a rejuvenation in prose art of global consequence.

250A Introduction to Spanish Literature, Ruiz Salvador. Lecture and discussion, 2 hrs. Conducted in Spanish.

Introduction to the main works and trends in Spanish literature. Study of illustrative works.

251B Introduction to Latin American Literature, Holloway. Lecture and discussion, 2 hrs. Conducted in Spanish.

Introduction to the main works and trends in Latin American literature. Study of illustrative works.

302B Translation, Staff. Lecture and discussion, 2 hrs.

Exercises in translation from Spanish to English and from English to Spanish.

303A Composition, Staff. Lecture and discussion, 2 hrs.

Training towards accuracy in writing Spanish. Vocabulary building free composition.

*307A Contemporary Latin American History, Kirk, Lecture and discussion, 2 hrs. Conducted in English. Open to students in all departments. No prerequisites. No knowledge of Spanish necessary.

This class examines the underlying structures of Latin America through a consideration of the major political and social trends in the continent. After a brief historical overview it studies both general currents (such as the role of the Church, the growth of militarism and U.S. influence), and specific developments, such as the Mexican and Cuban Revolutions, Petroleum Power in Mexico, Chile under Allende and Pinochet, and the Sandinistas' Nicaragua. The course is intended to help the student understand the present-day reality of this important world area.

*320B Cervantes, Jones. Lecture and discussion, 2 hrs. Conducted in English. Open to students in all departments. No prerequisites. No knowledge of Spanish necessary.

This class examines Cervantes' philosophy of life through an analysis of his great masterpiece, *Don Quixote*. In this precursor of the modern novel, Cervantes studies human nature in all its many aspects. Life is presented as a complex and ironic interplay of idealism and disillusionment, appearance and reality, chivalrous love and worldly love. All truth is relative, but the ultimate irony is felt by the reader himself who discovers, in the end, that Don Quixote's view of the world is superior to that of all the "sensible" people who judged him to be mad.

*321B Borges, Holloway. Lecture and discussion, 2 hrs. Conducted in Spanish.

The Cervantine tradition of fiction dealing with a problematical reality persists in twentieth century Hispanic literature, and its most noted continuator is Jorge Luis Borges. Renowned for his fantastic, metaphysical short stories; Borges is one of the leading figures in contemporary

*322B Galdos, Ruiz Salvador. Lecture and discussion, 2 hrs. Conducted in Spanish.

A liberal thinker who studiously confronted the social conditions of his day and sought to counteract the prejudices of a formalistic, authoritarian society, Benito Perez Galdos (1843-1920) was Spain's foremost socio-psychological novelist, or, perhaps, literary social psychologist. Pre-eminent in his own country, Galdos must also be considered one of the most vital and representative novelists of the nineteenth century in Europe. This class focuses on Fortunata and Jacinta, his masterpiece

- *350A Contemporary Spanish Literature, Ruiz Salvador, Lecture and discussion, 2 hrs. Conducted in Spanish. A study of representative works.
- *351A Contemporary Spanish American Literature, Holloway, Lecture and discussion, 2 hrs. Conducted in Spanish. A study of representative works.

398A Reading course for majors.

399B Reading course for majors.

- *404A Advanced Style and Syntax, Staff. Lecture and dis-
- *450A Golden Age Theatre, Staff. Lecture and discussion,
- *451B Golden Age Poetry and Prose, Staff, Lecture and discussion, 2 hrs.

498A Reading course for Honours students.

499B Reading course for Honours students.

Theatre

Chairman of Department

Associate Professors

A.R. Andrews, B.A., Dipl. Ed., M.A. (Leeds), Ph.D. (III.) R.G. Merritt, A.B. (Corn.), M.A. (N.Car.), Ph.D. (Tul.) P. Perina, Dipl. Scenography (Prague)

Assistant Professors

David Overton, B.A., M.A., (U.B.C.), Ph.D. (Calif.) R. Dovle

Lecturer

B. Zatzman, B.A., M.A., (Tor.)

Artist in Residence

R. Clarke

Part-time Faculty

A. Murphy I. Neville

P. Richards

Special Instructors Katherine Andrews Francine Boucher Stacey Cameron John Dunsworth

David Porter (Properties)

Ian Pygott (Technical Direction) Ginette Rozon (Costumes) Lynn Sorge (Costumes) Ian Thomson (Construction) Faith Ward Mary McMurray

Theatre is a rich, complicated performing art that involves refined creative work in many different fields.

The Dalhousie Theatre Department offers different ways to study the theatre: (1) You can undertake programmes that lead to a university degree: an Honours B.A. (4 years), a General B.A. (3 years); (2) You can enrol in a training programme in costume studies that leads to: a Certificate (2 years), a Diploma (3 years); (3) You can select certain theatre classes to reinforce and complement your studies in other disciplines offered by the university; (4) You can enrol in one class, from a special group, as a part-time or extension stu-

Basically, the degree programmes involve a curriculum of theatre classes, and a selection of other classes in different disciplines. The university has a set of regulations which specify how these programmes must be arranged. These regulations are all listed earlier in this calendar, and prospective students should refer to them to become aware of the opportunities offered. There are a surprising number of different ways to arrange one's studies; what we recommend is the basic structure you should follow if theatre is your primary interest.

B.A. with Honours in Theatre (4 years)

Students who wish to follow a programme of theatre studies that keeps the whole of the theatre in perspective choose this programme. They must maintain a high scholastic level of performance to remain in this programme. (B- or better in all classes.) Only theatre classes are listed.

Year 1: Theatre 1000, 1050

Year 2: Theatre 2000, 2010, and 2100B or 2700 or 2800 (if accepted)

Theatre 3000, 3100A, 3500, 3600, and/or choice of one other theatre class

Theatre 4600, 4900, and choice of one other fourth-year class

B.A. with Combined Honours (4 years)

It is possible to follow a programme of studies that leads to Combined Honours in two subjects. Students interested in constructing such a programme should start by seeing both Chairmen of the disciplines they wish to combine. From that point a suitable programme will be constructed.

R A. with Honours in Theatre (Acting) (4 years)

If accepted as a result of personal interview you will be expected to pursue the following programme. In this calendar we just list the theatre classes, (which over four years will amount to at least eleven, though you may choose to take thirteen).

Year 1: Theatre 1500

theatre

Theatre 1050

Plus three classes in other subjects

Theatre 2010

Theatre 2800/2810

Plus two classes in other subjects

Theatre 3800/3810 and 3500

Plus two classes in other subjects

Theatre 4810/4800

Theatre 4900

Choice of one other senior theatre class Plus two classes in other subjects

B.A. with Honours in Theatre (Scenography) (4 years)

People from very different backgrounds are attracted to the study of scenography. Students with considerable art school or architecture background will be offered especially tailored programmes, and should contact the Chairman to work out a suitable programme of studies in scenography. Students starting with a keen interest and little formal background in art or architecture will be admitted if they meet the university entrance requirement, and should then plan to follow the following programme:

Year 1: Theatre 1000

Theatre 1050

Architecture 1000 Mathematics 1020R

Physics 1000

Theatre 2010, 2050C

Theatre 2700

Theatre elective

Class in minor (above 100 level)

Elective: Writing Requirement class

Theatre 3710, 3050C, 3500

Second class in minor (above 100 level)

Elective Year 4

Theatre 4900 Theatre 4700

Theatre elective

Choice of two electives

Students wishing to pursue the scenography specialty are urged to make an appointment with the Chairman before they register to ensure they plan their specific programme in line with their particular needs.

B.A. with a Major in Theatre (3 years)

You can take a 'major' in theatre in a three-year B.A. programme (15 classes). This requires that at least four and not more than eight classes after first year are in theatre.

Theatre 1000

Theatre 1050

Plus three classes of your choice, to include a Writing Requirement class. (See the details of regulation 5.1)

Year 2 Theatre 2010

Plus 2 other full credit theatre classes

Plus three classes of your choice (See the details of

regulation 5.2)

Theatre 3500

Plus 2 other full credit theatre classes

Plus three classes of your choice (See the details of regulation 5.2)

This professional programme is designed for the student whose goal is the professional theatre or the fashion industry. Admission is normally by meeting the university entrance requirement. Students in this programme do not have to take classes outside of theatre. Students are required to work on departmental productions as a means of gaining proficiency in garment assembly. In order to maintain a harmonious student/teacher relationship only twenty-five students will be enrolled in the first year, fifteen students in the second year and five in the third year. The third year prepares the student for professional work, either in the fashion industry or in the theatre.

Costume Studies, Certificate in 2 years, Diploma in 3 years

Facilities

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The department is located in the theatre wing of the Dalhousie Arts Centre. The theatre wing is a self-sufficient unit involving one theatre, two studios, a roof theatre, and supporting workshops.

The department is developing close collaboration in certain theatre work with the Neptune Theatre and other regional theatres. There are opportunities to participate with other theatre groups who perform in the city of Halifax.

Some theatre classes by the nature of the work involved have a restricted enrolment. All students wishing to take any class in theatre should therefore first consult with the department.

Classes in the Degree Programme

1000: The Nature of the Theatre, 3 hrs. Overton and faculty. 6 credit hrs.

This class provides an introduction to the nature of the production process and to the contemporary theatre in a Canadian context through lectures, discussion, demonstration, script analysis, and practical scene work.

1050: Theatre Organization and Stagecraft, 2 hrs. lectures; 3 hrs. labs and work in productions. Perina and Staff, 6

An introduction to theatre production, providing initial contact with scenography. Basic theatre construction, common materials used for construction, stage properties and costumes, knowledge of basic theatre lighting and sound equipment, and the methods and procedures for working with all of them efficiently, creatively and safely, make up the substance of this class.

Students who intend to enrol in the theatre honours programme must take this class. It is also a prerequisite for the scenography classes.

Because of the required evening production work, those enrolling in this class must avoid permanent evening commitments other than departmental theatre activity during the academic year.

1300: Introduction to Film, 3 hrs., Merritt, 6 credit hrs.

This class considers aspects of film history and theory, but its primary emphasis is on film criticism. Some films are presented in class, but students are also required to attend films presented at the Regional Film Theatre and elsewhere. The class presents reviews of films and considers such specific aspects as directing, acting, cinematography, editing imagery, and screenwriting. The intent of the class is to provide an overview of the nature of film, its effect on the public as a mass medium, and its dual role as both an art form and a commercial entertainment.

1500: An Introduction to Theatre Studies, 6 hrs. Clarke

and acting team. Prerequisite for Theatre 2800. Entrance to the class is by audition only.

The first year in a course designed for the student interested in a professional acting career. The class concentrates on opening up and developing the emotional and imaginative range of the student through a series of improvisational and textual exercises. There is also concentration on the development of vocal and physical techniques for the actor. Emphasis is also placed on the disciplines necessary in the professional theatre.

Year 2.

2000: Theatre Performance I, 4 hrs., Overton, 6 credit hrs. *Prerequisite:* Theatre 1000

Designed to provide exposure to the production/performance process for those who do not intend to pursue a career in the professional theatre. Through a workshop/discussion approach, basic performance problems are considered and the student is given the chance to experiment with various solutions in a performance situation. The ability to articulate solutions both verbally and nonverbally will be developed. The class may result in a public performance.

2010: The History of the Theatre, 3 hrs. lecture, discussion, demonstration, Andrews, 6 credit hrs.

A basic and comprehensive understanding of the development of theatre and drama. Emphasis is on the crucial phases of that development: the classical theatre of Greece, the theatre in the mediaeval period and in the Renaissance, and the rise of the modern theatre.

This class is required for all students, majors and in the honours programme, and is recommended for others who are in the second year of their university course. Text: O.G. Brockett, History of Theatre (3rd Edition).

2020: Modern Dance, 4 hrs. of movement, Richards, 6 credit hrs.

The theories and techniques of modern dance; the use of space, rhythm, dynamics, kinesthetics; aesthetic awareness and composition. The development of personal expression through the medium of dance is also encouraged within the class.

2050C: Technical Scenography I, 4 hrs., Perina et al, 3 credit hrs., *Prerequisite*: Theatre 1050

This class is concerned with the progressively more complex problems of the preparation of theatre production in lighting, sound, construction and properties. The theory behind the operation of these crafts, the advances in technology and their expense and adaptability, forms part of this class. Workshop preparation in light and sound or properties and construction will be integrated with crew responsibilities in department productions.

2100A or **B: Dramatic Structure**, 2.hrs.; Merritt, 3 credit hrs.; *Prerequisite*: Theatre 1000

The analysis of plays as vehicles for performance, involving a detailed study and comparison of specific dramaturgical problems and the way they have been handled by various playwrights. Specific problems such as expository material, rhythmic/dramatic structure, and the orchestration of audience response are dealt with. The plays studied are drawn from a wide range of genres, styles, and historical periods.

2700: Scenography 1, 6 hrs., Perina, 6 credit hrs.

Designed to give students basic visual judgement and understanding. In the first half, it follows the Bauhaus approach to graphic design but adapts it to the needs of three-dimensional theatre space. In the second half the class teaches perspectives; the final project is to integrate all the

previous material and apply it to simple stage design. Student class work will be displayed at the end of the year by the Dalhousie Art Gallery. Throughout the year analysis and criticism of various works are encouraged. The required text is Gyorgy Kepes' Language of Vision. Students must have the instructor's permission to enter.

2800/2810: Acting 1, 12 hrs.; Clarke and acting team, 12 credit hours. Entrance by audition only. *Prerequisite*: Theatre 1500.

The second year of the actor training course. The concentration is on the development of textual, vocal and physical techniques for the actor. In the acting classes there is work on a series of scene study exercises utilising the emotional and imaginative work started in the first year. Added to this year are sections on textual analysis, yoga and an introduction to dance techniques for the actor.

3000: Theatre Performance II, 4 hrs., Overton, 6 credit hrs., *Prerequisite*: Theatre 2000

An exploration of the production/performance process on a more sophisticated level than Theatre 2000. Some performance experience is assumed among the participants, and the emphasis is on developing and refining performance skills. It is likely that the class will result in a public performance.

3050C: Technical Scenography 11, 4 hrs., Perina et al, 3 credit hrs., *Prerequisite:* Theatre 2050C and 2700

An advanced class in production technology. Students work intensively in one of the areas of: construction, properties, lights and sound, or stage management. Each student serves as crew head for at least two departmental productions.

3100A or B: Practical Theatre Criticism, 2 hrs., Merritt, 3 credit hrs. *Prerequisite*: Theatre 2100B

Primarily concerned with writing about the theatre. Some of the theoretical bases of criticism are discussed, but the primary focus is on the play in performance and the critic's relation to it. Regular writing and frequent viewing of plays is required.

3400: Seminar on Playwriting, 2 hrs., Murphy, 6 credit hrs.

A detailed study of plays for stage, radio, television and film. It deals with the purely creative play and that based on history or the novel. Material is drawn from modern classical plays, and from works of the teacher, from first notes to final draft, which have been produced in the various fields. The techniques of character development and plot construction, etc., are considered in depth. Playwriting submissions of the students are analyzed and discussed.

3500: The Modern Theatre, 3 hrs., Andrews, 6 credit hrs.

The modern theatre has been characterized by successive bursts of creative energy and experiment. This class gives students an opportunity to study these developments in detail and to examine several important theatrical theories. Their implementation in particular plays and in theatrical practice will also be examined.

3600: The Playwright in the Theatre, 5 hrs., Merritt, 6 credit hrs.

The play as a vehicle for performance rather than as a literary work. Through weekly writing exercises dealing with specific dramaturgical problems, the craft of playwriting is explored. Simultaneously, a basis for understanding the nature of dramatic forms is provided through detailed analysis of the structure and techniques of plays representing a broad spectrum of styles, genres, and historical periods. With this background, the class then writes plays, both individually and collaboratively, which plays are then revised, critiqued, and rewritten.

3710: Scenography, 6 hrs., Perina, 6 credit hrs. *Prerequisites*: Theatre 1050, 2700. Acting students must consult with

theatre

For theatre honours and special scenography students only. It builds on the knowledge from the previous class in the field, Theatre 2700, as far as visual knowledge is concerned, and from technical knowledge acquired in Theatre 1050. Students concentrate on learning in more detail about three-dimensional theatrical space, its dynamics and composition. At the same time, they learn technical drawing for the theatre and the methods of executing constructionally a designed work. They are introduced to the directorial/scenographic relationship. Student class work is exhibited at the end of the year in the Dalhousie Gallery's annual exhibition. The required texts for the course are John R. Walker's Exploring Drafting: Basic Fundamentals and Willis Wagner's Modern Woodworking. Students must have the instructor's permission to enter.

3800/3810: Acting II, 12 hrs., Clarke and acting team, 12 credit hrs. Entrance by audition only.

The advanced class in the acting course. Added to the core acting, voice, text and movement sections are sections on singing for the actor and audition techniques.

4200: Education 4620: Developmental Drama, 3 hrs. practice, Zatzman, 6 credit hrs.

This class is designed to show potential or current teachers, or any person involved or interested in the development of children, how drama can be used both to guide personal development and to heighten learning ability. The class considers how best to adapt developmental drama to school situations. Improvisation, theatre games and dramatizations of social issues make up part of the class; various approaches to drama in education are considered. Regular practice runs through the class, and each student is required to develop individual practical workshops.

4600: Directing, 4 hrs., 6 credit hrs. *Prerequisites*: Only available to honours theatre students who have taken Theatre 1050, 2700, 2800 and 3600.

The procedures that lead to theatrical events are analysed in this class. The requirements include the directing of scenes from plays, and at least one fully achieved production. The class is normally only available to honours theatre students in the fourth year of their programme.

4700 and 4710: Special Topics, Faculty, 6-12 credit hrs.

This class allows the student to explore in detail particular areas of the theatre which are of special interest, with the guidance of members of the faculty. Frequency and the length of meetings will be decided to meet the needs of the particular topic or project under study. The class is open only to fourth-year honours theatre students.

4800/4810: Acting III, Clarke and acting team, 6 credit hrs. *Prerequisite:* Theatre 3800 and permission of instructor.

An advanced class in exercises and scene study, as well as interview and audition techniques.

4900: Dramatic Theory and Criticism, and the Aesthetics of the Theatre, 4 hrs., Andrews, 6 credit hrs.

All of the arts face a profound problem in the attempt to establish criteria which will enable creative activity to be evaluated. This class sets out to tackle that problem as far as the theatre is concerned. It looks at the various hypotheses and critical strategies that have been devised hitherto, and attempts to judge their present worth. It also asks what critical values are necessary for the survival and future growth of the theatre.

Classes in Costume Studies

These classes make up an entire programme. They are not available for credit towards degree, i.e. B.A., programmes. Students accepted for the Costume Studies programme concentrate their work solely on these classes, plus Theatre 1050 in the first year and Theatre 2010 in the second.

Year '

0175: Costume Studies 1, 4 hrs. daily. Doyle and staff. 30 credit hrs.

A basic outline of the history of costume; a history of textiles; pattern drafting; a designer's method for the media; and practical costume construction.

Year

0275 Costume Studies II, 4 hrs. daily. Doyle, visiting professional designers and staff. 30 credit hrs.: *Prerequisite*: Theatre 1050.

This covers advanced pattern drafting; decoration techniques; millinery; costume accessories; the wearing of costume; and costume making.

Year 3

0375 Costume Studies III, In residence and professional theatre apprenticeship. Doyle. 30 credit hrs. *Prerequisites*: Theatre 1050, 2010.

On the basis of outstanding performance in the first two years, five or six students are selected for the third year. During this year, these chosen students are responsible for the total production of costumes required for use within the theatre department. It is intended that during part of this year the student will be placed under the supervision of the Dalhousie course director to assist in bridging the gap between student projects and the profession.

During this year, these students learn to direct and supervise hired staff within the specific needs of today's professional theatres. They also learn all aspects of budgeting related to costume design and manufacture for major stage productions.

Women's Studies

Although there is no programme in Women's Studies, the following classes are offered at Dalhousie University and may be taken as electives or form part of a major programme. For further information, consult the Department under which they are listed.

Comparative Literature 215 Women in Literature and Society.

Education 4020 Sex-Role Differentiation and the Educational Process.

Education 5270 Issues in Education: Women's Studies.

French 2021 B Le Deuxième Sexe.

Philosophy 216/516 Philosophical Issues of Feminism.

Psychology 477B/577B Psychology of Women.

Sociology 219 Sociology of Women.

Spanish 209A Women in Latin America.

History 360 Women and Society 1789-1968 (or Bread and Roses: the history of women's liberation struggles 1789-1968).

These classes on women are offered at Dalhousie in other faculties:

Law School: 2024A/2025B Legal Status Based on Sex.

Library School (summer) LS 714 Women's Studies: Current Literature and Resources.