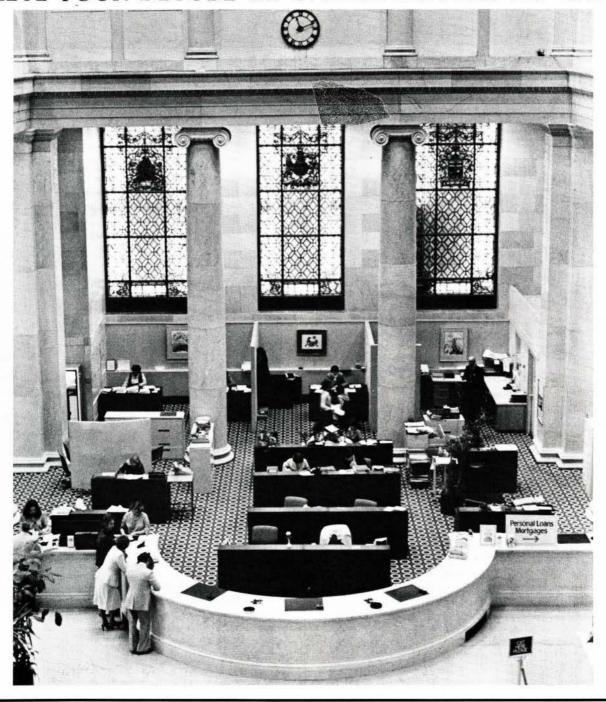
SOCIETY FOR THE STUDY OF ARCHITECTURE IN CANADA

SOCIÉTÉ POUR L'ÉTUDE DE L'ARCHITECTURE AU CANADA



Editor's Desk

In the previous issue of the *Bulletin* the Heritage Canada and Nova Scotia main street programs were discussed. The theme of preserving our built heritage continues with a look at several recent architectural projects in Manitoba. These examples involve restoration, renovation, adaptive reuse and design vocabulary drawn from historical styles. The *Bulletin* in 1984 will pursue the what, why and how questions of architectural conservation by examining preservation work from across Canada. Readers are encouraged to submit information concerning local restoration and renovation schemes with comments as to their successes or failings.

Much of the attention in the preservation field has been diverted to the justification of the adaptive reuse of older buildings. Arthur Allen, a Vancouver architect, has embarked on an arduous campaign not to have a building saved but rather to have it resurrected. Mr. Allen's article highlights the 1913 Banff Pavilion designed by F. L. Wright and F. C. Sullivan and the steps being taken to have it rebuilt. Only days before the *Bulletin* went to the printers, Arthur Allen wrote that good news concerning the reconstruction may be forthcoming.

Ann Cameron Burroni, an art historian living in Toronto, has provided an outline of the research she is conducting regarding the distinctive style of the domestic architecture of Toronto's Italians. We will look forward to a more detailed report when Ms. Cameron's work, which is part of the Exploration Program of the Canada Council, is completed.

Next on the calendar for the SSAC will be the annual meeting and election of the new president and board members. Highlights of the Guelph conference will be featured in the July issue.

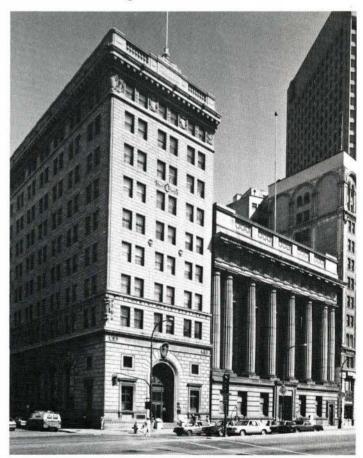
Don Lovell

NOTICE

The article by Evans and Pratt entitled "Second Generation Greenhomes for Northern Climates" which appeared in the Winter '83 *Bulletin* was originally prepared for and accepted by the Solar Energy Society of Canada for their 1983 Conference. The editor regrets any disconcertion caused to the author or the Solar Energy Society.



The Courtyard, four levels of boutiques, restaurants and offices, formed the cornerstone for the revitalization of an entire area, now known as Osborne Village.



Built in 1916 the Hamilton Bank Building was purchased shortly thereafter by its rich neighbour to the right, the Canadian Bank of Commerce. Unlike the Bank of Montreal, the CIBC has decided to let their Darling and Pearson 1911 masterpiece remain empty and in disrepair.